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BADAN PUSAT STATISTIK
PROVINSI JAMBI
BPS-Statistics of Jambi Province

PROVINSI
J A M B I
DALAM ANGKA 2022

JAMBI PROVINCE IN FIGURES 2022



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PROVINSI JAMBI**
BPS-Statistics of Jambi Province

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Jambi , Februari 2022
Kepala Badan Pusat Statistik
Provinsi Jambi

Agus Sudibyo, M.Stat



PREFACE

***Jambi Province in Figures 2022** is an annual publication written by BPS Regency of Jambi Province. Honestly, this publication has not perfect yet and has not filled the user's hope, especially for the planners yet, but hopely it can help to equip compilation of development planning in this new regency.*

This comprehensive publication has been made possible with the assistance and contribution from several governmental institutions and private organizations. To all parties who have been involved in the preparation of this publication, I would like to express my sincerest appreciation and gratitude.

Comments and constructive suggestions for the improvement of this publication are always welcome.

Jambi, February 2022
Chief Statistician of
Jambi Province

Agus Sudibyo, M.Stat

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PENJELASAN UMUM/EXPLANATORY NOTES

Tanda-tanda, satuan-satuan, dan lain-lainnya yang digunakan dalam publikasi ini adalah sebagai berikut:

Symbols, measurement units, and acronyms which are used in this publication, are as follows:

1. TANDA-TANDA/SYMBOLS

| | |
|---|-------|
| Data tidak tersedia/ <i>Data not available</i> | : ... |
| Tidak ada atau nol / <i>Null or zero</i> | : - |
| Data dapat diabaikan/ <i>Data negligible</i> | : 0 |
| Tanda decimal/ <i>Decimal point</i> | : , |
| Data tidak dapat ditampilkan/ <i>Not applicable</i> | : NA |
| Angka estimasi/ <i>Estimated figures</i> | : e |
| Angka diperbaiki/ <i>Revised figures</i> | : r |
| Angka sementara/ <i>Preliminary figures</i> | : x |
| Angka sangat sementara/ <i>Very preliminary figures</i> | : xx |
| Angka sangat sangat sementara/ <i>Very very preliminary figures</i> | : xxx |

2. SATUAN/UNITS

| | |
|--|---|
| barel/ <i>barrel</i> | : 158,99 liter/ <i>litres</i> = 1/6,2898 m ³ |
| hektar (ha)/ <i>hectare (ha)</i> | : 10 000 m ² |
| kilometer (km)/ <i>kilometres (km)</i> | : 1 000 meter/ <i>meters (m)</i> |
| knot/ <i>knot</i> | : 1,8523 km/jam (<i>km/hour</i>) |
| kuintal/ <i>quintal</i> | : 100 kg |
| KWh | : 1 000 Watt hour |
| MWh | : 1 000 KWh |
| liter (untuk beras)/ <i>litre (for rice)</i> | : 0,80 kg |
| MMSCF | : 1/35,3 m ³ |
| metrik ton (m.ton)/ <i>metric ton (m. ton)</i> | : 0,98421 long ton = 1 000 kg |
| ons/ <i>ounce</i> | : 28,31 gram/ <i>grams</i> |
| ton | : 1 000 kg |

Satuan lain: buah, dus, butir, helai/lembar, kaleng, batang, pulsa, ton kilometer (ton-km), jam, menit, persen (%).

Other units: unit, pack, pieces, sheet, tin, pulse, ton-kilometres(ton-km), hour, minute, percent (%).

Perbedaan angka di belakang koma disebabkan oleh pembulatan angka.

The difference in decimal numbers is caused by rounding.

DAFTAR SINGKATAN/ LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

| | |
|-----------|--|
| SI | : Stasiun Iklim |
| SIMPK | : Stasiun Meteorologi Pertanian Khusus |
| t.t | : Tempat tidur |
| BCG | : Bacillus Calmette Guerin |
| DPT | : Difteri, Pertusis, Tetanus |
| TT | : Tetanus Toxoid |
| IOT | : Industri Obat Tradisional/ <i>Traditional Medicine Industry</i> |
| IKOT | : Industri Kecil Obat Tradisional/ <i>Traditional Medicine Small</i> |
| Alkes | : Alat kesehatan/ <i>Health Kits</i> |
| PKRT | : Perbekalan Kesehatan Rumah tangga/ <i>Household Health Logistics</i> |
| Kompl | : Komplemen/ <i>Complement</i> |
| IRTP | : Industri Pangan Produksi Rumah Tangga/ <i>Foods Home Industry</i> |
| PBF | : Pedagang Besar Farmasi/ <i>Pharmacy Whole-seller</i> |
| GFK | : Gudang Farmasi Kab/Kota/Regency/ <i>Municipality Pharmacy Warehouse</i> |
| RB | : Rumah Bersalin/ <i>Delivery House</i> |
| Pustu | : Puskesmas pembantu/ <i>Auxiliary Public Health Center</i> |
| BP | : Balai Pengobatan/ <i>Polyclinic</i> |
| TPS | : Tempat Pembuangan Sementara / <i>landfill</i> |
| Jamkesmas | : Jaminan kesehatan masyarakat miskin/ <i>Poor public health insurance</i> |
| PJKMU | : Program Jaminan Kesehatan Masyarakat Umum |
| SIUP | : Surat Ijin Usaha Perdagangan/ <i>Trading Permission Letter</i> |
| TDP | : Tanda Daftar Perusahaan/ <i>Company Registration Identity</i> |
| API | : Angka Pengenal Importir/ <i>Importer's Identity Number</i> |

Statistik Kunci, 2019–2021 Key Statistics, 2019–2021

| Rincian/Description | Satuan/Unit | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|---|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| SOSIAL/SOCIAL | | | | |
| Penduduk ¹ /Population ¹ | ribu/thousand | 3 624,6 | 3 548,2 | 3 585,1 |
| Laju Pertumbuhan Penduduk ¹ /Population Growth ¹ | % | 1,52 | 1,38 | 0,78 |
| Angka Melek Huruf Usia 15+ /Literacy Rate Aged 15+ | % | 98,20 | 98,19 | 98,08 |
| Tingkat Partisipasi Angkatan Kerja -TPAK ² <i>Labour Force Participation Rate-LFPR²</i> | % | 65,79 | 67,79 | 67,17 |
| Tingkat Pengangguran Terbuka-TPT ² <i>Unemployment Rate-UR²</i> | % | 4,06 | 5,13 | 5,09 |
| Penduduk Miskin ⁴ /Poor People ⁴ | ribu/thousand | 274,32 | 277,80 | 293,86 |
| Persentase Penduduk Miskin ⁴ <i>Percentage of Poor People⁴</i> | % | 7,60 | 7,58 | 8,09 |
| Indeks Pembangunan Manusia-IPM ⁵ <i>Human Development Index⁵</i> | — | 71,26 | 71,29 | 71,63 |
| EKONOMI/ECONOMIC | | | | |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto (PDRB) Harga Berlaku ⁶ <i>Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP) at Current Price⁶</i> | triliun rupiah <i>trillion rupiahs</i> | 216,92 | 206,24 | 233,72 |
| Laju Pertumbuhan Ekonomi ⁷ /Economic Growth ⁷ | % | 4,35 | -0,44 ^x | 3,66 ^{xx} |
| Inflasi Tahun Kalender ⁹ | % | 1,40 | 3,09 | 1,67 |
| Ekspor/Export | juta/thousand US\$ | 1 022,82 ^z | 787,11 | 1 558,05 |
| Impor/Import | juta/thousand US\$ | 75,20 | 65,24 | 31,91 |

- Catatan/Notes: ¹ Data 2019: Hasil Proyeksi Penduduk 2010–2035 (Juni)/Indonesia Population Projection 2010–2035 (Mid Year/June)
Data 2020: Hasil Sensus Penduduk 2020 (September)/Population Census 2020 (September)
Data 2021: Hasil Proyeksi Penduduk Interim 2020–2023 (Pertengahan Tahun/Juni)/The Result of Interim Population Projection 2020–2023 (Mid Year/June)
- ² Kondisi Agustus/Condition at August
- ³ Menggunakan penimbang hasil proyeksi penduduk tahun 2010–2035/Weighted by the 2010–2035 population projection
- ⁴ Kondisi Maret/Condition at March
- ⁵ Sejak tahun 2010, IPM dihitung dengan metode baru. Komponen IPM metode baru adalah angka harapan hidup saat lahir, harapan lama sekolah, rata-rata lama sekolah, dan pengeluaran per kapita/Since 2010, HDI was calculated using new method. New HDI component are life expectancy at birth, expected years of schooling, means years of schooling, and expenditure per capita
- ⁶ Mulai tahun 2010 mengadopsi System of National Account 2008 (SNA 2008)/Since 2010 is in line with System of National Account 2008 (SNA 2008)
- ⁷ Sebelum 2011 menggunakan tahun dasar 2000 (2000=100), mulai 2011 menggunakan tahun dasar 2010 (2010=100)/Before 2011 using 2000 base year (2000=100), since 2011 using 2010 base year (2010=100)
- ⁸ Mulai 2010 proyeksi penduduk berdasarkan hasil SP2010/Since 2010 population projection based on SP2010
- ⁹ Inflasi Gabungan Kota Jambi dan Muaro Bungo (2012 = 100)/Combined Inflation of Jambi City and Muaro Bungo (2012 = 100)

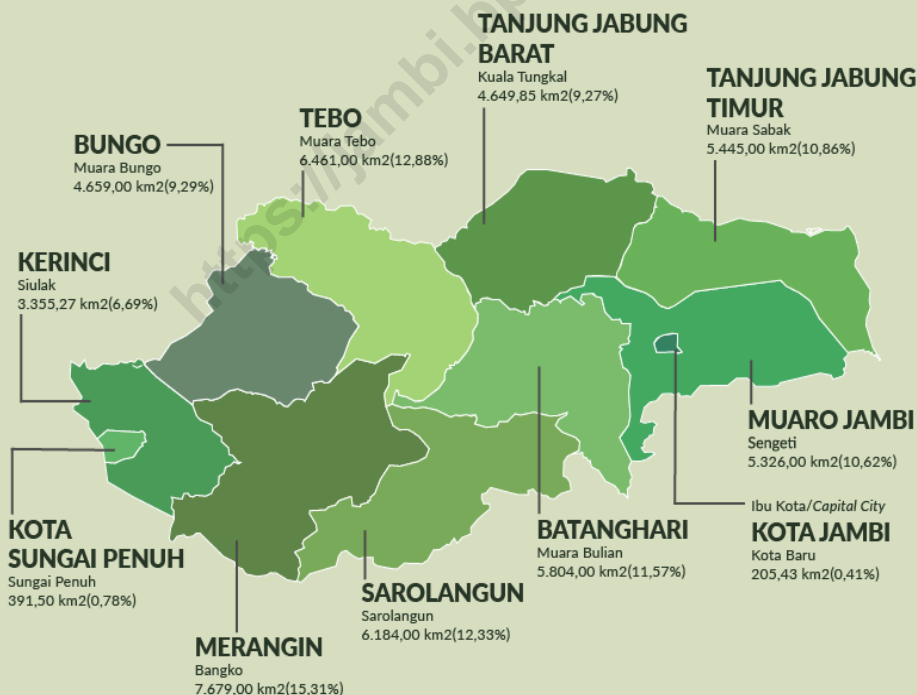
BAB 1 GEOGRAFI DAN IKLIM

Chapter 1. Geography and Climate

Provinsi Jambi secara geografis terletak antara 00 45' sampai 20 45' lintang selatan dan antara 1010 10' sampai 1040 55' bujur timur. Luas Wilayah Provinsi Jambi 53.435 km² dengan luas daratan 50.160,05 km² dan tersebar menjadi 9 kabupaten dan 2 kota.

Jambi Province geographically, is located between 00 45' to 20 45' south latitude and 1010 10' to 1040 55' east longitude. The area of Jambi Province is 53.435 km² consist of land area 50.160,05 km² that consists of 9 regencies and 2 cities.

LUAS WILAYAH MENURUT KABUPATEN/KOTA DI PROVINSI JAMBI Total Area of Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province



Stasiun BMKG

Klimatologi
Muara Jambi

Suhu/Temperature(°C)

| Min | Rata-rata/ Average | Max |
|-----|-----------------------|-----|
|-----|-----------------------|-----|

| | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 21,60 | 27,20 | 34,80 |
|-------|-------|-------|

Kelembaban/Humidity(%)

| Min | Rata-rata/ Average | Max |
|-----|-----------------------|-----|
|-----|-----------------------|-----|

| | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| 48,00 | 85,90 | 99,00 |
|-------|-------|-------|

Kecepatan Angin (m/det)
/Wind Velocity (m/det)

| Min | Rata-rata/ Average | Max |
|-----|-----------------------|-----|
|-----|-----------------------|-----|

| | | |
|------|------|-------|
| calm | 1,40 | 30,00 |
|------|------|-------|

PENJELASAN TEKNIS**TECHNICAL NOTES**

1. Secara astronomis, Indonesia terletak antara $6^{\circ} 04' 30''$ Lintang Utara dan $11^{\circ} 00' 36''$ Lintang Selatan dan antara $94^{\circ} 58' 21''$ sampai dengan $141^{\circ} 01' 10''$ Bujur Timur dan dilalui oleh garis ekuator atau garis khatulistiwa yang terletak pada garis lintang 0° .
 2. Berdasarkan posisi geografisnya, negara Indonesia memiliki batas-batas: Utara - Negara Malaysia, Singapura, Vietnam, Filipina, Thailand, Palau, dan Laut Cina Selatan; Selatan - Negara Australia, Timor Leste, dan Samudera Hindia; Barat - Samudera Hindia; Timur - Negara Papua Nugini dan Samudera Pasifik. Batas-batas tersebut ada pada 111 pulau terluar yang perlu dijaga dan dikelola dengan baik. Pulau-pulau tersebut digunakan untuk menentukan garis pangkal batas wilayah negara Indonesia dengan negara lain (Keputusan Presiden Nomor 6 Tahun 2017 tentang Penetapan Pulau-Pulau Kecil Terluar).
 3. Berdasarkan letak geografisnya, kepulauan Indonesia berada di antara Benua Asia dan Benua Australia, serta di antara Samudera Hindia dan Samudera Pasifik.
1. *Astronomically, Indonesia is located between $6^{\circ} 04' 30''$ North latitude and $11^{\circ} 00' 36''$ South latitude, and between $94^{\circ} 58' 21''$ and $141^{\circ} 01' 10''$ East longitude and lies on equator line located at 0° latitude line.*
 2. *In terms of geographic position, Indonesia has boundaries as follows: North - Malaysia, Singapore, Vietnam, Philippines, Thailand, Palau, and South China Sea; South - Australia, Timor Leste and Indian Ocean; West - Indian Ocean; East - Papua New Guinea and Pacific Ocean. The boundaries spread on 111 outermost islands of Indonesia that must be well managed and guarded. The outermost islands are immediately adjacent to other countries and have strategic sovereignty values that should be strengthened (Presidential Decree No. 6 of 2017 on Small Outermost Islands Determination).*
 3. *In terms of geographic location, Indonesia is located between Asian Continent and Australian Continent, and between Indian Ocean and Pasific Ocean.*

4. Indonesia terdiri dari 34 provinsi yang terletak di lima pulau besar dan empat kepulauan, yaitu:
- Pulau Sumatera: Aceh, Sumatera Utara, Sumatera Barat, Riau, Jambi, Sumatera Selatan, Bengkulu, dan Lampung.
 - Kepulauan Riau: Kepulauan Riau.
 - Kepulauan Bangka Belitung: Kepulauan Bangka Belitung.
 - Pulau Jawa: DKI Jakarta, Jawa Barat, Banten, Jawa Tengah, DI Yogyakarta, dan Jawa Timur.
 - Kepulauan Nusa Tenggara (Sunda Kecil): Bali, Nusa Tenggara Barat, dan Nusa Tenggara Timur.
 - Pulau Kalimantan: Kalimantan Barat, Kalimantan Tengah, Kalimantan Selatan, Kalimantan Timur, dan Kalimantan Utara.
 - Pulau Sulawesi: Sulawesi Utara, Gorontalo, Sulawesi Tengah, Sulawesi Selatan, Sulawesi Barat, dan Sulawesi Tenggara.
 - Kepulauan Maluku: Maluku dan Maluku Utara.
 - Pulau Papua: Papua dan Papua Barat.
4. *Indonesia has 34 provinces spreading over five main islands and four archipelago. These include:*
- *Sumatera Island: Aceh, Sumatera Utara, Sumatera Barat, Riau, Jambi, Sumatera Selatan, Bengkulu, and Lampung.*
 - *Riau Archipelago: Kepulauan Riau.*
 - *Bangka Belitung Archipelago: Kepulauan Bangka Belitung.*
 - *Jawa Island: DKI Jakarta, Jawa Barat, Banten, Jawa Tengah, DI Yogyakarta, and Jawa Timur.*
 - *Nusa Tenggara Archipelago (Sunda Kecil): Bali, Nusa Tenggara Barat, and Nusa Tenggara Timur.*
 - *Kalimantan Island: Kalimantan Barat, Kalimantan Tengah, Kalimantan Selatan, Kalimantan Timur and Kalimantan Utara.*
 - *Sulawesi Island: Sulawesi Utara, Gorontalo, Sulawesi Tengah, Sulawesi Selatan, Sulawesi Barat, and Sulawesi Tenggara.*
 - *Maluku Archipelago: Maluku and Maluku Utara.*
 - *Papua Island: Papua and Papua Barat.*

Sebagai negara kepulauan, Indonesia memiliki ribuan pulau dan terhubung oleh berbagai selat dan laut. Saat ini, pulau yang berkoordinat dan terdaftar di Perserikatan Bangsa-Bangsa (2012) berjumlah 13.466 pulau.

As an archipelagic country, Indonesia consists of thousands of islands interconnected by straits and seas. Currently, there are 13,466 islands that have been registered with valid coordinates on United Nations (2012).

5. Badan Pusat Statistik (BPS) telah melakukan pendataan Potensi Desa (Podes) sejak tahun 1980. Sejak saat itu, Podes dilaksanakan secara rutin sebanyak 3 kali dalam kurun waktu sepuluh tahun untuk mendukung kegiatan Sensus Penduduk, Sensus Pertanian, ataupun Sensus Ekonomi. Dengan demikian, fakta penting terkait ketersediaan infrastruktur dan potensi yang dimiliki oleh setiap wilayah dapat dipantau perkembangannya secara berkala dan terus menerus.
 6. Sejak tahun 2008, pendataan Podes mengalami perubahan dengan adanya penambahan kuesioner suplemen kecamatan dan kabupaten/kota. Penambahan kuesioner tersebut bertujuan untuk meningkatkan manfaat data Podes bagi para konsumen data dan pemerintah daerah dalam perencanaan pembangunan wilayah.
 7. Data Podes merupakan satu-satunya sumber data kewilayahan yang muatannya beragam dan memberi gambaran tentang situ-
5. *BPS-Statistics Indonesia has been collecting village potential data since 1980. Podes has been regularly implemented 3 (three) times within ten years to support the activities of the Population Census, Agriculture Census, or Economic Census. Thus, important facts related to the availability of infrastructure and the potential possessed by each region can be monitored regularly and continually.*
 6. *Since 2008, Podes data collecting has been changed especially in providing additional information from subdistrict and regency/municipality, using separate questionnaires. The goal of these changes is to provide more benefits for data users and local government in regional development planning.*
 7. *Podes data is the only source of spatial data consisting of various information and providing a picture of development progress*

asi pembangunan suatu wilayah (regional). Ini berbeda dengan data dari hasil pendekatan rumah tangga yang lebih menekankan pada dimensi aktivitas sektoral. Keduanya sama penting dan menjadi kekayaan BPS.

in a region. The Podes data are different from data resulted from household surveys focusing on the dimension of sectoral activities. Both kind of data are important and become the trade mark of BPS-Statistics Indonesia on the data richness aspect.

8. Cakupan Wilayah

Pencacahan Podes dilakukan secara sensus terhadap seluruh wilayah administrasi pemerintahan terendah setingkat desa (yaitu desa, kelurahan, nagari, Unit Permukiman Transmigrasi (UPT) yang masih dibina oleh kementerian terkait). Berdasarkan hasil Podes 2018, ada sebanyak 83.931 wilayah setingkat desa yang tersebar di 514 kabupaten/kota.

8. Podes Coverage

Podes enumeration is implemented as a census of the lowest governmental administrative region equivalent to village (i.e. village, kelurahan, nagari, and Transmigration Settlement Unit which is still fostered by the relevant ministry). There were 83,931 village-level areas spread over 514 regencies/municipalities based on the result of Podes 2018.

9. Metode Pengumpulan Data

Pengumpulan data Podes 2018 dilakukan melalui wawancara langsung oleh petugas terlatih dengan narasumber yang relevan. Petugas adalah aparatur ataupun mitra kerja BPS Kabupaten/Kota, sementara narasumber adalah kepala desa/lurah atau narasumber lain yang memiliki pengetahuan terhadap wilayah target pencacahan.

9. Method of Data Collection

Data collection of Podes 2018 carried out through direct interviews by trained personnel with relevant respondents. The interviewers are BPS Regency/City personnel or partners, meanwhile, the selected respondents are the village head/lurah head or other respondents who have the knowledge towards the target area of enumeration.

10. Desa/Kelurahan Tepi Laut adalah desa/kelurahan yang sebagian atau seluruh wilayahnya bersinggungan langsung dengan laut, baik berupa pantai maupun

10. Coastal Village/Coastal Kelurahan is a village/kelurahan which some areas are intersect/directly adjacent to the sea, either gently sloping/flat beach or cliffs/reef.

tebing karang.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>11. Desa/Kelurahan Bukan Tepi Laut adalah desa/kelurahan yang wilayahnya tidak bersinggungan langsung dengan laut.</p> | <p>11. <i>Non Coastal Village/Non Coastal Kelurahan is a village/kelurahan which has no area that intersect/ directly adjacent to the sea.</i></p> |
| <p>12. Desa/Kelurahan Lereng/Puncak adalah desa/kelurahan yang sebagian besar wilayahnya berada di puncak gunung/pegunungan atau terletak di antara puncak sampai lembah.</p> | <p>12. <i>Slope/Peak Village/Kelurahan is a village/kelurahan which the largest part of village lies on the on the peak mountain or between the peak and the valley.</i></p> |
| <p>13. Desa/Kelurahan Lembah adalah desa/kelurahan yang wilayahnya sebagian besar merupakan daerah rendah yang terletak di antara dua gunung/pegunungan atau daerah yang mempunyai kedudukan lebih rendah dibandingkan daerah sekitarnya.</p> | <p>13. <i>Valley Village/Kelurahan is a village/kelurahan which largest part of the area is a low area between two mountains or area that have a position lower than the surrounding areas.</i></p> |
| <p>14. Desa/Kelurahan Dataran adalah desa/kelurahan yang sebagian besar wilayahnya tampak datar, rata, dan membentang.</p> | <p>14. <i>Flat Land/Plain Village/kelurahan is a village/kelurahan which the largest part of village appears plane, flat, and stretched.</i></p> |
| <p>15. Berdasarkan Peraturan Pemerintah Nomor 82 Tahun 2001 tentang Pengolahan Kualitas Air dan Pengendalian Pencemaran Air, klasifikasi mutu air ditetapkan menjadi empat kelas, yaitu: Kelas I, Kelas II, Kelas III, dan Kelas IV.</p> | <p>15. <i>Government Regulation Number 82 year 2001 on Water Quality Management and Water Pollution Control states that water quality is classified into four categories: Class I, Class II, Class III, and Class IV.</i></p> |
| <p>16. Kelas I, air yang dapat digunakan untuk air bahan baku air minum dan atau peruntukan lain yang mensyaratkan mutu air yang</p> | <p>16. <i>Class I, water that can be used for drinking and other uses requiring the same water quality category.</i></p> |

sama dengan kegunaan tersebut.

17. Kelas II, air yang dapat digunakan untuk prasarana atau sarana rekreasi air, pembudidayaan ikan air tawar, peternakan, air untuk mengairi pertanaman, dan atau peruntukan lain yang mensyaratkan mutu air yang sama dengan kegunaan tersebut.
 18. Kelas III, air yang dapat digunakan untuk pembudidayaan ikan air tawar, peternakan, air untuk mengairi pertanaman, dan atau peruntukan lain yang mensyaratkan mutu air yang sama dengan kegunaan tersebut.
 19. Kelas IV, air yang dapat digunakan untuk pertanaman dan atau peruntukan lain yang mensyaratkan mutu air yang sama dengan kegunaan tersebut.
 20. Penentuan status mutu air sungai dilakukan dengan Metode Indeks Pencemaran (IP).
 21. Metode IP: Status mutu air dihitung berdasarkan data sesaat dengan Metode Indeks Pencemaran Keputusan Menteri Lingkungan Hidup Nomor 115 tahun 2003 dibandingkan dengan kriteria mutu air kelas I dan kriteria mutu air kelas II Peraturan Pemerintah Nomor 82 tahun 2001. Status mutu yang diperoleh merupakan status mutu
17. *Class II, water that can be used for water recreation infrastructure, fresh water fish cultivation, animal husbandry, cropping watering, and other uses requiring the same water quality category.*
 18. *Class III, water that can be used for fresh water fish cultivation, animal husbandry, cropping watering, and other uses requiring the same water quality category.*
 19. *Class IV, water that can be used for watering cropping and other uses requiring the same water quality category.*
 20. *River water quality is determined by using Pollutant Index Method.*
 21. *Pollutant Index Method: Status of water quality is assessed based on the transient data resulted from Pollutant Index Method pursuant to Decree of Minister of Environment Number 115 Year 2003 compared to the water quality criteria of Class I and the water quality criteria of Class II pursuant to Government Regulation Number 82 Year 2001. The quality status obtained is*

sesaat dan hanya berdasarkan parameter tertentu yang dipantau di tiap sungai dengan jumlah dan jenis yang berbeda.

transient and solely based on certain parameters monitored at every river with different amount and different types of parameters.

22. Penamaan Debit terjadi perubahan menjadi Debit Ekstrem Sesaat (m^3/det) yaitu debit banjir sesaat maksimum atau debit maksimum tahunan yang terjadi sesaat sebelum dirata-rata. Debit sesaat minimum yaitu debit minimum tahunan yang terjadi sesaat sebelum dirata-rata.
22. *Debit naming changes to Momentary Extreme Debit (m^3/s), which is the maximum instantaneous flood debit or annual maximum debit that occurs shortly before averaging. Minimum instantaneous debit is the annual minimum debit that occurs just before averaging.*
23. Penamaan Rata-Rata Harian terjadi perubahan menjadi Rata-Rata Tahunan (m^3/det) yaitu debit rata-rata tahunan yang dihitung dari debit rata-rata bulanan.
23. *The Daily Average Naming changes to Annual Average (m^3/s), which is the annual average debit calculated from the monthly average debit.*
24. Penamaan Daerah Pengaliran Sungai terjadi perubahan mejadi Daerah Aliran Sungai berdasarkan Standar Nasional Indonesia (SNI) 6738:2015 tentang Perhitungan debit andalan sungai dengan kurva durasi debit dan SNI 2415:2016 tentang tata cara perhitungan debit banjir rencana. Daerah Aliran Sungai merupakan suatu wilayah daratan yang merupakan satu kesatuan dengan sungai dan anak-anak sungainya, yang berfungsi menampung, menyimpan, dan mengalirkan air yang berasal dari curah hujan ke danau atau ke laut secara alami, yang batas di darat merupakan pemisah topografis dan batas laut
24. *River Stream Areas changes into River Basin Area based on Indonesian National Standard (SNI) 6738: 2015 concerning Calculation of river mainstay discharge with debit duration curve and SNI 2415: 2016 concerning procedures for calculating flood discharge plans. Watershed is a land area which is an integral part of the river and its tributaries, which function to collect, store and drain water from natural rainfall to lakes or to the sea, where land boundaries are topographical and boundary separators the sea naturally, the land boundary is the topographic separator and the sea boundary to the waters which are still affected*

secara alami, yang batas di darat merupakan pemisah topografis dan batas laut sampai dengan daerah perairan yang masih terpengaruh aktivitas daratan.

25. Pemilihan lokasi pengukuran air sungai berdasarkan SNI 03-2226-1991 Rev.2004 tentang tata cara pemilihan lokasi pos duga air di sungai. Pos duga air merupakan bangunan di sungai yang dipilih untuk mengamati tinggi muka air secara sistematis agar dapat berfungsi untuk memantau fluktuasi muka air yang dapat ditransfer ke dalam debit dengan menggunakan RC (Rating Curve). Biasanya pos duga air berada di desa atau dusun.
26. Konsumsi bahan perusak ozon berdasarkan Laporan Country Programme Kementerian Lingkungan Hidup dan Kehutanan untuk Sekretariat Ozon United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).

by land activities.

25. *The choice of location for measuring river water based on SNI 03-2226-1991 Rev.2004 concerning the procedure for selecting the location of water-level measuring post on the river. It is assumed that water is a building in the river that is chosen to observe the water level systematically so that it can function to monitor fluctuations in water level that can be transferred into the discharge using RC. (Rating Curve). Usually the water-level measuring post is in the village or hamlet.*
26. *Consumption of ozone depleting substances based on the Country Program Report of the Ministry of Environment and Forestry for Ozone Secretariat United Nations Environment Program (UNEP).*

ULASAN

Provinsi Jambi secara geografis terletak antara 00 45' sampai 20 45' lintang selatan dan antara 1010 10' sampai 1040 55' bujur timur. Sebelah utara berbatasan dengan Provinsi Riau dan Kepulauan Riau, Sebelah Timur dengan Laut Cina Selatan, sebelah selatan berbatasan dengan Provinsi Sumatera Selatan dan sebelah barat berbatasan dengan Provinsi Sumatera Barat dan Bengkulu. Luas Wilayah Provinsi Jambi 53.435 Km² dengan luas daratan 50.160,05 Km² terdiri dari:

- Kabupaten Kerinci 3.355,27 Km² (6,69%)
- Kabupaten Merangin 7.679 Km² (15,31%)
- Kabupaten Sarolangun 6.184 Km² (12,33%)
- Kabupaten Batanghari 5.804 Km² (11,57%)
- Kabupaten Muaro Jambi 5.326 Km² (10,62%)
- Kabupaten Tanjung Jabung Timur 5.445 Km² (10,85%)
- Kabupaten Tanjung Jabung Barat 4.649,85 Km² (9,27%)
- Kabupaten Tebo 6.461 Km² (12,88%)
- Kabupaten Bungo 4.659 Km² (9,29%)
- Kota Jambi 205,43 Km² (0,41%)
- Kota Sungai Penuh 391,5 Km² (0,78%)

DESCRIPTION

Jambi Province geographically, is located between 00 45' to 20 45' south latitude and 1010 10' to 1040 55' east longitude. The borders of Jambi Province are Riau Province and Kepulauan Riau Province in the north, South Chinese Sea in the east, Sumatera Selatan Province in the south, Sumatra Barat Province and Bengkulu Province in the west. The area of Jambi Province is 53.435 Km² consist of land area 50.160,05 Km² that consists of:

- *Kerinci Regency 3. 355,27 Km² (6,69%)*
- *Merangin Regency 7.679 Km² (15,31%)*
- *Sarolangun Regency 6.184 Km² (12,33%)*
- *Batanghari Regency 5.804 Km² (11,57%)*
- *Muaro Jambi Regency 5.326 Km² (10,62%)*
- *Tanjung Jabung Timur Regency 5.445 Km² (10,86%)*
- *Tanjung Jabung Barat Regency 4.649,85 Km² (9,27%)*
- *Tebo Regency 6.461 Km² (12,88%)*
- *Bungo Regency 4.659 Km² (9,29%)*
- *Jambi Municipality 205,43 Km² (0,41%)*
- *Sungai Penuh Municipality 391,5 Km² (0,78%)*

Luas wilayah terbesar di Provinsi Jambi berada di Kabupaten Merangin sebesar 7.679 Km² atau sebesar 15,31 persen dari total luas wilayah Provinsi Jambi, diikuti oleh Kabupaten Tebo dan Kabupaten Sarolangun masing-masing sebesar 6.461 Km² dan 6.184 Km².

Pengamatan Unsur Iklim diamati melalui Stasiun Pengamatan Badan Meteorologi Klimatologi dan Geofisika (BMKG) Muaro Jambi. Rata-rata suhu udara adalah 27,2 derajat celcius di tahun 2021. Suhu minimum adalah 21,6 derajat celcius, lebih rendah dibanding dengan suhu pada tahun 2020 yaitu 22,0 derajat celcius. Suhu maksimum 34,8 derajat celcius. Tekanan udara menunjukkan nilai rata-rata sebesar 1.007,6 mb dengan range 1.001,1 mb sampai dengan 1.012,7 mb.

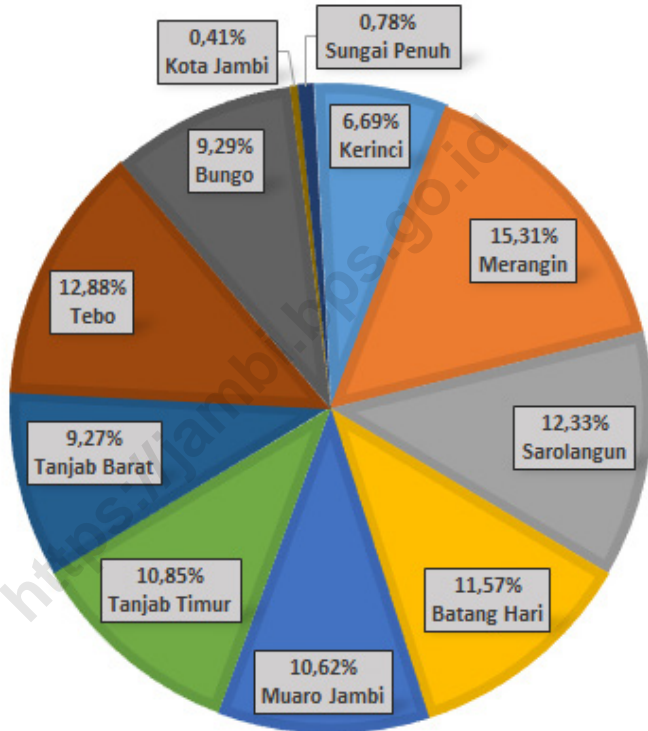
The largest area in Jambi Province is Merangin Regency with 7.679 Km² or 15,31 percent of Jambi Province area, followed by Tebo regency and Sarolangun Regency with each of area is 6.461 Km² and 6.184 Km².

Observations of climate elements were observed through the Observation Station of the Meteorology, Climatology and Geophysics Agency (BMKG) Muaro Jambi. The average air temperature in Jambi Province is 27.2 degrees Celsius in 2021. The minimum temperature is 21.6 degrees Celsius, lower than the temperature in 2020, which is 22.0 degrees Celsius. The maximum temperature is 34.8 degrees Celsius. Air pressure shows an average value of 1,007.6 mb with a range of 1.001.1 mb to 1,012.7 mb.

Gambar
Figures

1

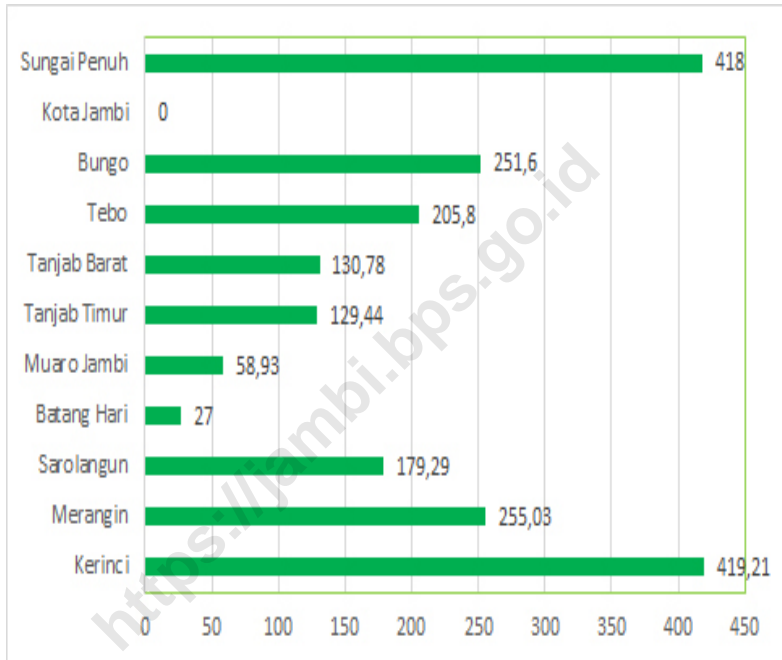
Luas Wilayah menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi (%), 2021
Total Area of Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province (%), 2021



Catatan/Note: ¹Berdasarkan Peraturan Menteri Dalam Negeri Nomor 72 Tahun 2019 tanggal 25 Oktober 2019/
Based on Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 72/2019, October 21, 2019

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Dalam Negeri/Ministry of Home Affairs

Gambar 1.2 Jarak dari Ibukota Kabupaten/Kota ke Ibukota Provinsi di Provinsi Jambi (km), 2021
Figures 1.2 Distance between Regency/Municipality Capital and Province Capital in Jambi Province (km), 2021



Catatan/Note: ¹Berdasarkan Peraturan Menteri Dalam Negeri Nomor 72 Tahun 2019 tanggal 25 Oktober 2019/
 Based on Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 72/2019, October 21, 2019

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Dalam Negeri/Ministry of Home Affairs

1.1 KEADAAN GEOGRAFI GEOGRAPHY CONDITION

Tabel 1.1.1 **Luas Daerah dan Jumlah Pulau Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
Table 1.1.1 **Total Area and Number of Islands by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Ibukota Kabupaten/Kota Capital of Regency/Municipality | Luas ¹ Total Area ² (km ² /sq.km) |
|--|---|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Kerinci | Siulak | 3 355,27 |
| Merangin | Bangko | 7 679,00 |
| Sarolangun | Sarolangun | 6 184,00 |
| Batang Hari | Muara Bulian | 5 804,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | Sengeti | 5 326,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | Muara Sabak | 5 445,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | Kuala Tungkal | 4 649,85 |
| Tebo | Muara Tebo | 6 461,00 |
| Bungo | Muara Bungo | 4 659,00 |
| Kota Jambi | Kota Baru | 205,43 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | Sungai Penuh / Siulak | 391,50 |
| Jambi | | 50 160,05 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 1.1.1*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Persentase terhadap Luas Provinsi <i>Percentage to Province's Area</i> | Jumlah Pulau <i>Number of Islands</i> |
|---|---|--|
| (1) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 6,69 | – |
| Merangin | 15,31 | – |
| Sarolangun | 12,33 | – |
| Batang Hari | 11,57 | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 10,62 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 10,85 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 9,27 | – |
| Tebo | 12,88 | – |
| Bungo | 9,29 | – |
| Kota Jambi | 0,41 | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,78 | – |
| Jambi | 100,00 | – |

Catatan/Note: ¹Berdasarkan Peraturan Menteri Dalam Negeri Nomor 72 Tahun 2019 tanggal 25 Oktober 2019/*Based on Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 72/2019, October 21, 2019*

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Dalam Negeri/*Ministry of Home Affairs*

Tabel
Table 1.1.2

Tinggi Wilayah dan Jarak ke Ibukota di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Altitude and Distance to the Capital in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Tinggi Wilayah (mdpl) <i>Altitude (m a.s.l)</i> | Jarak ke Ibukota (km) <i>Distance to the Capital (km)</i> |
|---|--|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Kerinci | 938 | 419,21 |
| Merangin | 87 | 255,03 |
| Sarolangun | 38 | 179,29 |
| Batang Hari | 20 | 27,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 25 | 58,93 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 | 129,44 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 3 | 130,78 |
| Tebo | 36 | 205,80 |
| Bungo | 48 | 251,60 |
| Kota Jambi | 23 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 938 | 418,00 |

Sumber/Source: Biro Pemerintahan dan Otda Provinsi Jambi/Governance Beureau of Region Secretary of Jambi Province

Tabel 1.1.3 Jumlah Desa¹/Kelurahan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Letak Geografi, 2014–2021
Number of Villages¹/Kelurahan by Regency/Municipality and Geographical Location, 2014–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Tepi Laut Coastal Altitude (m a.s.l) | | | Bukan Tepi Laut Non-Coastal | | |
|--|---|-----------|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2014 | 2018 | 2021 | 2014 | 2018 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | 287 | 287 | 287 |
| Merangin | - | - | 2 | 215 | 215 | 213 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | 158 | 158 | 158 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | 113 | 124 | 124 |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | 155 | 155 | 155 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 27 | 25 | 23 | 66 | 68 | 70 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 3 | 3 | 3 | 131 | 131 | 131 |
| Tebo | - | - | - | 112 | 112 | 112 |
| Bungo | - | - | - | 153 | 153 | 153 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| Jambi | 30 | 28 | 28 | 1 521 | 1 534 | 1 534 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Desa pada tabel ini termasuk Unit Permukiman Transmigrasi (UPT) yang masih dibina oleh kementerian terkait dan nagari di Provinsi Sumatera Barat/Villages in this table include Transmigration Settlement Unit fostered by the relevant ministries and the nagari in the Province of Sumatera Barat

Sumber/Source: BPS, Pendataan Potensi Desa (Podes)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Village Potential Data Collection

Tabel
Table 1.1.4

**Jumlah Desa^{1,2}/Kelurahan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan
Topografi Wilayah, 2014–2021**
**Number of Villages^{1,2}/Kelurahan by Regency/Municipality
and Topographical Areas, 2014–2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Lembah Valley | | | Lereng/Puncak Slope | | |
|--|------------------|-----------|----------|------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2014 | 2018 | 2021 | 2014 | 2018 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 1 | 26 | 5 | 92 | 57 | 184 |
| Merangin | 3 | 19 | 1 | 36 | 21 | 23 |
| Sarolangun | 14 | - | - | 11 | 29 | 79 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | 139 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 1 | - | 6 | 6 | 25 |
| Jambi | 20 | 46 | 6 | 146 | 113 | 450 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 1.1.4*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Dataran <i>Flat</i> | | |
|---|------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | 2014 | 2018 | 2021 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Kerinci | 194 | 204 | 98 |
| Merangin | 176 | 175 | 191 |
| Sarolangun | 133 | 129 | 79 |
| Batang Hari | 113 | 124 | 124 |
| Muaro Jambi | 155 | 155 | 155 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 92 | 93 | 93 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 134 | 134 | 134 |
| Tebo | 111 | 112 | 112 |
| Bungo | 153 | 153 | 14 |
| Kota Jambi | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 62 | 62 | 44 |
| Jambi | 1385 | 1403 | 1 106 |

Catatan/*Note*: ¹ Desa pada tabel ini termasuk Unit Permukiman Transmigrasi (UPT) yang masih dibina oleh kementerian terkait dan nagari di Provinsi Sumatera Barat/*Villages in this table include Transmigration Settlement Unit fostered by the relevant ministries and the nagari in the Province of Sumatera Barat*

² Data citra satelit yang sudah dikonfirmasi oleh aparat desa. Kategori Lereng/Puncak termasuk juga Tebing/ *Satellite image data that has been confirmed by village officials. The Slope category includes Cliffs*
Jumlah desa tidak termasuk desa tepi laut/ *Number of villages excluded coastal villages*

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, Pendataan Potensi Desa (Podes)/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Village Potential Data Collection*

1.2 KEADAAN IKLIM CLIMATE CONDITION

Tabel 1.2.1 Pengamatan Unsur Iklim di Stasiun Pengamatan Badan Meteorologi Klimatologi dan Geofisika (BMKG) di Provinsi Jambi, 2019-2021
Observation of Climate Elements at the Meteorology, Climatology and Geophysics Agency Station in Jambi Province, 2019-2021

| Unsur Iklim <i>Climate Elements</i> | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Suhu/Temperature (°C) | | | |
| Minimum/Minimum | 18,8 | 22,0 | 21,6 |
| Rata-rata/Average | 26,8 | 27,3 | 27,2 |
| Maksimum/Maximum | 34,8 | 34,9 | 34,8 |
| Kelembaban/Humidity (%) | | | |
| Minimum/Minimum | 44 | 47 | 48 |
| Rata-rata/Average | 85 | 86 | 85,9 |
| Maksimum/Maximum | 99 | 100 | 99 |
| Kecepatan Angin (m/det) <i>Wind Velocity (m/sec)</i> | | | |
| Minimum/Minimum | 5 | Calm | Calm |
| Rata-rata/Average | 5,4 | 0,7 | 1,4 |
| Maksimum/Maximum | 6 | 11,3 | 30 |
| Tekanan Udara (mbar) <i>Atmospheric Pressure (mbar)</i> | | | |
| Minimum/Minimum | 1 009,5 | 1 000,1 | 1 001,1 |
| Rata-rata/Average | 1 010,7 | 1 007,7 | 1 007,6 |
| Maksimum/Maximum | 1 011,6 | 1 018,8 | 1 012,7 |
| Jumlah Curah Hujan (mm/tahun) <i>Number of Precipitation (mm/year)</i> | 2 500 | 2 951,7 | 3 218,4 |
| Jumlah Hari Hujan (hari) <i>Number of Rainy Days (day)</i> | 207 | 222 | 224 |
| Penyinaran Matahari (jam) <i>Duration of Sunshine (o'clock)</i> | 3,8 | 55,6 | 4,3 |

Catatan/Note: Calm adalah kecepatan angin mendekati nol/Calm is wind velocity close to zero
Pengamatan pada Stasiun Klimatologi Muaro Jambi/Observation in Muaro Jambi Climatology Station

Sumber/Source: Badan Meteorologi Klimatologi dan Geofisika/Meteorological, Climatology, and Geophysical Agency

BAB 2 PEMERINTAHAN

Chapter 2. Government



JUMLAH WILAYAH ADMINISTRATIF

Number of Administrative Area

Kabupaten/Kota
District/City

11

Kecamatan
Subdistrict

144

Desa/Kelurahan
Village

1.562

Berdasarkan Jenis Kelamin by Sex

Laki-laki/Male

25.968 orang/person
(43,82%)

Perempuan/Female

33.290 orang/person
(56,18%)

Berdasarkan Tingkat Kepangkatan by Hierarchy

Golongan IV/Range IV

Laki-laki/Male

6.184 orang/person
(46,33%)

Perempuan/Female

7.164 orang/person
(53,67%)

Golongan III/Range III

Laki-laki/Male

15.547 orang/person
(40,83%)

Perempuan/Female

22.531 orang/person
(59,17%)

Golongan II/Range II

Laki-laki/Male

4.072 orang/person
(53,34%)

Perempuan/Female

3.562 orang/person
(46,66%)

Golongan I/Range I

Laki-laki/Male

165 orang/person
(83,33%)

Perempuan/Female

33 orang/person
(16,67%)

JUMLAH PEGAWAI NEGERI SIPIL

Number of Civil Servant

Berdasarkan Jenis Jabatan by Occupation

JPT Madya/Middle Executives

Laki-laki/Male

1 orang/person
(100%)

JPT Pratama/Junior Executives

Laki-laki/Male

344 orang/person
(92,23%)

Perempuan/Female

29 orang/person
(7,77%)

Administrator/Administrator

Laki-laki/Male

1.473 orang/person
(79,97%)

Perempuan/Female

369 orang/person
(20,03%)

Pengawas/Supervisor

Laki-laki/Male

3.749 orang/person
(61,74%)

Perempuan/Female

2.323 orang/person
(38,26%)

Eselon V/5th Echelon

Laki-laki/Male

41 orang/person
(51,90%)

Perempuan/Female

38 orang/person
(48,10%)

Fungsional Tertentu/Specific Funtional

Laki-laki/Male

10.959 orang/person
(33,21%)

Perempuan/Female

22.036 orang/person
(66,79%)

Fungsional Umum/General Funtional

Laki-laki/Male

9.401 orang/person
(52,53%)

Perempuan/Female

8.495 orang/person
(47,47%)

PENJELASAN TEKNIS**TECHNICAL NOTES**

1. Secara administrasi, sejak tahun 1999 (Undang-Undang Nomor 22 tahun 1999) telah terjadi pemekaran sejumlah provinsi di Indonesia seiring dengan tuntutan otonomi daerah, yaitu:
 - Provinsi Maluku Utara dimekarkan dari Provinsi Maluku pada 4 Oktober 1999
 - Provinsi Banten dimekarkan dari Provinsi Jawa Barat pada 17 Oktober 2000
 - Provinsi Kepulauan Bangka Belitung dimekarkan dari Provinsi Sumatera Selatan pada 4 Desember 2000
 - Provinsi Gorontalo dimekarkan dari Provinsi Sulawesi Utara pada 22 Desember 2000
 - Provinsi Papua Barat dimekarkan dari Provinsi Papua pada 21 November 2001
 - Provinsi Sulawesi Barat dimekarkan dari Provinsi Sulawesi Selatan pada 5 Oktober 2004
 - Provinsi Kepulauan Riau dimekarkan dari Provinsi Riau pada 25 Oktober 2004
 - Provinsi Kalimantan Utara dimekarkan dari Provinsi Kalimantan Timur pada 16 November 2012

Untuk mendukung penyelenggaraan kegiatan statistik, BPS menetapkan kode dan nama wilayah kerja statistik. Penetapan dituangkan dalam Peraturan Kepala Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 3 Tahun 2019 Tanggal 6 Mei

1. *Since 1999 (Law No. 22/1999), several provinces have split in line with the implementation of regional autonomy:*
 - *Maluku Utara Province was split from Maluku Province on October 4th, 1999*
 - *Banten Province was split from Jawa Barat Province on October 17th, 2000*
 - *Kepulauan Bangka Belitung Province was split from Sumatera Selatan Province on December 4th, 2000*
 - *Gorontalo Province was split from Sulawesi Utara Province on December 22nd, 2000*
 - *Papua Barat Province was split from Papua Province on November 21st, 2001*
 - *Sulawesi Barat Province was split from Sulawesi Selatan Province on October 5th, 2004*
 - *Kepulauan Riau Province was split from Riau Province on October 25th, 2004*
 - *Kalimantan Utara Province was split from Kalimantan Timur Province on November 16th, 2012*

In collecting statistical data, BPS-Statistics Indonesia has set codes and names of all regional level where the data collection is undertaken. It was stipulated in Chief Statistician Regulation Number 3 of 2019, May 6 2019, as a

2019 tentang Perubahan Atas Peraturan Kepala Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 90 Tahun 2018 tentang Kode dan Nama Wilayah Kerja Statistik Tahun 2018. Sampai dengan Desember 2018, wilayah kerja statistik meliputi 34 provinsi, 416 kabupaten, 98 kota, 7.240 kecamatan, dan 83.706 desa (termasuk kelurahan dan Unit Permukiman Transmigrasi/UPT).

revision of Chief Statistician Regulation Number 90 of 2018 on Code and Name of Regional Level of Data Collection. Up to December 2018, the regions of statistical data collection has comprised 34 provinces, 416 regencies, 98 cities, 7,240 sub districts, and 83,706 villages (include Transmigration Settlement Unit).

2. Pemerintahan Indonesia menganut sistem presidensial yang berdasarkan Pancasila. Pancasila terdiri atas lima dasar, yaitu:
 - Ketuhanan Yang Maha Esa;
 - Kemanusiaan yang adil dan beradab;
 - Persatuan Indonesia;
 - Kerakyatan yang dipimpin oleh hikmat kebijaksanaan dalam permusyawaratan perwakilan;
 - Keadilan sosial bagi seluruh rakyat Indonesia.
3. Sistem politik di Indonesia didasarkan pada kekuasaan legislatif, eksekutif, dan yudikatif (Trias Politika).
4. Kekuasaan legislatif dipegang oleh Majelis Permusyawaratan Rakyat (MPR) sebagai lembaga tertinggi negara. Keanggotaan MPR berubah setelah Amandemen UUD 1945 pada periode 1999–2004. Seluruh anggota MPR adalah anggota DPR (Dewan Perwakilan Rakyat) ditambah anggota DPD (Dewan

2. *The Indonesian Government follows the presidential system based on the Five Principles (Pancasila). Pancasila consists of five principles, namely:*
 - *The Belief in One God;*
 - *A just and civilized humanism;*
 - *Unity of Indonesia;*
 - *Democratic citizenship led by wise guidance born of representative consultation;*
 - *Social just for all the people of Indonesia.*
3. *The political system in Indonesia is based on Trias Politica principle or separation of legislative, executive, and judicative power.*
4. *Legislative power is held by the People's Consultative Assembly (MPR) as the highest institution. The MPR membership changed after the amandement of The 1945 Constitution of The Republic of Indonesia (UUD 1945) during the period 1999–2004. MPR members are all The Indonesian House of Representative (DPR) members plus*

- Perwakilan Daerah). Anggota DPR dan DPD dipilih melalui pemilihan umum (pemilu) dan dilantik dalam masa jabatan lima tahun.
5. Lembaga eksekutif berpusat pada presiden, wakil presiden, dan kabinet. Sistem pemerintahan di Indonesia adalah Presidensial, sehingga para menteri berada di bawah dan bertanggung jawab kepada presiden.
6. Sejak masa reformasi dan adanya amandemen UUD 1945, lembaga yudikatif dijalankan oleh Mahkamah Agung, termasuk pengaturan administrasi para hakim.
7. Susunan pemerintahan Republik Indonesia periode 2014–2019 terdiri dari presiden, wakil presiden, lembaga tinggi negara, kementerian, lembaga setingkat menteri, dan Lembaga Pemerintahan Non Kementerian (LPNK).
8. Lembaga tinggi negara terdiri dari Majelis Permusyawaratan Rakyat (MPR), Dewan Perwakilan Rakyat (DPR), Badan Pemeriksa Keuangan (BPK), dan Mahkamah Agung (MA), Dewan Perwakilan Daerah (DPD), Mahkamah Konstitusi (MK), dan Komisi Yudisial (KY).
- Regional Representatives Council (DPD). DPR and DPD members are elected through a general election and appointed for a five-years membership.*
- 5. The executives consist of president, vice president, and ministerial cabinet. In Indonesia the ministerial cabinet follows the Presidential Cabinet system where every minister is responsible to the president and does not represent political parties in the parliament.*
- 6. Since the reformation era and after the amendment of UUD 1945, The judicative power has been run by the Supreme Court, including the administrative arrangement of judges.*
- 7. The government structure of the Republic of Indonesia period 2014–2019 consists of president, vice president, state supreme agencies, ministries, ministerial level institutions, and non-ministerial institutions (LPNK).*
- 8. State supreme agencies consist of The People's Consultative Assembly (MPR), The House of Representative (DPR), The Audit Board of the Republic of Indonesia (BPK), Supreme Court (MA), Local Councils (DPD), Constitutional Court (MK), and Judicial Commission (KY).*

9. Kementerian terdiri dari kementerian koordinator dan kementerian.
9. *Ministries consist of coordinating ministry and departmental ministry.*
10. Kementerian koordinator terdiri dari bidang politik, hukum, dan keamanan (Polhukam), bidang perekonomian, bidang pembangunan manusia dan kebudayaan, dan bidang kemaritiman.
10. *Coordinating ministries consist of Coordinating Ministry for Political, Legal, and Security Affairs, Coordinating Ministry for Economy, Coordinating Ministry for Maritime Affairs, and Coordinating Ministry for Human Development and Culture.*
11. Kementerian terdiri dari Kementerian Sekretaris Negara, Kementerian Dalam Negeri, Kementerian Luar Negeri, Kementerian Perencanaan Pembangunan Nasional/Bappenas, Kementerian Pertahanan, Kementerian Hukum dan Hak Asasi Manusia, Kementerian Keuangan, Kementerian Energi dan Sumber Daya Mineral, Kementerian Perindustrian, Kementerian Perdagangan, Kementerian Pertanian, Kementerian Perhubungan, Kementerian Kelautan dan Perikanan, Kementerian Ketenagakerjaan, Kementerian Badan Usaha Milik Negara, Kementerian Koperasi dan UKM, Kementerian Pekerjaan Umum dan Perumahan Rakyat, Kementerian Lingkungan Hidup dan Kehutanan, Kementerian Agraria dan Tata Ruang/Badan Pertanahan Nasional,
11. *Departmental Ministries consist of State Secretary; Ministry of Home Affairs; Ministry of Foreign Affairs; Ministry of National Development Planning/Chairperson of National Development Planning Agency; Ministry of Defense; Ministry of Justice and Human Rights; Ministry of Finance; Ministry of Energy and Mineral Resources; Ministry of Industry; Ministry of Trade; Ministry of Agriculture; Ministry of Transportation; Ministry of Maritime Affairs and Fisheries; Ministry of Manpower; Ministry of State Owned Enterprises; Ministry of Cooperatives and Small and Medium Enterprises; Ministry of Public Works and Public Housing; Ministry of Environment and Forestry; Ministry of Agrarian Affairs and Spatial Planning/National Land Agency; Ministry of Health; Ministry of Culture and Elementary & Secondary Education; Ministry of Social Services; Ministry of Religious*

Kementerian Kesehatan, Kementerian Kebudayaan dan Pendidikan Dasar Menengah, Kementerian Sosial, Kementerian Agama, Kementerian Pariwisata, Kementerian Komunikasi dan Informatika, Kementerian Pendayagunaan Aparatur Negara dan Reformasi Birokrasi, Kementerian Pemuda dan Olahraga, Kementerian Desa, Pembangunan Daerah Tertinggal dan Transmigrasi, Kementerian Riset Teknologi dan Pendidikan Tinggi, dan Kementerian Pemberdayaan Perempuan dan Perlindungan Anak.

Affairs; Ministry of Tourism; Ministry of Communication and Informatics; Ministry of Empowerment of State Apparatus and Bureaucracy Reform; Ministry of Youth and Sports Affairs; Ministry of Village, Disadvantaged of Regions Development and Transmigration; Ministry of Research, Technology, and Higher Education; and Ministry of Women Empowerment and Child Protection.

12. Setingkat Menteri terdiri dari Kejaksaan Agung, Tentara Nasional Indonesia, dan Kepolisian Negara Republik Indonesia
13. Lembaga Pemerintah Non Kementerian terdiri dari Arsip Nasional Republik Indonesia, Badan Intelijen Negara, Badan Kepegawaian Negara, Badan Kependudukan dan Keluarga Berencana Nasional, Badan Koordinasi Penanaman Modal, Badan Informasi Geospasial, Badan Meteorologi, Klimatologi, dan Geofisika, Badan Narkotika Nasional, Badan Nasional Penanggulangan Bencana, Badan Nasional Penanggulangan Terorisme, Badan Nasional Penempatan dan Perlindungan
12. *Ministerial Level Officials consist of Attorney General, Indonesian National Defense Force, and Indonesian National Police.*
13. *Non Ministerial Institutions consist of National Archive of the Republic of Indonesia, State Intelligence Board, National Civil Service Agency, National Population and Family Planning Board, Investment Coordinating Board, Geospatial Information Agency, Meteorology, Climatology, and Geophysics Agency, National Narcotics Agency, National Agency for Disaster Management, National Counter Terrorism Agency, The National Authority for The Placement and Protection of Indonesian Overseas Workers, National Agency of*

Tenaga Kerja Indonesia, Badan Pengawasan Obat dan Makanan, Badan Pengawasan Tenaga Nuklir, Badan Pengawasan Keuangan dan Pembangunan, Badan Pengkajian dan Penerapan Teknologi, Badan Pusat Statistik, Badan SAR Nasional, Badan Standardisasi Nasional, Badan Tenaga Nuklir Nasional, Lembaga Administrasi Negara, Lembaga Ilmu Pengetahuan Indonesia, Lembaga Ketahanan Nasional, Lembaga Kebijakan Pengadaan Barang/Jasa Pemerintah, Lembaga Penerbangan dan Antariksa Nasional, Lembaga Sandi Negara, dan Perpustakaan Nasional Republik Indonesia.

Drugs and Foods Control, Nuclear Energy Controlling Board, Audit and Development Supervising Agency, Agency for the Assessment and Application Technology, BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Search and Rescue Agency, National Standardization Board, National Nuclear Energy Board, National Institute of Administration, National Institute of Science, National Resilience Institute, Government Procurement Policy Board, National Institute of Space and Aeronautics, National Crypto Agency, and National Library of Republic of Indonesia.

14. Indeks Demokrasi Indonesia (IDI) adalah angka-angka yang menunjukkan tingkat perkembangan demokrasi di seluruh provinsi di Indonesia berdasarkan beberapa aspek tertentu dari demokrasi. Aspek yang diukur dalam IDI ini adalah Kebebasan Sipil, Hak-Hak Politik, dan Lembaga-lembaga Demokrasi. Ketiga aspek demokrasi ini kemudian dijabarkan menjadi 11 variabel dan 28 indikator.

14. *The Indonesia Democracy Index (IDI) refers to numerical indicators which measure aspects of democracy across the provinces of Indonesia. These include civil liberties, political rights, and institutions of democracy, and further breaks them down into 11 variables and 28 indicators.*

15. Pengumpulan data IDI menggunakan metode triangulasi, yang menggunakan metode kuantitatif, kualitatif, dan validasi di antara keduanya.

15. *IDI's data compiling applied a triangulation method, using both quantitative and qualitative methods and cross validating the data. The four methods for data*

Empat metode yang digunakan meliputi: review koran, review dokumen, diskusi kelompok terfokus (FGD), dan wawancara mendalam

collection included: media reviews, document reviews, focus group discussion (FGD), and in-depth interviews.

16. Cakupan statistik keuangan negara meliputi keuangan pemerintah pusat, keuangan pemerintah daerah provinsi, keuangan pemerintah kabupaten/kota, dan keuangan pemerintah desa.
 17. Statistik keuangan pemerintah pusat bersumber dari Kementerian Keuangan, sedangkan Statistik Keuangan Pemerintah Daerah Provinsi dan Kabupaten/Kota dikumpulkan oleh Badan Pusat Statistik melalui masing-masing kantor gubernur dan bupati/walikota. Sejak tahun 2000 sektor keuangan negara dihitung berdasarkan tahun kalender yang berakhir pada bulan Desember.
 18. Pada Statistik Keuangan Pemerintah Desa, perkiraan pengeluaran dan pendapatan diperoleh dari Survei Keuangan Tingkat Desa berdasarkan sampel lebih kurang 10 persen dari seluruh desa di Indonesia.
16. *Public finance statistics consists of central government finance, provincial government finance, regency/municipality government finance, and village-level government finance.*
 17. *Statistics on central government finance are obtained from the Ministry of Finance, while statistics on provincial and regency/municipal levels are collected by the BPS-Statistics Indonesia through the provincial and regency/city offices. Since 2000 the financial sector has been based on calendar year ending in December.*
 18. *At village level, the financial statistics are obtained through a Village Financial Survey. This survey is conducted on a sample basis covering about 10 percent of the total villages in Indonesia.*

ULASAN**DESCRIPTION****Wilayah Administrasi**

Provinsi Jambi terdiri dari 9 kabupaten dan 2 kota. Di Provinsi Jambi saat ini terdapat 144 kecamatan, bertambah 1 kecamatan baru hasil pemekaran di Kabupaten Sarolangun. Jumlah desa sebanyak 1.375 dan 187 kelurahan yang tersebar di kabupaten dan kota dengan rincian sebagai berikut:

1. Kabupaten Kerinci terdiri dari 18 kecamatan, 263 desa, dan 24 kelurahan.
2. Kabupaten Merangin terdiri dari 24 kecamatan, 207 desa, dan 8 kelurahan.
3. Kabupaten Sarolangun terdiri dari 11 kecamatan, 152 desa, dan 6 kelurahan.
4. Kabupaten Batang Hari terdiri dari 8 kecamatan, 117 desa, dan 7 kelurahan.
5. Kabupaten Muaro Jambi terdiri dari 11 kecamatan, 152 desa, dan 3 kelurahan.
6. Kabupaten Tanjung Jabung Timur terdiri dari 11 kecamatan, 80 desa, dan 13 kelurahan.
7. Kabupaten Tanjung Jabung Barat terdiri dari 13 kecamatan, 114 desa, dan 20 kelurahan.
8. Kabupaten Tebo terdiri dari 12 kecamatan, 109 desa, dan 3 kelurahan.
9. Kabupaten Bungo terdiri dari 17 kecamatan, 143 desa, dan 10 kelurahan.
10. Kota Jambi terdiri dari 11

Administration of Region

Jambi Province consists of 9 districts and 2 cities. In Jambi Province, there are currently 144 sub-districts, adding 1 new sub-districts resulting from the division in Sarolangun Regency. The number of villages is 1,375 and 187 sub-districts spread across districts and cities with the following details:

1. Kerinci Regency consists of 18 subdistricts, 263 rural villages and 24 urban villages.
2. Merangin Regency consists of 24 subdistricts, 207 rural villages and 8 urban villages.
3. Sarolangun Regency consists of 11 subdistricts, 152 rural villages and 6 urban villages.
4. Batang Hari Regency consists of 8 subdistricts, 117 rural villages and 7 urban villages.
5. Muaro Jambi Regency consists of 11 subdistricts, 152 rural villages and 3 urban villages.
6. Tanjung Jabung Timur Regency consists of 11 subdistricts, 80 rural villages and 13 urban villages.
7. Tanjung Jabung Barat Regency consists of 13 subdistricts, 114 rural villages and 20 urban villages.
8. Tebo Regency consists of 12 subdistricts, 109 rural villages and 3 urban villages.
9. Bungo Regency consists of 17 subdistricts, 143 rural villages and 10 urban villages.

kecamatan, 3 desa, dan 59 kelurahan.

11. Kota Sungai Penuh terdiri dari 8 kecamatan, 35 desa, dan 34 kelurahan.

10. *Jambi Municipality consists of 11 subdistricts, 3 rural villages and 59 urban villages.*

11. *Sungai Penuh Municipality consists of 8 subdistricts, 35 rural villages and 34 urban villages.*

Dewan Perwakilan Rakyat Daerah

Jumlah anggota Dewan Perwakilan Rakyat Daerah Provinsi Jambi sebanyak 56 orang yang terdiri dari 47 orang laki-laki dan 9 orang perempuan. Partai Demokrasi Indonesia Perjuangan memiliki wakil rakyat terbanyak, yaitu 9 orang.

Regional House of Representatives

The number of Jambi Province Parliament is 56 person, consist of 47 male and 9 female. Demokrasi Indonesia Perjuangan Party is the most, it has 9 person.

Sumber Daya Manusia

Jumlah Pegawai Negeri Sipil (PNS) di seluruh Kabupaten/Kota dan Provinsi Jambi berjumlah 59.258 orang, terdiri dari 25.968 orang laki-laki dan 33.290 orang perempuan. PNS golongan III merupakan kelompok yang mendominasi, yaitu sebanyak 38.078 orang, diikuti dengan golongan IV sebanyak 13.348 orang dan masih ada sebanyak 198 orang PNS yang berada di jenjang golongan I.

Human Resources

The total number of civil servants in Regency/Municipality and Jambi Province was 59,746 people consisting of 26,678 men and 33,068 women.

The number of civil servants in Jambi Province in 2020 was 11,007 people, less than the number of PNS in 2020 which amounted to 11,007 people. This indicates that more civil servants who leave either move or retire in 2021 than civil servants who enter the Jambi Province environment. Class III civil servants are the dominant group, namely 7,302 people, followed by group IV with 2,428 people and there are still 33 class I civil servants in Jambi Province.

Jumlah PNS di lingkungan Provinsi Jambi tahun 2021 sebanyak 10.638 orang, lebih sedikit dibanding dengan jumlah PNS di tahun 2020 yang berjumlah 11.082 orang. Hal ini mengindikasikan bahwa PNS yang keluar, baik pindah ataupun pensiun di tahun 2021 lebih banyak dibanding PNS yang masuk ke lingkungan Provinsi Jambi.

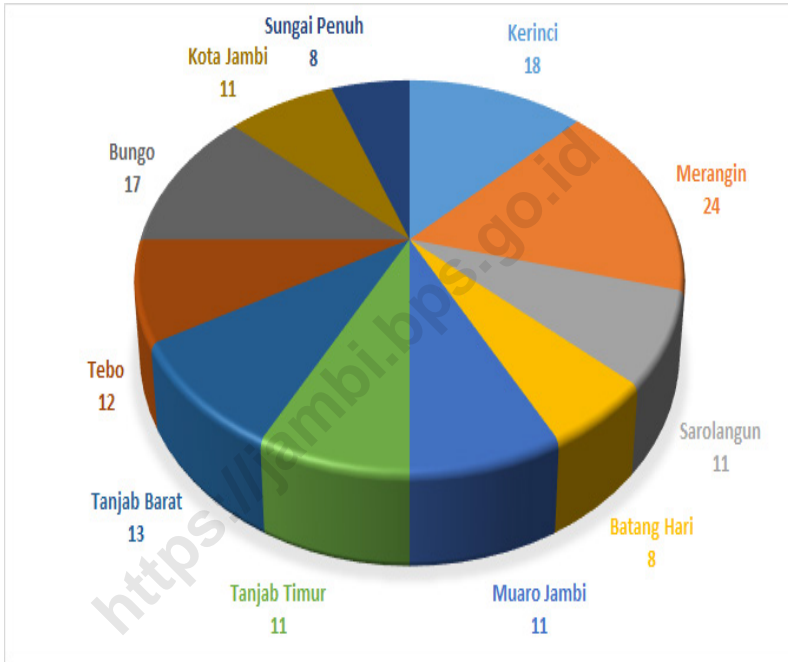
Keuangan Daerah

Realisasi belanja daerah Pemerintah Provinsi Jambi tahun anggaran 2021 mengalami penurunan yang cukup besar, yaitu 15,52% dibandingkan tahun 2020.

Regional Finance

The realization of the Jambi Provincial Government's regional expenditure for the 2021 fiscal year experienced a very big decreased, namely 15.52% compared to 2020.

<https://jambi.bps.go.id>

Gambar
Figures**2** **Jumlah Kecamatan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi**
Jambi, 2021
Number of Sub Districts and Villages by Regency/City in
Jambi Province, 2021

Sumber/Source : Peraturan Kepala Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 29 Tahun 2018 Tanggal 15 Januari 2018 tentang Perubahan Atas Peraturan Kepala Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 55 Tahun 2017 tentang Kode dan Nama Wilayah Kerja Statistik Tahun 2017
Chief Statistician Regulation Number 29/2018, January 15 2018, as a revision of Chief Statistician Regulation Number 55 of 2017 on Code and Name of Regional Level of Data Collection.

2.1 WILAYAH ADMINISTRATIF ADMINISTRATIVE AREA

Tabel 2.1.1 **Jumlah Kecamatan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2017–2021**
Number of Subdistricts and Villages by Regency/ Municipality in Jambi Province, 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 16 | 16 | 16 | 18 | 18 |
| Merangin | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Sarolangun | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 11 |
| Batang Hari | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Muaro Jambi | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Tebo | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Bungo | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| Kota Jambi | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Jambi | 141 | 141 | 141 | 143 | 144 |

Catatan/Note: Updating data dari 2019 Semester 1 ke 2019 Semester 2
2017–2018

Sumber/Source:

Peraturan Kepala Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 3 Tahun 2019 Tanggal 6 Mei 2019 tentang Perubahan Atas Peraturan Kepala Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 90 Tahun 2018 tentang Kode dan Nama Wilayah Kerja Statistik Tahun 2018/*Chief Statistician Regulation Number 3/2019, May 6 2019, as a revision of Chief Statistician Regulation Number 90 of 2018 on Code and Name of Regional Level of Data Collection.*

2019

Peraturan Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 3 Tahun 2020

2020

Peraturan Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 1 Tahun 2021 Tanggal 25 Mei 2021 tentang Kode dan Nama Wilayah Kerja Statistik Tahun 2020

2021

Peraturan Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 5 Tahun 2021 Tanggal 30 Desember 2021 tentang Perubahan Atas Peraturan Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 1 Tahun 2021 tentang Kode dan Nama Wilayah Kerja Statistik Tahun 2021

Tabel
Table 2.1.2

**Jumlah Desa¹/Kelurahan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota
2017–2021**
**Number of Villages¹/Kelurahan by Regency/Municipality,
2017–2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017¹ | 2018¹ | 2019^{1,2} | 2020 | 2021¹ |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 287 | 287 | 287 | 287 | 287 |
| Merangin | 215 | 215 | 215 | 215 | 215 |
| Sarolangun | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 |
| Batang Hari | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 |
| Muaro Jambi | 155 | 155 | 155 | 155 | 155 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 | 93 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 134 |
| Tebo | 112 | 112 | 112 | 112 | 112 |
| Bungo | 153 | 153 | 153 | 153 | 153 |
| Kota Jambi | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 | 62 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| Jambi | 1 562 | 1 562 | 1 562 | 1 562 | 1 562 |

Catatan/Note: ¹Termasuk kelurahan dan Unit Permukiman Transmigrasi (UPT)/Include Transmigration Settlement Unit
²Updating data dari 2019 Semester 1 ke 2019 Semester 2

Sumber/Source: 2017–2018

Peraturan Kepala Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 3 Tahun 2019 Tanggal 6 Mei 2019 tentang Perubahan Atas Peraturan Kepala Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 90 Tahun 2018 tentang Kode dan Nama Wilayah Kerja Statistik Tahun 2018/*Chief Statistician Regulation Number 3/2019, May 6 2019, as a revision of Chief Statistician Regulation Number 90 of 2018 on Code and Name of Regional Level of Data Collection.*

2019

Peraturan Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 3 Tahun 2020

2020

Peraturan Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 1 Tahun 2021 Tanggal 25 Mei 2021 tentang Kode dan Nama Wilayah Kerja Statistik Tahun 2020

2021

Peraturan Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 5 Tahun 2021 Tanggal 30 Desember 2021 tentang Perubahan Atas Peraturan Badan Pusat Statistik Nomor 1 Tahun 2021 tentang Kode dan Nama Wilayah Kerja Statistik Tahun 2021

2.2 DEWAN PERWAKILAN RAKYAT DAERAH REGIONAL HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tabel 2.2.1 **Jumlah Anggota Dewan Perwakilan Rakyat Daerah Menurut Partai Politik dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
Number of Regional House of Representatives's Members by Political Parties and Sex in Jambi Province, 2021

| Partai Politik <i>Political Parties</i> | Laki-laki <i>Male</i> | Perempuan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Partai Demokrat | 4 | 3 | 7 |
| Partai Golongan Karya | 6 | 1 | 7 |
| Partai Demokrasi Indonesia Perjuangan | 8 | 1 | 9 |
| Partai Gerakan Indonesia Raya | 7 | - | 7 |
| Partai Kebangkitan Bangsa | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| Partai Amanat Nasional | 6 | 1 | 7 |
| Partai Persatuan Pembangunan | 3 | - | 3 |
| Partai Nasdem | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Partai Keadilan Sejahtera | 5 | - | 5 |
| Partai Hati Nurani Rakyat | 2 | - | 2 |
| Partai Bulan Bintang | 1 | - | 1 |
| Jambi | 46 | 9 | 55 |

Sumber/Source: Sekretariat DPRD Provinsi Jambi/*Secretariat of Regional House of Representatives of Jambi Province*

Tabel
Table 2.2.2

**Jumlah Anggota Dewan Perwakilan Rakyat Daerah
Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi
Jambi, 2021**
*Number of Regional House of Representatives's Members by
Regency/Municipality and Sex in Jambi Province, 2021*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Laki-laki Male | Perempuan Female | Jumlah Total |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci - Sungai Penuh | 5 | 1 | 6 |
| Sarolangun - Merangin | 10 | - | 10 |
| Batang Hari - Muaro Jambi | 8 | 2 | 10 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur - Tanjung Jabung Barat | 8 | 1 | 9 |
| Bungo - Tebo | 8 | 2 | 10 |
| Kota Jambi | 8 | 2 | 10 |
| Jambi | 47 | 8 | 55 |

Sumber/Source: Sekretariat DPRD Provinsi Jambi/Sekretariat of Regional House of Representatives of Jambi Province

2.3 SUMBER DAYA MANUSIA HUMAN RESOURCES

Tabel 2.3.1 **Jumlah Pegawai Negeri Sipil Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, Desember 2020 dan Desember 2021**
Table 2.3.1 **Number of Civil Servants by Regency/City and Sex in Jambi Province, December 2020 and December 2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2020 | | Jumlah Total |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Laki-laki Male | Perempuan Female | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 2 388 | 2 478 | 4 866 |
| Merangin | 2 560 | 3 185 | 5 745 |
| Sarolangun | 2 052 | 2 382 | 4 434 |
| Batang Hari | 2 166 | 2 766 | 4 932 |
| Muaro Jambi | 2 272 | 3 289 | 5 561 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 922 | 1 946 | 3 868 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 872 | 2 149 | 4 021 |
| Tebo | 1 809 | 2 199 | 4 008 |
| Bungo | 2 287 | 2 790 | 5 077 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 837 | 4 102 | 5 939 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 183 | 1 543 | 2 726 |
| Provinsi Jambi | 5 259 | 5 823 | 11 082 |
| Jambi | 27 607 | 34 652 | 62 259 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 2.3.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2021 | | Jumlah Total |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Laki-laki Male | Perempuan Female | |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 2 128 | 2 221 | 4 349 |
| Merangin | 2 387 | 3 070 | 5 457 |
| Sarolangun | 1 938 | 2 275 | 4 213 |
| Batang Hari | 2 045 | 2 657 | 4 702 |
| Muaro Jambi | 2 101 | 3 176 | 5 277 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 810 | 1 877 | 3 687 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 780 | 2 055 | 3 835 |
| Tebo | 1 683 | 2 080 | 3 763 |
| Bungo | 2 138 | 2 682 | 4 820 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 733 | 3 886 | 5 619 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 245 | 1 653 | 2 898 |
| Provinsi Jambi | 4 980 | 5 658 | 10 638 |
| Jambi | 25 968 | 33 290 | 59 258 |

Sumber/Source: Badan Kepegawaian Negara/Civil Service Agency

Tabel
Table 2.3.2**Jumlah Pegawai Negeri Sipil Menurut Jabatan dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, Desember 2020 dan Desember 2021**
Number of Civil Servants by Occupation and Sex in Jambi Province, December 2020 dan December 2021

| Jabatan Occupation | 2020 | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Laki-laki Male | Perempuan Female | Jumlah Total |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Jabatan Pimpinan Tinggi Madya <i>Middle Executives</i> | - | - | - |
| Jabatan Pimpinan Tinggi Pratama <i>Junior Executives</i> | 333 | 20 | 353 |
| Administrator/Administrator | 1 504 | 338 | 1 842 |
| Pengawas/Supervisor | 3 805 | 2 271 | 6 076 |
| Eselon V/5th Echelon | 39 | 36 | 75 |
| Jabatan Fungsional Dosen <i>Certain Functional Position for Lecturer</i> | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Jabatan Fungsional Guru <i>Certain Functional Position for Teacher</i> | 8 552 | 15 138 | 23 690 |
| Jabatan Fungsional Medis <i>Certain Functional Position for Medical Field</i> | 1 292 | 6 583 | 7 875 |
| Jabatan Fungsional Teknis <i>Certain Functional Position for Technical Field</i> | 1 350 | 746 | 2 096 |
| Jabatan Fungsional Umum/Pelaksana <i>General Functional Position</i> | 10 731 | 9 520 | 20 251 |
| Jumlah/Total | 27 607 | 34 652 | 62 259 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 2.3.2*

| Jabatan <i>Occupation</i> | 2021 | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | Laki-laki <i>Male</i> | Perempuan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Jabatan Pimpinan Tinggi Madya <i>Middle Executives</i> | 1 | - | 1 |
| Jabatan Pimpinan Tinggi Pratama <i>Junior Executives</i> | 344 | 29 | 373 |
| Administrator/ <i>Administrator</i> | 1 473 | 369 | 1 842 |
| Pengawas/ <i>Supervisor</i> | 3 749 | 2 323 | 6 072 |
| Eselon V/ <i>5th Echelon</i> | 41 | 38 | 79 |
| Jabatan Fungsional Dosen <i>Certain Functional Position for Lecturer</i> | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Jabatan Fungsional Guru <i>Certain Functional Position for Teacher</i> | 8 043 | 14 306 | 22 349 |
| Jabatan Fungsional Medis <i>Certain Functional Position for Medical Field</i> | 1 348 | 6 827 | 8 175 |
| Jabatan Fungsional Teknis <i>Certain Functional Position for Technical Field</i> | 1 567 | 903 | 2 470 |
| Jabatan Fungsional Umum/Pelaksana <i>General Functional Position</i> | 9 401 | 8 495 | 17 896 |
| Jumlah/<i>Total</i> | 25 968 | 33 290 | 59 258 |

Sumber/*Source*: Badan Kepegawaian Negara/*Civil Service Agency*

Tabel
Table 2.3.3**Jumlah Pegawai Negeri Sipil Menurut Tingkat Pendidikan dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, Desember 2020 dan Desember 2021**
Number of Civil Servants by Educational Level and Sex in Jambi Province, December 2020 and December 2021

| Tingkat Pendidikan <i>Educational Level</i> | 2020 | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | Laki-laki <i>Male</i> | Perempuan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| SD (Sekolah Dasar) <i>Primary School</i> | 137 | 23 | 160 |
| SMP (Sekolah Menengah Pertama) <i>Junior High School</i> | 270 | 43 | 313 |
| SMA (Sekolah Menengah Atas) <i>Senior High School</i> | 5 832 | 3 639 | 9 471 |
| Diploma I/Akta I <i>Diploma I/Akta I</i> | 82 | 221 | 303 |
| Diploma II/Akta II <i>Diploma II/Akta II</i> | 1 245 | 1 628 | 2 873 |
| Diploma III/Akta III <i>Diploma III/Akta III</i> | 1 684 | 6 325 | 8 009 |
| Diploma IV/Akta IV <i>Diploma IV/Akta IV</i> | 338 | 365 | 703 |
| S1/Sarjana <i>Under Graduate/Bachelor</i> | 15 680 | 20 842 | 36 522 |
| S2/Pasca Sarjana <i>Graduate</i> | 2 306 | 1 554 | 3 860 |
| S3/Doktor/Ph.D <i>Post Graduate</i> | 33 | 12 | 45 |
| Jumlah/Total | 27 607 | 34 652 | 62 259 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 2.3.3

| Tingkat Pendidikan <i>Educational Level</i> | 2021 | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | Laki-laki <i>Male</i> | Perempuan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| SD (Sekolah Dasar) <i>Primary School</i> | 96 | 18 | 114 |
| SMP (Sekolah Menengah Pertama) <i>Junior High School</i> | 222 | 37 | 259 |
| SMA (Sekolah Menengah Atas) <i>Senior High School</i> | 5 050 | 2 934 | 7 984 |
| Diploma I/Akta I <i>Diploma I/Akta I</i> | 65 | 164 | 229 |
| Diploma II/Akta II <i>Diploma II/Akta II</i> | 983 | 1 195 | 2 178 |
| Diploma III/Akta III <i>Diploma III/Akta III</i> | 1 559 | 6 142 | 7 701 |
| Diploma IV/Akta IV <i>Diploma IV/Akta IV</i> | 335 | 473 | 808 |
| S1/Sarjana <i>Under Graduate/Bachelor</i> | 15 165 | 20 621 | 35 786 |
| S2/Pasca Sarjana <i>Graduate</i> | 2 452 | 1 689 | 4 141 |
| S3/Doktor/Ph.D <i>Post Graduate</i> | 41 | 17 | 58 |
| Jumlah/Total | 25 968 | 33 290 | 59 258 |

Sumber/Source: Badan Kepegawaian Negara/Civil Service Agency

Tabel
Table 2.3.4

**Jumlah Pegawai Negeri Sipil Menurut Tingkat
Kepangkatan dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi,
Desember 2020 dan Desember 2021**
*Number of Civil Servants by Hierarchy and Sex in Jambi
Province, December 2020 and December 2021*

| Pangkat/Golongan/Ruang <i>Hierarchy</i> | 2020 | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | Laki-laki <i>Male</i> | Perempuan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Golongan I/Range I | 201 | 39 | 240 |
| 1. I/A (Juru Muda)/ <i>Junior Clerk</i> | 14 | 0 | 14 |
| 2. I/B (Juru Muda Tingkat I)/ <i>First Class Junior Clerk</i> | 29 | 8 | 37 |
| 3. I/C (Juru)/ <i>Clerk</i> | 64 | 16 | 80 |
| 4. I/D (Juru Tingkat I)/ <i>First Class Clerk</i> | 94 | 15 | 109 |
| Golongan II/Range II | 4 577 | 4 020 | 8 597 |
| 5. II/A (Pengatur Muda)/ <i>Junior Supervisor</i> | 438 | 158 | 596 |
| 6. II/B (Pengatur Muda Tingkat I)/ <i>First Class Junior Supervisor</i> | 900 | 434 | 1 334 |
| 7. II/C (Pengatur)/ <i>Supervisor</i> | 1 675 | 1 392 | 3 067 |
| 8. II/D (Pengatur Tingkat I)/ <i>First Class Supervisor</i> | 1 564 | 2 036 | 3 600 |
| Golongan III/Range III | 16 245 | 22 912 | 39 157 |
| 9. III/A (Penata Muda)/ <i>Junior Superintendent</i> | 3 489 | 5 190 | 8 679 |
| 10. III/B (Penata Muda Tingkat I)/ <i>First Class Junior Superintendent</i> | 4 053 | 6 259 | 10 312 |
| 11. III/C (Penata)/ <i>Superintendent</i> | 4 177 | 6 062 | 10 239 |
| 12. III/D (Penata Tingkat I)/ <i>First Class Superintendent</i> | 4 526 | 5 401 | 9 927 |
| Golongan IV/Range IV | 6 584 | 7 681 | 14 265 |
| 13. IV/A (Pembina)/ <i>Administrator</i> | 4 474 | 5 235 | 9 709 |
| 14. IV/B (Pembina Tingkat I)/ <i>First Class Administrator</i> | 1 755 | 2 346 | 4 101 |
| 15. IV/C (Pembina Utama Muda)/ <i>Junior Administrator</i> | 325 | 83 | 408 |
| 16. IV/D (Pembina Utama Madya)/ <i>Middle Administrator</i> | 27 | 16 | 43 |
| 17. IV/E (Pembina Utama)/ <i>Senior Administrator</i> | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| Jumlah/Total | 27 607 | 34 652 | 62 259 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 2.3.4

| Pangkat/Golongan/Ruang Hierarchy | 2021 | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Laki-laki Male | Perempuan Female | Jumlah Total |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Golongan I/Range I | 165 | 33 | 198 |
| 1. I/A (Juru Muda)/Junior Clerk | 11 | 0 | 11 |
| 2. I/B (Juru Muda Tingkat I)/First Class Junior Clerk | 20 | 3 | 23 |
| 3. I/C (Juru)/Clerk | 59 | 13 | 72 |
| 4. I/D (Juru Tingkat I)/First Class Clerk | 75 | 17 | 92 |
| Golongan II/Range II | 4 072 | 3 562 | 7 634 |
| 5. II/A (Pengatur Muda)/Junior Supervisor | 347 | 121 | 468 |
| 6. II/B (Pengatur Muda Tingkat I)/First Class Junior Supervisor | 626 | 297 | 923 |
| 7. II/C (Pengatur)/Supervisor | 1 420 | 1 096 | 2 516 |
| 8. II/D (Pengatur Tingkat I)/First Class Supervisor | 1 679 | 2 048 | 3 727 |
| Golongan III/Range III | 15 547 | 22 531 | 38 078 |
| 9. III/A (Penata Muda)/Junior Superintendent | 3 134 | 4 606 | 7 740 |
| 10. III/B (Penata Muda Tingkat I)/First Class Junior Superintendent | 3 613 | 5 586 | 9 199 |
| 11. III/C (Penata)/Superintendent | 4 114 | 6 114 | 10 228 |
| 12. III/D (Penata Tingkat I)/First Class Superintendent | 4 686 | 6 225 | 10 911 |
| Golongan IV/Range IV | 6 184 | 7 164 | 13 348 |
| 13. IV/A (Pembina)/Administrator | 3 895 | 4 357 | 8 252 |
| 14. IV/B (Pembina Tingkat I)/First Class Administrator | 1 902 | 2 682 | 4 584 |
| 15. IV/C (Pembina Utama Muda)/Junior Administrator | 354 | 106 | 460 |
| 16. IV/D (Pembina Utama Madya)/Middle Administrator | 28 | 15 | 43 |
| 17. IV/E (Pembina Utama)/Senior Administrator | 5 | 4 | 9 |
| Jumlah/Total | 25 968 | 33 290 | 59 258 |

Sumber/Source: Badan Kepegawaian Negara/Civil Service Agency

Tabel
Table 2.3.5

**Jumlah Pegawai Negeri Sipil Menurut Dinas/Instansi
Pemerintah dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi.
Desember 2020 dan Desember 2021**
*Number of Civil Servants by Work Period and Sex in Jambi
Province, December 2020 and December 2021*

| Dinas/Instansi Pemerintahan Government Agencies | 2020 | | | 2021 | | |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| | Laki-laki Male | Perem- puan Female | Jumlah Total | Laki-laki Male | Perem- puan Female | Jumlah Total |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| 1. Sekretaris Daerah | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 2. Asisten dan Staf Ahli | 4 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| 3. Biro Pemerintahan | 20 | 11 | 31 | 18 | 10 | 28 |
| 4. Biro Hukum | 15 | 17 | 32 | 15 | 14 | 29 |
| 5. BKD Provinsi Jambi | 41 | 44 | 85 | 52 | 51 | 103 |
| 6. Biro Perekonomian dan SDA | 15 | 18 | 33 | 14 | 17 | 31 |
| 7. Biro Kesra Kemasyarakatan | 26 | 30 | 56 | 27 | 27 | 54 |
| 8. Biro Organisasi | 22 | 14 | 36 | 20 | 13 | 33 |
| 9. Biro Pembangunan & Kerjasama | 34 | 27 | 61 | 22 | 20 | 42 |
| 10. Biro Pengelolaan Barang Milik Daerah | 26 | 23 | 49 | 24 | 20 | 44 |
| 11. Biro Humas dan Protokol | 43 | 20 | 63 | 36 | 18 | 54 |
| 12. Sekretariat DPRD | 40 | 29 | 69 | 36 | 30 | 66 |
| 13. Badan Keuangan Daerah | 205 | 104 | 309 | 208 | 111 | 319 |
| 14. Perkebunan | 55 | 53 | 108 | 46 | 46 | 92 |
| 15. Tenaga Kerja & Transmigrasi | 95 | 39 | 134 | 94 | 40 | 134 |
| 16. Kehutanan | 309 | 77 | 386 | 287 | 78 | 365 |
| 17. Pertanian TP, Holtikultura, dan Peternakan | 166 | 122 | 288 | 151 | 111 | 262 |
| 18. Perindustrian & Perdagangan | 48 | 57 | 105 | 43 | 54 | 97 |
| 19. Energi & Sumber Daya Mineral | 53 | 27 | 80 | 49 | 27 | 76 |
| 20. Kebudayaan & Pariwisata | 59 | 60 | 119 | 55 | 54 | 109 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 2.3.5*

| Dinas/Instansi Pemerintahan <i>Government Agencies</i> | 2020 | | | 2021 | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| | Laki-laki <i>Male</i> | Perem- puan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> | Laki-laki <i>Male</i> | Perem- puan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| 21. Kelautan dan Perikanan | 88 | 64 | 152 | 86 | 63 | 149 |
| 22. Pekerjaan Umum | 170 | 99 | 269 | 158 | 99 | 257 |
| 23. Kesehatan | 107 | 197 | 304 | 102 | 191 | 293 |
| 24. Pendidikan | 2 316 | 3 153 | 5 469 | 2 236 | 3 080 | 5 316 |
| 25. Perhubungan | 50 | 14 | 64 | 46 | 14 | 60 |
| 26. Sosial, Kependudukan & Catatan Sipil | 76 | 50 | 126 | 66 | 55 | 121 |
| 27. Koperasi dan UMKM | 31 | 29 | 60 | 30 | 24 | 54 |
| 28. Kepemudaan & Olah Raga | 61 | 32 | 93 | 56 | 30 | 86 |
| 29. Inspektorat | 48 | 49 | 97 | 48 | 47 | 95 |
| 30. Dinas PMD & PPT | 33 | 37 | 70 | 33 | 34 | 67 |
| 31. Bappeda | 49 | 52 | 101 | 47 | 51 | 98 |
| 32. DLHD (Local Environmental)/Dinas | 41 | 56 | 97 | 41 | 60 | 101 |
| 33. Biro Umum | 76 | 34 | 110 | 72 | 29 | 101 |
| 34. Badan Kesbang Politik | 36 | 21 | 57 | 31 | 21 | 52 |
| 35. Badan Pengembangan SDM | 55 | 43 | 98 | 52 | 41 | 93 |
| 36. Balitbangda | 24 | 31 | 55 | 20 | 28 | 48 |
| 37. Perpustakaan dan Arsip Daerah | 47 | 42 | 89 | 40 | 42 | 82 |
| 38. Sekretariat Bakorluh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 39. Badan Narkoba Nasional | 2 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 40. BANWASLU | 10 | 2 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 2.3.5*

| Dinas/Instansi Pemerintahan <i>Government Agencies</i> | 2020 | | | 2021 | | |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| | Laki-laki <i>Male</i> | Perem- puan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> | Laki-laki <i>Male</i> | Perem- puan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| 41. Rumah Sakit Jiwa | 95 | 184 | 279 | 88 | 174 | 262 |
| 42. RS Umum Daerah | 234 | 666 | 900 | 221 | 655 | 876 |
| 43. Satuan Polisi Pamong Praja | 163 | 11 | 174 | 159 | 11 | 170 |
| 44. Dinas Komunikasi dan Informatika | 27 | 25 | 52 | 38 | 25 | 63 |
| 45. Badan Penghubung Daerah Jambi | 29 | 28 | 57 | 25 | 27 | 52 |
| 46. DP3AP2(Dinas) | 20 | 46 | 66 | 19 | 45 | 64 |
| 47. KPU | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 48. Sekwan Kopri | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 49. Sekretariat Komisi Penyiaran Indonesia Daerah | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 50. Badan Penanggulangan Bencana Daerah | 19 | 9 | 28 | 18 | 8 | 26 |
| 51. Dinas Ketahanan Pangan | 33 | 39 | 72 | 31 | 36 | 67 |
| Jumlah/Total | 5 217 | 5 790 | 11 007 | 4 967 | 5 631 | 10 598 |

Sumber/Source: Badan Kepegawaian Daerah Provinsi Jambi/*Regional Civil Service Agency of Jambi Province*

2.4 KEUANGAN DAERAH GOVERNMENT FINANCE

Tabel 2.4.1 Realisasi Pendapatan Pemerintah Provinsi Menurut Jenis Pendapatan (ribu rupiah) di Provinsi Jambi, 2018 - 2021
Actual Provincial Government Revenues by Kind of Revenues (thousand rupiahs) in Jambi Province, 2018 - 2021

| Jenis Pendapatan/Kind of Revenues | 2018 | 2019 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 1. Pendapatan Asli Daerah (PAD)/Regional Revenue | 1 656 569 597,00 | 1 651 689 944,34 |
| 1.1 Pajak Daerah/Regional Tax | 1 374 289 410,00 | 1 345 106 684,35 |
| 1.2 Retribusi Daerah/Regional Retribution | 20 208 220,00 | 19 109 708,62 |
| 1.3 Hasil Perusahaan Milik Daerah dan Pengelolaan Kekayaan Daerah yang Dipisahkan/Regional-Owned Company Revenue and Separated Management of Regional Wealth | 30 511 006,00 | 31 064 882,85 |
| 1.4 Lain-lain PAD yang Sah/Other Regional Revenue | 231 560 961,00 | 255 808 668,56 |
| 2. Dana Perimbangan/Balance Funds | 2 745 221 968,00 | 2 745 221 967,99 |
| 2.1 Bagi Hasil Pajak/Tax Sharing Revenue | 170 443 032,00 | 180 362 016,53 |
| 2.2 Bagi Hasil Bukan Pajak/Sumber Daya Alam/Non-Tax Sharing Revenue/Natural Resources | 236 361 942,00 | 266 754 744,75 |
| 2.3 Dana Alokasi Umum/General Allocation Fund | 1 399 367 134,00 | 1 433 203 410,00 |
| 2.4 Dana Alokasi Khusus/Special Allocation Fund | 939 049 860,00 | 1 092 472 628,00 |
| 3. Lain-lain Pendapatan yang Sah/Other Revenue | 10 673 000,00 | 1 608 000,00 |
| 3.1 Pendapatan Hibah/Grant | 10 673 000,00 | 1 608 000,00 |
| 3.2 Dana Darurat/Emergency Fund | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 3.3 Dana Bagi Hasil Pajak dari Provinsi dan Pemerintah Daerah Lainnya/Tax Sharing Revenue from Provincial and Other Regional Governments | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 3.4 Dana Penyesuaian dan Otonomi Daerah/Regional Adjustment and Autonomy Fund | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 3.5 Bantuan Keuangan dari Provinsi atau Pemerintah Daerah Lainnya/Financial Assistance from Provincial or Other Regional Governments | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 3.6 Lainnya/Others | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Jumlah/Total | 4 412 464 565,00 | 4 398 519 912,33 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 2.4.1*

| Jenis Pendapatan/ <i>Kind of Revenues</i> | 2020 | 2021 ¹ |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) | (4) | (5) |
| 1. Pendapatan Asli Daerah (PAD)/<i>Regional Revenue</i> | 1 535 183 487,00 | 1 535 183 487,00 |
| 1.1 Pajak Daerah/ <i>Regional Tax</i> | 1 292 729 049,00 | 1 292 729 049,00 |
| 1.2 Retribusi Daerah/ <i>Regional Retribution</i> | 18 593 503,00 | 18 593 503,00 |
| 1.3 Hasil Perusahaan Milik Daerah dan Pengelolaan Kekayaan Daerah yang Dipisahkan/ <i>Regional-Owned Company Revenue and Separated Management of Regional Wealth</i> | 38 167 457,00 | 38 167 457,00 |
| 1.4 Lain-lain PAD yang Sah/ <i>Other Regional Revenue</i> | 195 937 065,00 | 195 937 065,00 |
| 2. Dana Perimbangan/<i>Balance Funds</i> | 2 849 121 392,00 | 2 849 121 392,00 |
| 2.1 Bagi Hasil Pajak/ <i>Tax Sharing Revenue</i> | 157 683 636,00 | 157 683 636,00 |
| 2.2 Bagi Hasil Bukan Pajak/Sumber Daya Alam/ <i>Non-Tax Sharing Revenue/Natural Resources</i> | 286 925 938,00 | 286 925 938,00 |
| 2.3 Dana Alokasi Umum/ <i>General Allocation Fund</i> | 1 288 418 327,00 | 1 288 418 327,00 |
| 2.4 Dana Alokasi Khusus/ <i>Special Allocation Fund</i> | 1 116 093 491,00 | 1 116 093 491,00 |
| 3. Lain-lain Pendapatan yang Sah/<i>Other Revenue</i> | 16 319 493,00 | 16 319 493,00 |
| 3.1 Pendapatan Hibah/ <i>Grant</i> | 2 552 309,00 | 2 552 309,00 |
| 3.2 Dana Darurat/ <i>Emergency Fund</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 3.3 Dana Bagi Hasil Pajak dari Provinsi dan Pemerintah Daerah Lainnya/ <i>Tax Sharing Revenue from Provincial and Other Regional Governments</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 3.4 Dana Penyesuaian dan Otonomi Daerah/ <i>Regional Adjustment and Autonomy Fund</i> | 13 767 184,00 | 13 767 184,00 |
| 3.5 Bantuan Keuangan dari Provinsi atau Pemerintah Daerah Lainnya/ <i>Financial Assistance from Provincial or Other Regional Governments</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 3.6 Lainnya/ <i>Others</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Jumlah/<i>Total</i> | 4 400 624 372,00 | 4 400 624 372,00 |

Catatan/Note: ¹Data APBD Angka Sementara

Sumber/Source: Badan Pusat Statistik, Survei Statistik Keuangan Daerah/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Regional Financial Statistics Survey

Tabel
Table 2.4.2

Realisasi Belanja Pemerintah Provinsi Menurut Jenis Belanja (ribu rupiah) di Provinsi Jambi, 2018-2021
Actual Provincial Government Expenditures by Kind of Expenditures (thousand rupiahs) in Jambi Province, 2018-2021

| Jenis Pendapatan <i>Kind of Revenues</i> | 2018 | 2019 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 1. Belanja Tidak Langsung/<i>Indirect Expenditure</i> | 2 405 995 255,00 | 2 933 832 839,00 |
| 1.1 Belanja Pegawai/ <i>Employee Expenditure</i> | 1 238 025 137,00 | 1 382 612 320,00 |
| 1.2 Belanja Bunga/ <i>Interest Expenditure</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 1.3 Belanja Subsidi/ <i>Subsidy Expenditure</i> | 500 000,00 | 500 000,00 |
| 1.4 Belanja Hibah/ <i>Grant Expenditure</i> | 487 359 693,00 | 672 272 497,00 |
| 1.5 Belanja Bantuan Sosial/ <i>Social Aid Expenditures</i> | 118 200,00 | 283 201,00 |
| 1.6 Belanja Bagi Hasil kepada Provinsi/Kabupaten/ Kota/ <i>Sharing Expenditure for Provinces/Regencies/ Municipalities</i> | 579 768 149,00 | 710 641 703,00 |
| 1.7 Belanja Bantuan Keuangan kepada Provinsi/ Kabupaten/Kota dan Pemerintah Desa/ <i>Social Aid Expenditures for Provinces/Regencies/Municipalities and Village Governments</i> | 100 127 394,00 | 167 431 925,00 |
| 1.8 Belanja Tidak Terduga/ <i>Unexpected Expenditures</i> | 96 682,00 | 91 193,00 |
| 2. Belanja Langsung/<i>Direct Expenditures</i> | 1 792 260 463,00 | 1 890 533 512,00 |
| 2.1 Belanja Pegawai/ <i>Employee Expenditure</i> | 175 881 392,00 | 187 168 343,00 |
| 2.2 Belanja Barang dan Jasa/ <i>Goods and Services Expenditure</i> | 831 655 163,00 | 836 864 363,00 |
| 2.3 Belanja Modal/ <i>Capital Expenditure</i> | 784 723 908,00 | 866 500 806,00 |
| Jumlah/<i>Total</i> | 4 198 255 718,00 | 4 824 366 351,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 2.4.2*

| Jenis Pendapatan <i>Kind of Revenues</i> | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) | (4) | (5) |
| 1. Belanja Tidak Langsung/<i>Indirect Expenditure</i> | 2 977 897 955,00 | 2 986 488 749,00 |
| 1.1 Belanja Pegawai/ <i>Employee Expenditure</i> | 1 529 287 337,00 | 1 333 397 402,00 |
| 1.2 Belanja Bunga/ <i>Interest Expenditure</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 1.3 Belanja Subsidi/ <i>Subsidy Expenditure</i> | 500 000,00 | 550 000,00 |
| 1.4 Belanja Hibah/ <i>Grant Expenditure</i> | 689 988 222,00 | 768 603 305,00 |
| 1.5 Belanja Bantuan Sosial/ <i>Social Aid Expenditures</i> | 0,00 | 328 500,00 |
| 1.6 Belanja Bagi Hasil kepada Provinsi/Kabupaten/ Kota/ <i>Sharing Expenditure for Provinces/Regencies/ Municipalities</i> | 641 635 896,00 | 631 105 362,00 |
| 1.7 Belanja Bantuan Keuangan kepada Provinsi/ Kabupaten/Kota dan Pemerintah Desa/ <i>Social Aid Expenditures for Provinces/Regencies/Municipalities and Village Governments</i> | 98 056 500,00 | 99 800 420,00 |
| 1.8 Belanja Tidak Terduga/ <i>Unexpected Expenditures</i> | 18 430 000,00 | 152 703 760,00 |
| 2. Belanja Langsung/<i>Direct Expenditures</i> | 2 266 941 016,00 | 1 443 904 002,00 |
| 2.1 Belanja Pegawai/ <i>Employee Expenditure</i> | 214 629 201,00 | 194 992 667,00 |
| 2.2 Belanja Barang dan Jasa/ <i>Goods and Services Expenditure</i> | 995 815 700,00 | 606 215 224,00 |
| 2.3 Belanja Modal/ <i>Capital Expenditure</i> | 1 056 496 115,00 | 642 696 111,00 |
| Jumlah/<i>Total</i> | 5 244 838 971,00 | 4 430 392 751,00 |

Catatan/Note: ¹Data APBDSumber/Source: Badan Pusat Statistik, Survei Statistik Keuangan Daerah/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, *Regional Financial Statistics Survey*

Tabel
Table 2.4.3

**Realisasi Pendapatan dan Belanja Pemerintah Provinsi
(ribu rupiah) Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi,
2019 dan 2020**
*Actual Provincial Government Revenues and Expenditures
(thousand rupiahs) by Regency/Municipality in Jambi
Province, 2019 and 2020*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2019 | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Pendapatan Revenues | Belanja Expenditures |
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Kerinci | 1 408 461 829 | 1 408 461 829 |
| Merangin | 1 497 443 153 | 1 497 443 153 |
| Sarolangun | 1 433 000 521 | 1 433 000 521 |
| Batang Hari | 1 393 999 590 | 1 393 999 590 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 382 424 142 | 1 382 424 142 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 225 249 382 | 1 225 249 382 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 568 057 751 | 1 568 057 751 |
| Tebo | 1 157 330 855 | 1 157 330 855 |
| Bungo | 1 616 706 122 | 1 616 706 122 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 710 612 143 | 1 710 612 143 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 868 042 890 | 868 042 890 |
| Jambi | 15 261 328 378 | 15 261 328 378 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 2.4.3

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2020 ¹ | |
|--|------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Pendapatan Revenues | Belanja Expenditures |
| (1) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 1 203 597 144 | 1 229 591 234 |
| Merangin | 1 370 620 154 | 1 422 295 189 |
| Sarolangun | 1 155 460 296 | 1 221 823 151 |
| Batang Hari | 1 197 376 864 | 1 019 678 234 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 323 380 486 | 1 391 582 517 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 052 605 270 | 1 095 361 652 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 421 415 183 | 1 390 378 974 |
| Tebo | 1 085 601 956 | 1 021 783 331 |
| Bungo | 1 273 509 638 | 1 294 680 574 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 621 827 275 | 1 667 715 470 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 749 342 007 | 711 305 688 |
| Jambi | 4 400 624 372 | 4 430 392 751 |

Catatan/Note: ¹Data APBD

Sumber/Source: Badan Pusat Statistik, Survei Statistik Keuangan Daerah/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Regional Financial Statistics Survey

BAB 3 PENDUDUK DAN KETENAGAKERJAAN

Chapter 3. Population and Employment

JUMLAH PENDUDUK

Total Population

3.585,1 ribu jiwa
thousand people

Didominasi oleh Generasi Z dan Post Generasi Z sebanyak 1.533.924 jiwa orang.

Dominated by Generation Z and Post-Generation Z was 1.533.924 thousand people.

KETENAGAKERJAAN

Emploment

ribu jiwa/thousand people

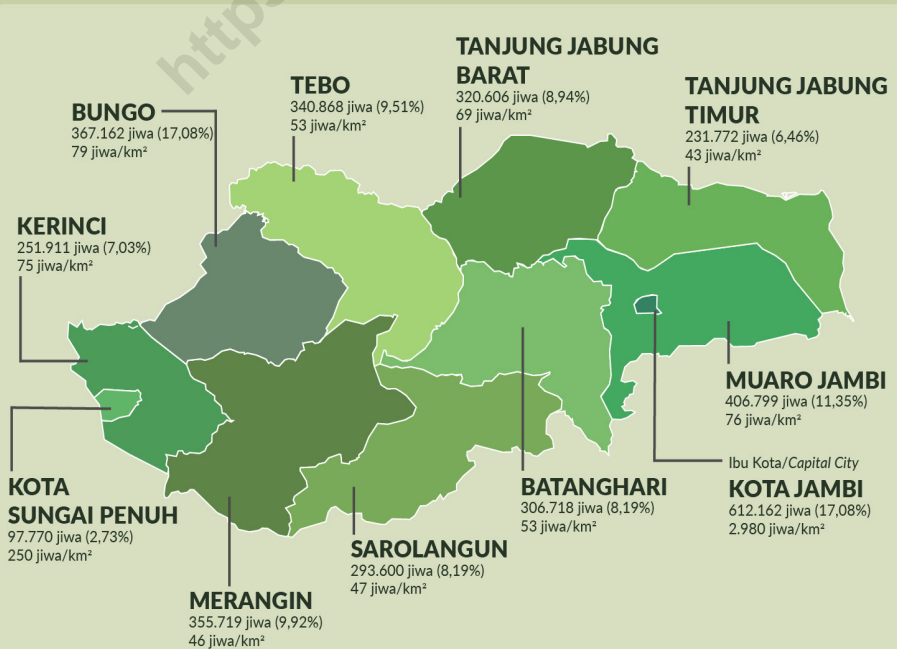
Angkatan Kerja
Economically Active **1.840.594**

Bekerja
Working **1.746.840**

Tidak Bekerja
Not Working **93.754**

JUMLAH PENDUDUK, DISTRIBUSI DAN KEPADATAN PENDUDUK

Population, Population Distribution, and Population Density



PENJELASAN TEKNIS

TECHNICAL NOTES

1. Sumber utama data kependudukan adalah sensus penduduk yang dilaksanakan setiap sepuluh tahun sekali. Sensus penduduk telah dilaksanakan sebanyak enam kali sejak Indonesia merdeka, yaitu tahun 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000, dan 2010.

Di dalam sensus penduduk, pencacahan dilakukan terhadap seluruh penduduk yang berdomisili di wilayah teritorial Indonesia termasuk warga negara asing kecuali anggota korps diplomatik negara sahabat beserta keluarganya.

Metode pengumpulan data dalam sensus dilakukan dengan wawancara antara petugas sensus dengan responden dan juga melalui e-census. Pencatatan penduduk menggunakan konsep usual residence, yaitu konsep di mana penduduk biasa bertempat tinggal. Bagi penduduk yang bertempat tinggal tetap dicacah di mana mereka biasa tinggal, sedangkan untuk penduduk yang tidak bertempat tinggal tetap dicacah di tempat di mana mereka ditemukan petugas sensus pada malam 'Hari Sensus'. Termasuk penduduk yang tidak bertempat tinggal tetap adalah tuna wisma, awak kapal berbendera Indonesia,

1. *The main source of demographic data is population census, which is conducted every ten years. Population Census has been conducted six times since Indonesia's independence: 1961, 1971, 1980, 1990, 2000, and 2010.*

The population census enumerates all residents who domicile in the entire territory of Indonesia including foreign citizens except the diplomatic corps members and their families.

The method of data collection in a population census involves interviewing respondents and conducting e-census. Enumeration of the population uses the concept of "usual residence", which is the concept of "places where people usually live". De jure was applied to the permanent residents, while de factowas applied to non-permanent residents. The permanent residents were enumerated in place where they normally live, the non-permanent residents were enumerated where they were found by the enumerators, on the night of 'Census Date'. The non permanent residents include homeless people, ship crew, boat people, remote

penghuni perahu/rumah apung, masyarakat terpencil/terasing, dan pengungsi. Bagi mereka yang mempunyai tempat tinggal tetap dan sedang bepergian ke luar wilayah lebih dari enam bulan, tidak dicacah di tempat tinggalnya, tetapi dicacah di tempat tujuannya.

Untuk tahun yang tidak dilaksanakan sensus penduduk, data kependudukan diperoleh dari hasil proyeksi penduduk. Proyeksi penduduk merupakan suatu perhitungan ilmiah yang didasarkan pada asumsi dari komponen-komponen perubahan penduduk, yaitu kelahiran, kematian, dan migrasi. Proyeksi penduduk Indonesia 2010–2035 menggunakan data dasar penduduk hasil SP2010.

Dalam publikasi ini, data yang disajikan merupakan hasil SP2010 (Mei), penduduk pertengahan tahun 2010 (Juni), dan hasil proyeksi penduduk 2010 dan 2015.

Tabel hasil SP2010 merujuk pada Mei sedangkan hasil proyeksi penduduk merujuk pada pertengahan tahun (Juni).

2. Penduduk Indonesia adalah semua orang yang berdomisili di wilayah teritorial Indonesia

area community, and internally displaced persons. Those who had permanent residence and had been travelling away from their home for six months or more were not enumerated in their permanent place, but in the place where they were during the census.

For the periods where the population census is not conducted, population projection is done to estimate population during those years. The population projection is an estimate based on the demographic components, such as birth, death, and migration. Indonesia's 2010–2035 population projection used the 2010 Population Census as the base population.

The population data in this publication is the result of the 2010 Population Census (May), mid year population of 2010 (June), and population projection for 2010 and 2015.

The tables of 2010 Population Census result refer to May and population projection refer to mid-year population (June).

2. *The population of Indonesia are all residents of the entire territory of Indonesia who have stayed for*

selama 6 bulan atau lebih dan atau mereka yang berdomisili kurang dari 6 bulan tetapi bertujuan menetap.

six months or longer, and those who intended to stay more than six months even though their length of stay is less than six months.

3. Rata-rata pertumbuhan penduduk adalah angka yang menunjukkan tingkat pertambahan penduduk per tahun dalam jangka waktu tertentu.
 4. Kepadatan penduduk adalah banyaknya penduduk per kilometer persegi.
 5. Rasio jenis kelamin adalah perbandingan antara banyaknya penduduk laki-laki dengan banyaknya penduduk perempuan pada suatu daerah dan waktu tertentu. Biasanya dinyatakan dengan banyaknya penduduk laki-laki untuk 100 penduduk perempuan.
 6. Rumah tangga adalah seseorang atau sekelompok orang yang mendiami sebagian atau seluruh bangunan fisik/sensus dan biasanya tinggal bersama serta pengelolaan makan dari satu dapur. Yang dimaksud makan dari satu dapur adalah jika pengurusan kebutuhan sehari-harinya dikelola bersama-sama menjadi satu.
 7. Anggota rumah tangga adalah semua orang yang biasanya bertempat tinggal di suatu rumah tangga, baik yang berada di
3. *The average growth rate of population is the annual population growth rate over a certain period.*
 4. *Population density is the number of inhabitants per square kilometer.*
 5. *Sex ratio is the ratio of males population to females population in a given area and time, usually expressed as the number of males for every 100 females.*
 6. *Household is an individual or group of people living in a physical/census building unit or part of it and usually commit on a common provision for food and other essentials of living. Common provision for food means one organising daily needs for all of household members.*
 7. *Household member are those who usually lives in a household regardless of their location at the time of enumeration.*

rumah pada waktu pencacahan maupun yang sementara tidak ada.

8. Rata-rata anggota rumah tangga adalah angka yang menunjukkan rata-rata jumlah anggota rumah tangga per rumah tangga.
 9. Istilah migrasi seumur hidup disebut bila provinsi tempat tinggal seseorang pada saat pencacahan berbeda dengan provinsi tempat lahirnya.
 10. Istilah migrasi risen disebut bila provinsi tempat tinggal seseorang pada saat pencacahan berbeda dengan provinsi tempat tinggalnya 5 tahun yang lalu.
 11. Sumber utama data ketenagakerjaan adalah Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas). Survei ini khusus dirancang untuk mengumpulkan informasi/data ketenagakerjaan. Pada beberapa survei sebelumnya, pengumpulan data ketenagakerjaan dipadukan dalam kegiatan lainnya, seperti Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenans), Sensus Penduduk (SP), dan Survei Penduduk Antarsensus (SUPAS). Sakernas pertama kali diselenggarakan pada tahun 1976, kemudian dilanjutkan pada tahun 1977 dan 1978. Pada tahun 1986–1993, Sakernas diselenggarakan secara triwulanan, sejak
8. *Average household size is the average number of household members per household.*
 9. *Lifetime migration terminology if someone's province of residence at the time of enumeration was different from his/her province of birthplace.*
 10. *Recent migration terminology if someone's province of residence at the time of enumeration was different from his/her province of residence 5 years ago.*
 11. *The main source of employment data is National Labour Force Survey (Sakernas). This survey is specifically designed to collect information on labour force statistics. Previously, the collection of such data was integrated with other surveys, such as National Socioeconomic Survey (Susenans), Population Census (SP), and Intercensal Population Survey (SUPAS). The first Sakernas was conducted in 1976, then conducted annually during the period 1977–1978. During 1986–1993, Sakernas was conducted quarterly in all provinces in Indonesia, only since 1994 until 2001 Sakernas was conducted yearly, every August of the year. During the period*

tahun 1994–2001, Sakernas dilaksanakan secara tahunan, yaitu setiap bulan Agustus. Pada tahun 2002–2004, di samping Sakernas Tahunan dilakukan pula Sakernas Triwulanan. Pada tahun 2005–2010, pengumpulan data Sakernas dilaksanakan secara semesteran pada Februari (Semester I) dan Agustus (Semester II). Tahun 2011–2014 Sakernas dilaksanakan Triwulanan, yaitu Februari (Triwulan I), Mei (Triwulan II), Agustus (Triwulan III), dan November (Triwulan IV). Sakernas Triwulanan ini dimaksudkan untuk memantau indikator ketenagakerjaan secara dini di Indonesia yang mengacu pada The Key Indicators of the Labour Market (KILM) yang direkomendasikan oleh The International Labour Organization (ILO). Mulai tahun 2015, pengumpulan data Sakernas dilaksanakan kembali secara semesteran pada Februari (Semester I) dan Agustus (Semester II).

Sejak Sakernas 2001, konsep status pekerjaan dan pengangguran mengalami perluasan dan penyempurnaan. Status pekerjaan yang pada Sakernas 2000 hanya 5 kategori, mulai tahun 2001 ditambahkan kategori baru, yaitu: pekerja bebas di pertanian dan pekerja bebas di nonpertanian. Selain

2002–2004, besides a yearly Sakernas, BPS also conducted a quarterly Sakernas. During the period 2005–2010, Sakernas has been conducted in semester period, i.e. February (First Semester) and August (Second Semester). During 2011–2014, Sakernas is conducted on a quarterly basis i.e. February (First Quarter), May (Second Quarter), August (Third Quarter), and November (Fourth Quarter). A Quarterly Sakernas is aimed to monitor the prompt indicators of Indonesian labour market which referred to The Key Indicators of the Labour Market (KILM) recommended by The International Labour Organization (ILO). Since 2015, the Sakernas has been conducted on biannual basis again, the first semester on February and the later semester on August.

Since 2001 Sakernas, the concept of employment status and unemployment was revised. The employment status previously covered only 5 categories, but since 2001 two new categories of casual employee both in agriculture and non-agriculture sectors have been added. In addition, to adapt the ILO concept, the concept of

itu, dalam rangka menyesuaikan dengan konsep ILO, konsep pengangguran terbuka diperluas, yaitu di samping mencakup penduduk yang aktif mencari pekerjaan, mencakup pula kelompok penduduk yang sedang mempersiapkan usaha/pekerjaan baru, kelompok penduduk yang tidak mencari pekerjaan karena merasa tidak mungkin mendapatkan pekerjaan, serta kelompok penduduk yang tidak aktif mencari pekerjaan dengan alasan sudah mempunyai pekerjaan, tetapi belum mulai bekerja.

Hasil Sakernas Semester I (Februari 2018) disajikan sampai tingkat provinsi (jumlah sampel 50.000 rumah tangga). Sementara itu, Sakernas Semester II (Agustus 2018) disajikan sampai tingkat kabupaten/kota dengan jumlah sampel sebesar 200.000 rumah tangga. Tingkat pemasukan dokumen pada Sakernas Agustus 2018 sebesar 93,70 persen. Sejak 2014, Sakernas menggunakan penimbang hasil proyeksi penduduk tahun 2010–2035.

unemployment was also extended. Unemployment covers population who were looking for work, population who were establishing a new business/firm/establishment, discouraged job seekers, and those who were not actively looking for work with the reason of already having job but not starting to work (future starter).

The results of Sakernas for first semester (February 2018) were presented at provincial level (sample size 50,000 households), while for the second semester (August 2018) were presented up to regency/municipal level (sample size 200,000 households). The response rate for August 2018 Sakernas was 93.70 percent. Since 2014, the weighting of 2010–2035 population projection results was applied in the Sakernas.

12. Penduduk usia kerja adalah penduduk yang berumur 15 tahun ke atas.
13. Angkatan kerja adalah penduduk usia kerja (15 tahun ke atas) yang bekerja, punya pekerjaan namun

12. *Working age population is persons of 15 years and over.*
13. *Labor force or economically active are persons of 15 years and over, who in the previous week were*

sementara tidak bekerja, dan pengangguran.

working, temporarily absent from work but having jobs, and unemployment.

14. Bekerja adalah kegiatan ekonomi yang dilakukan oleh seseorang dengan maksud memperoleh atau membantu memperoleh pendapatan atau keuntungan dan lamanya bekerja paling sedikit 1 jam secara terus menerus dalam seminggu yang lalu (termasuk pekerja keluarga tanpa upah yang membantu dalam suatu usaha/ kegiatan ekonomi).
 15. Jumlah jam kerja seluruhnya adalah jumlah jam kerja yang digunakan untuk bekerja (tidak termasuk jam kerja istirahat resmi dan jam kerja yang digunakan untuk hal-hal di luar pekerjaan).
 16. Lapangan usaha adalah bidang kegiatan dari pekerjaan/tempat bekerja di mana seseorang bekerja. Klasifikasi lapangan usaha mengikuti Klasifikasi Baku Lapangan Usaha Indonesia (KBLI) dalam 1 digit.
 17. Status pekerjaan adalah kedudukan seseorang dalam unit usaha/kegiatan dalam melakukan pekerjaan.
 18. Berusaha sendiri adalah bekerja atau berusaha dengan menanggung risiko secara ekonomis, yaitu dengan tidak
14. *Working means an activity done by a person who worked intended to earn income by doing work or helping to do work at least one hour continuously during the reference week (including unpaid family worker/s for any economic activity).*
 15. *Total working hours is the total hours spent by an employee to perform all jobs (excluding the time used for other activities which are not classified as work).*
 16. *Industry is field of a person's activity or establishment. The classification of industries refers to the Indonesia Standard Industrial Classification (KBLI) in one digit.*
 17. *Employment status is the status of a person at his place of work or establishment where he was employed.*
 18. *Own-account worker: a person who works at her/his own risk without assisted by paid per mount worker or unpaid worker include technical*

kembalinya ongkos produksi yang telah dikeluarkan dalam rangka usahanya tersebut, serta tidak menggunakan pekerja dibayar maupun pekerja tak dibayar, termasuk yang sifat pekerjaannya memerlukan teknologi atau keahlian khusus.

job or skill job.

19. Berusaha dibantu buruh tidak tetap/buruh tak dibayar adalah bekerja atau berusaha atas risiko sendiri, dan menggunakan buruh/pekerja tak dibayar dan atau buruh/pekerja tidak tetap.
 20. Berusaha dibantu buruh tetap/ buruh dibayar adalah bekerja atau berusaha atas risiko sendiri, dan menggunakan buruh/pekerja dibayar dan atau buruh/pekerja tetap.
 21. Buruh/Karyawan/Pegawai adalah seseorang yang bekerja pada orang lain atau instansi/kantor/ perusahaan secara tetap dengan menerima upah/gaji baik berupa uang maupun barang. Buruh yang tidak mempunyai majikan tetap, tidak digolongkan sebagai buruh/karyawan/pegawai, tetapi sebagai pekerja bebas. Seseorang dianggap memiliki majikan tetap jika memiliki 1 (satu) majikan (orang/rumah tangga) yang sama dalam sebulan terakhir. Khusus pada sektor bangunan batasannya tiga bulan. Apabila majikannya instansi/lembaga,
19. *Employer assisted by temporary worker/unpaid worker: a person who works at her/his own risk and assisted by temporary worker/unpaid worker.*
 20. *Employer assisted by permanent worker/paid worker: a person who does his/her business at her/his own risk at least one assisted by paid permanent worker.*
 21. *Employee: a person who work permanently for other people or institution/office/company and gains some money/cash or goods as wage/salary. Labor who have no permanent employer is not categorized as a laborer/worker/employee but casual worker. A laborers in general is considered to have a permanent employer if he has the same employer during the past month, particularly for building construction sector is 3 months. If the employer is an institution, more than 1 (one) employer is allowed.*

boleh lebih dari satu.

22. Pekerja Bebas adalah seseorang yang bekerja pada orang lain/ majikan/institusi yang tidak tetap (lebih dari 1 majikan dalam sebulan terakhir) yang mencakup pertanian maupun nonpertanian, baik berupa usaha rumah tangga maupun bukan usaha rumah tangga atas dasar balas jasa dengan menerima upah atau imbalan baik berupa uang maupun barang, dan baik dengan sistem pembayaran harian maupun borongan. Usaha pertanian meliputi: pertanian tanaman pangan, perkebunan, kehutanan, peternakan, perikanan dan perburuan, termasuk jasa pertanian. Usaha nonpertanian meliputi: usaha di sektor pertambangan, sektor industri, sektor listrik, gas dan air, sektor konstruksi/bangunan, sektor perdagangan, sektor angkutan, pergudangan dan komunikasi, sektor keuangan, asuransi, usaha persewaan bangunan, tanah dan jasa perusahaan, sektor jasa masyarakatan, sosial dan perorangan.
22. *Casual Worker is a person who does not work permanently for other people/employer/institution (more than 1 employer during the last 1 month) which includes agricultural or non agricultural sector either home industry or not home industry based on remuneration paid with money or goods, and based on daily or contract payment system.*
Agricultural : industry covers food-based agricultural, plantation, forestry, breeding, fishery, including agricultural services.
Non-agricultural : industry covers industries in mining, electricity, gas, water, building construction, trade, transportation, warehousing and communication, financial, insurance, property leasing and services industry, public services, social and individual services.
23. Pekerja keluarga/tak dibayar adalah seseorang yang bekerja membantu orang lain yang berusaha dengan tidak mendapat upah/gaji, baik berupa uang maupun barang.
23. *Unpaid/contributing family worker: a person who works for other people without pay in cash or goods.*

24. Data Tenaga Kerja Indonesia (TKI) dikumpulkan oleh Unit Pelaksana Teknis (UPT) Badan Nasional Penempatan dan Perlindungan Tenaga Kerja Indonesia (BNP2TKI). UPT yang dimaksud di atas yaitu Balai Pelayanan Penempatan dan Perlindungan Tenaga Kerja Indonesia (BP3TKI). Setiap bulan, UPT melaporkan data TKI ke Pusat Penelitian dan Informasi.

25. Mulai tahun 2017, sumber utama data upah berasal dari hasil Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas). Hal ini berbeda dengan tahun-tahun sebelumnya dimana sumber utama data upah berasal dari Survei Upah Buruh (SUB) yang berbasis perusahaan. Sakernas merupakan survei berbasis rumah tangga yang dilaksanakan secara semesteran pada bulan Februari dan Agustus di seluruh Indonesia.

Data yang ditampilkan adalah upah buruh untuk pekerja berstatus buruh (sebagai pendekatan untuk penghitungan upah/gaji pekerja di sektor formal) dan pendapatan untuk pekerja non buruh yang terdiri dari pekerja yang berstatus berusaha sendiri, pekerja bebas di pertanian, dan pekerja bebas di nonpertanian (sebagai pendekatan untuk penghitungan pendapatan/penghasilan bersih

24. *Indonesian Overseas Workers (TKI) data were collected by a technical unit in the National Authority for the Placement and Protection of Indonesian Overseas Workers (BNP2TKI). The technical implementation unit referred to above is the Indonesian Overseas Worker Service and Placement Center. Every month, this technical unit are reported the data to the Centre for Research and Information.*

25. *Starting in 2017, the main source of data on wages are from the Indonesian Labor Force Survey (ILFS). Meanwhile, in the previous years the main source of data on wages came from the Labour Wage Survey that is establishment-based survey. The Indonesian Labor Force Survey is household-based survey and conducted semi-annually in February and August throughout Indonesia.*

Data presented are the wage of employee (as an approach for wage/salary of employee in the formal sector) and income for own-account worker, casual employee in agriculture, and casual employee in non-agriculture (as an approach for income of employee in the informal sector).

pekerja di sektor informal).

Pendapatan/penghasilan bersih sebulan adalah pendapatan/penghasilan/imbalan/balas jasa selama sebulan yang lalu, baik berupa uang maupun barang yang diterima oleh seseorang yang bekerja dengan status berusaha sendiri, pekerja bebas di pertanian, atau pekerja bebas di nonpertanian.

Net income per month is income during last month, in the form of money or goods received by someone who worked as own-account worker, casual employee in agriculture, or casual employee in non-agriculture.

Upah/gaji bersih sebulan merupakan imbalan/balas jasa yang diterima selama sebulan yang lalu baik berupa uang maupun barang yang dibayarkan oleh perusahaan/kantor/majikan dari pekerjaan utama kepada buruh/karyawan/pegawai. Komponen upah/gaji mencakup gaji dan tunjangan, upah lembur, uang transpor dan uang makan.

Net wage/salary per month is wage received during last month, in the form of money or goods, paid by the company/agency/employer to the employee for the major work done. The components of wage include salary and benefits, overtime pay, transportation allowance and meal allowance.

ULASAN**DESCRIPTION****Penduduk**

Jumlah penduduk Provinsi Jambi tahun 2021 sebanyak 3.585,1 ribu jiwa, pada tahun 2010 sebanyak 3.092,3 ribu jiwa selama kurun waktu tersebut terjadi pertumbuhan per tahun sebesar 1,39 persen. Kepadatan penduduk tahun 2021 menurut Kabupaten/Kota:

- Kabupaten Kerinci 75 orang/km²
- Kabupaten Merangin 46 orang/km²
- Kabupaten Sarolangun 47 orang/km²
- Kabupaten Batanghari 53 orang/km²
- Kabupaten Muaro Jambi 76 orang/km²
- Kabupaten Tanjab Timur 43 orang/km²
- Kabupaten Tanjab Barat 69 orang/km²
- Kabupaten Tebo 53 orang/km²
- Kabupaten Bungo 79 orang/km²
- Kota Jambi 2.980 orang/km²
- Kota Sungai Penuh 250 orang/km²

Tenaga Kerja

Jumlah angkatan kerja di Provinsi Jambi keadaan Agustus tahun 2021 mencapai 1.840.594 orang yang terdiri dari 1.746.840 orang bekerja dan 93.754 orang pengangguran terbuka.

Jumlah pencari kerja yang mendaftar di dinas tenaga Kerja dan Transmigrasi berdasarkan jenis kelaminnya pada tahun 2021 sebanyak

Population

The population of Jambi Province in 2021 was 3,585.1 thousand people, in 2010 it was 3,092.3 thousand people. During that period, there was an annual growth of 1.39 percent. Population density in 20201 by Regency / Municipality:

- Kerinci regency 75 persons/km²
- Merangin regency 46 persons/km²
- Sarolangun regency 47persons/km²
- Batanghari regency 53 persons/km²
- Muaro Jambi regency 76 persons/km²
- Tanjung Jabung Timur regency 43 persons/km²
- Tanjung Jabung Barat regency 69 persons/km²
- Tebo regency 53 persons/km²
- Bungo regency 79 persons/km²
- Jambi municipality 2,980 persons/km²
- Sungai Penuh municipality 250 persons/km²

Employment

Population 15 years of age and over who have economic activity August 2021 in Jambi Province are 1.840.594 persons consist of 1.746.840 persons working and 93.754 persons open unemployment.

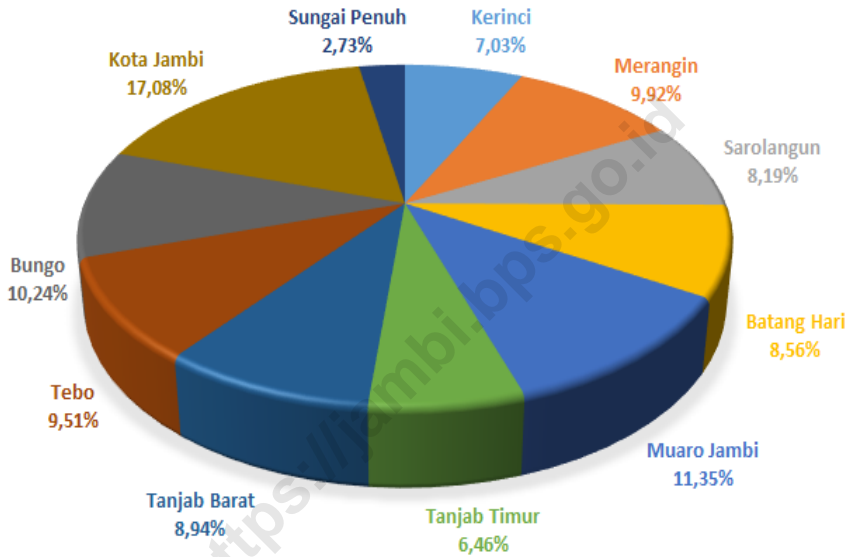
The number of job seekers who registered at the Department of Manpower and Transmigration based

7.873 orang, dengan jumlah pencari kerja laki-laki sebanyak 4.776 orang dan perempuan 3.097 orang. Total ini Berkurang 12,38% jika dibandingkan dengan pencari kerja pada tahun 2020 yaitu sebanyak 8.968 orang

on sex in 2021 was 7,873 people, with the number of male job seekers as many as 4,776 men and 3,097 women. These total was decreased 12.38% compared with job seekers on 2020 which was 8,968 people.

<https://jambi.bps.go.id>

Gambar 3 **Distribusi Penduduk Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
Figures **Population Distribution by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province (%), 2021**



Sumber/Source: BPS, Sensus Penduduk (SP) 2020/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, 2020 Population Census

**3.1 PENDUDUK
POPULATION**

Tabel 3.1.1 Penduduk, Laju Pertumbuhan Penduduk, Distribusi Persentase Penduduk, Kepadatan Penduduk, dan Rasio Jenis Kelamin Penduduk Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2010 dan 2021
Population, Population Growth Rate, Percentage Distribution of Population, Population Density, and Population Sex Ratio by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2010 and 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Penduduk (ribu) Population (thousand) | |
|--|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 ¹ | 2021 ² |
| (1) | (2) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 250,3 | 251,9 |
| Merangin | 354,1 | 355,7 |
| Sarolangun | 290,1 | 293,6 |
| Batang Hari | 301,7 | 306,7 |
| Muaro Jambi | 402,0 | 406,8 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 229,8 | 231,8 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 317,5 | 320,6 |
| Tebo | 337,7 | 340,9 |
| Bungo | 362,4 | 367,2 |
| Kota Jambi | 606,2 | 612,2 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 96,6 | 97,8 |
| Jambi | 3 548,2 | 3 585,1 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.1.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Laju Pertumbuhan Penduduk per Tahun Annual Population Growth Rate (%) | |
|--|--|------------------------|
| | 2010–2020 ³ | 2020–2021 ⁴ |
| (1) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 0,87 | 0,88 |
| Merangin | 0,61 | 0,63 |
| Sarolangun | 1,65 | 1,64 |
| Batang Hari | 2,26 | 2,22 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1,60 | 1,59 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1,14 | 1,14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1,31 | 1,31 |
| Tebo | 1,27 | 1,27 |
| Bungo | 1,80 | 1,78 |
| Kota Jambi | 1,32 | 1,31 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1,62 | 1,60 |
| Jambi | 1,38 | 1,39 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 3.1.1

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Persentase Penduduk <i>Percentage of Total Population</i> | |
|---|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 ¹ | 2021 ² |
| (1) | (7) | (8) |
| Kerinci | 7,05 | 7,03 |
| Merangin | 9,98 | 9,92 |
| Sarolangun | 8,17 | 8,19 |
| Batang Hari | 8,50 | 8,56 |
| Muaro Jambi | 11,33 | 11,35 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 6,48 | 6,46 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 8,95 | 8,94 |
| Tebo | 9,52 | 9,51 |
| Bungo | 10,21 | 10,24 |
| Kota Jambi | 17,08 | 17,08 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2,72 | 2,73 |
| Jambi | 100,00 | 100,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.1.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kepadatan Penduduk (per km ²) ⁵ Population Density per sq.km | |
|--|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 ¹ | 2021 ² |
| (1) | (9) | (10) |
| Kerinci | 75 | 75 |
| Merangin | 46 | 46 |
| Sarolangun | 47 | 48 |
| Batang Hari | 52 | 53 |
| Muaro Jambi | 75 | 76 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 42 | 43 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 68 | 69 |
| Tebo | 52 | 53 |
| Bungo | 78 | 79 |
| Kota Jambi | 2 951 | 2 980 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 247 | 250 |
| Jambi | 66 | 72 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.1.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Rasio Jenis Kelamin Population Sex Ratio | |
|--|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 ¹ | 2021 ² |
| (1) | (11) | (12) |
| Kerinci | 100,8 | 100,7 |
| Merangin | 103,8 | 103,7 |
| Sarolangun | 104,6 | 104,4 |
| Batang Hari | 105,1 | 104,9 |
| Muaro Jambi | 106,7 | 106,5 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 104,3 | 104,2 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 106,7 | 106,6 |
| Tebo | 105,9 | 105,8 |
| Bungo | 104,1 | 103,9 |
| Kota Jambi | 101,5 | 101,4 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 100,4 | 100,3 |
| Jambi | 104,1 | 104,0 |

- Catatan/Note: ¹Hasil Sensus Penduduk (SP) 2020 (September)/The Result of 2020 Population Census (September)
²Hasil Proyeksi Penduduk Interim 2020-2023 (Pertengahan tahun/Juni)/ The result of Interim Population Projection 2020–2023 (mid year/June)
³Laju pertumbuhan penduduk dihitung berdasarkan penduduk tahun 2010 (Mei) dibandingkan dengan penduduk tahun 2020 (September)/ The growth rate refers to the change of the population in 2010 (May) to the population in 2020 (September)
⁴Laju pertumbuhan penduduk dihitung berdasarkan penduduk tahun 2020 (September) dibandingkan dengan penduduk tahun 2021 (Juni)/ The growth rate refers to the change of the population in 2020 (September) to the population in 2021 (June)
⁵Luas provinsi berdasarkan Peraturan Menteri Dalam Negeri Nomor 72 Tahun 2019 tanggal 25 Oktober 2019/Province area Based on Minister of Home Affairs Regulation Number 72/2019, October 25th, 2019

Sumber/Source: BPS dan Kementerian Dalam Negeri/BPS-Statistics Indonesia and Ministry of Home Affairs

Tabel
Table 3.1.2**Jumlah Penduduk Menurut Kelompok Umur dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
Population by Age Groups and Gender in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kelompok Umur Age Groups | Jenis Kelamin/Gender | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | Laki-Laki Male | Perempuan Female | Jumlah Total |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 0–4 | 159 461 | 153 182 | 312 643 |
| 5–9 | 159 294 | 152 659 | 311 953 |
| 10–14 | 156 843 | 147 940 | 304 783 |
| 15–19 | 154 749 | 146 639 | 301 388 |
| 20–24 | 154 475 | 148 682 | 303 157 |
| 25–29 | 152 237 | 148 434 | 300 671 |
| 30–34 | 150 265 | 147 935 | 298 200 |
| 35–39 | 143 487 | 140 769 | 284 256 |
| 40–44 | 136 151 | 131 806 | 267 957 |
| 45–49 | 122 173 | 117 359 | 239 532 |
| 50–54 | 103 145 | 97 361 | 200 506 |
| 55–59 | 83 659 | 78 614 | 162 273 |
| 60–64 | 62 965 | 58 838 | 121 803 |
| 65–69 | 44 479 | 41 715 | 86 194 |
| 70–74 | 23 531 | 23 262 | 46 793 |
| 75+ | 20 417 | 22 593 | 43 010 |
| Jambi | 1 827 331 | 1 757 788 | 3 585 119 |

Catatan/Note: Hasil Proyeksi Penduduk Interim 2020–2023 (Pertengahan tahun/Juni)/ *The result of Interim Population Projection 2020–2023 (mid year/June)*

Sumber/Source: BPS/BPS-Statistics Indonesia

**3.2 KETENAGAKERJAAN
EMPLOYMENT**

Tabel 3.2.1 Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun ke Atas Menurut Kelompok Umur dan Jenis Kegiatan Selama Seminggu yang Lalu di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Population 15 Years of Age and Over by Age Group and Type of Activity During the Previous Week in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kelompok Umur <i>Age Group</i> | Angkatan Kerja/ <i>Economically Active</i> | | | | Jumlah Angkatan Kerja <i>Total of Economically Active</i> |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| | Bekerja <i>Working</i> | Pengangguran ¹ <i>Unemployment¹</i> | | Jumlah Total | |
| | | Pernah Bekerja Ever Worked | Tidak Pernah Bekerja Never Worked | | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 15–19 | 56 385 | 2 151 | 13 941 | 16 092 | 72 477 |
| 20–24 | 161 252 | 7 430 | 23 675 | 31 105 | 192 357 |
| 25–29 | 199 941 | 8 721 | 7 346 | 16 067 | 216 008 |
| 30–34 | 208 909 | 4 804 | 4 559 | 9 363 | 218 272 |
| 35–39 | 218 555 | 3 684 | 2 747 | 6 431 | 224 986 |
| 40–44 | 214 467 | 2 735 | 1 949 | 4 684 | 219 151 |
| 45–49 | 196 840 | 2 320 | 2 213 | 4 533 | 201 373 |
| 50–54 | 173 152 | 1 850 | NA | 2 318 | 175 470 |
| 55–59 | 136 247 | NA | NA | NA | 136 366 |
| 60+ | 181 092 | 3 042 | NA | 3 042 | 184 134 |
| Jumlah/Total | 1 746 840 | 36 856 | 56 898 | 93 754 | 1 840 594 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.2.1

| Kelompok Umur <i>Age Group</i> | Persentase Bekerja terhadap Angkatan Kerja <i>Percentage of Working to Economically Active</i> | Bukan Angkatan Kerja <i>Not Economically Active</i> | | | Jumlah Bukan Angkatan Kerja <i>Total of Not Economically Active</i> |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | Sekolah Attending School | Mengurus Rumah Tangga House-keeping | Lainnya Others | |
| (1) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| 15–19 | 77,80 | 163 362 | 31 325 | 29 467 | 224 154 |
| 20–24 | 83,83 | 31 350 | 53 225 | 18 977 | 103 552 |
| 25–29 | 92,56 | 1 641 | 63 782 | 10 309 | 75 732 |
| 30–34 | 95,71 | NA | 67 191 | 6 017 | 73 316 |
| 35–39 | 97,14 | NA | 56 966 | 2 444 | 59 410 |
| 40–44 | 97,86 | NA | 43 447 | 3 168 | 46 615 |
| 45–49 | 97,75 | NA | 43 554 | 3 449 | 47 003 |
| 50–54 | 98,68 | NA | 40 264 | 4 069 | 44 333 |
| 55–59 | 99,91 | NA | 34 793 | 8 849 | 43 642 |
| 60+ | 98,35 | NA | 112 037 | 69 789 | 181 826 |
| Jumlah/Total | 94,91 | 196 461 | 546 584 | 156 538 | 899 583 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.2.1

| Kelompok Umur Age Group | Jumlah Total | Persentase Angkatan Kerja terhadap Penduduk Usia Kerja Percentage of Economically Active to Working Age Population |
|----------------------------|------------------|---|
| (1) | (12) | (13) |
| 15–19 | 296 631 | 24,43 |
| 20–24 | 295 909 | 65,01 |
| 25–29 | 291 740 | 74,04 |
| 30–34 | 291 588 | 74,86 |
| 35–39 | 284 396 | 79,11 |
| 40–44 | 265 766 | 82,46 |
| 45–49 | 248 376 | 81,08 |
| 50–54 | 219 803 | 79,83 |
| 55–59 | 180 008 | 75,76 |
| 60+ | 365 960 | 50,32 |
| Jumlah/Total | 2 740 177 | 67,17 |

- Catatan/Note:
1. Pengangguran/ Unemployment
 2. Mencari pekerjaan/ Looking for work
 3. Mempersiapkan usaha/ Establishing a new business/firm
 4. Merasa tidak mungkin mendapat pekerjaan/ Feeling hopeless in looking for work (discouraged job seekers)
 5. Sudah punya pekerjaan tetapi belum mulai bekerja/ Having job already but not starting to work yet

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/ BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.2

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun ke Atas Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Kegiatan Selama Seminggu yang Lalu di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Population 15 Years of Age and Over by Regency/ Municipality and Type of Activity During the Previous Week in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Angkatan Kerja/Economically Active | | | | Jumlah Angkatan Kerja Total of Economically Active |
|--|------------------------------------|--|---|-----------------|---|
| | Bekerja Working | Pengangguran ¹ Unemployment ¹ | | Jumlah Total | |
| | | Pernah Bekerja Ever Worked | Tidak Pernah Bekerja Never Worked | | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 130 965 | 689 | 2 418 | 3 107 | 134 072 |
| Merangin | 192 138 | 3 515 | 6 237 | 9 752 | 201 890 |
| Sarolangun | 137 204 | 1 491 | 6 519 | 8 010 | 145 214 |
| Batang Hari | 132 611 | 1 981 | 3 926 | 5 907 | 138 518 |
| Muaro Jambi | 202 878 | 4 166 | 7 837 | 12 003 | 214 881 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 115 517 | 580 | 1 252 | 1 832 | 117 349 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 179 622 | 1 259 | 3 407 | 4 666 | 184 288 |
| Tebo | 181 524 | 2 944 | 2 340 | 5 284 | 186 808 |
| Bungo | 168 355 | 4 040 | 6 447 | 10 487 | 178 842 |
| Kota Jambi | 262 974 | 15 516 | 15 859 | 31 375 | 294 349 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 43 052 | 675 | 656 | 1 331 | 44 383 |
| Jambi | 1 746 840 | 36 856 | 56 898 | 93 754 | 1 840 594 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.2.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Persentase Bekerja terhadap Angkatan Kerja Percentage of Working to Economically Active | Bukan Angkatan Kerja Not Economically Active | | | Jumlah Bukan Angkatan Kerja Total of Not Economically Active |
|--|---|---|--|-------------------|--|
| | | Sekolah Attending School | Mengurus Rumah Tangga House- keeping | Lainnya Others | |
| (1) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Kerinci | 97,68 | 13 127 | 30 096 | 11 808 | 55 031 |
| Merangin | 95,17 | 17 710 | 53 578 | 15 854 | 87 142 |
| Sarolangun | 94,48 | 16 170 | 44 485 | 18 031 | 78 686 |
| Batang Hari | 95,74 | 15 491 | 35 221 | 12 067 | 62 779 |
| Muaro Jambi | 94,41 | 30 631 | 81 076 | 15 676 | 127 383 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 98,44 | 7 476 | 30 806 | 9 133 | 47 415 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 97,47 | 16 893 | 37 863 | 10 361 | 65 117 |
| Tebo | 97,17 | 17 169 | 50 968 | 9 475 | 77 612 |
| Bungo | 94,14 | 18 486 | 67 707 | 16 248 | 102 441 |
| Kota Jambi | 89,34 | 37 768 | 101 389 | 32 839 | 171 996 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 97,00 | 5 540 | 13 395 | 5 046 | 23 981 |
| Jambi | 94,91 | 196 461 | 546 584 | 156 538 | 899 583 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.2.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jumlah Total | Persentase Angkatan Kerja terhadap Penduduk Usia Kerja Percentage of Economically Active to Working Age Population |
|--|------------------|---|
| (1) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 189 103 | 70,90 |
| Merangin | 289 032 | 69,85 |
| Sarolangun | 223 900 | 64,86 |
| Batang Hari | 201 297 | 68,81 |
| Muaro Jambi | 342 264 | 62,78 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 164 764 | 71,22 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 249 405 | 73,89 |
| Tebo | 264 420 | 70,65 |
| Bungo | 281 283 | 63,58 |
| Kota Jambi | 466 345 | 63,12 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 68 364 | 64,92 |
| Jambi | 2 740 177 | 67,17 |

Catatan/Note: Menggunakan penimbang hasil proyeksi penduduk SUPAS 2015 / Uses a weighting of the population projection results from SUPAS 2015.

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.3

Jumlah Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun Keatas Menurut Jenis Kegiatan Selama Seminggu yang Lalu dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Population Aged 15 Years and Over by Type of Activity During The Previous Week and Sex in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kegiatan Utama <i>Main Activity</i> | Jenis Kelamin/Sex | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | Laki-Laki <i>Male</i> | Perempuan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| I. Angkatan Kerja <i>Economically Active</i> | 1 167 911 | 672 683 | 1 840 594 |
| 1. Bekerja/ <i>Working</i> | 1 117 424 | 629 416 | 1 746 840 |
| 2. Pengangguran Terbuka <i>Unemployment</i> | 50 487 | 43 267 | 93 754 |
| II. Bukan Angkatan Kerja <i>Not Economically Active</i> | 223 888 | 675 695 | 899 583 |
| 1. Sekolah/ <i>Attending School</i> | 91 455 | 105 006 | 196 461 |
| 2. Mengurus Rumah Tangga <i>Housekeeping</i> | 36 732 | 509 852 | 546 584 |
| 3. Lainnya/ <i>Others</i> | 95 701 | 60 837 | 156 538 |
| Jumlah/Total | 1 391 799 | 1 348 378 | 2 740 177 |

Catatan/Note: Menggunakan penimbang hasil proyeksi penduduk SUPAS 2015 / *Uses a weighting of the population projection results from SUPAS 2015.*

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.4

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun ke Atas Menurut Pendidikan Tertinggi yang Ditamatkan dan Jenis Kegiatan Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Population 15 Years of Age and Over by Educational Attainment and Type of Activity During the Previous Week in Jambi Province, 2021

| Pendidikan Tertinggi yang Ditamatkan ¹ <i>Educational Attainment¹</i> | Angkatan Kerja/ <i>Economically Active</i> | | | | |
|--|--|--|---|---------------|--|
| | Bekerja <i>Working</i> | Pengangguran ² <i>Unemployment²</i> | | | Jumlah Angkatan Kerja <i>Total of Economically Active</i> |
| | | Pernah Bekerja <i>Ever Worked</i> | Tidak Pernah Bekerja <i>Never Worked</i> | Jumlah Total | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 0 | 669 941 | 8 733 | 8 618 | 17 351 | 687 292 |
| 1 | 318 714 | 6 031 | 9 457 | 15 488 | 334 202 |
| 2 | 535 073 | 17 968 | 30 189 | 48 157 | 583 230 |
| 3 | 223 112 | 4 124 | 8 634 | 12 758 | 235 870 |
| Jumlah/Total | 1 746 840 | 36 856 | 56 898 | 93 754 | 1 840 594 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 3.2.4

| Pendidikan Tertinggi yang Ditamatkan ¹ <i>Educational Attainment¹</i> | Persentase Bekerja terhadap Angkatan Kerja <i>Percentage of Working to Economically Active</i> | Bukan Angkatan Kerja <i>Not Economically Active</i> | | | Jumlah Bukan Angkatan Kerja <i>Total of Not Economically Active</i> |
|--|---|--|---|--------------------------|--|
| | | Sekolah <i>Attending School</i> | Mengurus Rumah Tangga <i>House-keeping</i> | Lainnya <i>Others</i> | |
| (1) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| 0 | 97,48 | 19 151 | 239 809 | 76 610 | 335 570 |
| 1 | 95,37 | 119 879 | 107 062 | 27 158 | 254 099 |
| 2 | 91,74 | 55 613 | 162 121 | 42 539 | 260 273 |
| 3 | 94,59 | 1 818 | 37 592 | 10 231 | 49 641 |
| Jumlah/Total | 94,91 | 196 461 | 546 584 | 156 538 | 899 583 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 3.2.4*

| Pendidikan Tertinggi yang Ditamatkan¹ Educational Attainment¹ | Jumlah Total | Persentase Angkatan Kerja terhadap Penduduk Usia Kerja Percentage of Economically Active to Working Age Population |
|--|---------------------|---|
| (1) | (12) | (13) |
| 0 | 1 022 862 | 67,19 |
| 1 | 588 301 | 56,81 |
| 2 | 843 503 | 69,14 |
| 3 | 285 511 | 82,61 |
| Jumlah/Total | 2 740 177 | 67,17 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ 0. ≤ Sekolah Dasar (SD)/ ≤ Primary School 1. Sekolah Menengah Pertama/ Junior High School 2. Sekolah Menengah Atas/ Senior High School 3. Perguruan Tinggi/ Collage

²1. Mencari pekerjaan/Looking for work

2. Mempersiapkan usaha/Establishing a new business/firm

3. Merasa tidak mungkin mendapat pekerjaan/Feeling hopeless in looking for work (discouraged job seekers)

4. Sudah punya pekerjaan tetapi belum mulai bekerja/Having job already but not starting to work yet

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.5

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun Ke Atas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Menurut Status Pekerjaan Utama dan Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama di Provinsi Jambi, 2021

Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Main Employment Status and Main Industry in Jambi Province, 2021

| Status Pekerjaan Utama <i>Main Employment Status</i> | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ /Main Industry ¹ | | | |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | A | B | C | D, E |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Berusaha sendiri/ <i>Own account worker</i> | 193 326 | 15 569 | 18 315 | 1 171 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tidak tetap/buruh tidak dibayar <i>Employer assisted by temporary worker/unpaid worker</i> | 161 072 | 1 162 | 12 712 | 355 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tetap/buruh dibayar <i>Employer assisted by permanent worker/paid worker</i> | 34 238 | 5 193 | 3 854 | 0 |
| Buruh/Karyawan/Pegawai/ <i>Employee</i> | 118 650 | 34 664 | 36 250 | 5 420 |
| Pekerja bebas di Pertanian/ <i>Casual agricultural worker</i> | 118 527 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pekerja bebas di nonpertanian/ <i>Casual non-agricultural worker</i> | 0 | 6 160 | 2 403 | 0 |
| Pekerja keluarga/tak dibayar <i>Family worker/unpaid worker</i> | 175 889 | 1 463 | 9 565 | 251 |
| Jumlah/Total | 801 702 | 64 211 | 83 099 | 7 197 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 3.2.5*

| Status Pekerjaan Utama <i>Main Employment Status</i> | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ / <i>Main Industry¹</i> | | | |
|--|--|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | F & L | G | H | I |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Berusaha sendiri/ <i>Own account worker</i> | 6 998 | 80 050 | 20 627 | 23 630 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tidak tetap/buruh tidak dibayar <i>Employer assisted by temporary worker/unpaid worker</i> | 416 | 53 934 | 303 | 20 982 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tetap/buruh dibayar <i>Employer assisted by permanent worker/paid worker</i> | 4 531 | 19 823 | 532 | 3 623 |
| Buruh/Karyawan/Pegawai/ <i>Employee</i> | 30 835 | 66 515 | 31 095 | 17 464 |
| Pekerja bebas di Pertanian/ <i>Casual agricultural worker</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pekerja bebas di nonpertanian/ <i>Casual non-agricultural worker</i> | 42 424 | 3 886 | 4 216 | 1 024 |
| Pekerja keluarga/tak dibayar <i>Family worker/unpaid worker</i> | 545 | 48 248 | 654 | 18 912 |
| Jumlah/Total | 85 749 | 272 456 | 57 427 | 85 635 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 3.2.5

| Status Pekerjaan Utama <i>Main Employment Status</i> | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ / <i>Main Industry</i> ¹ | | | |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | J | K | M, N | O |
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Berusaha sendiri/ <i>Own account worker</i> | 999 | 384 | 2 006 | 0 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tidak tetap/buruh tidak dibayar <i>Employer assisted by temporary worker/unpaid worker</i> | 1 094 | 0 | 276 | 0 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tetap/buruh dibayar <i>Employer assisted by permanent worker/paid worker</i> | 634 | 0 | 1 069 | 0 |
| Buruh/Karyawan/Pegawai/ <i>Employee</i> | 2 328 | 12 066 | 18 630 | 80 360 |
| Pekerja bebas di Pertanian/ <i>Casual agricultural worker</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Pekerja bebas di nonpertanian/ <i>Casual non-agricultural worker</i> | 0 | 0 | 759 | 0 |
| Pekerja keluarga/tak dibayar <i>Family worker/unpaid worker</i> | 522 | 0 | 750 | 0 |
| Jumlah/Total | 5 577 | 12 450 | 23 490 | 80 360 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 3.2.5*

| Status Pekerjaan Utama Main Employment Status | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ /Main Industry ¹ | | | |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| | P | Q | R, S, T, U | Jumlah/Total |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) |
| Berusaha sendiri/ <i>Own account worker</i> | 2 843 | 2 613 | 11 905 | 380 436 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tidak tetap/buruh tidak dibayar <i>Employer assisted by temporary worker/unpaid worker</i> | 827 | 244 | 1 144 | 254 521 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tetap/buruh dibayar <i>Employer assisted by permanent worker/paid worker</i> | 310 | 320 | 1 667 | 75 794 |
| Buruh/Karyawan/Pegawai/ <i>Employee</i> | 89 308 | 23 171 | 21 014 | 587 770 |
| Pekerja bebas di Pertanian/ <i>Casual agricultural worker</i> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 118 527 |
| Pekerja bebas di nonpertanian/ <i>Casual non-agricultural worker</i> | 1 067 | 0 | 9 414 | 71 353 |
| Pekerja keluarga/tak dibayar <i>Family worker/unpaid worker</i> | 300 | 506 | 834 | 258 439 |
| Jumlah/Total | 94 655 | 26 854 | 45 978 | 1 746 840 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ A. Pertanian, Kehutanan, Perikanan/*Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing*
 B. Pertambangan dan Penggalian/*Mining and Quarrying*
 C. Industri Pengolahan/*Manufacturing*
 D. Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas/*Electricity and Gas*
 E. Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang/*Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities*
 F. Konstruksi/*Construction*
 G. Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/*Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles*
 H. Transportasi dan Pergudangan/*Transportation and Storage*
 I. Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum/*Accommodation and Food Service Activities*
 J. Informasi dan Komunikasi/*Information and Communication*
 K. Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi/*Financial and Insurance Activities*
 L. Real Estat/*Real Estate Activities*
 M, N Jasa Perusahaan/*Business Activities*
 O. Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib/*Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security*
 P. Jasa Pendidikan/*Education*
 Q. Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial/*Human Health and Social Work Activities*
 R, S, T, U Jasa Lainnya/*Other Services Activities*

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.6

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun Ke Atas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Menurut Status Pekerjaan Utama dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Main Employment Status and Sex in Jambi Province, 2021

| Status Pekerjaan Utama <i>Main Employment Status</i> | Laki-Laki <i>Male</i> | Perempuan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Berusaha sendiri <i>Own account worker</i> | 254 974 | 125 462 | 380 436 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tidak tetap/buruh tidak dibayar <i>Employer assisted by temporary worker/unpaid worker</i> | 187 214 | 67 307 | 254 521 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tetap/buruh dibayar <i>Employer assisted by permanent worker/paid worker</i> | 64 657 | 11 137 | 75 794 |
| Buruh/Karyawan/Pegawai/ <i>Employee</i> | 390 725 | 197 045 | 587 770 |
| Pekerja bebas <i>Casual worker</i> | 87 107 | 31 420 | 118 527 |
| Pekerja keluarga/tak dibayar <i>Family worker/unpaid worker</i> | 63 072 | 8 281 | 71 353 |
| Jumlah/Total | 1 047 749 | 440 652 | 1 488 401 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.7

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun ke Atas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Menurut Jumlah Jam Kerja pada Pekerjaan Utama dan Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Total Working Hours on Main Job and Main Industry in Jambi Province, 2021

| Jumlah Jam Kerja pada Pekerjaan Utama <i>Total Working Hours on Main Job (jam/hours)</i> | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ / <i>Main Industry</i> ¹ | | | |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| | A | B | C | D & E |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 0 ² | 19 089 | 1 261 | 2 336 | 0 |
| 1–14 | 96 669 | 1 643 | 6 506 | 342 |
| 15–34 | 412 696 | 14 730 | 20 557 | 733 |
| 35+ | 273 248 | 46 577 | 53 700 | 6 122 |
| Jumlah/Total | 801 702 | 64 211 | 83 099 | 7 197 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 3.2.7

| Jumlah Jam Kerja pada Pekerjaan Utama <i>Total Working Hours on Main Job</i> (jam/hours) | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama¹/Main Industry¹ | | | |
|---|---|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | F & L | G | H | I |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| 0 ² | 1 639 | 4 615 | 1 533 | 4 148 |
| 1–14 | 1 078 | 18 306 | 2 906 | 7 785 |
| 15–34 | 9 962 | 50 356 | 11 798 | 16 760 |
| 35+ | 73 070 | 199 179 | 41 190 | 56 942 |
| Jumlah/Total | 85 749 | 272 456 | 57 427 | 85 635 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.2.7

| Jumlah Jam Kerja pada Pekerjaan Utama <i>Total Working Hours on Main Job (jam/hours)</i> | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ /Main Industry ¹ | | | |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | J | K | M, N | O |
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| 0 ² | 460 | 0 | 862 | 1 481 |
| 1–14 | 398 | 349 | 2 040 | 2 241 |
| 15–34 | 1 113 | 1 665 | 5 770 | 28 753 |
| 35+ | 3 606 | 10 436 | 14 818 | 47 885 |
| Jumlah/Total | 5 577 | 12 450 | 23 490 | 80 360 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.2.7

| Jumlah Jam Kerja pada Pekerjaan Utama <i>Total Working Hours on Main Job</i> (jam/hours) | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ /Main Industry ¹ | | | Jumlah Total |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| | P | Q | R, S, T, U | |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) |
| 0 ² | 1 445 | 1 310 | 2 470 | 42 649 |
| 1–14 | 18 568 | 1 941 | 6 949 | 167 721 |
| 15–34 | 52 651 | 7 839 | 13 918 | 649 301 |
| 35+ | 21 991 | 15 764 | 22 641 | 887 169 |
| Jumlah/Total | 94 655 | 26 854 | 45 978 | 1 746 840 |

- Catatan/Note: ¹ A. Pertanian, Kehutanan, Perikanan/Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing
 B. Pertambangan dan Penggalian/Mining and Quarrying
 C. Industri Pengolahan/Manufacturing
 D. Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas/Electricity and Gas
 E. Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang/Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities
 F. Konstruksi/Construction
 G. Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles
 H. Transportasi dan Pergudangan/Transportation and Storage
 I. Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum/Accommodation and Food Service Activities
 J. Informasi dan Komunikasi/Information and Communication
 K. Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi/Financial and Insurance Activities
 L. Real Estat/Real Estate Activities
 M, N Jasa Perusahaan/Business Activities
 O. Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib/Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security
 P. Jasa Pendidikan/Education
 Q. Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial/Human Health and Social Work Activities
 R, S, T, U Jasa Lainnya/Other Services Activities

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.8

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun ke Atas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Menurut Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama dan Pendidikan Tertinggi yang Ditematkan di Provinsi Jambi, 2021

Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Main Industry and Educational Attainment in Jambi Province, 2021

| Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ <i>Main Industry¹</i> | Pendidikan Tertinggi yang Ditematkan/ <i>Educational Attainment</i> | | | | Jumlah Total |
|---|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
| | ≤ SD ≤ <i>Primary School</i> | SMP <i>Junior High School</i> | SMA <i>Senior High School</i> | Perguruan Tinggi <i>College</i> | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| A | 449 790 | 161 615 | 171 378 | 18 919 | 801 702 |
| B | 30 074 | 15 507 | 16 313 | 2 317 | 64 211 |
| C | 25 755 | 18 409 | 34 908 | 4 027 | 83 099 |
| D & E | 533 | 1 517 | 3 406 | 1 741 | 7 197 |
| F & L | 33 336 | 19 077 | 29 018 | 4 318 | 85 749 |
| G | 63 549 | 51 207 | 128 674 | 29 026 | 272 456 |
| H | 14 531 | 14 587 | 25 392 | 2 917 | 57 427 |
| I | 27 411 | 17 401 | 34 575 | 6 248 | 85 635 |
| K | 159 | 378 | 2 742 | 2 298 | 5 577 |
| L | 313 | 822 | 4 599 | 6 716 | 12 450 |
| M, N | 4 382 | 3 207 | 11 430 | 4 471 | 23 490 |
| O | 1 083 | 1 803 | 36 300 | 41 174 | 80 360 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.2.8

| Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ <i>Main Industry¹</i> | Pendidikan Tertinggi yang Ditamatkan/ <i>Educational Attainment</i> | | | | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | ≤ SD ≤ <i>Elementary School</i> | SMP <i>Junior High School</i> | SMA <i>Senior High School</i> | Perguruan Tinggi <i>College</i> | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| P | 1 107 | 2 551 | 16 377 | 74 620 | 94 655 |
| Q | 2 226 | 236 | 2 551 | 21 841 | 26 854 |
| R, S, T, U | 15 692 | 10 397 | 17 410 | 2 479 | 45 978 |
| Jumlah/Total | 669 941 | 318 714 | 535 073 | 223 112 | 1 746 840 |

- Catatan/Note: ¹
- A. Pertanian, Kehutanan, Perikanan/*Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing*
 - B. Pertambangan dan Penggalian/*Mining and Quarrying*
 - C. Industri Pengolahan/*Manufacturing*
 - D. Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas/*Electricity and Gas*
 - E. Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang/*Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities*
 - F. Konstruksi/*Construction*
 - G. Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/*Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles*
 - H. Transportasi dan Pergudangan/*Transportation and Storage*
 - I. Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum/*Accommodation and Food Service Activities*
 - J. Informasi dan Komunikasi/*Information and Communication*
 - K. Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi/*Financial and Insurance Activities*
 - L. Real Estat/*Real Estate Activities*
 - M, N Jasa Perusahaan/*Business Activities*
 - O. Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib/*Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security*
 - P. Jasa Pendidikan/*Education*
 - Q. Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial/*Human Health and Social Work Activities*
 - R, S, T, U. Jasa Lainnya/*Other Services Activities*

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.9**Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun Ke Atas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Menurut Jumlah Jam Kerja Pada Pekerjaan Utama dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, 2021*****Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Total Working Hours on Main Job and Sex in Jambi Province, 2021***

| Jumlah Jam Kerja pada Pekerjaan Utama Total Working Hours on Main Job (jam/hours) | Laki-laki Male | Perempuan Female | Jumlah Total |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 0 ¹ | 25 572 | 17 077 | 42 649 |
| 1–14 | 85 110 | 82 611 | 167 721 |
| 15–24 | 171 374 | 144 741 | 316 115 |
| 25–34 | 203 880 | 129 306 | 333 186 |
| 35–40 | 188 152 | 86 083 | 274 235 |
| 41+ | 443 336 | 169 598 | 612 934 |
| Jumlah/Total | 1 117 424 | 629 416 | 1 746 840 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Sementara tidak bekerja/Temporarily not working

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel 3.2.10
Table

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun Ke Atas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Jumlah Jam Kerja Seluruhnya dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Total Working Hours and Sex in Jambi Province, 2021

| Jumlah Jam Kerja pada Pekerjaan Utama <i>Total Working Hours on Main Job (jam/hours)</i> | Laki-Laki <i>Male</i> | Perempuan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 0 ¹ | 25 572 | 17 077 | 42 649 |
| 1–14 | 71 796 | 76 259 | 148 055 |
| 15–24 | 132 407 | 133 953 | 266 360 |
| 25–34 | 199 375 | 128 952 | 328 327 |
| 35–40 | 192 860 | 88 175 | 281 035 |
| 41+ | 495 414 | 185 000 | 680 414 |
| Jumlah/Total | 1 117 424 | 629 416 | 1 746 840 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Sementara tidak bekerja/Temporarily not working

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.11

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun ke Atas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Menurut Kelompok Umur dan Jumlah Jam Kerja Seluruhnya di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Age Group and Total Working Hours in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kelompok Umur Age Group | Jumlah Jam Kerja Seluruhnya (jam)/Total Working Hours (hours) | | | | Jumlah Total |
|----------------------------|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|
| | 0 ¹ | 1-14 | 15-34 | 35+ | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | |
| 15-19 | 428 | 12 336 | 18 709 | 24 912 | 56 385 |
| 20-24 | 4 048 | 17 298 | 45 038 | 94 868 | 161 252 |
| 25-29 | 4 255 | 15 639 | 65 344 | 114 703 | 199 941 |
| 30-34 | 3 308 | 13 664 | 63 197 | 128 740 | 208 909 |
| 35-39 | 3 769 | 13 859 | 71 055 | 129 872 | 218 555 |
| 40-44 | 3 373 | 13 979 | 69 685 | 127 430 | 214 467 |
| 45-49 | 3 994 | 10 641 | 62 841 | 119 364 | 196 840 |
| 50-54 | 4 504 | 14 601 | 62 844 | 91 203 | 173 152 |
| 55-59 | 5 062 | 11 667 | 53 729 | 65 789 | 136 247 |
| 60+ | 9 908 | 24 371 | 82 245 | 64 568 | 181 092 |
| Jumlah/Total | 42 649 | 148 055 | 594 687 | 961 449 | 1 746 840 |

Catatan/Note: Menggunakan penimbang hasil proyeksi penduduk SUPAS 2015 / Uses a weighting of the population projection results from SUPAS 2015.

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.12

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun Keatas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Menurut Kelompok Umur dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Age Group and Sex in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kelompok Umur Age Group | Laki-Laki Male | Perempuan Female | Jumlah Total |
|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 15–19 | 35 947 | 20 438 | 56 385 |
| 20–24 | 102 393 | 58 859 | 161 252 |
| 25–29 | 129 810 | 70 131 | 199 941 |
| 30–34 | 137 735 | 71 174 | 208 909 |
| 35–39 | 141 670 | 76 885 | 218 555 |
| 40–44 | 133 057 | 81 410 | 214 467 |
| 45–49 | 123 639 | 73 201 | 196 840 |
| 50–54 | 108 953 | 64 199 | 173 152 |
| 55–59 | 83 888 | 52 359 | 136 247 |
| 60+ | 120 332 | 60 760 | 181 092 |
| Jumlah/Total | 1 117 424 | 629 416 | 1 746 840 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.13

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun ke Atas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Menurut Status Pekerjaan Utama dan Pendidikan Tertinggi yang Ditamatkan di Provinsi Jambi, 2021

Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Main Industry and Educational Attainment in Jambi Province, 2021

| Status Pekerjaan Utama <i>Main Employment Status</i> | ≤ SD <i>≤ Primary School</i> | SMP <i>Junior High School</i> | SMA <i>Senior High School</i> | Perguruan Tinggi <i>College</i> | Jumlah Total |
|--|--|---|---|---|---------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Berusaha sendiri <i>Own account worker</i> | 175 367 | 77 177 | 109 165 | 18 727 | 380 436 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tidak tetap/ buruh tidak dibayar <i>Employer assisted by temporary worker/ unpaid worker</i> | 136 750 | 49 510 | 58 376 | 9 885 | 254 521 |
| Berusaha dibantu buruh tetap/buruh dibayar <i>Employer assisted by permanent worker/ paid worker</i> | 22 705 | 14 390 | 27 495 | 11 204 | 75 794 |
| Buruh/Karyawan/ Pegawai <i>Employee</i> | 124 793 | 73 260 | 221 890 | 167 827 | 587 770 |
| Pekerja bebas <i>Casual worker</i> | 101 402 | 46 707 | 38 790 | 2 981 | 189 880 |
| Pekerja keluarga/tak dibayar <i>Family worker/unpaid worker</i> | 108 924 | 57 670 | 79 357 | 12 488 | 258 439 |
| Jumlah/Total | 669 941 | 318 714 | 535 073 | 223 112 | 1 746 840 |

Catatan/Note: Menggunakan penimbang hasil proyeksi penduduk SUPAS 2015 / Uses a weighting of the population projection results from SUPAS 2015.

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.14

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun ke Atas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama di Provinsi Jambi, 2021

Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Regency/Municipality and Main Industry in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ <i>Main Industry¹</i> | | | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 83 452 | 11 359 | 36 154 | 130 965 |
| Merangin | 101 353 | 28 708 | 62 077 | 192 138 |
| Sarolangun | 62 016 | 26 425 | 48 763 | 137 204 |
| Batang Hari | 69 387 | 14 861 | 48 363 | 132 611 |
| Muaro Jambi | 96 094 | 33 373 | 73 411 | 202 878 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 80 307 | 6 706 | 28 504 | 115 517 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 110 031 | 11 895 | 57 696 | 179 622 |
| Tebo | 104 447 | 24 076 | 53 001 | 181 524 |
| Bungo | 73 563 | 24 377 | 70 415 | 168 355 |
| Kota Jambi | 11 819 | 51 421 | 199 734 | 262 974 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 9 233 | 5 767 | 28 052 | 43 052 |
| Jambi | 801 702 | 238 968 | 706 170 | 1 746 840 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ 1. Pertanian, Kehutanan, Perikanan/Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing
 2. Pertambangan dan Penggalian; Industri Pengolahan; Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas; Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang; Konstruksi
Mining and Quarrying; Manufacturing; Electricity and Gas; Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities; Construction
 3. Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor; Transportasi dan Pergudangan; Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum; Informasi dan Komunikasi; Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi; Real Estat; Jasa Perusahaan; Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib; Jasa Pendidikan; Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial; Jasa Lainnya
Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles; Transportation and Storage; Accommodation and Food Service Activities; Information and Communication; Financial and Insurance Activities; Real Estate Activities; Business Activities; Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security; Education; Human Health and Social Work Activities; Other Services Activities

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.15

Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun Ke Atas yang Bekerja Selama Seminggu yang Lalu Menurut Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Population 15 Years of Age and Over who Worked During The Previous Week by Main Industry and Sex in Jambi Province, 2021

| Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ Main Industry ¹ | Laki-Laki Male | Perempuan Female | Jumlah Total |
|---|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| A | 541 475 | 260 227 | 801 702 |
| B | 59 187 | 5 024 | 64 211 |
| C | 55 601 | 27 498 | 83 099 |
| D & E | 5 945 | 1 252 | 7 197 |
| F & L | 85 057 | 692 | 85 749 |
| G | 138 949 | 133 507 | 272 456 |
| H | 56 514 | 913 | 57 427 |
| I | 34 038 | 51 597 | 85 635 |
| J | 3 408 | 2 169 | 5 577 |
| K | 7 771 | 4 679 | 12 450 |
| M, N | 15 453 | 8 037 | 23 490 |
| O | 57 308 | 23 052 | 80 360 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 3.2.15

| Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ¹ <i>Main Industry¹</i> | Laki-Laki <i>Male</i> | Perempuan <i>Female</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| P | 30 383 | 64 272 | 94 655 |
| Q | 5 728 | 21 126 | 26 854 |
| R, S, T, U | 20 607 | 25 371 | 45 978 |
| Jumlah/Total | 1 117 424 | 629 416 | 1 746 840 |

- Catatan/Note: ¹ A. Pertanian, Kehutanan, Perikanan/*Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing*
 B. Pertambangan dan Penggalian/*Mining and Quarrying*
 C. Industri Pengolahan/*Manufacturing*
 D. Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas/*Electricity and Gas*
 E. Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang/*Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities*
 F. Konstruksi/*Construction*
 G. Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/*Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles*
 H. Transportasi dan Pergudangan/*Transportation and Storage*
 I. Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum/*Accommodation and Food Service Activities*
 J. Informasi dan Komunikasi/*Information and Communication*
 K. Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi/*Financial and Insurance Activities*
 L. Real Estat/*Real Estate Activities*
 M, N Jasa Perusahaan/*Business Activities*
 O. Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib/*Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security*
 P. Jasa Pendidikan/*Education*
 Q. Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial/*Human Health and Social Work Activities*
 R, S, T, U Jasa Lainnya/*Other Services Activities*

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel 3.2.16 Tingkat Pengangguran Terbuka (TPT) dan Tingkat Partisipasi Angkatan Kerja (TPAK) Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021
Unemployment Rate (UR) and Labor Force Participation Rate (LFPR) by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2019–2021

| Kabupaten/ Kota Regency/ Municipality | TPT/UR | | | | | TPAK/LFPR | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2021 | 2019 | | 2020 | | 2021 |
| | Agt Aug | Feb Feb | Agt Aug | Feb Feb | Agt Aug | Agt Aug | Feb Feb | Agt Aug | Feb Feb | Agt Aug |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Kerinci | 2,62 | ... | 2,43 | ... | 2,32 | 66,26 | ... | 69,55 | ... | 70,90 |
| Merangin | 3,68 | ... | 4,86 | ... | 4,83 | 68,91 | ... | 70,17 | ... | 69,85 |
| Sarolangun | 4,09 | ... | 5,71 | ... | 5,52 | 65,20 | ... | 68,58 | ... | 64,86 |
| Batang Hari | 4,56 | ... | 4,42 | ... | 4,26 | 60,35 | ... | 67,02 | ... | 68,81 |
| Muaro Jambi | 5,20 | ... | 5,43 | ... | 5,59 | 59,16 | ... | 61,63 | ... | 62,78 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1,63 | ... | 1,41 | ... | 1,56 | 69,84 | ... | 74,18 | ... | 71,22 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2,57 | ... | 2,16 | ... | 2,53 | 70,42 | ... | 74,83 | ... | 73,89 |
| Tebo | 2,90 | ... | 2,95 | ... | 2,83 | 70,17 | ... | 71,13 | ... | 70,65 |
| Bungo | 3,82 | ... | 5,94 | ... | 5,86 | 63,78 | ... | 64,89 | ... | 63,58 |
| Kota Jambi | 6,53 | ... | 10,49 | ... | 10,66 | 66,30 | ... | 64,12 | ... | 63,12 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 4,00 | ... | 5,56 | ... | 3,00 | 63,18 | ... | 65,99 | ... | 64,92 |
| Jambi | 4,06 | 4,26 | 5,13 | 4,76 | 5,09 | 65,79 | 67,28 | 67,79 | 67,30 | 67,17 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel 3.2.17 Pencari Kerja Terdaftar, Lowongan Kerja Terdaftar, dan Penempatan/Pemenuhan Tenaga Kerja Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Kelamin di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Number of Registered Job Applicants, Registered Job Vacancies, and Placement of Workers by Regency/ Municipality and Sex in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Pencari Kerja Terdaftar Registered Job Applicants | | |
|--|--|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Laki-Laki Male | Perempuan Female | Jumlah Total |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci ¹ | 123 | 69 | 192 |
| Merangin | 361 | 150 | 511 |
| Sarolangun | 217 | 170 | 387 |
| Batang Hari | 825 | 446 | 1 271 |
| Muaro Jambi | 466 | 329 | 795 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 365 | 309 | 674 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 497 | 303 | 800 |
| Tebo | 209 | 131 | 340 |
| Bungo | 227 | 109 | 336 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 426 | 1 048 | 2 474 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 60 | 33 | 93 |
| Jambi | 4 776 | 3 097 | 7 873 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.2.17

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Lowongan Kerja Terdaftar Registered Job Vacancies | | |
|--|--|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Laki-Laki Male | Perempuan Female | Jumlah Total |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci ¹ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Merangin | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sarolangun | 123 | 37 | 160 |
| Batang Hari | 49 | 0 | 49 |
| Muaro Jambi | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 357 | 308 | 665 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 251 | 60 | 311 |
| Tebo | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bungo | 170 | 78 | 248 |
| Kota Jambi | 554 | 517 | 1 071 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jambi | 1 504 | 1 000 | 2 504 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 3.2.17

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Penempatan/Pemenuhan Tenaga Kerja Placement of Workers | | |
|--|---|---------------------|-----------------|
| | Laki-Laki Male | Perempuan Female | Jumlah Total |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Kerinci ¹ | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Merangin | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Sarolangun | 123 | 37 | 160 |
| Batang Hari | 48 | 0 | 48 |
| Muaro Jambi | 306 | 236 | 542 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 171 | 120 | 291 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 284 | 66 | 350 |
| Tebo | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Bungo | 209 | 139 | 348 |
| Kota Jambi | 547 | 458 | 1 005 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Jambi | 1 690 | 1 056 | 2 746 |

Sumber/Source: Dinas Tenaga Kerja dan Transmigrasi Provinsi Jambi/Manpower and Transmigration Office of Jambi Province

Tabel
Table 3.2.18

**Rata-rata Upah/Gaji Bersih Sebulan Pekerja Formal¹
Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama
(rupiah) di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
*Average of Net Wage/Salary per Month of Formal Employee¹
by Regency/Municipality and Main Industry (rupiahs) in
Jambi Province, 2021*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ² Main Industry ² | | | Jumlah Total |
|--|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 2 318 646 | 2 232 853 | 2 558 907 | 2 484 610 |
| Merangin | 1 433 105 | 2 629 850 | 2 515 777 | 2 258 379 |
| Sarolangun | 1 805 228 | 2 845 384 | 2 206 310 | 2 257 112 |
| Batang Hari | 1 575 694 | 2 300 886 | 2 228 688 | 2 043 170 |
| Muaro Jambi | 2 170 680 | 2 468 640 | 2 361 901 | 2 340 355 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2 056 480 | 2 495 378 | 2 250 853 | 2 233 041 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 211 797 | 2 647 941 | 2 073 661 | 2 148 633 |
| Tebo | 1 574 106 | 2 018 956 | 1 959 929 | 1 834 280 |
| Bungo | 1 480 448 | 1 839 224 | 2 204 782 | 1 967 308 |
| Kota Jambi | 4 100 908 | 2 747 615 | 2 581 898 | 2 640 984 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 097 178 | 3 266 735 | 2 560 801 | 2 574 024 |
| Jambi | 1 802 416 | 2 453 466 | 2 366 505 | 2 268 338 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Pekerja Formal/Formal Employee: Buruh/Karyawan/Pegawai/Employee

² 1. Pertanian, Kehutanan, Perikanan/Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing

2. Pertambangan dan Penggalian; Industri Pengolahan; Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas; Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang; Konstruksi
Mining and Quarrying; Manufacturing; Electricity and Gas; Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities; Construction

3. Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor; Transportasi dan Pergudangan; Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum; Informasi dan Komunikasi; Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi; Real Estat; Jasa Perusahaan; Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib; Jasa Pendidikan; Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial; Jasa Lainnya
Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles; Transportation and Storage; Accommodation and Food Service Activities; Information and Communication; Financial and Insurance Activities; Real Estate Activities; Business Activities; Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security; Education; Human Health and Social Work Activities; Other Services Activities

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.19

**Rata-rata Upah/Gaji Bersih Sebulan Pekerja Formal¹
Menurut Kelompok Umur dan Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama
(rupiah) di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
*Average of Net Wage/Salary per Month of Formal Employee¹
by Age Group and Main Industry (rupiahs) in Jambi
Province, 2021*

| Kelompok Umur Age Group | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ² Main Industry ² | | | Jumlah Total |
|----------------------------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 15–19 | 1 288 507 | 1 524 175 | 1 293 425 | 1 335 272 |
| 20–24 | 1 665 650 | 2 093 879 | 1 537 956 | 1 647 535 |
| 25–29 | 1 826 962 | 2 188 672 | 1 710 674 | 1 804 662 |
| 30–34 | 1 912 609 | 2 954 985 | 2 077 732 | 2 232 842 |
| 35–39 | 1 693 015 | 2 455 779 | 2 459 448 | 2 285 046 |
| 40–44 | 1 936 184 | 2 401 700 | 2 941 455 | 2 583 276 |
| 45–49 | 1 956 291 | 2 756 315 | 3 338 527 | 2 903 839 |
| 50–54 | 1 990 763 | 2 556 051 | 3 725 878 | 3 135 151 |
| 55–59 | 1 509 388 | 2 417 261 | 3 789 905 | 3 072 397 |
| 60+ | 1 625 314 | 2 315 048 | 2 491 731 | 2 149 270 |
| Jumlah/Total | 1 802 416 | 2 453 466 | 2 366 505 | 2 268 338 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ 1. Pertanian, Kehutanan, Perikanan/Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing
 2. Pertambangan dan Penggalian; Industri Pengolahan; Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas; Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang; Konstruksi
Mining and Quarrying; Manufacturing; Electricity and Gas; Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities; Construction
 3. Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor; Transportasi dan Pergudangan; Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum; Informasi dan Komunikasi; Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi; Real Estat; Jasa Perusahaan; Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib; Jasa Pendidikan; Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial; Jasa Lainnya
Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles; Transportation and Storage; Accommodation and Food Service Activities; Information and Communication; Financial and Insurance Activities; Real Estate Activities; Business Activities; Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security; Education; Human Health and Social Work Activities; Other Services Activities

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.20

Rata-rata Pendapatan Bersih Sebulan Pekerja Informal¹ Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama² (rupiah) di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Average of Net Income per Month of Informal Employee¹ by Regency/Municipality and Main Industry² (rupiahs) in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Lapangan Pekerjaan Utama ² Main Industry ² | | | Jumlah Total |
|--|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 1 308 865 | 1 854 364 | 1 534 756 | 1 506 319 |
| Merangin | 1 357 125 | 1 757 860 | 724 039 | 1 467 720 |
| Sarolangun | 1 613 089 | 2 185 731 | 1 070 425 | 1 842 560 |
| Batang Hari | 1 661 206 | 1 871 294 | 2 105 901 | 1 758 368 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 600 052 | 1 956 708 | 1 729 771 | 1 741 915 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 581 207 | 1 943 420 | – | 1 643 109 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 631 789 | 1 695 985 | 2 326 473 | 1 706 570 |
| Tebo | 1 418 201 | 1 868 262 | 1 094 346 | 1 534 830 |
| Bungo | 1 381 569 | 1 788 094 | 1 732 271 | 1 533 973 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 533 172 | 2 110 965 | 1 283 511 | 1 950 730 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 203 215 | 2 029 170 | 1 354 809 | 1 719 852 |
| Jambi | 1 496 677 | 1 949 928 | 1 470 523 | 1 675 825 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Pekerja Informal/*Informal Employee*: Pekerja yang berstatus berusaha sendiri dan pekerja bebas di sektor pertanian dan nonpertanian/*Employment status are self employed, casual agricultural worker, and casual non-agricultural worker*

² Pertanian: Pertanian, Perkebunan, Kehutanan, Perburuan, dan Perikanan/ *Agriculture: Agriculture, Forestry, Hunting, and Fisherie* Industri: Pertambangan dan Penggalian, Industri, Listrik, Gas, dan Air Minum, Konstruksi/ *Manufacture: Mining, Manufacturing Industry, Electricity, Gas, Water, and Construction.*
 Jasa: Perdagangan, Rumah Makan, dan Jasa Akomodasi, Transportasi, Pergudangan dan Komunikasi, Lembaga Keuangan, Real Estat, Usaha Persewaan dan Jasa Perusahaan, Jasa Masyarakat, Sosial dan Perorangan/ *Services: Wholesale Trade, Retail Trade, Restaurants and Hotels, Transportation, Warehousing, and Communication, Financing, Insurance, Real Estate, Business Services, and Public Service*

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

Tabel
Table 3.2.21

Rata-rata Pendapatan Bersih Sebulan Pekerja Informal¹ Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Pendidikan Tertinggi yang Ditamatkan (rupiah) di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Average of Net Income per Month of Informal Employee¹ by Regency/Municipality and Educational Attainment (rupiahs) in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Pendidikan Tertinggi/Educational Attainment | | | | Jumlah Total |
|--|--|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|------------------|
| | Tidak Pernah Sekolah/ Belum Tamat SD No Schooling/ Didn't/ Not Yet Completed Primary School | SD/MI Primary School | SMP/MTs Junior High School | SMA ke Atas/ Senior High School and Above | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 1 380 311 | 1 497 798 | 1 353 290 | 1 693 656 | 1 506 319 |
| Merangin | 1 095 810 | 1 485 581 | 1 516 958 | 1 707 369 | 1 467 720 |
| Sarolangun | 1 341 901 | 1 753 957 | 1 903 464 | 2 162 430 | 1 842 560 |
| Batang Hari | 1 583 688 | 1 604 587 | 2 018 875 | 1 907 203 | 1 758 368 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 314 248 | 1 666 441 | 1 818 178 | 1 961 191 | 1 741 915 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 533 920 | 1 755 621 | 1 674 998 | 1 494 046 | 1 643 109 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 259 321 | 1 612 029 | 1 745 044 | 1 953 568 | 1 706 570 |
| Tebo | 1 104 723 | 1 427 336 | 1 507 305 | 2 007 343 | 1 534 830 |
| Bungo | 1 172 191 | 1 364 153 | 1 748 578 | 1 736 746 | 1 533 973 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 705 496 | 1 589 707 | 1 870 092 | 2 177 037 | 1 950 730 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 566 399 | 1 136 022 | 1 817 679 | 1 926 802 | 1 719 852 |
| Jambi | 1 337 370 | 1 582 177 | 1 723 414 | 1 920 821 | 1 675 825 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Pekerja Informal/Informal Employee: Pekerja yang berstatus berusaha sendiri dan pekerja bebas di sektor pertanian dan nonpertanian/*Employment status are self employed, casual agricultural worker, and casual non-agricultural worker*

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Angkatan Kerja Nasional (Sakernas) Agustus/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, August National Labor Force Survey

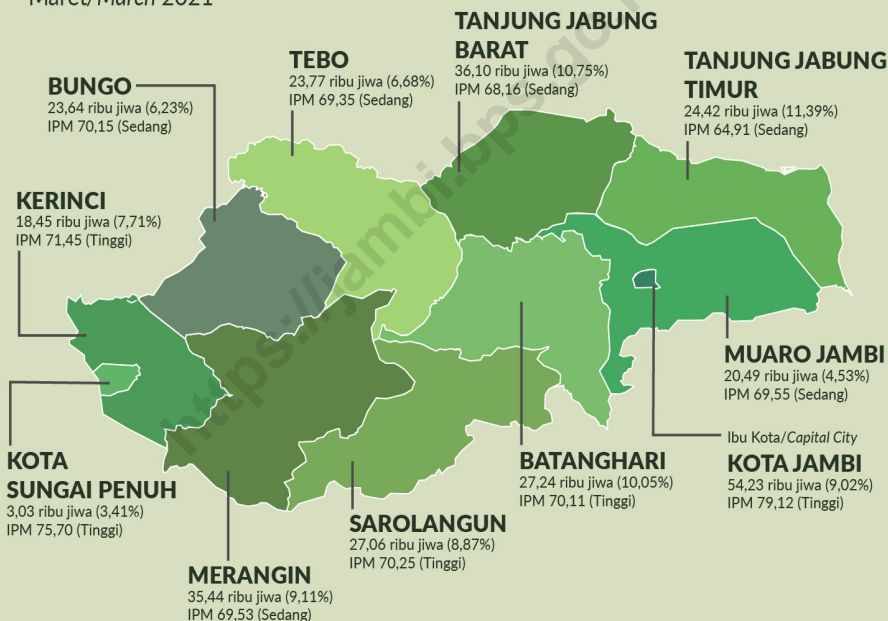
BAB 4 SOSIAL DAN KESEJAHTERAAN RAKYAT

Chapter 4. Social and Welfare

JUMLAH DAN PERSENTASE PENDUDUK MISKIN* DAN INDEKS PEMBANGUNAN MANUSIA 2021

Number and Percentage of Poor People* and Human Development Indeks 2021

*Maret/March 2021



JUMLAH PENDUDUK MISKIN PROVINSI JAMBI 2021

Number of Poor People in Jambi Province 2021

293,86
ribu jiwa/thousand people

PERSENTASE PENDUDUK MISKIN PROVINSI JAMBI 2021

Percentage of Poor People in Jambi Province 2021

8,09%

INDEKS PEMBANGUNAN MANUSIA PROVINSI JAMBI 2021

Human Development Index of Jambi Province 2021

71,63
(Tinggi/High)

PENJELASAN TEKNIS**TECHNICAL NOTES**

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1. Tidak/belum pernah sekolah adalah mereka yang tidak pernah atau belum pernah terdaftar dan tidak pernah atau belum pernah aktif mengikuti pendidikan di suatu jenjang pendidikan formal, termasuk juga yang tamat/belum tamat taman kanak-kanak tetapi tidak melanjutkan ke sekolah dasar.</p> | <p>1. <i>Not/never attending school is someone who has never attended or never been registered in a formal education, such as primary, secondary, and tertiary education, including those who just completed kindergarten are considered as never attended school.</i></p> |
| <p>2. Masih bersekolah adalah mereka yang terdaftar dan aktif mengikuti pendidikan formal atau nonformal (Paket A, B, atau C), baik pendidikan dasar, menengah maupun pendidikan tinggi. Bagi mahasiswa yang sedang cuti dianggap masih bersekolah.</p> | <p>2. <i>Attending school is someone who is currently attending primary, secondary, or tertiary education, including package A, package B, or package C. College student who postpones his/her study is considered as attending school.</i></p> |
| <p>3. Tidak bersekolah lagi adalah mereka yang pernah terdaftar dan aktif mengikuti pendidikan di suatu jenjang pendidikan formal atau nonformal (Paket A, B, atau C), tetapi pada saat pencacahan tidak lagi terdaftar dan tidak aktif mengikuti pendidikan.</p> | <p>3. <i>Not attending school anymore is someone who had enrolled and participated in formal or non-formal education in the past, including package A, package B, or package C, but currently does not attend school.</i></p> |
| <p>4. Tamat sekolah adalah menyelesaikan pelajaran yang ditandai dengan lulus ujian akhir pada kelas atau tingkat terakhir suatu jenjang pendidikan di sekolah negeri maupun swasta dengan mendapatkan tanda tamat belajar/ijazah. Seseorang yang belum mengikuti pelajaran</p> | <p>4. <i>Completed particular level of education is someone who has completed particular level of education in private or public school and accepting graduation certificate. Someone who has never attended the highest grade but passed the final exam is considered as completed particular level of</i></p> |

pada kelas tertinggi tetapi telah mengikuti ujian akhir dan lulus, dianggap tamat sekolah.

5. Dapat membaca dan menulis artinya dapat membaca dan menulis kata-kata/kalimat sederhana dengan suatu aksara tertentu.

6. Jalur Pendidikan di Indonesia terdiri atas 1) pendidikan formal, 2) pendidikan nonformal, dan 3) pendidikan informal yang ketiganya dapat saling melengkapi dan memperkaya (Undang-Undang No. 20 Tahun 2003 tentang Sistem Pendidikan Nasional).

7. Jenjang Pendidikan Formal terdiri atas pendidikan dasar, pendidikan menengah, dan pendidikan tinggi. Jenis pendidikan yang diajarkan mencakup pendidikan umum, kejuruan, akademik, profesi, vokasi, keagamaan, dan khusus.

a. Pendidikan Dasar berbentuk Sekolah Dasar (SD) dan Madrasah Ibtidaiyah (MI) atau bentuk lain yang sederajat serta Sekolah Menengah Pertama (SMP) dan Madrasah Tsanawiyah (MTs) atau bentuk lain yang sederajat.

b. Pendidikan Menengah berbentuk Sekolah Menengah

education.

5. *Able to read and write is the ability to read and write at least a simple sentence in any letter of alphabets.*

6. *The Education System in Indonesia consists of 1) a formal education, 2) non-formal education, and 3) informal education that all three can be complementary and enriching (Law No. 20 Year 2003 about The National Education System).*

7. *The Formal Education Level consists of primary education, secondary education, and high education. The kind of education that taught consists of general education, vocational, academic, professional, religious, and specific education.*

a. The Primary Education consists of Elementary School and Islamic Elementary School or other equivalent forms and Junior High School and MTs or other equivalent forms.

b. The Secondary Education consists of the senior high school,

Atas (SMA), Madrasah Aliyah (MA), Sekolah Menengah Kejuruan (SMK), dan Madrasah Aliyah Kejuruan (MAK), atau bentuk lain yang sederajat.

Madrasah Aliyah, Vocational School, and Vocational Madrasah Aliyah, or other equivalent forms.

c. Pendidikan Tinggi merupakan jenjang pendidikan setelah pendidikan menengah yang mencakup program pendidikan diploma, sarjana, magister, spesialis, dan doktor yang diselenggarakan oleh perguruan tinggi. Perguruan tinggi dapat berbentuk akademi, politeknik, sekolah tinggi, atau institut.

c. The Tertiary Education consists of the education level after the secondary education that consists of diplomas, bachelor, master, specialist, and doctoral degrees that are held by the college. The universities can be academy, polytechnic, college, or institute.

8. Penolong persalinan adalah orang yang menolong pada saat proses kelahiran anak.

8. *Birth attendant is someone who helped during the process of birth of a child.*

9. Dokter penolong proses persalinan termasuk dokter kandungan dan dokter umum. Dokter kandungan adalah dokter spesialis yang melayani pemeriksaan ibu hamil, kesehatan balita, dan pelayanan KB. Dokter umum adalah dokter yang diperkenankan untuk melakukan praktik medis tanpa harus memiliki spesialisasi tertentu, sehingga memungkinkannya untuk memeriksa masalah kesehatan pasien secara umum untuk segala usia.

9. *Doctors who help a delivery process including obstetricians and general practitioners. The obstetrician is a medical specialist who served examination of pregnant women, infant health and family planning services. General practitioners are a medical worker who are allowed to perform medical practice without having a certain specialization, allowing it to examine the patient's general health problems for all ages.*

10. Dukun adalah anggota masyarakat (pada umumnya wanita) yang

10. *Traditional birth attendance is community members (generally*

mendapat kepercayaan serta memiliki keterampilan dalam menolong persalinan secara tradisional dan memperoleh keterampilan tersebut secara turun temurun, belajar secara praktis, atau dengan cara lain yang yang menjurus ke arah peningkatan keterampilan bidan serta melalui petugas kesehatan.

women) who gained the confidence and skill in attending births traditionally and acquire the skills from generation to generation, learning practical, or in any other manner that leads toward the improvement of skills.

11. Rumah Sakit adalah tempat pemeriksaan dan perawatan kesehatan, biasanya berada di bawah pengawasan dokter/tenaga medis, yang melayani penderita yang sakit untuk berobat rawat jalan atau rawat inap. Undang-undang RI No. 44 Tahun 2009 tentang rumah sakit mengelompokkan rumah sakit berdasarkan jenis pelayanan yang diberikan menjadi:

11. Hospital is a place for health check, usually controlled/supervised by doctors/medical personnel to serve the ill patients to get outpatient or inpatient treatment services. The law of the Republic of Indonesia Number 44 year 2009 concerning about hospital have been grouping hospital based on the type of service being given into:

Rumah Sakit Umum adalah rumah sakit yang memberikan pelayanan kesehatan pada semua bidang dan jenis penyakit.

General Hospital is a hospital that provides health services in all areas and types of diseases.

Rumah Sakit khusus adalah rumah sakit yang memberikan pelayanan utama pada satu bidang atau satu jenis penyakit tertentu berdasarkan disiplin ilmu, golongan umur, organ, jenis penyakit, atau kekhususan lainnya.

Special Hospital is a hospital that provides primary care in one area or one particular type of disease base on dicipline, age group, organ, type of disease, or other specificity.

12. Rumah Sakit Bersalin adalah rumah sakit khusus untuk

12. Maternity Hospital is a specialized hospital for childbirth, has specialist

persalinan, dilengkapi pelayanan spesialis pemeriksaan kehamilan, persalinan, rawat inap, dan rawat jalan ibu dan anak yang berada di bawah pengawasan dokter spesialis kandungan.

Rumah Bersalin adalah sarana pelayanan kesehatan dengan izin sebagai rumah bersalin, dilengkapi pelayanan pemeriksaan kehamilan, persalinan, serta pemeriksaan ibu dan anak yang berada di bawah pengawasan bidan senior.

inspection service to pregnancy, childbirth, hospitalization, and outpatient for mothers and children that is under the supervision of an obstetrician.

Maternity House is health care facility with a license as a maternity house, equipped with prenatal care, childbirth, and examination of mothers and children which is under the supervision of a senior midwife.

13. Poliklinik/klinik/balai pengobatan adalah sarana kesehatan yang dipakai untuk pelayanan berobat jalan, biasanya berada di bawah pengawasan dokter/tenaga medis.

13. *Polyclinic/medical clinic is a health facility in which to get outpatient services, usually under the control of doctor/medical personnel.*

14. Pusat Kesehatan Masyarakat (Puskesmas) adalah unit pelaksana teknis dinas kesehatan kabupaten/kota yang mempunyai fungsi utama sebagai penyelenggara pelayanan kesehatan tingkat pertama. Wilayah kerja puskesmas maksimal adalah satu kecamatan. Untuk dapat menjangkau wilayah kerjanya, puskesmas mempunyai jaringan pelayanan yang meliputi unit Puskesmas Pembantu (Pustu), unit Puskesmas Keliling (Puskel), dan unit bidan desa/komunitas (Peraturan Menteri Kesehatan RI No. 75 Tahun 2014 tentang Pusat Kesehatan Masyarakat).

14. *Public Health Center is technical implementation unit of regency health department that have the primary function as a first-level health care providers. The working area standard of public health center is one subdistrict and to reach their working areas, public health centers have a service network covering subsidiary of public health center, mobile public health center units, and midwife units (Regulation of the Minister of Health of Indonesia Number 75 Year 2014 about Public Health Center).*

15. Apotek adalah suatu tempat tertentu yang digunakan untuk melakukan pekerjaan kefarmasian dan penyaluran/penjualan obat atau bahan farmasi dan perbekalan kesehatan lainnya kepada masyarakat yang dikelola oleh tenaga apoteker (Peraturan Menteri Kesehatan RI No. 1332 Tahun 2002 tentang Perubahan Atas Peraturan Menteri Kesehatan RI No. 922/MENKES/PER/X/1993 tentang Ketentuan dan Tata Cara Pemberian Izin Apotek).
 16. Imunisasi adalah memasukkan kuman atau racun penyakit tertentu yang sudah dilemahkan (vaksin) ke dalam tubuh dengan cara disuntik atau diminum (diteteskan dalam mulut), dengan maksud agar terjadi kekebalan tubuh terhadap penyakit tersebut.
 17. Keluhan kesehatan adalah keadaan seseorang yang mengalami gangguan kesehatan atau kejiwaan, baik karena gangguan/penyakit yang sering dialami penduduk seperti panas, pilek, diare, pusing, sakit kepala, maupun karena penyakit akut, penyakit kronis (meskipun selama sebulan terakhir tidak mempunyai keluhan), kecelakaan, kriminalitas, atau keluhan lainnya.
 18. Mengobati sendiri adalah upaya anggota rumah tangga untuk melakukan pengobatan dengan
15. *Pharmacy is a specific place that is used for pharmaceutical jobs, and distribution/sale of drugs/ pharmaceuticals and other medical supplies to people that are administered by trained pharmacist (Regulation of the Minister of Health of Indonesia Number 1332 Year 2002 about the Changes of Regulation of the Minister of Health of Indonesia Number 922/MENKES/PER/X/1993 about Provision and Procedures for Administration of Licensed Pharmacies).*
 16. *Immunization is putting enervated microbe of a certain disease into human body by injection or drinking (dropping into mouth), to make the body immune to that disease.*
 17. *Health complaint is a state of someone who is experiencing health or psychiatric disorders, either because of disorder/diseases that are often experienced by people such as heat, cold, diarrhea, dizziness, headache, or because of acute illness, chronic disease (although during the past month did not have any complaints), accident, criminality, or other complaints.*
 18. *Self treatment is self curily or having medicine without any prescriptions from a health worker (doctor, nurse,*

menentukan jenis obat sendiri tanpa saran/resep dari tenaga kesehatan/obat tradisional (batra).

paramedic, etc).

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>19. Tidak ada biaya transpor adalah responden tidak punya biaya untuk membayar ke fasilitas kesehatan, termasuk di sini bila responden menjawab fasilitas kesehatan jauh.</p> | <p>19. <i>No budget is respondents who have no cash for transportation to health services, as well as if respondent says that the health facility is far away from their home.</i></p> |
| <p>20. Waktu tunggu pelayanan lama adalah waktu tunggu untuk mendapatkan pelayanan kesehatan lama (lebih dari 60 menit).</p> | <p>20. <i>Long waiting time for health services is waiting time for havily health services for over 60 minutes.</i></p> |
| <p>21. Kasus kumulatif AIDS adalah kumulatif kasus AIDS sampai dengan referensi waktu tertentu.</p> | <p>21. <i>Cummulative AIDS case is cummulative AIDS cases with reference to a particular time.</i></p> |
| <p>22. Jaminan kesehatan adalah program bantuan sosial untuk pelayanan kesehatan. Menurut UU No. 40 Tahun 2004 tentang Sistem Jaminan Sosial Nasional, jaminan kesehatan diselenggarakan dengan tujuan menjamin agar peserta memperoleh manfaat pemeliharaan kesehatan dan perlindungan dalam memenuhi kebutuhan dasar kesehatan.</p> | <p>22. <i>Health insurance is a social assistance program for the health service. According to law No. 40 of 2004 on the national social security system, health insurance was organized with the aim of ensuring that participants receive the benefits of health care and protection to meet basic health needs.</i></p> |
| <p>23. BPJS Kesehatan adalah bagian dari Sistem Jaminan Sosial Nasional (SJSN) yang bertujuan untuk memenuhi kebutuhan dasar kesehatan masyarakat yang layak yang diberikan</p> | <p>23. <i>BPJS Health Insurance is a part of the national social security system which aims to meet the decent basic health needs for society is given to every person who has paid dues or whose contributions are paid by the</i></p> |

kepada setiap orang yang telah membayar iuran atau iurannya dibayar oleh Pemerintah. BPJS Kesehatan terbagi menjadi BPJS Penerima Bantuan Iuran (PBI) dan BPJS Non PBI. Peserta BPJS PBI adalah masyarakat miskin dan hampir miskin dimana iurannya dibayarkan pemerintah. Sementara itu peserta BPJS Non PBI membayar iuran secara mandiri. Termasuk peserta BPJS Non PBI yaitu PNS/TNI/Polri.

Government. BPJS Health Insurance is divided into BPJS Insurance for poor and near poor (PBI) and Non-PBI BPJS. PBI BPJS participants are poor and near poor people whose contributions are paid by the government. Meanwhile Non-PBI BPJS participants pay contributions independently. Including Non-PBI BPJS participants namely civil/military/police.

27. Jamkesda adalah program jaminan bantuan pembayaran biaya pelayanan kesehatan yang diberikan pemerintah daerah kepada masyarakatnya.

27. Jamkesda is social assistance programs for health care provided by local government to the people.

28. Berobat jalan adalah upaya anggota rumah tangga yang mempunyai keluhan kesehatan untuk memeriksakan diri dan mendapatkan pengobatan dengan mendatangi tempat-tempat pelayanan kesehatan modern atau tradisional tanpa menginap, termasuk mendatangkan petugas kesehatan ke rumah.

28. Outpatient are efforts household member who have health complaints for check-ups and treatment by visiting places of modern or traditional health care without a stay, including bringing health workers to the homes.

29. Merokok adalah aktivitas membakar tembakau kemudian menghisap asapnya baik menggunakan rokok maupun pipa pada sebulan terakhir sampai saat pencacahan.

29. Smoke is an activity to burn tobacco and then inhale the smoke either cigarettes or pipes used in the past month till the time of enumeration.

30. Luas lantai adalah luas lantai yang ditempati dan digunakan untuk keperluan sehari-hari (sebatas atap).
30. *Floor area is the total area which is occupied and utilized daily.*
31. Air ledeng adalah sumber air yang berasal dari air yang telah melalui proses penjernihan dan penyehatan sebelum dialirkan kepada konsumen melalui instalasi berupa saluran air. Sumber air ini biasanya diusahakan oleh PAM/ PDAM/ BPAM. Termasuk dalam hal ini air ledeng yang didapat secara eceran.
31. *Pipe water is a water source that comes from water that has been through a process of purification and sanitation before distribute to consumers through an instalation of water lines. This water source is usually distributed by PAM/ PDAM/ BPAM. This include a pipe water that sold at retail.*
32. Sumur terlindung adalah air yang berasal dari dalam tanah yang digali dan lingkaran sumur tersebut dilindungi oleh tembok paling sedikit 0,8 meter di atas tanah dan 3 meter ke bawah tanah, serta ada lantai semen sejauh 1 meter dari lingkaran sumur.
32. *Protected wells is water that comes from the soil were excavated and the circumference of the well was protected by walls at least 0.8 meters above ground and 3 meters underground, and cement floor as far as 1 meter from the well circumference.*
33. Sumber penerangan merupakan sumber penerangan yang paling banyak digunakan oleh rumah tangga apabila memiliki lebih dari satu sumber.
33. *Source of lighting is the main source of lighting used by households if it has more than one source.*
34. Fasilitas tempat buang air besar adalah ketersediaan jamban/ kloset yang digunakan oleh rumah tangga.
34. *Type of toilet facility is the availability of latrine/toilet used by the household.*
35. Status penguasaan bangunan tempat tinggal milik sendiri adalah jika tempat tinggal tersebut pada waktu pencacahan betul-betul
35. *Own ownership property status is a status of dwelling occupied belongs to the head of household or one of the household member. Houses*

sudah milik kepala rumah tangga atau salah seorang anggota rumah tangga. Rumah yang dibeli secara angsuran melalui kredit bank atau rumah dengan status sewa beli dianggap rumah milik sendiri.

bought through bank credit or houses with leasing status were also categorized as an own property.

36. Fasilitas sanitasi layak didefinisikan sebagai fasilitas higienis yang memisahkan kotoran manusia dari manusia, hewan, dan kontak serangga. Fasilitas sanitasi layak termasuk toilet siram secara manual atau otomatis atau kakus yang terhubung ke saluran pembuangan, septic tank, atau lubang; jamban yang berventilasi; jamban dengan lempengan atau pijakan dari berbagai bahan yang meliputi lubang seluruhnya, kecuali untuk lubang penurunan; dan toilet/kakus kompos. Sanitasi tidak layak meliputi fasilitas umum atau bersama dari jenis toilet/kakus selain yang layak seperti toilet siram manual atau otomatis yang kotorannya langsung ke selokan atau parit atau di tempat lain terbuka; jamban tanpa pijakan; jamban ember; toilet atau kakus gantung; dan buang air besar di tempat terbuka seperti semak-semak, lapangan atau langsung di sungai. (Sumber: mdgs.un.org)

36. *An improved sanitation facility is defined as a facility that hygienically separates human excreta from human, animal, and insect contact. Improved sanitation facilities include flush/pour-flush toilets or latrines connected to a sewer, septic tank, or pit; ventilated improved pit latrines; pit latrines with a slab or platform of any material which covers the pit entirely, except for the drop hole; and composting toilets/latrines. Unimproved facilities include public or shared facilities of an otherwise improved type such as flush/pour-flush toilets that discharge directly into an open sewer or ditch or elsewhere; pit latrines without a slab; bucket latrines; hanging toilets or latrines; and the practice of open defecation in the bush, field or directly on the river. (Source: mdgs.un.org)*

37. Sumber air minum layak didefinisikan sebagai fasilitas air minum yang dilindungi dari

37. *An improved drinking water source is a facility that, by nature of its construction, is protected from*

kontaminasi luar, khususnya kontaminasi dengan kotoran. Sumber air minum layak meliputi air ledeng, air pipa, sumur bor/pompa, sumur terlindung, mata air terlindung, pengumpulan air hujan, dan air minum kemasan. Pengguna air minum kemasan dianggap memiliki akses ke sumber air layak jika mereka memiliki sumber air mandi/cuci yang layak. Sumber air minum layak tidak termasuk sumur tidak terlindung, mata air tidak terlindung, dan air kemasan (jika sumber air mandi/cuci tidak layak), atau air permukaan yang diambil langsung dari sungai, kolam, sungai kecil, danau, waduk, atau saluran irigasi.

outside contamination in particular from contamination with fecal matter. Improved drinking water sources include: piped water into dwelling, plot, or yard; public tap/standpipe; borehole/tube well; protected dug well; protected spring; rainwater collection; and bottled water. Users of bottled water are considered to have access to improved sources only when they have a secondary source which is of an otherwise improved type. Improved drinking water sources do not include unprotected wells, unprotected springs, water provided by carts with small tanks/drums, tanker truck-provided water and bottled water (if the secondary source is not improved) or surface water taken directly from rivers, ponds, streams, lakes, dams, or irrigation channels.

“Air minum adalah air untuk minum, kebutuhan dasar perorangan dan hygiene rumah tangga dan memasak”. (Sumber: mdgs.un.org)

“Drinking water is defined as water used for ingestion, food preparation and basic hygiene purposes”. (Source: mdgs.un.org)

38. Peristiwa kejahatan yang dilaporkan ialah setiap peristiwa yang diterima kepolisian dari laporan masyarakat, atau peristiwa yang pelakunya tertangkap tangan oleh kepolisian.
39. Jumlah kejahatan menggambarkan jumlah kasus kejahatan yang terjadi pada kurun waktu tertentu.

38. *Reported crime incidence includes all criminal cases reported and received by police office, and all crimes caught by police.*
39. *Crime total refers to the number of criminal cases occurring during a given period.*

40. Risiko penduduk terkena kejahatan per 100.000 penduduk

$$= \frac{\text{Jumlah peristiwa kejahatan tahun } t}{\text{Jumlah penduduk tahun } t} \times 100.000$$

Risiko penduduk terkena kejahatan per 100.000 penduduk mengindikasikan peluang penduduk berisiko terkena kejahatan. Biasanya dinyatakan dalam setiap 100.000 penduduk.

40. *Crime rate*

$$= \frac{\text{Number of criminal cases year } t}{\text{Total population year } t} \times 100.000$$

Crime rate indicates the probability of population exposed to risk of crime, expressed in every 100,000 people.

41. Selang waktu terjadi kejahatan tahun t

$$= \frac{365 \times 24 \times 60 \times 60}{\text{Jumlah peristiwa kejahatan tahun } t} \quad (\text{detik})$$

Selang waktu terjadi kejahatan tahun t mengindikasikan selang waktu terjadinya satu tindak kejahatan dengan kejahatan yang lain.

41. *Crime clock*

$$= \frac{365 \times 24 \times 60 \times 60}{\text{Number of criminal cases year } t} \quad (\text{second})$$

Crime clock indicates the time interval of occurrence between one crime to another crime.

42. Persentase penyelesaian kejahatan

$$= \frac{\text{Jumlah peristiwa kejahatan yang diselesaikan}}{\text{Jumlah peristiwa kejahatan yang dilaporkan}} \times 100\%$$

Persentase penyelesaian kejahatan menyatakan persentase penyelesaian kejahatan oleh polisi. Suatu tindak kejahatan dinyatakan sebagai kasus yang selesai di tingkat kepolisian, apabila:

42. *Clearance rate*

$$= \frac{\text{Number of cleared criminal cases}}{\text{Number of reported criminal cases}} \times 100\%$$

Clearance rate refers to percentage of crime clearance by police. A criminal case is categorized as a cleared case by police, if:

1. berkas perkaranya sudah siap untuk diserahkan atau telah diserahkan kepada kejaksaan;
 2. dalam hal delik aduan, pengaduannya dicabut dalam tenggang waktu yang telah ditentukan menurut undang-undang;
 3. telah diselesaikan oleh kepolisian berdasarkan azas plichtmatigheid (kewajiban berdasarkan kewenangan hukum);
 4. kasus yang dimaksud tidak termasuk kompetensi kepolisian;
 5. tersangka meninggal dunia;
 6. kasus kadaluwarsa.
1. *all documents are ready to submit or already submitted to justice court;*
 2. *in the case of attense that warrants complaint, the complaint was withdraw within a given period state in the law;*
 3. *the case was cleared by police based on the principle of plichtmatigheid (obligation on the basis of law outhority);*
 4. *the case was not the responsibility of police office;*
 5. *the suspect died;*
 6. *the case was out of date.*
43. Indeks Perilaku Anti Korupsi (IPAK) 2018 adalah indikator komposit yang datanya diperoleh dari Survei Perilaku Anti Korupsi (SPAK) yang dilakukan oleh BPS. SPAK 2018 merupakan survei dengan pendekatan rumah tangga dilaksanakan Maret 2018 di 33 provinsi yang terdiri dari 170 kabupaten/kota (49 kota dan 121 kabupaten) dengan sampel 10.000 rumah tangga. Analisis mengenai perilaku anti korupsi dalam survei ini hanya untuk representasi level nasional.
43. *Anti-Corruption Behavior Index 2018 (ACBI) is a composite indicator which the data is obtained from Anti-Corruption Behavior Survey (ACBS) which was conducted by BPS. The ACBS 2018 is a survey with employed household approach and was held during March 2018 in 33 provinces, 170 districts/cities (49 cities and 121 districts) with 10,000 sample of households. The analysis of anti-corruption behavior in this survey is only for national level representation.*
44. IPAK disusun berdasarkan dua dimensi utama yakni pertama unsur persepsi yang berupa pendapat/penilaian terhadap kebiasaan perilaku koruptif di masyarakat, dan kedua adalah pengalaman (pengalaman perilaku koruptif).
44. *ACBI structured based on two main dimension. First, the perception dimension in the form of opinions/judgments on the habits related corrupt behavior in society, and the second is experience (experience of corruptive behavior).*

45. Pernikahan/Perkawinan merupakan ikatan lahir dan batin antara seorang wanita dengan seorang pria sebagai suami istri dengan tujuan membentuk keluarga (rumah tangga) yang bahagia dan kekal berdasarkan Ketuhanan Yang Maha Esa (Undang-Undang Nomor 1 Tahun 1974 tentang Perkawinan Pasal 1).
46. Pernikahan/Perkawinan adalah sah, apabila dilakukan menurut hukum masing-masing agamanya dan kepercayaannya itu. Tiap-tiap pernikahan/perkawinan dicatat menurut peraturan perundang-undangan yang berlaku (Undang-undang Nomor 1 Tahun 1974 tentang Perkawinan Pasal 2). Dalam hal ini, pernikahan untuk yang beragama Islam dianggap sah menurut undang-undang jika tercatat di Kantor Urusan Agama (KUA). Pencatatan perkawinan tersebut dilakukan oleh pegawai pencatat nikah. Dengan demikian, setiap perkawinan harus dilangsungkan di hadapan dan di bawah pengawasan pegawai pencatat nikah. Pernikahan boleh dilakukan di KUA atau di luar KUA (nikah bedolan).
47. Perceraian adalah salah satu sebab putusnya perkawinan/pernikahan yang dapat terjadi karena talak (cerai talak) atau berdasarkan gugatan perceraian (cerai gugat). Undang-Undang Nomor 1 Tahun
45. *Marriage is a relationship bond between a woman and a man as husband and wife with the aim of forming a happy and long-lasting family based on the trust in God Almighty (Law No. 1/1974 concerning Marriage Article 1).*
46. *Marriage is legal if carried out in accordance with the laws of each religion and belief. Each marriage is recorded according to the applicable laws and regulations (Law No. 1/1974 concerning Marriage Article 2). In this case, marriage for Muslims is considered lawful if recorded by Religious Affairs Office (KUA). The registration of the marriage is carried out by the marriage registrar employee. Thus, each marriage must take place before and under the supervision of marriage registrar employee. Marriage can be done in the KUA or outside the KUA.*
47. *Divorce is one of the reason causing the end a marriage which can occur by talak (divorce by talak) or divorce petition (divorce by petition). Law No. 1/1974 concerning Marriage Article 39 states: (1) Divorce can*

1974 tentang Perkawinan Pasal 39 menyatakan: (1) Perceraian hanya dapat dilakukan di depan sidang Pengadilan setelah Pengadilan yang bersangkutan berusaha dan tidak berhasil mendamaikan kedua belah pihak; (2) Untuk melakukan perceraian harus ada cukup alasan bahwa antara suami istri itu tidak akan dapat rukun sebagai suami istri; (3) Tata cara perceraian di depan sidang Pengadilan diatur dalam peraturan perundangan tersebut.

only be carried out in front of the Court of Justice after the Court has tried and has not succeeded in reconciling the two parties; (2) There must be enough reason that the husband and wife will not be able to get along well as husband and wife; (3) The procedure for divorce in front of the court sessions is regulated in laws and regulations.

48. Data pernikahan dan perceraian yang tersedia dalam publikasi ini hanya mencakup pernikahan dan perceraian untuk yang beragama Islam. Data pernikahan diperoleh dari Dirjen Bimas Islam, Kementerian Agama RI. Sementara data perceraian diperoleh dari Dirjen Badan Peradilan Agama, Mahkamah Agung.
48. *The marriage and divorce data presented in this publication only inclusive of Muslims. The marriage data was obtained from the Directorate General of Islamic Community Guidance, Ministry of Religious Affair of the Republic of Indonesia. Meanwhile, divorce data was obtained from the Directorate General of Religious Justice, Supreme Court.*
49. Perkara cerai talak adalah permohonan seorang suami yang beragama Islam yang akan menceraikan istrinya kepada Pengadilan untuk mengadakan sidang guna menyaksikan ikrar talak. Permohonan diajukan kepada Pengadilan yang daerah hukumnya meliputi tempat kediaman termohon, kecuali apabila termohon dengan sengaja meninggalkan tempat kediaman yang ditentukan bersama tanpa
49. *Case of divorce by talak is a divorce application from a Muslim husband who will divorce his wife before the Court with court hearing to witness the pledge of divorce. The application is filed to the Court which jurisdiction of the court covers the defendant's residence, except if the defendant intentionally leaves the determined residence without applicant's permission (Law No. 7/1989 concerning Religious Courts Article 66 Paragraphs 1 and 2).*

izin pemohon (Undang-Undang Nomor 7 Tahun 1989 tentang Peradilan Agama Pasal 66 Ayat 1 dan 2).

50. Data cerai talak yang tersedia dalam publikasi ini adalah jumlah perkara perceraian yang permohonannya diajukan oleh pihak suami yang telah diputus oleh Pengadilan (bukan jumlah perkara perceraian yang baru diterima oleh Pengadilan).
51. Perkara cerai gugat adalah gugatan perceraian yang diajukan oleh istri atau kuasanya yang sah kepada Pengadilan yang daerah hukumnya meliputi tempat kediaman penggugat, kecuali apabila penggugat dengan sengaja meninggalkan tempat kediaman bersama tanpa izin tergugat (Undang-Undang Nomor 7 Tahun 1989 tentang Peradilan Agama Pasal 73 Ayat 1).
52. Data cerai gugat yang tersedia dalam publikasi ini adalah jumlah perkara perceraian yang gugatannya diajukan oleh pihak istri yang telah diputus oleh Pengadilan (bukan jumlah perkara perceraian yang baru diterima oleh Pengadilan).
53. Faktor-faktor penyebab terjadinya perceraian antara lain:
- pasangan berbuat zina;
 - pasangan menjadi pemabuk
50. *Divorce by talak data available in this publication are the number of divorce cases which applications were filed by the husband and has been decided by the Court (not the number of divorce cases were recently received by the Court).*
51. *Case of divorce by petition is divorce/dissolution petition filed by a wife or her legal proxy to a Court which jurisdiction of the court covers the plaintiff's residence, except if the plaintiff intentionally leaves the shared residence without defendant's permission (Law No. 7/1989 concerning Religious Courts Article 73 Paragraphs 1).*
52. *Divorce by petition data available in this publication are the number of divorce cases which divorce/dissolution petition were filed by the wife and has been decided by the Court (not the number of divorce cases were recently received by the Court).*
53. *Factors that cause divorce include:*
- the spouse commit adultery;*
 - the spouse committed alcohol*

- yang sulit disembuhkan;
- c. pasangan berbuat madat atau mabuk karena obat-obatan seperti narkoba;
- d. pasangan menjadi penjudi yang sulit disembuhkan;
- e. salah satu pihak meninggalkan pihak lain selama 2 (dua) tahun berturut-turut tanpa izin pihak lain dan tanpa alasan yang jelas dan benar, artinya salah satu pihak dengan sadar dan sengaja meninggalkan pihak lain;
- f. pasangan dihukum penjara selama 5 (lima) tahun atau lebih setelah perkawinan dilangsungkan;
- g. pasangan melakukan poligami;
- h. terjadi kekerasan dalam rumah tangga, yakni pasangan bertindak kejam dan suka menganiaya;
- i. pasangan tidak dapat menjalankan kewajibannya sebagai suami/istri karena cacat badan atau penyakit yang dideritanya;
- j. antara suami dan istri terjadi perselisihan dan pertengkaran terus menerus tanpa ada kemungkinan untuk rukun kembali;
- k. antara suami dan istri selama dalam perkawinan tidak saling mencintai dan terjadi ketidakharmonisan dalam rumah tangga karena perkawinan yang dilakukan
- abuse that are hard to cure;*
- c. *the spouse committed drug abuse;*
- d. *the spouse become gambler that are hard to cure;*
- e. *spousal abandonment for 2 (two) consecutive years without the permission of the other spouse and clear reason, ie. one of the spouses consciously and intentionally leaves the other spouse;*
- f. *the spouse was incarcerated for 5 (five) years or more after marriage is held;*
- g. *the spouse do polygamy;*
- h. *domestic violence, ie. the spouse acts cruel and abusive;*
- i. *the spouse cannot carry out the obligation as a husband/wife because of physical disability or illness;*
- j. *there are constant arguing between husband and wife without the possibility of reconciliation;*
- k. *husband and wife do not love each other during the marriage and there is disharmony in their family life because the marriage was carried out on the basis of coercion from other people such*

atas dasar paksaan dari orang lain misal orang tua atau saudara (kawin paksa);

- l. pasangan beralih agama atau murtad yang mengakibatkan ketidakrukunan dalam keluarga;
- m. terjadi ketidakharmonisan dalam rumah tangga karena masalah finansial/ekonomi misal suami tidak bekerja atau tidak memberi nafkah kepada istri dan anak, istri berpenghasilan lebih besar dari suami, dan lain sebagainya.

as parents or relatives (forced marriage);

- l. the spouse change his/her religion or become apostate which causes family disharmony;*
- m. there is disharmony in family life due to financial problems, for example: the husband does not work or provide a living for his wife and children, the wife earns more income than her husband, and so on.*

54. Bencana adalah peristiwa atau rangkaian peristiwa yang mengancam dan mengganggu kehidupan dan penghidupan masyarakat yang disebabkan, baik oleh faktor alam dan atau faktor non alam maupun faktor manusia sehingga mengakibatkan timbulnya korban jiwa, kerusakan lingkungan, kerugian harta benda, dan dampak psikologis.

54. Disaster is an events or sequences of events that threaten and disrupt the lives and livelihoods of people caused by natural factors and/or non-natural factors and human factors that result in casualties, environmental damage, property losses, and psychological impacts.

55. Bencana alam adalah bencana yang diakibatkan oleh peristiwa atau serangkaian peristiwa yang disebabkan oleh alam antara lain berupa gempa bumi, tsunami, gunung meletus, banjir, kekeringan, angin topan, dan tanah longsor.

55. Natural disasters are disasters caused by events or a series of events caused by nature including earthquakes, tsunamis, volcanic eruptions, floods, droughts, hurricanes, and landslides.

56. Kejadian Bencana adalah peristiwa bencana yang terjadi dan dicatat berdasarkan tanggal kejadian,

56. Disaster events are catastrophic events that occur and are recorded based on the date of the incident,

lokasi, jenis bencana, korban dan ataupun kerusakan. Jika terjadi bencana pada tanggal yang sama dan melanda lebih dari satu wilayah, maka dihitung sebagai satu kejadian.

location, type of disaster, victim and/or damage. If a disaster occurs on the same date and hits more than one region, it is counted as one event.

57. Gempa bumi adalah getaran atau guncangan yang terjadi di permukaan bumi yang disebabkan oleh tumbukan antar lempeng bumi, patahan aktif, aktivitas gunung api, atau runtuhnya batuan.

57. *Earthquakes are vibrations or shocks that occur on the surface of the earth caused by collisions between the earth's plates, active faults, volcanic activity, or rock debris.*

58. Letusan gunung api adalah bagian dari aktivitas vulkanik yang dikenal dengan istilah "erupsi". Bahaya letusan gunung api dapat berupa awan panas, lontaran material (pijar), hujan abu lebat, lava, gas racun, tsunami, dan banjir lahar.

58. *Volcanic eruptions are part of volcanic activity known as "eruption". The danger of volcanic eruptions can be hot clouds, material throws (incandescence), heavy ash rain, lava, poison gas, tsunamis, and lava floods.*

59. Tsunami adalah serangkaian gelombang ombak laut raksasa yang timbul karena adanya pergeseran di dasar laut akibat gempa bumi.

59. *Tsunamis are a series of giant ocean waves that arise due to a shift in the seabed due to an earthquake.*

60. Tanah longsor adalah salah satu jenis gerakan massa tanah atau batuan, ataupun percampuran keduanya, menuruni atau keluar lereng akibat terganggunya kestabilan tanah atau batuan penyusun lereng.

60. *Landslides are one type of land mass movement or rock, or a mixture of both, down or out of the slope due to disruption of soil stability or rock slope constituents.*

61. Banjir adalah peristiwa atau keadaan dengan terendamnya

61. *Flood is an event or situation where an area or land is submerged due to*

suatu daerah atau daratan karena volume air yang meningkat.

62. Kekeringan adalah ketersediaan air yang jauh di bawah kebutuhan air untuk kebutuhan hidup, pertanian, kegiatan ekonomi, dan lingkungan. Adapun yang dimaksud kekeringan di bidang pertanian adalah kekeringan yang terjadi di lahan pertanian yang ada tanaman (padi, jagung, kedelai, dan lain-lain) yang sedang dibudidayakan.

63. Kebakaran hutan dan lahan adalah suatu keadaan dengan hutan dan lahan dilanda api, sehingga mengakibatkan kerusakan hutan dan lahan yang menimbulkan kerugian ekonomis dan atau nilai lingkungan. Kebakaran hutan dan lahan seringkali menyebabkan bencana asap yang dapat mengganggu aktivitas dan kesehatan masyarakat sekitar.

64. Angin puting beliung adalah angin kencang yang datang secara tiba-tiba, mempunyai pusat, bergerak melingkar menyerupai spiral dengan kecepatan 40–50 km/jam hingga menyentuh permukaan bumi dan akan hilang dalam waktu singkat (3–5 menit).

65. Gelombang pasang adalah gelombang tinggi yang ditimbulkan karena efek terjadinya siklon tropis di sekitar

the increasing volume of water.

62. *Drought is the availability of water that is far below the water needs for living needs, agriculture, economic activities, and the environment. The definition of drought in agriculture is drought that occurs in existing agricultural land crops (rice, corn, soybeans, and others) that are being cultivated.*

63. *Forest and land fires are a situation in which forests and land are hit by fire, resulting in damage to forests and land which results in economic losses and/or environmental values. Forest and land fires often cause smoke disasters that can disrupt the activities and health of surrounding communities.*

64. *Tornado is a strong wind that comes suddenly, has a center, moves circularly like a spiral with a speed of 40-50 km/hour to touch the surface of the earth and will disappear in a short time (3–5 minutes).*

65. *Tidal waves are high waves caused by the effects of tropical cyclones around the territory of Indonesia and have the potential to cause*

wilayah Indonesia dan berpotensi kuat menimbulkan bencana alam. Indonesia bukan daerah lintasan siklon tropis tetapi keberadaan siklon tropis akan memberikan pengaruh kuat terjadinya angin kencang, gelombang tinggi disertai hujan deras.

natural disasters. Indonesia is not an area of tropical cyclone trajectory but the existence of tropical cyclones will have a strong influence on strong winds, high waves accompanied by heavy rain.

66. Abrasi adalah proses pengikisan pantai oleh tenaga gelombang laut dan arus laut yang bersifat merusak. Abrasi biasanya disebut juga erosi pantai. Kerusakan garis pantai akibat abrasi ini dipicu oleh terganggunya keseimbangan alam daerah pantai tersebut. Walaupun abrasi bisa disebabkan oleh gejala alami, namun manusia sering disebut sebagai penyebab utama abrasi.

66. *Abrasion is the process of eroding the coast by destructive ocean waves and ocean currents. Abrasion is usually referred to as coastal erosion. Damage to the coastline due to abrasion was triggered by the disruption of the natural balance of the coastal area. Although abrasion can be caused by natural symptoms, humans are often referred to as the main cause of abrasion.*

67. Korban adalah orang/sekelompok orang yang mengalami dampak buruk akibat bencana, seperti kerusakan dan atau kerugian harta benda, penderitaan dan atau kehilangan jiwa. Korban dapat dipilah berdasarkan klasifikasi korban meninggal, hilang, luka/sakit, menderita dan mengungsi.

67. *Victims are people/groups of people who experience adverse effects due to disasters, such as damage and/or loss of property, suffering and or loss of life. Victims can be sorted according to the classification of dead, lost, injured/sick, suffering and displaced victims.*

68. Korban meninggal adalah orang yang dilaporkan tewas atau meninggal dunia akibat bencana.

68. *Fatality is a person reported killed or death in the wake of a disaster.*

69. Korban hilang adalah orang yang dilaporkan hilang atau tidak ditemukan atau tidak diketahui keberadaannya setelah terjadi

69. *Missing person is a person reported missing or who cannot be located or who cannot be accounted for in the wake of a disaster.*

bencana.

70. Korban luka/sakit adalah orang yang mengalami luka-luka atau sakit, dalam keadaan luka ringan, maupun luka parah/berat, baik yang berobat jalan maupun rawat inap.
71. Penderita/terdampak adalah orang atau sekelompok orang yang menderita akibat dampak buruk bencana, seperti kerusakan dan atau kerugian harta benda, namun masih dapat menempati tempat tinggalnya.
72. Pengungsi adalah orang/sekelompok orang yang terpaksa atau dipaksa keluar dari tempat tinggalnya ke tempat yang lebih aman dalam upaya menyelamatkan diri/jiwa untuk jangka waktu yang belum pasti sebagai akibat dampak buruk bencana.
73. Rusak berat adalah kriteria kerusakan yang mengakibatkan bangunan roboh atau sebagian besar komponen struktur rusak.
74. Rusak sedang adalah kriteria kerusakan yang mengakibatkan sebagian kecil komponen struktur rusak dan komponen penunjang rusak, tetapi bangunan masih tetap berdiri.
70. *Casualty is a person suffering injury or illness, in a state of light injury or heavy injury, which in undergoing treatment as either an outpatient or inpatient.*
71. *Affected is a person or group of people who suffer from the adverse effects of a disaster, such as damage and/or loss of property, but can still occupy their place of residence.*
72. *Evacuated are people/groups of people who are forced or forced to leave their place of residence in a safer place in an effort to save themselves/soul for a period of time that is uncertain as a result of the adverse effects of the disaster.*
73. *Severely damaged is the criteria of damage that resulted most buildings collapsed or damaged its structural components.*
74. *Damaged is the criteria of damage that resulted defective fraction of structural components and supporting components damaged, but the building still stands.*

75. Rusak ringan adalah kriteria kerusakan yang mengakibatkan sebagian komponen struktur retak (struktur masih bisa digunakan) dan bangunan masih tetap berdiri.
76. Indeks Kebahagiaan adalah ukuran tingkat kebahagiaan penduduk, menggambarkan indikator kesejahteraan subyektif terkait beberapa aspek kehidupan yang dianggap esensial dan bermakna bagi penduduk, serta digunakan untuk melengkapi indikator obyektif.
77. Pada tahun 2014, Indeks Kebahagiaan sebagai ukuran tingkat kebahagiaan penduduk merupakan indeks komposit tertimbang yang mencakup sepuluh indikator kepuasan penduduk, yaitu: 1) kesehatan, 2) pendidikan, 3) keharmonisan keluarga, 4) ketersediaan waktu luang, 5) hubungan sosial, 6) keadaan lingkungan, 7) kondisi keamanan, 8) pekerjaan, 9) pendapatan rumah tangga, 10) kondisi rumah dan aset.
78. Pada tahun 2017, terdapat penambahan dimensi dibandingkan tahun 2014. Pada tahun 2014, Indeks Kebahagiaan hanya menggunakan Dimensi Kepuasan Hidup. Sementara pada tahun 2017, Indeks Kebahagiaan menggunakan Dimensi Kepuasan
75. *Lightly damaged is the criteria of damage that resulted partially cracked structural components, but the structure still can be used and the building still stands.*
76. *Happiness Index is a measure of happiness level of the population, describes subjective well-being indicators related to some aspects of life that are considered essential and meaningful for the population, as well as is used to complete the objective indicators.*
77. *In 2014, Happiness Index as a measure of happiness population was a weighted composite index that includes ten indicators of life-satisfaction: 1) health, 2) education, 3) family harmony, 4) leisure time, 5) social relationship, 6) environmental condition, 7) safety condition, 8) job, 9) household income, 10) housing and assets.*
78. *In 2017, there has been an increase in index dimension compared to 2014. In 2014, Happiness Index used only Life Satisfaction Dimension. While in 2017, Happiness Index used Life Satisfaction Dimension, Affects Dimension, and Eudaimonia Dimension. Another change in 2017,*

Hidup, Dimensi Perasaan, dan Dimensi Makna Hidup. Perubahan lainnya pada tahun 2017, Dimensi Kepuasan Hidup terbagi menjadi dua subdimensi, yaitu: Subdimensi Kepuasan Hidup Personal dan Subdimensi Kepuasan Hidup Sosial.

Life Satisfaction Dimension was divided into two subdimensions, namely: Personal Life Satisfaction Subdimension and Social Life Satisfaction Subdimension.

79. Dimensi Kepuasan Hidup:

- a. Subdimensi Kepuasan Hidup Personal diukur menggunakan lima indikator: Pendidikan dan Keterampilan, Pekerjaan/ Usaha/Kegiatan Utama, Pendapatan Rumah Tangga, Kesehatan, serta Rumah dan Fasilitas Rumah.
- b. Subdimensi Kepuasan Hidup Sosial diukur dari lima indikator: Keharmonisan Keluarga, Ketersediaan Waktu Luang, Hubungan Sosial, Keadaan Lingkungan, dan Kondisi Keamanan.

79. *Life Satisfaction Dimension:*

- a. *Personal Life Satisfaction Subdimension is measured by five indicators: Education and Skills, Job/Business/Main Activities, Household Income, Health, House and House Facilities.*
- b. *Social Life Satisfaction Subdimension is measured by five indicators: Family Harmony, Leisure Time, Social Relationship, Environmental Condition, and Safety Condition.*

80. Dimensi Perasaan diukur menggunakan tiga indikator yaitu Perasaan Senang/Riang/Gembira, Perasaan Tidak Khawatir/Cemas, dan Perasaan Tidak Tertekan.

80. *Affect Dimension is measured by three indicators: Happy, Not Worried, and Not Depressed.*

81. Dimensi Makna Hidup mencakup enam indikator yaitu Penerimaan Diri, Tujuan Hidup, Hubungan Positif dengan Orang Lain, Pengembangan Diri, Penguasaan Lingkungan, dan Kemandirian.

81. *Eudaimonia Dimension includes six indicators: Self Acceptance, Purpose in Life, Positive Relation with Others, Personal Growth, Environmental Mastery, and Autonomy.*

82. Estimasi tingkat kebahagiaan tahun 2014 untuk level provinsi dan nasional, dihitung berdasarkan data Survei Pengukuran Tingkat Kebahagiaan (SPTK) BPS tahun 2014. Sementara itu, Estimasi tingkat kebahagiaan tahun 2017 untuk level provinsi dan nasional, dihitung berdasarkan data Survei Pengukuran Tingkat Kebahagiaan (SPTK) BPS tahun 2017.
82. *Estimation of 2014 happiness level at province and national level was based on Happiness Survey, conducted by BPS-Statistics Indonesia in 2014. Meanwhile, estimation of 2017 happiness level at province and national level was based on Happiness Survey, conducted by BPS-Statistics Indonesia in 2017.*
83. Badan Pusat Statistik (BPS) pertama kali melakukan penghitungan jumlah dan persentase penduduk miskin pada tahun 1984. Penghitungan jumlah dan persentase penduduk miskin mencakup periode 1976–1981. Data dasar yang digunakan adalah Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas) Modul Konsumsi. Sejak itu, setiap tiga tahun sekali BPS secara rutin mengeluarkan data jumlah dan persentase penduduk miskin yang disajikan menurut daerah perkotaan dan perdesaan.
83. *BPS-Statistics Indonesia measured poverty incidence for the first time in 1984. The measurement covered the period of 1976–1981. Basic data used to measure poverty were obtained from the results of the National Socioeconomic Survey (Susenas)–Consumption Module. Since then BPS-Statistics Indonesia routinely released the figures of poverty incidence once every three years which were presented by urban and rural areas.*
84. Sejak tahun 2003, BPS secara rutin mengeluarkan data jumlah dan persentase penduduk miskin setiap tahun. Jumlah sampel yang digunakan untuk penghitungan kemiskinan meningkat seiring peningkatan jumlah sampel yang digunakan oleh Susenas Modul Konsumsi. Pada tahun 2003, jumlah sampel Susenas Panel Modul Konsumsi adalah 10.000 rumah tangga dan mulai
84. *BPS-Statistics Indonesia has started to release the figures of poverty incidence annually since 2003. The number of sample size used for calculating poverty incidence increases with the number of sample size used by Susenas-Consumption Module. In 2003, the sample size of Susenas-Panel Consumption Module was 10,000 households and starting from 2007 was enlarged to 68,800 households. Later in the year*

tahun 2007 diperbesar menjadi 68.800 rumah tangga. Kemudian pada tahun 2011–2014, Susenas dilaksanakan secara triwulanan dengan jumlah sampel sebesar 75.000 rumah tangga per triwulan. Sejak 2015, Susenas dilaksanakan dalam dua periode, yaitu Maret dan September. Jumlah sampel Susenas pada bulan Maret adalah 300.000 rumah tangga dan pada bulan September adalah 75.000 rumah tangga.

2011–2014, Susenas conducted quarterly with the sample size was 75,000 households in each periode. Since 2015, Susenas conducted in two periode, that were in March and September. The sample size in Susenas March is 300,000 household and in Susenas September is 75,000 household.

85. Estimasi tingkat kemiskinan tahun 2000 dan 2001 untuk level provinsi dan nasional didasarkan atas Susenas Kor. Estimasi tingkat kemiskinan tahun 2003 dan 2004 untuk level provinsi didasarkan atas Susenas Kor, sementara untuk level nasional didasarkan pada Susenas Panel Modul Konsumsi.
85. *The estimation of poverty incidence for provincial and national levels in 2000 and 2001 was based on Susenas-Core. The estimation of poverty incidence for provincial level in 2003 and 2004 was also based on Susenas-Core, while the estimation of the national level was based on the Susenas-Consumption Module Panel.*
86. Untuk provinsi-provinsi yang tidak dicakup dalam sampel Susenas pada tahun 2000–2002 dilakukan estimasi. Data tahun 2000 termasuk estimasi untuk Provinsi Aceh dan Maluku. Data tahun 2001 termasuk estimasi untuk Provinsi Aceh. Data tahun 2002 termasuk estimasi untuk Provinsi Aceh, Maluku, Maluku Utara, dan Papua.
86. *For provinces that were not included in the implementation of Susenas during the period 2000–2002, the figures of poverty incidence was estimated. Data in 2000 included the estimation for Aceh and Maluku Province. Data in 2001 included the estimation for Aceh Province. Data in 2002 included the estimation for Aceh, Maluku, Maluku Utara, and Papua Province.*
87. Untuk mengukur kemiskinan, BPS menggunakan konsep
87. *To measure poverty, BPS-Statistics Indonesia has used the concept of*

kemampuan memenuhi kebutuhan dasar (basic needs approach). Dengan pendekatan ini, kemiskinan dipandang sebagai ketidakmampuan dari sisi ekonomi untuk memenuhi kebutuhan dasar makanan dan bukan makanan yang diukur dari sisi pengeluaran. Metode yang digunakan adalah menghitung Garis Kemiskinan (GK), yang terdiri dari dua komponen, yaitu Garis Kemiskinan Makanan (GKM) dan Garis Kemiskinan Non-Makanan (GKNM). Penghitungan Garis Kemiskinan dilakukan secara terpisah untuk daerah perkotaan dan perdesaan.

basic needs approach. Therefore, poverty is viewed as economic inability to fulfill food and non-food basic needs which are measured by consumption/expenditure. The method used is calculating poverty line, which consists of two components, that are Food Poverty Line (FPL) and Non-Food Poverty Line (NFPL). The poverty line was calculated separately for urban and rural areas.

88. Penduduk miskin adalah penduduk yang memiliki rata-rata pengeluaran per kapita per bulan di bawah Garis Kemiskinan.
88. *A person whose expenditure per capita per month is below the poverty line is considered to be poor.*
89. Garis Kemiskinan Makanan (GKM) merupakan nilai pengeluaran kebutuhan minimum makanan yang disetarakan dengan 2.100 kkalori per kapita per hari. Garis Kemiskinan Non-Makanan (GKNM) adalah kebutuhan minimum untuk perumahan, sandang, pendidikan, kesehatan, dan kebutuhan dasar lainnya.
89. *The Food Poverty Line refers to the daily minimum requirement of 2,100 kcal per capita per day. The Non-Food Poverty Line refers to the minimum requirement for household necessities for clothing, education, health, and other basic individual needs.*
90. Sejak Desember 1998 digunakan standar kemiskinan baru yang merupakan penyempurnaan standar yang lama. Penyempurnaan
90. *A new standard to measure poverty has been adopted since December 1998. This new standard was the revision of the old standard. The revised standard included*

standar ini meliputi perluasan cakupan komoditi yang diperhitungkan dalam kebutuhan dasar. Disamping itu, penyempurnaan juga dilakukan dengan mempertimbangkan keterbandingan antardaerah (provinsi serta perkotaan-perdesaan) dan antarwaktu yang disebabkan oleh adanya perbedaan tingkat harga antardaerah, yaitu dengan cara melakukan standardisasi harga terhadap harga di DKI Jakarta. Penyempurnaan standar kemiskinan ini diharapkan dapat mengukur tingkat kemiskinan secara lebih realistis.

the extension of the commodity coverage to be accounted in estimating the minimum basic needs. The new standard was also improved in its regional comparability, by using the reference population of the same real income (expenditure) class across regions so that it is also comparable over time. The revised poverty standard hopefully was able to measure the incidence of poverty more realistically.

91. Ukuran Kemiskinan

- a. Head Count Index (HCI-P0) adalah persentase penduduk miskin yang berada di bawah Garis Kemiskinan (GK).
- b. Indeks Kedalaman Kemiskinan (Poverty Gap Index-P1) merupakan ukuran rata-rata kesenjangan pengeluaran masing-masing penduduk miskin terhadap garis kemiskinan. Semakin tinggi nilai indeks, semakin jauh rata-rata pengeluaran penduduk dari garis kemiskinan.
- c. Indeks Keparahan Kemiskinan (Poverty Severity Index-P2) memberikan gambaran mengenai penyebaran pengeluaran di antara penduduk miskin. Semakin

91. Poverty Measures

- a. *Head Count Index (HCI-P0) simply measures the percentage of the population that is counted as poor, often denoted by P0.*
- b. *Poverty Gap Index-P1 measures the extent to which individuals fall below the poverty line (the poverty gaps) as a proportion of the poverty line. Higher value of the index shows that the gap between average expenditure of the poor and the poverty line is wider.*
- c. *Poverty Severity Index-P2 describes inequality among the poor. Higher value of the index shows that inequality among the poor is higher.*

tinggi nilai indeks, semakin tinggi ketimpangan pengeluaran di antara penduduk miskin.

Foster-Greer-Thorbecke (1984) merumuskan suatu ukuran yang digunakan untuk mengukur tingkat kemiskinan sebagai berikut:

$$P_a = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^q \left[\frac{z - y_i}{z} \right]^a$$

dengan:

a = 0, 1, 2

z = Garis kemiskinan

yi = Rata-rata pengeluaran perkapita sebulan penduduk yang berada di bawah garis kemiskinan (i=1,2,...,q), yi < z

q = Banyaknya penduduk yang berada di bawah garis kemiskinan

n = Jumlah penduduk

Jika a=0, diperoleh Head Count Index (P0), jika a=1 diperoleh indeks kedalaman kemiskinan (Poverty Gap Index-P1) dan jika a=2 disebut indeks keparahan kemiskinan (Poverty Severity Index-P2).

92. Indeks Pembangunan Manusia (IPM) adalah ukuran ringkas rata-rata capaian/keberhasilan dimensi utama pembangunan manusia, yaitu: umur panjang dan hidup sehat, mempunyai pengetahuan, dan memiliki standar hidup yang layak.

Foster-Greer-Thorbecke (1984) developed poverty measures that may be written as:

$$P_a = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^q \left[\frac{z - y_i}{z} \right]^a$$

where:

a = 0, 1, 2

z = the poverty line

yi = Average expenditure per capita per month of the poor (i=1,2,...,q), yi < z

q = the number of poor

n = the total population

if a=0 is obtained Head Count Index (P0), if a=1 is obtained Poverty Gap Index-P1, and if a=2 is obtained Poverty Severity Index-P2.

92. The Human Development Index (HDI) is a summary measure of average achievement in key dimensions of human development: a long and healthy life, being knowledgeable, and have a decent standard of living.

93. Umur panjang dan hidup sehat digambarkan oleh angka harapan hidup saat lahir (e_0), yaitu jumlah tahun yang diharapkan dapat ditempuh oleh bayi yang baru lahir untuk hidup dengan asumsi bahwa pola angka kematian menurut umur pada saat kelahiran sama sepanjang usia bayi. Pengetahuan diukur melalui indikator rata-rata lama sekolah dan harapan lama sekolah. Rata-rata lama sekolah adalah rata-rata lamanya (tahun) penduduk usia 25 tahun ke atas dalam menjalani pendidikan formal. Harapan lama sekolah didefinisikan sebagai lamanya (tahun) sekolah yang diharapkan akan dirasakan oleh anak pada umur tertentu di masa mendatang. Standar hidup yang layak digambarkan oleh pengeluaran per kapita disesuaikan, yang ditentukan dari nilai pengeluaran per kapita dan paritas daya beli.

93. *A long and healthy life is measured by life expectancy at birth (e_0) that is defined as the number of years a newborn infant could expect to live if prevailing patterns of age-specific mortality rates at the time of birth were to stay the same throughout the infant's life. Knowledge is measured by mean years of schooling and expected years of schooling. Mean years of schooling is the average number of years education received by people ages 25 and older in their lifetime based on education attainment levels of the population converted into years of schooling based on theoretical durations of each level of education attended. Then, expected years of schooling is defined as the number of years schooling that a child of school entrance age can expect to receive if prevailing patterns of age-specific enrolment rates were to stay the same throughout the child's life. Decent standard of living is measured by consumption per capita indicator that is calculated using consumption per capita and purchasing power parity.*

94. IPM adalah rata-rata geometrik dari indeks tiga dimensi:

$$IPM = (I_{\text{kesehatan}} \times I_{\text{PENDIDIKAN}} \times I_{\text{pengeluaran}})^{1/3}$$

94. *The HDI is the geometric mean of the three dimensional indices:*

$$HDI = (I_{\text{health}} \times I_{\text{education}} \times I_{\text{income}})^{1/3}$$

ULASAN**DESCRIPTION****Pendidikan**

Salah satu program pokok pembangunan Provinsi Jambi adalah meningkatkan pembangunan sektor pendidikan formal, mulai dari tingkat Sekolah Menengah Pertama (SMP) sampai perguruan tinggi dan pendidikan non formal, berupa pendidikan dan latihan berbagai bidang pengetahuan ketrampilan yang diperlukan untuk pembangunan serta pembinaan generasi muda, serta dalam bidang olah raga dalam mempersiapkan generasi yang sehat jasmani dan rohani.

Jumlah sekolah negeri dan swasta di Provinsi Jambi tahun 2021/2022:

- Taman Kanak-Kanak (TK) sebanyak 1.364 buah.
- Sekolah Dasar (SD) sebanyak 2.464 buah.
- Sekolah Menengah Pertama (SMP) sebanyak 693 buah.
- Sekolah Menengah Atas (SMA) sebanyak 235 buah.
- Sekolah Menengah Kejuruan (SMK) sebanyak 177 buah.

Jumlah murid:

- TK sebanyak 47.324 siswa.
- SD sebanyak 371.924 siswa.
- SMP sebanyak 122.419 siswa.
- SMA sebanyak 77.582 siswa.
- SMK sebanyak 53.700 siswa.

Education

One of the basic development program of Jambi Province is to increase the development in formal education sector, started from Primary to University also non formal education, such as vocational education and training on various skill knowledge needed for development and coaching young generations, also in sports for preparing healthful physical and spiritual generations.

Number of public and private schools at Jambi Province in 2021/2022:

- *Kindergarten were 1,364 in amount.*
- *Elementary Schools were 2,464 in amount.*
- *Junior High Schools were 693 in amount.*
- *Senior High Schools were 235 in amount.*
- *Vocational Senior High Schools were 177 in amount.*

Number of students:

- *Kindergarten were 47.324 pupils.*
- *Elementary School were 371,924 pupils.*
- *Junior High Schools were 122,419 pupils.*
- *Senior High Schools were 77,582 pupils.*
- *Vocational Senior High Schools were 53,700 pupils.*

Jumlah guru:

- TK sebanyak 5.342 orang.
- SD sebanyak 27.041 orang.
- SMP sebanyak 11.552 orang.
- SMA sebanyak 5.833 orang.
- SMK sebanyak 4.462 orang.

The numbers of teachers:

- *Kindergarten were 5.342 persons.*
- *Primary School were 27.041 persons*
- *Junior High School were 11.552 persons.*
- *Senior High School were 5,833 persons.*
- *Vocational Senior High School were 4,462 persons.*

Kesehatan

Penyediaan berbagai sarana kesehatan di Provinsi Jambi disajikan pada Tabel 4.2.8. Pada tahun 2021 jumlah rumah sakit umum 38 buah, rumah sakit khusus 3 buah, puskesmas rawat inap 91 buah, puskesmas non rawat inap 116 dan posyandu 3.388 buah.

Jumlah persalinan yang ditolong oleh tenaga kesehatan yang tercatat pada tahun 2021 sebanyak 95,21 persen, sedangkan jumlah persalinan yang ditolong oleh dukun bayi adalah sebanyak 4,46 persen dan lainnya 0,32 persen.

Health

The provision of various health facilities in Jambi Province is presented in Table 4.2.8. In 2021 there will be 38 general hospitals, 3 special hospitals, 91 inpatient puskesmas, 116 non-inpatient puskesmas and 3,388 posyandu.

The number of deliveries assisted by health workers recorded in 2021 was 95.21 percent, while the number of deliveries assisted by traditional birth attendants was 4.46 percent and others 0.32 percent.

Perumahan dan Lingkungan

Sumber air minum yang digunakan masing-masing rumah tangga yang ada di setiap kabupaten/kota di provinsi jambi yaitu sebanyak 8,14 persen bersumber dari leding, 6,96 persen bersumber dari pompa, 27,47 persen bersumber dari air dalam kemasan, 30,59 persen dari sumur terlindung dan 11,01 persen dari sumur tak terlindung, kemudian ada yang bersumber dari 3,90 persen mata air terlindung dan 1,39 persen

Housing and Environment

The source of drinking water used by each household in every district/city in Jambi province is 8.14 percent from piped water, 6.96 percent from pumps, 27.47 percent from bottled water, 30, 59 percent of protected wells and 11.01 percent of unprotected wells, then there is sourced from 3.90 percent of protected springs and 1.39 percent of unprotected springs then there is sourced from 3.43 percent of surface water, 7, 06 percent of rainwater, and another 0.05 percent.

mata air tak terlindung kemudian ada yang bersumber dari 3,43 persen air permukaan, 7,06 persen dari air hujan, dan 0,05 persen lainnya.

Sedangkan dalam status penguasaan bangunan tempat tinggal di provinsi jambi 2021 terdapat 84,21 persen merupakan milik sendiri, dan sebagian kecil yaitu 5,95 persen berstatus kontrak/sewa dan lainnya sebanyak 9,84 persen.

Kriminalitas

Jumlah kejahatan yang dilaporkan pada tahun 2020 adalah sebanyak 5.285 kasus dengan risiko penduduk terjadi tindak pidana per 100.000 penduduk sebesar 149 orang. Tindak pidana yang sudah diselesaikan pada tahun 2020 sebesar 74,23 persen. Setiap 1 jam sekali terjadi 1 tindak pidana di Provinsi Jambi.

Agama dan Sosial Lainnya

Tidak ada jema'ah haji yang diberangkatkan ke tanah suci mekah pada tahun 2020 dan 2021 dikarenakan pandemi Covid-19.

Pada tahun 2021 terdapat 25.837 pernikahan, dan 5.000 perceraian. Kejadian alam juga terjadi pada tahun 2021 yaitu 462 kejadian banjir, 33 kejadian gempa bumi, dan 50 kejadian tanah longsor.

Kemiskinan dan Pembangunan Manusia

Pada tahun 2021 jumlah penduduk miskin di Provinsi Jambi sebesar 293,86

Meanwhile, in the status of control of residential buildings in Jambi Province in 2021, 84.21 percent are self-owned, and a small portion, namely 5.95 percent, are in contract/lease status and 9.84 percent are others.

Criminality

The number of crimes reported in 2020 was 5,285 cases with a population risk of committing a crime per 100,000 population of 149 people. 74.23 percent of criminal acts that have been completed in 2020. Every 1 hour a crime occurs in Jambi Province.

Religion and Other Social

No pilgrims departed for the holy land of Mecca in 2020 and 2021 due to the Covid-19 pandemic.

In 2021 there were 25,837 marriages, and 5,000 divorces. Natural events also occurred in 2021, namely 462 floods, 33 earthquakes, and 50 landslides.

Poverty and Human Development

In 2021 the number of poor people in Jambi Province is 293.86 thousand people (8.09 percent) in March and

ribu jiwa (8,09 persen) pada bulan Maret dan 279,86 ribu jiwa (7,67persen) pada bulan September. Indeks pembangunan Manusia pada tahun 2021 sebesar 71,63 meningkat 0,34 persen poin dari tahun sebelumnya.

279.86 thousand people (7.67 percent) in September. The Human Development Index in 2021 is 71.63, an increase of 0.34 percentage point from the previous year.

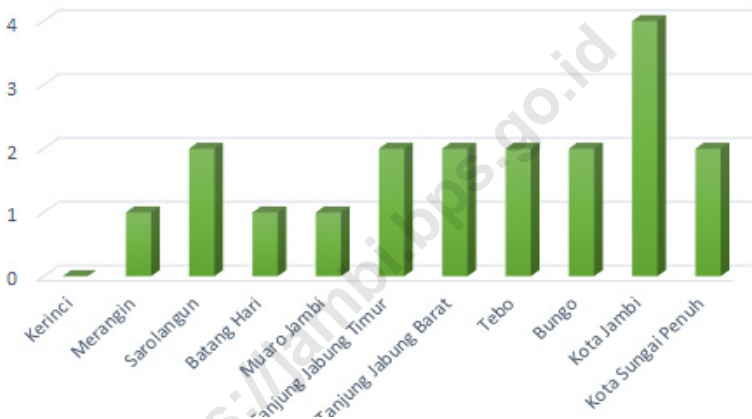
<https://jambi.bps.go.id>

Gambar
Figures

4

Jumlah Perguruan Tinggi, Tenaga Pendidik, dan Mahasiswa (Negeri dan Swasta) di Bawah Kementerian Kementerian Agama Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2021

Number of Universities, Lecturers, and Students (State and Private) Under the Ministry of Religious Affairs by Regency/ Municipality in Jambi Province, 2021



Sumber/Source : Kementerian Agama /Ministry of Religious Affairs

4.1 PENDIDIKAN EDUCATION

Tabel 4.1.1 **Jumlah Sekolah, Guru, dan Murid Taman Kanak-Kanak (TK) di Bawah Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022**
Number of Schools, Teachers, and Pupils in Kindergarten Under The Ministry of Education and Culture by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sekolah/Schools | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 14 | 14 | 63 | 65 | 77 | 79 |
| Merangin | 4 | 4 | 189 | 192 | 193 | 196 |
| Sarolangun | 4 | 4 | 199 | 202 | 203 | 206 |
| Batang Hari | 11 | 11 | 139 | 142 | 150 | 153 |
| Muaro Jambi | 11 | 11 | 149 | 159 | 160 | 170 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 17 | 16 | 41 | 44 | 58 | 60 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 5 | 5 | 63 | 63 | 68 | 68 |
| Tebo | 12 | 12 | 125 | 130 | 137 | 142 |
| Bungo | 3 | 3 | 62 | 66 | 65 | 69 |
| Kota Jambi | 2 | 2 | 178 | 182 | 180 | 184 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 5 | 6 | 33 | 31 | 38 | 37 |
| Jambi | 88 | 88 | 1 241 | 1 276 | 1 329 | 1 364 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Guru /Teachers | | | | | |
|--|----------------|------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 68 | 73 | 213 | 230 | 281 | 303 |
| Merangin | 49 | 45 | 709 | 730 | 758 | 775 |
| Sarolangun | 32 | 31 | 674 | 673 | 706 | 704 |
| Batang Hari | 95 | 94 | 549 | 571 | 644 | 665 |
| Muaro Jambi | 72 | 72 | 556 | 581 | 628 | 653 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 75 | 73 | 161 | 165 | 236 | 238 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 36 | 36 | 272 | 264 | 308 | 300 |
| Tebo | 71 | 67 | 396 | 427 | 467 | 494 |
| Bungo | 33 | 24 | 207 | 223 | 240 | 247 |
| Kota Jambi | 16 | 13 | 775 | 772 | 791 | 785 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 26 | 37 | 154 | 141 | 180 | 178 |
| Jambi | 573 | 565 | 4 666 | 4 777 | 5 239 | 5 342 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Murid/Pupils | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 532 | 590 | 2 088 | 2 309 | 2 620 | 2 899 |
| Merangin | 379 | 412 | 6 130 | 6 071 | 6 509 | 6 483 |
| Sarolangun | 179 | 237 | 6 241 | 6 268 | 6 420 | 6 505 |
| Batang Hari | 686 | 659 | 5 147 | 5 044 | 5 833 | 5 703 |
| Muaro Jambi | 510 | 535 | 5 101 | 5 155 | 5 611 | 5 690 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 696 | 646 | 1 362 | 1 375 | 2 058 | 2 021 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 288 | 267 | 2 631 | 2 714 | 2 919 | 2 981 |
| Tebo | 528 | 502 | 3 848 | 3 951 | 4 376 | 4 453 |
| Bungo | 222 | 252 | 2 714 | 2 571 | 2 936 | 2 823 |
| Kota Jambi | 150 | 139 | 6 126 | 6 133 | 6 276 | 6 272 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 234 | 333 | 1 932 | 1 161 | 1 626 | 1 494 |
| Jambi | 4 404 | 4 572 | 42 780 | 42 752 | 47 184 | 47 324 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Pendidikan, Kebudayaan, Riset, dan Teknologi, Sistem Data Pokok Pendidikan, data semester ganjil 2021/ Ministry of Education, Culture, Research, and Technology, Basic Education Data System, odd semester 2021

Tabel
Table 4.1.2

Jumlah Sekolah, Guru, dan Murid Raudatul Athfal (RA) di Bawah Kementerian Agama Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022
Number of Schools, Teachers, and Pupils in Raudatul Athfal (RA) Under The Ministry of Religious Affairs by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sekolah/Schools | | Guru/Teachers | | Murid/Pupils | |
|--|-----------------|------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 25 | 25 | 129 | 162 | 1 447 | 1 508 |
| Merangin | 33 | 34 | 134 | 188 | 967 | 1 090 |
| Sarolangun | 12 | 13 | 39 | 50 | 299 | 318 |
| Batang Hari | 12 | 12 | 52 | 57 | 455 | 429 |
| Muaro Jambi | 28 | 28 | 113 | 146 | 952 | 1 116 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 7 | 7 | 24 | 24 | 466 | 293 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 8 | 8 | 35 | 41 | 364 | 383 |
| Tebo | 47 | 47 | 162 | 175 | 1 563 | 1 550 |
| Bungo | 40 | 40 | 159 | 178 | 1 852 | 1 984 |
| Kota Jambi | 46 | 46 | 240 | 291 | 1 867 | 1 870 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 16 | 16 | 79 | 77 | 758 | 637 |
| Jambi | 274 | 276 | 1 166 | 1 389 | 10 990 | 11 178 |

Catatan/Note: Seluruh Raudatul Athfal (RA) berstatus swasta/All Raudatul Athfal (RA) are private

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Agama, EMIS, data semester ganjil/ Ministry of Religious Affairs, EMIS, odd semester

Tabel
Table 4.1.3

**Jumlah Sekolah, Guru, dan Murid Sekolah Dasar (SD)
di Bawah Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan
Menurut Kabupaten/Kota, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022
Number of Schools, Teachers, and Pupils in Primary Schools
Under The Ministry of Education and Culture by Regency/
Municipality, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sekolah/Schools | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 227 | 227 | 3 | 3 | 230 | 230 |
| Merangin | 313 | 313 | 11 | 14 | 324 | 327 |
| Sarolangun | 228 | 228 | 15 | 17 | 243 | 245 |
| Batang Hari | 204 | 204 | 10 | 11 | 214 | 215 |
| Muaro Jambi | 243 | 244 | 8 | 11 | 251 | 255 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 203 | 203 | 2 | 3 | 205 | 206 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 201 | 201 | 15 | 15 | 216 | 216 |
| Tebo | 237 | 237 | 13 | 13 | 250 | 250 |
| Bungo | 227 | 227 | 13 | 13 | 240 | 240 |
| Kota Jambi | 164 | 164 | 43 | 43 | 207 | 207 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 67 | 68 | 5 | 5 | 72 | 73 |
| Jambi | 2 314 | 2 316 | 138 | 148 | 2 452 | 2 464 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.1.3

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/ Municipality</i> | Guru /Teachers | | | | | |
|--|----------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 | 2019/2020 | 2020/2021 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 2 498 | 2 441 | 41 | 48 | 2 539 | 2 489 |
| Merangin | 3 428 | 3 488 | 94 | 159 | 3 522 | 3 647 |
| Sarolangun | 2 379 | 2 384 | 98 | 142 | 2 477 | 2 526 |
| Batang Hari | 2 285 | 2 283 | 112 | 126 | 2 397 | 2 409 |
| Muaro Jambi | 2 552 | 2 364 | 60 | 79 | 2 612 | 2 443 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 905 | 1 828 | 29 | 24 | 1 934 | 1 852 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 212 | 2 129 | 164 | 164 | 2 376 | 2 293 |
| Tebo | 2 443 | 2 414 | 82 | 105 | 2 525 | 2 519 |
| Bungo | 2 423 | 2 431 | 145 | 146 | 2 568 | 2 577 |
| Kota Jambi | 2 621 | 2 414 | 955 | 933 | 3 576 | 3 347 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 860 | 831 | 89 | 108 | 949 | 939 |
| Jambi | 25 606 | 25 007 | 1 869 | 2 034 | 27 475 | 27 041 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.3

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Murid/Pupils | | | | | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 22 018 | 21 541 | 965 | 1 219 | 22 983 | 22 760 |
| Merangin | 41 323 | 40 774 | 1 758 | 1 904 | 43 081 | 42 678 |
| Sarolangun | 30 936 | 30 276 | 1 798 | 2 177 | 32 734 | 32 453 |
| Batang Hari | 29 826 | 29 361 | 1 886 | 2 117 | 31 712 | 31 478 |
| Muaro Jambi | 40 435 | 39 836 | 841 | 1 079 | 41 276 | 40 915 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 23 690 | 23 143 | 450 | 515 | 24 140 | 23 658 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 32 612 | 32 065 | 2 866 | 2 755 | 35 478 | 34 820 |
| Tebo | 37 132 | 36 163 | 1 573 | 1 627 | 38 705 | 37 790 |
| Bungo | 36 817 | 36 136 | 2 024 | 2 084 | 38 841 | 38 220 |
| Kota Jambi | 45 154 | 43 827 | 15 440 | 14 928 | 60 594 | 58 755 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 7 460 | 6 833 | 1 406 | 1 564 | 8 866 | 8 397 |
| Jambi | 347 403 | 339 955 | 31 007 | 31 969 | 378 410 | 371 924 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Pendidikan, Kebudayaan, Riset, dan Teknologi, Sistem Data Pokok Pendidikan, data semester ganjil 2021/ Ministry of Education, Culture, Research, and Technology, Basic Education Data System, odd semester 2021

Tabel
Table 4.1.4**Jumlah Sekolah, Guru, dan Murid Madrasah Ibtidaiyah (MI) di Bawah Kementerian Agama Menurut Kabupaten/ Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022**
Number of Schools, Teachers, and Pupils in Madrasah Ibtidaiyah (MI) Under The Ministry of Religious Affairs by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sekolah/Schools | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|----------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 4 | 4 | 36 | 36 | 40 | 40 |
| Merangin | 5 | 5 | 20 | 20 | 25 | 25 |
| Sarolangun | 5 | 5 | 14 | 15 | 19 | 20 |
| Batang Hari | 4 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 12 | 12 |
| Muaro Jambi | 5 | 5 | 26 | 27 | 31 | 32 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2 | 2 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 | 2 | 23 | 23 | 25 | 25 |
| Tebo | 5 | 5 | 35 | 36 | 40 | 41 |
| Bungo | 4 | 4 | 18 | 18 | 22 | 22 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 | 1 | 36 | 37 | 37 | 38 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Jambi | 37 | 37 | 248 | 253 | 285 | 290 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.4

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Guru /Teachers | | | | | |
|--|----------------|------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 111 | 134 | 447 | 538 | 558 | 672 |
| Merangin | 98 | 131 | 189 | 237 | 287 | 368 |
| Sarolangun | 119 | 146 | 120 | 158 | 239 | 304 |
| Batang Hari | 72 | 98 | 78 | 90 | 150 | 188 |
| Muaro Jambi | 89 | 119 | 254 | 286 | 343 | 405 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 41 | 45 | 238 | 235 | 279 | 280 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 34 | 39 | 214 | 240 | 248 | 279 |
| Tebo | 67 | 84 | 322 | 393 | 389 | 477 |
| Bungo | 77 | 95 | 214 | 253 | 291 | 348 |
| Kota Jambi | 35 | 46 | 496 | 636 | 531 | 682 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 177 | 175 | 177 | 175 |
| Jambi | 743 | 937 | 2 749 | 3 241 | 3 492 | 4 178 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.4

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Murid/Pupils | | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 745 | 737 | 3 211 | 3 186 | 3 956 | 3 923 |
| Merangin | 1 317 | 1 404 | 1 340 | 1 319 | 2 657 | 2 723 |
| Sarolangun | 1 961 | 1 991 | 1 220 | 1 191 | 3 181 | 3 182 |
| Batang Hari | 796 | 815 | 661 | 671 | 1 457 | 1 486 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 019 | 1 032 | 3 251 | 3 646 | 4 270 | 4 678 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 482 | 506 | 2 071 | 2 019 | 2 553 | 2 525 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 358 | 381 | 2 106 | 2 038 | 2 464 | 2 419 |
| Tebo | 1 061 | 1 022 | 4 089 | 4 211 | 5 150 | 5 233 |
| Bungo | 1 081 | 1 077 | 2 959 | 3 268 | 4 040 | 4 345 |
| Kota Jambi | 783 | 778 | 8 277 | 9 127 | 9 060 | 9 905 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 1 149 | 1 082 | 1 149 | 1 082 |
| Jambi | 9 603 | 9 743 | 30 334 | 31 758 | 39 937 | 41 501 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Agama, EMIS, data semester ganjil/Ministry of Religious Affairs, EMIS, odd semester

Tabel
Table 4.1.5

Jumlah Sekolah, Guru, dan Murid Sekolah Menengah Pertama (SMP) di Bawah Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022

Number of Schools, Teachers, and Pupils in Junior High Schools Under The Ministry of Education and Culture by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sekolah/Schools | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|----------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 52 | 52 | 2 | 2 | 54 | 54 |
| Merangin | 80 | 80 | 9 | 11 | 89 | 91 |
| Sarolangun | 56 | 56 | 18 | 20 | 74 | 76 |
| Batang Hari | 46 | 46 | 12 | 14 | 58 | 60 |
| Muaro Jambi | 66 | 66 | 13 | 14 | 79 | 80 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 45 | 45 | - | 3 | 45 | 48 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 58 | 58 | 8 | 8 | 66 | 66 |
| Tebo | 60 | 61 | 7 | 8 | 67 | 69 |
| Bungo | 55 | 55 | 6 | 8 | 61 | 63 |
| Kota Jambi | 25 | 25 | 48 | 47 | 73 | 72 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 13 | 13 | 1 | 1 | 14 | 14 |
| Jambi | 556 | 557 | 124 | 136 | 680 | 693 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.1.5

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Guru /Teachers | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | Negeri/ <i>Public</i> | | Swasta/ <i>Private</i> | | Jumlah/ <i>Total</i> | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 1 378 | 1 403 | 37 | 65 | 1 415 | 1 468 |
| Merangin | 1 172 | 1 154 | 87 | 96 | 1 259 | 1 250 |
| Sarolangun | 825 | 801 | 191 | 206 | 1 016 | 1 007 |
| Batang Hari | 701 | 707 | 159 | 172 | 860 | 879 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 145 | 1 101 | 110 | 107 | 1 255 | 1 208 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 623 | 651 | - | 18 | 623 | 669 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 807 | 823 | 58 | 54 | 865 | 877 |
| Tebo | 894 | 885 | 43 | 48 | 937 | 933 |
| Bungo | 927 | 926 | 43 | 49 | 970 | 975 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 183 | 1 145 | 592 | 535 | 1 775 | 1 680 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 575 | 596 | 8 | 10 | 583 | 606 |
| Jambi | 10 230 | 10 192 | 1 328 | 1 360 | 11 558 | 11 552 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.1.5

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Murid/Pupils | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|------------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|
| | Negeri/ <i>Public</i> | | Swasta/ <i>Private</i> | | Jumlah/ <i>Total</i> | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 6 988 | 6 699 | 582 | 780 | 7 570 | 7 479 |
| Merangin | 10 128 | 9 203 | 980 | 1 110 | 11 108 | 10 313 |
| Sarolangun | 7 779 | 7 418 | 2 513 | 2 881 | 10 292 | 10 299 |
| Batang Hari | 8 135 | 7 625 | 2 800 | 3 090 | 10 935 | 10 715 |
| Muaro Jambi | 11 927 | 11 729 | 1 744 | 1 875 | 13 671 | 13 604 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 7 014 | 6 637 | - | 292 | 7 014 | 6 929 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 9 036 | 8 591 | 1 024 | 1 026 | 10 060 | 9 617 |
| Tebo | 10 638 | 10 373 | 796 | 923 | 11 434 | 11 296 |
| Bungo | 10 879 | 10 280 | 428 | 675 | 11 307 | 10 955 |
| Kota Jambi | 19 417 | 19 560 | 7 787 | 7 438 | 27 204 | 26 998 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 4 127 | 4 091 | 92 | 123 | 4 219 | 4 214 |
| Jambi | 106 068 | 102 206 | 18 746 | 20 213 | 124 814 | 122 419 |

Sumber/*Source*: Kementerian Pendidikan, Kebudayaan, Riset, dan Teknologi, Sistem Data Pokok Pendidikan, data semester ganjil 2021/ Ministry of Education, Culture, Research, and Technology, Basic Education Data System, odd semester 2021

Tabel
Table 4.1.6

Jumlah Sekolah, Guru, dan Murid Madrasah Tsanawiyah (MTs) di Bawah Kementerian Agama Menurut Kabupaten/ Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022
Number of Schools, Teachers, and Pupils in Madrasah Tsanawiyah (MTs) Under The Ministry of Religious Affairs by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sekolah/Schools | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|----------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 7 | 7 | 14 | 15 | 21 | 22 |
| Merangin | 7 | 7 | 34 | 35 | 41 | 42 |
| Sarolangun | 6 | 6 | 38 | 40 | 44 | 46 |
| Batang Hari | 8 | 8 | 26 | 26 | 34 | 34 |
| Muaro Jambi | 8 | 8 | 36 | 37 | 44 | 45 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 | 4 | 27 | 27 | 31 | 31 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 3 | 3 | 45 | 45 | 48 | 48 |
| Tebo | 6 | 6 | 44 | 44 | 50 | 50 |
| Bungo | 8 | 8 | 28 | 31 | 36 | 39 |
| Kota Jambi | 6 | 6 | 29 | 30 | 35 | 36 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Jambi | 65 | 65 | 323 | 332 | 388 | 397 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Guru /Teachers | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 267 | 381 | 207 | 292 | 474 | 673 |
| Merangin | 199 | 251 | 419 | 546 | 618 | 797 |
| Sarolangun | 171 | 207 | 405 | 545 | 576 | 752 |
| Batang Hari | 165 | 229 | 329 | 368 | 494 | 597 |
| Muaro Jambi | 204 | 252 | 472 | 492 | 676 | 744 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 117 | 128 | 357 | 327 | 474 | 455 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 102 | 119 | 537 | 628 | 639 | 747 |
| Tebo | 123 | 173 | 618 | 693 | 741 | 866 |
| Bungo | 193 | 223 | 387 | 470 | 580 | 693 |
| Kota Jambi | 251 | 344 | 412 | 512 | 663 | 856 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 104 | 127 | 62 | 65 | 166 | 192 |
| Jambi | 1 896 | 2 434 | 4 205 | 4 938 | 6 101 | 7 372 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 4.1.6*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Murid/Pupils | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | Negeri/ <i>Public</i> | | Swasta/ <i>Private</i> | | Jumlah/ <i>Total</i> | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 1 500 | 1 658 | 2 246 | 2 164 | 3 746 | 3 822 |
| Merangin | 1 899 | 1 819 | 5 359 | 4 732 | 7 258 | 6 551 |
| Sarolangun | 1 612 | 1 714 | 3 317 | 3 491 | 4 929 | 5 205 |
| Batang Hari | 2 065 | 2 048 | 2 523 | 2 416 | 4 588 | 4 464 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 967 | 1 968 | 4 433 | 4 480 | 6 400 | 6 448 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 452 | 1 326 | 2 389 | 2 180 | 3 841 | 3 506 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 117 | 994 | 4 593 | 4 861 | 5 710 | 5 855 |
| Tebo | 1 388 | 1 281 | 6 668 | 7 216 | 8 056 | 8 497 |
| Bungo | 1 901 | 1 862 | 3 424 | 4 103 | 5 325 | 5 965 |
| Kota Jambi | 3 851 | 3 798 | 5 242 | 5 566 | 9 093 | 9 364 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 159 | 1 118 | 408 | 392 | 1 567 | 1 510 |
| Jambi | 19 911 | 19 586 | 40 602 | 41 601 | 60 513 | 61 187 |

Sumber/*Source*: Kementerian Agama, EMIS, data semester ganjil/*Ministry of Religious Affairs, EMIS, odd semester*

Tabel
Table 4.1.7

Jumlah Sekolah, Guru, dan Murid Sekolah Menengah Atas (SMA) di Bawah Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022
Number of Schools, Teachers, and Pupils in Senior High Schools Under The Ministry of Education and Culture by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sekolah/Schools | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 14 | 14 | - | - | 14 | 14 |
| Merangin | 20 | 20 | 3 | 3 | 23 | 23 |
| Sarolangun | 14 | 14 | 8 | 8 | 22 | 22 |
| Batang Hari | 11 | 11 | 6 | 6 | 17 | 17 |
| Muaro Jambi | 16 | 16 | 7 | 7 | 23 | 23 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 10 | 10 | 2 | 2 | 12 | 12 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 18 | 18 | 8 | 9 | 26 | 27 |
| Tebo | 20 | 20 | 2 | 3 | 22 | 23 |
| Bungo | 20 | 20 | 3 | 3 | 23 | 23 |
| Kota Jambi | 13 | 13 | 33 | 32 | 46 | 45 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 5 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 6 |
| Jambi | 161 | 161 | 73 | 74 | 234 | 235 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.7

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Guru /Teachers | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 587 | 573 | - | - | 587 | 573 |
| Merangin | 551 | 525 | 19 | 18 | 570 | 543 |
| Sarolangun | 384 | 372 | 88 | 78 | 472 | 450 |
| Batang Hari | 346 | 337 | 53 | 56 | 399 | 393 |
| Muaro Jambi | 517 | 517 | 85 | 73 | 602 | 590 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 276 | 256 | 14 | 13 | 290 | 269 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 405 | 385 | 61 | 55 | 466 | 440 |
| Tebo | 502 | 512 | 12 | 13 | 514 | 525 |
| Bungo | 538 | 524 | 18 | 14 | 556 | 538 |
| Kota Jambi | 771 | 756 | 436 | 382 | 1 207 | 1 138 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 373 | 364 | 11 | 10 | 384 | 374 |
| Jambi | 5 250 | 5 121 | 797 | 712 | 6 047 | 5 833 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.7

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Murid/Pupils | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 5 095 | 4 695 | - | - | 5 095 | 4 695 |
| Merangin | 7 070 | 6 949 | 194 | 185 | 7 264 | 7 134 |
| Sarolangun | 4 765 | 4 647 | 787 | 732 | 5 552 | 5 379 |
| Batang Hari | 5 894 | 5 855 | 819 | 920 | 6 713 | 6 775 |
| Muaro Jambi | 7 148 | 7 358 | 1 160 | 1 143 | 8 308 | 8 501 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 194 | 4 093 | 250 | 231 | 4 444 | 4 324 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 5 472 | 5 515 | 713 | 815 | 6 185 | 6 330 |
| Tebo | 6 509 | 6 363 | 98 | 160 | 6 607 | 6 523 |
| Bungo | 7 149 | 6 815 | 59 | 54 | 7 208 | 6 869 |
| Kota Jambi | 12 716 | 12 421 | 4 631 | 4 832 | 17 347 | 17 253 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 3 786 | 3 793 | 26 | 6 | 3 812 | 3 799 |
| Jambi | 69 798 | 68 504 | 8 737 | 9 078 | 78 535 | 77 582 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Pendidikan, Kebudayaan, Riset, dan Teknologi, Sistem Data Pokok Pendidikan, data semester ganjil 2021/ Ministry of Education, Culture, Research, and Technology, Basic Education Data System, odd semester 2021

Tabel
Table 4.1.8

Jumlah Sekolah, Guru, dan Murid Sekolah Menengah Kejuruan (SMK) di Bawah Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022
Number of Schools, Teachers, and Pupils in Vocational High Schools Under The Ministry of Education and Culture by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sekolah/Schools | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|------------|----------------|-----------|--------------|------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 7 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 8 | 8 |
| Merangin | 15 | 15 | 5 | 5 | 20 | 20 |
| Sarolangun | 14 | 14 | 9 | 10 | 23 | 24 |
| Batang Hari | 9 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 11 | 11 |
| Muaro Jambi | 11 | 11 | 6 | 6 | 17 | 17 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 6 | 6 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 7 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 9 | 9 | 2 | 2 | 11 | 11 |
| Tebo | 9 | 9 | 11 | 11 | 20 | 20 |
| Bungo | 13 | 13 | 6 | 6 | 19 | 19 |
| Kota Jambi | 6 | 6 | 29 | 29 | 35 | 35 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 5 | 5 | - | - | 5 | 5 |
| Jambi | 104 | 104 | 72 | 73 | 176 | 177 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.8

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Guru /Teachers | | | | | |
|--|----------------|--------------|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 263 | 276 | 12 | 13 | 275 | 289 |
| Merangin | 456 | 465 | 48 | 57 | 504 | 522 |
| Sarolangun | 372 | 368 | 102 | 103 | 474 | 471 |
| Batang Hari | 248 | 240 | 24 | 22 | 272 | 262 |
| Muaro Jambi | 324 | 320 | 60 | 60 | 384 | 380 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 141 | 138 | 18 | 21 | 159 | 159 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 240 | 245 | 15 | 13 | 255 | 258 |
| Tebo | 258 | 248 | 139 | 143 | 397 | 391 |
| Bungo | 352 | 384 | 87 | 87 | 439 | 471 |
| Kota Jambi | 498 | 496 | 476 | 459 | 974 | 955 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 313 | 304 | - | - | 313 | 304 |
| Jambi | 3 465 | 3 484 | 981 | 978 | 4 446 | 4 462 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.8

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Murid/Pupils | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 1 517 | 1 563 | 51 | 49 | 1 568 | 1 612 |
| Merangin | 5 075 | 4 749 | 472 | 493 | 5 547 | 5 242 |
| Sarolangun | 3 965 | 4 260 | 1 257 | 1 287 | 5 222 | 5 547 |
| Batang Hari | 3 795 | 3 668 | 139 | 93 | 3 934 | 3 761 |
| Muaro Jambi | 4 093 | 3 962 | 828 | 943 | 4 921 | 4 905 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 630 | 1 643 | 140 | 127 | 1 770 | 1 770 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 3 376 | 3 259 | 62 | 66 | 3 438 | 3 325 |
| Tebo | 3 694 | 3 762 | 1 466 | 1 374 | 5 160 | 5 136 |
| Bungo | 4 741 | 4 615 | 752 | 787 | 5 493 | 5 402 |
| Kota Jambi | 8 732 | 8 792 | 6 194 | 6 014 | 14 926 | 14 806 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 340 | 2 194 | - | - | 2 340 | 2 194 |
| Jambi | 42 958 | 42 467 | 11 361 | 11 233 | 54 319 | 53 700 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Pendidikan, Kebudayaan, Riset, dan Teknologi, Sistem Data Pokok Pendidikan, data semester ganjil 2021/ Ministry of Education, Culture, Research, and Technology, Basic Education Data System, odd semester 2021

Tabel 4.1.9 Jumlah Sekolah, Guru, dan Murid Madrasah Aliyah (MA) di Bawah Kementerian Agama Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022
Number of Schools, Teachers, and Pupils in Madrasah Aliyah (MA) Under the Ministry of Religious Affairs by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020/2021 dan 2021/2022

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sekolah/Schools | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------|----------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 3 | 3 | 8 | 8 | 11 | 11 |
| Merangin | 3 | 3 | 21 | 22 | 24 | 25 |
| Sarolangun | 2 | 2 | 19 | 21 | 21 | 23 |
| Batang Hari | 5 | 5 | 16 | 16 | 21 | 21 |
| Muaro Jambi | 4 | 4 | 18 | 19 | 22 | 23 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2 | 2 | 22 | 22 | 24 | 24 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 | 2 | 22 | 22 | 24 | 24 |
| Tebo | 2 | 2 | 27 | 27 | 29 | 29 |
| Bungo | 3 | 3 | 18 | 19 | 21 | 22 |
| Kota Jambi | 3 | 3 | 17 | 18 | 20 | 21 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Jambi | 31 | 31 | 190 | 196 | 221 | 227 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.1.9

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Guru /Teachers | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | Negeri/ <i>Public</i> | | Swasta/ <i>Private</i> | | Jumlah/ <i>Total</i> | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 124 | 156 | 156 | 176 | 280 | 332 |
| Merangin | 73 | 102 | 240 | 350 | 313 | 452 |
| Sarolangun | 60 | 80 | 198 | 260 | 258 | 340 |
| Batang Hari | 94 | 141 | 182 | 209 | 276 | 350 |
| Muaro Jambi | 115 | 199 | 179 | 225 | 294 | 424 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 57 | 62 | 275 | 261 | 332 | 323 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 63 | 73 | 297 | 339 | 360 | 412 |
| Tebo | 54 | 86 | 260 | 334 | 314 | 420 |
| Bungo | 108 | 138 | 183 | 240 | 291 | 378 |
| Kota Jambi | 107 | 211 | 268 | 300 | 375 | 511 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 108 | 133 | 41 | 45 | 149 | 178 |
| Jambi | 963 | 1 381 | 2 279 | 2 739 | 3 242 | 4 120 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Murid/Pupils | | | | | |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 | 2020/2021 | 2021/2022 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 882 | 759 | 683 | 687 | 1 565 | 1 446 |
| Merangin | 906 | 843 | 2 589 | 2 715 | 3 495 | 3 558 |
| Sarolangun | 417 | 366 | 1 468 | 1 440 | 1 885 | 1 806 |
| Batang Hari | 1 081 | 1 067 | 1 373 | 1 449 | 2 454 | 2 516 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 252 | 1 077 | 1 405 | 1 543 | 2 657 | 2 620 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 646 | 602 | 2 031 | 1 779 | 2 677 | 2 381 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 732 | 661 | 3 217 | 3 183 | 3 949 | 3 844 |
| Tebo | 558 | 462 | 2 732 | 2 840 | 3 290 | 3 302 |
| Bungo | 1 077 | 1 158 | 1 426 | 1 413 | 2 503 | 2 571 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 920 | 2 145 | 2 779 | 3 010 | 4 699 | 5 155 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 158 | 1 077 | 183 | 129 | 1 341 | 1 206 |
| Jambi | 10 629 | 10 217 | 19 886 | 20 188 | 30 515 | 30 405 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Agama, EMIS, data semester ganjil/Ministry of Religious Affairs, EMIS, odd semester

Tabel
Table 4.1.10

Jumlah Perguruan Tinggi¹, Tenaga Pendidik, dan Mahasiswa² (Negeri dan Swasta) di Bawah Kementerian Riset, Teknologi dan Pendidikan Tinggi Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021
Number of Universities¹, Lecturers, and Students² (State and Private) Under the Ministry of Research, Technology and High Education by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020 dan 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jumlah Perguruan Tinggi Number of Universities | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|----------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Merangin | - | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | 1 | - | 1 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | 1 | - | 1 | - |
| Bungo | - | - | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 21 | 20 | 21 | 20 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Jambi | 1 | 1 | 40 | 39 | 41 | 40 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.1.10

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Jumlah Mahasiswa <i>Number of Students</i> | | | | | |
|---|---|---------------|------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---------------|
| | Negeri/ <i>Public</i> | | Swasta/ <i>Private</i> | | Jumlah/ <i>Total</i> | |
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | - | - | 510 | 422 | 510 | 422 |
| Merangin | - | - | 1 950 | 2 076 | 1 950 | 2 076 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 1 619 | 1 598 | 1 619 | 1 598 |
| Muaro Jambi | 35 296 | 31 985 | - | - | 35 296 | 31 985 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | 7 094 | 5 366 | 7 094 | 5 366 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 19 955 | 20 314 | 19 955 | 20 314 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 4 133 | 6 417 | 4 133 | 6 417 |
| Jambi | 35 296 | 31 985 | 35 261 | 36 193 | 70 557 | 68 178 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.10

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Jumlah Tenaga Pendidik Number of Lecturers | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | - | - | 58 | 58 | 58 | 58 |
| Merangin | - | - | 120 | 113 | 120 | 113 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 77 | 77 | 77 | 77 |
| Muaro Jambi | 967 | 1 100 | - | - | 967 | 1 100 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | 6 | - | 6 | - |
| Bungo | - | - | 211 | 200 | 211 | 200 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 862 | 875 | 862 | 875 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 161 | 154 | 161 | 154 |
| Jambi | 967 | 31 985 | 1 495 | 1 477 | 2 462 | 2 577 |

Catatan/Note: 2020

¹Termasuk Institut, Sekolah Tinggi, Akademi, dan Politeknik/ Including Institute, College, Academy, and Polytechnic
²Data semester ganjil 2018 dan 2019/2018 and 2019 odd semester data

2021

Termasuk Institut, Sekolah Tinggi, Akademi, dan Politeknik/ Including Institute, College, Academy, and Polytechnic
 Data semester ganjil 2020/2020 odd semester data

Sumber/Source:

2020

Pangkalan Data Pendidikan Tinggi (PDDikti) Kementerian Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan, data diambil pada bulan Desember 2019 dan Desember 2020/ Pangkalan Data Pendidikan Tinggi (PDDikti) Ministry of Education and Culture, data was taken on December 2019 and December 2020

2021

Pangkalan Data Pendidikan Tinggi (PDDikti) Kementerian Pendidikan, Kebudayaan, Riset, dan Teknologi, data diambil pada bulan Desember 2021/ Pangkalan Data Pendidikan Tinggi (PDDikti) Ministry of Education, Culture, Research, and Technology, data was taken on December 2021

Tabel
Table 4.1.11**Jumlah Perguruan Tinggi¹, Tenaga Pendidik, dan Mahasiswa (Negeri dan Swasta) di Bawah Kementerian Agama Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021****Number of Universities¹, Lecturers, and Students (State and Private) Under the Ministry of Religious Affairs by Regency/ Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020 dan 2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jumlah Perguruan Tinggi Number of Universities | | | | | |
|--|---|----------|----------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Jumlah/Total | |
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | 1 | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 3 | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Tebo | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Bungo | - | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Jambi | 2 | 2 | 17 | 17 | 19 | 19 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.11

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jumlah Mahasiswa Number of Students | | | | | |
|--|--|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| | Negeri/Public | | Swasta/Private | | Swasta/Private | |
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | 1 358 | 1 652 | 1 358 | 1 652 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | 1 335 | 1 346 | 1 335 | 1 346 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 2 459 | 2 574 | 2 459 | 2 574 |
| Muaro Jambi | 17 817 | 18 110 | - | - | 17 817 | 18 110 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 470 | 2 076 | 470 | 2 076 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 1 877 | 441 | 1 877 | 441 |
| Tebo | - | - | 1 252 | 2 698 | 1 252 | 2 698 |
| Bungo | - | - | 2 718 | 1 372 | 2 718 | 1 372 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 1 859 | 2 295 | 1 859 | 2 295 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 4 939 | 5 435 | 211 | 1 | 5 150 | 5 436 |
| Jambi | 22 756 | 23 545 | 13 539 | 14 455 | 36 295 | 38 000 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.1.11

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Jumlah Tenaga Pendidik <i>Number of Lecturers</i> | | | | | |
|---|--|------------|------------------------|------------|----------------------|--------------|
| | Negeri/ <i>Public</i> | | Swasta/ <i>Private</i> | | Jumlah/ <i>Total</i> | |
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | 32 | 51 | 32 | 51 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 91 | 91 | 91 | 91 |
| Muaro Jambi | 314 | 314 | - | - | 314 | 314 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 22 | 88 | 22 | 88 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 88 | 17 | 88 | 17 |
| Tebo | - | - | 90 | 100 | 90 | 100 |
| Bungo | - | - | 88 | 89 | 88 | 89 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 121 | 120 | 121 | 120 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 125 | 152 | 21 | 21 | 146 | 173 |
| Jambi | 439 | 466 | 628 | 652 | 1 067 | 1 118 |

Sumber/*Source*: Kementerian Riset, Teknologi dan Pendidikan Tinggi/*Ministry of Research, Technology and High Education*

Tabel
Table 4.1.12

Persentase Penduduk Usia 7–24 Tahun Menurut Jenis Kelamin, Kelompok Umur Sekolah, dan Partisipasi Sekolah¹ di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021
Percentage of Population Aged 7–24 Years by Sex, School Age Group, and School Participation¹ in Jambi Province, 2019–2021

| Jenis Kelamin dan Kelompok Umur Sekolah <i>Sex and School Age Group</i> | 2019 | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| | Tidak/Belum Pernah Sekolah <i>Not/Never Attending School</i> | Masih Sekolah <i>Attending School</i> | Tidak Sekolah Lagi <i>Not Attending School Anymore</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Laki-laki/Male | | | |
| 7-12 | 0,29 | 99,59 | 0,12 |
| 13-15 | 0,15 | 96,04 | 3,81 |
| 16-18 | 0,52 | 71,16 | 28,32 |
| 19-24 | 0,39 | 23,02 | 76,60 |
| 7-24 | 0,34 | 69,62 | 30,04 |
| Perempuan/Female | | | |
| 7-12 | 0,10 | 99,81 | 0,08 |
| 13-15 | 0,18 | 96,77 | 3,05 |
| 16-18 | 0,97 | 72,82 | 26,21 |
| 19-24 | 0,27 | 23,64 | 76,10 |
| 7-24 | 0,31 | 70,84 | 28,85 |
| Jumlah/Total | | | |
| 7-12 | 0,20 | 99,70 | 0,10 |
| 13-15 | 0,17 | 96,42 | 3,42 |
| 16-18 | 0,73 | 71,97 | 27,30 |
| 19-24 | 0,33 | 23,32 | 76,35 |
| 7-24 | 0,32 | 70,21 | 29,46 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.12

| Jenis Kelamin dan Kelompok Umur Sekolah <i>Sex and School Age Group</i> | 2020 | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| | Tidak/Belum Pernah Sekolah <i>Not/Never Attending School</i> | Masih Sekolah <i>Attending School</i> | Tidak Sekolah Lagi <i>Not Attending School Anymore</i> |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Laki-laki/Male | | | |
| 7-12 | 0,05 | 99,74 | 0,21 |
| 13-15 | 0,40 | 95,98 | 3,62 |
| 16-18 | 0,53 | 70,68 | 28,78 |
| 19-24 | 0,32 | 22,70 | 76,99 |
| 7-24 | 0,27 | 69,72 | 30,01 |
| Perempuan/Female | | | |
| 7-12 | 0,07 | 99,89 | 0,04 |
| 13-15 | 0,40 | 96,83 | 2,77 |
| 16-18 | 0,58 | 74,24 | 25,18 |
| 19-24 | 0,42 | 24,86 | 74,72 |
| 7-24 | 0,31 | 71,86 | 27,83 |
| Jumlah/Total | | | |
| 7-12 | 0,06 | 99,82 | 0,12 |
| 13-15 | 0,40 | 96,41 | 3,19 |
| 16-18 | 0,56 | 72,37 | 27,08 |
| 19-24 | 0,37 | 23,75 | 75,88 |
| 7-24 | 0,29 | 70,77 | 28,94 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.12

| Jenis Kelamin dan Kelompok Umur Sekolah <i>Sex and School Age Group</i> | 2021 | | |
|--|---|--|---|
| | Tidak/Belum Pernah Sekolah <i>Not/Never Attending School</i> | Masih Sekolah <i>Attending School</i> | Tidak Sekolah Lagi <i>Not Attending School Anymore</i> |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Laki-laki/Male | | | |
| 7-12 | 0,53 | 99,35 | 0,12 |
| 13-15 | 0,63 | 95,92 | 3,45 |
| 16-18 | 0,00 | 72,82 | 27,18 |
| 19-24 | 0,24 | 21,39 | 78,37 |
| 7-24 | 0,35 | 68,63 | 31,02 |
| Perempuan/Female | | | |
| 7-12 | 0,03 | 99,97 | 0,00 |
| 13-15 | 0,21 | 96,89 | 2,90 |
| 16-18 | 0,62 | 72,18 | 27,20 |
| 19-24 | 0,08 | 26,93 | 72,99 |
| 7-24 | 0,17 | 70,54 | 29,29 |
| Jumlah/Total | | | |
| 7-12 | 0,28 | 99,66 | 0,06 |
| 13-15 | 0,42 | 96,39 | 3,19 |
| 16-18 | 0,31 | 72,50 | 27,19 |
| 19-24 | 0,16 | 24,14 | 75,70 |
| 7-24 | 0,27 | 69,57 | 30,16 |

Catatan/Note: ¹Termasuk pendidikan nonformal (Paket A, Paket B, atau Paket C)/ Including Package A, Package B, or Package C
 Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.1.13

Angka Partisipasi Murni (APM) dan Angka Partisipasi Kasar (APK) Menurut Jenjang Pendidikan di Provinsi Jambi, 2020–2021
Net Participation Rates and Gross Participation Rates by Educational Level in Jambi Province, 2020–2021

| Jenjang Pendidikan Educational Level | Angka Partisipasi Murni (APM) Net Participation Rates | | Angka Partisipasi Kasar (APK) Gross Participation Rates | |
|---|--|-------|--|--------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| SD/MI Elementary School | 99,11 | 99,41 | 109,39 | 109,48 |
| SMP/MTs Junior High School | 79,93 | 79,88 | 88,91 | 88,96 |
| SMA/SMK/MA Senior High School | 61,38 | 61,56 | 83,71 | 84,47 |

Sumber/Source: BPS/ Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel 4.1.14
Table

Persentase Penduduk Berumur 15 Tahun ke Atas yang Melek Huruf Menurut Kelompok Umur dan Daerah Tempat Tinggal di Provinsi Jambi, 2020–2021
Percentage of Literate People Aged 15 Years and Over by Age Group and Urban-Rural Classification in Jambi Province, 2020–2021

| Kelompok Umur Age Group | Perkotaan Urban | | Perdesaan Rurals | | Perkotaan+Perdesaan Urban+Rural | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| 15–19 | 99,80 | 100,00 | 99,90 | 99,86 | 99,90 | 99,89 |
| 20–24 | 100,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 | 99,96 | 99,98 | 99,97 |
| 25–29 | 99,90 | 100,00 | 99,90 | 99,98 | 99,90 | 99,88 |
| 30–34 | 100,00 | 100,00 | 99,80 | 99,72 | 99,90 | 99,81 |
| 35–39 | 100,00 | 100,00 | 99,20 | 99,45 | 99,50 | 99,53 |
| 40–44 | 100,00 | 100,00 | 99,10 | 98,98 | 99,40 | 99,32 |
| 45–49 | 100,00 | 100,00 | 99,50 | 100,00 | 99,70 | 100,00 |
| 50+ | 98,60 | 97,00 | 91,80 | 92,00 | 93,40 | 93,54 |
| Jumlah/Total | 99,11 | 99,00 | 97,75 | 97,59 | 98,19 | 98,08 |
| 15–24 | 99,92 | 100,00 | 99,93 | 99,91 | 99,92 | 99,93 |
| 15–44 | 99,95 | 100,00 | 99,64 | 99,67 | 99,74 | 99,76 |
| 15+ | 99,11 | 99,99 | 97,75 | 97,59 | 98,19 | 98,08 |
| 45+ | 97,45 | 98,00 | 93,91 | 93,94 | 95,09 | 95,12 |

Sumber/Source: BPS/ Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel 4.1.15 Jumlah Desa¹/Kelurahan yang Memiliki Fasilitas Sekolah Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Tingkat Pendidikan di Provinsi Jambi, 2019– 2021
Number of Villages¹ Having Educational Facilities by Regency/Municipality and Educational Level in Jambi Province, 2019– 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | SD Primary School | | |
|--|----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 221 | 222 | 214 |
| Merangin | 214 | 214 | 213 |
| Sarolangun | 156 | 156 | 154 |
| Batang Hari | 123 | 124 | 121 |
| Muaro Jambi | 152 | 153 | 152 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 92 | 92 | 90 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 129 | 130 | 127 |
| Tebo | 112 | 112 | 109 |
| Bungo | 153 | 153 | 151 |
| Kota Jambi | 60 | 59 | 58 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 59 | 58 | 57 |
| Jambi | 1 471 | 1 473 | 1 446 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.1.15

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | SMP <i>Junior High School</i> | | |
|---|----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 69 | 73 | 69 |
| Merangin | 106 | 108 | 111 |
| Sarolangun | 87 | 89 | 87 |
| Batang Hari | 59 | 62 | 64 |
| Muaro Jambi | 91 | 93 | 95 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 59 | 60 | 59 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 89 | 84 | 82 |
| Tebo | 72 | 73 | 72 |
| Bungo | 78 | 83 | 81 |
| Kota Jambi | 44 | 43 | 44 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Jambi | 770 | 784 | 780 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.15

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | SMA Senior High School | | |
|--|---------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Kerinci | 25 | 25 | 23 |
| Merangin | 43 | 41 | 39 |
| Sarolangun | 37 | 35 | 35 |
| Batang Hari | 27 | 31 | 31 |
| Muaro Jambi | 37 | 39 | 40 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 31 | 32 | 30 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 42 | 45 | 42 |
| Tebo | 36 | 38 | 34 |
| Bungo | 37 | 39 | 41 |
| Kota Jambi | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 9 | 10 | 10 |
| Jambi | 359 | 370 | 360 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.1.15

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | SMK Vocational School | | |
|--|--------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| Merangin | 18 | 19 | 19 |
| Sarolangun | 25 | 25 | 24 |
| Batang Hari | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| Muaro Jambi | 16 | 17 | 17 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 11 | 12 | 11 |
| Tebo | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| Bungo | 18 | 18 | 19 |
| Kota Jambi | 23 | 22 | 21 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Jambi | 157 | 159 | 158 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.1.15

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Perguruan Tinggi University | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
| Kerinci | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| Merangin | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Sarolangun | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Batang Hari | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Muaro Jambi | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| Tebo | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Bungo | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Kota Jambi | 19 | 17 | 15 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 7 | 7 | 6 |
| Jambi | 53 | 47 | 42 |

Catatan/Note: ¹Desa pada tabel ini termasuk Unit Permukiman Transmigrasi (UPT) yang masih dibina oleh kementerian terkait dan nagari di Provinsi Sumatera Barat/ Villages in this table include Transmigration Settlement Unit which is still fostered by the relevant ministries and the nagari in the Province of Sumatera Barat

Sumber/Source: BPS, Pendataan Potensi Desa (Podes)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Village Potential Data Collection

4.2 KESEHATAN HEALTH

Tabel 4.2.1 **Jumlah Desa¹/Kelurahan Yang Memiliki Sarana Kesehatan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021**
Number of Villages¹ Having Health Facilities by Regency/ Municipality in Jambi Province, 2019–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Rumah Sakit Hospital | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Sarolangun | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Batang Hari | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Muaro Jambi | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Tebo | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Bungo | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| Kota Jambi | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| Jambi | 37 | 39 | 37 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Rumah Sakit Bersalin Maternity Hospital | | |
|--|--|----------|----------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | 1 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | 2 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 1 | 3 | 2 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Poliklinik <i>Polyclinic</i> | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Kerinci | – | – | 2 |
| Merangin | 7 | 9 | 10 |
| Sarolangun | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| Batang Hari | 10 | 10 | 8 |
| Muaro Jambi | 10 | 10 | 14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 9 | 10 | 14 |
| Tebo | 6 | 5 | 6 |
| Bungo | 10 | 13 | 14 |
| Kota Jambi | 21 | 25 | 26 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 82 | 90 | 100 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Puskesmas Public Health Center | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 21 | 21 | 24 |
| Merangin | 32 | 31 | 27 |
| Sarolangun | 16 | 15 | 16 |
| Batang Hari | 20 | 21 | 19 |
| Muaro Jambi | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Tebo | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Bungo | 21 | 20 | 20 |
| Kota Jambi | 21 | 21 | 20 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 11 | 12 | 11 |
| Jambi | 217 | 216 | 212 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Puskesmas Pembantu <i>Subsidiary of Public Health Center</i> | | |
|---|---|------------|------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
| Kerinci | 49 | 51 | 48 |
| Merangin | 90 | 92 | 74 |
| Sarolangun | 51 | 52 | 49 |
| Batang Hari | 57 | 57 | 62 |
| Muaro Jambi | 89 | 87 | 90 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 57 | 59 | 58 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 72 | 75 | 70 |
| Tebo | 39 | 38 | 36 |
| Bungo | 66 | 61 | 59 |
| Kota Jambi | 34 | 35 | 35 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 4 | 4 | 2 |
| Jambi | 608 | 611 | 583 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Apotek Pharmacy | | |
|--|--------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 13 | 24 | 16 |
| Merangin | 16 | 25 | 21 |
| Sarolangun | 14 | 17 | 18 |
| Batang Hari | 10 | 11 | 11 |
| Muaro Jambi | 18 | 31 | 28 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 15 | 13 | 12 |
| Tebo | 17 | 16 | 19 |
| Bungo | 15 | 22 | 22 |
| Kota Jambi | 43 | 46 | 43 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 8 | 11 | 11 |
| Jambi | 180 | 228 | 214 |

Catatan/Note: ¹Desa pada tabel ini termasuk Unit Permukiman Transmigrasi (UPT) yang masih dibina oleh kementerian terkait dan nagari di Provinsi Sumatera Barat/ Villages in this table include Transmigration Settlement Unit which is still fostered by the relevant ministries and the nagari in the Province of Sumatera Barat

Sumber/Source: BPS, Pendataan Potensi Desa (Podes)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Village Potential Data Collection

Tabel
Table 4.2.2

Distribusi Persentase Wanita Berumur 15–49 Tahun yang Pernah Kawin dan Melahirkan Hidup dalam Dua Tahun Terakhir Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Penolong Persalinan di Provinsi Jambi, 2020–2021
Percentage Distribution of Ever Married Women Aged 15–49 Years Who Had Live Birth in The Two Years Preceding The Survey by Regency/Municipality and Last Birth Attendance in Jambi Province, 2020–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Dokter ¹ Doctor ¹ | | Bidan Midwife | | Tenaga Kesehatan Lain Other Medical Personnel | |
|--|--|--------------|------------------|--------------|--|-------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 40,35 | 20,75 | 57,99 | 79,25 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Merangin | 26,55 | 17,88 | 57,06 | 72,77 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Sarolangun | 23,68 | 29,58 | 58,52 | 60,67 | 1,35 | 3,22 |
| Batang Hari | 31,95 | 36,60 | 60,55 | 60,40 | 0,58 | 0,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 28,56 | 29,35 | 63,45 | 67,98 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 22,78 | 23,58 | 69,84 | 71,12 | 3,49 | 0,80 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 14,45 | 32,71 | 77,06 | 57,56 | 0,00 | 1,17 |
| Tebo | 32,92 | 30,29 | 65,75 | 60,62 | 0,00 | 1,78 |
| Bungo | 24,00 | 35,32 | 68,72 | 57,05 | 1,47 | 0,70 |
| Kota Jambi | 44,07 | 43,03 | 54,37 | 55,08 | 1,56 | 1,90 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 31,50 | 30,33 | 68,49 | 69,67 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Jambi | 29,72 | 31,01 | 62,91 | 63,21 | 0,75 | 0,99 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.2.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Dukun Traditional Birth Attendant | | Lainnya ² Others ² | | Jumlah Total | |
|--|---|-------------|---|-------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 1,66 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Merangin | 16,39 | 9,35 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Sarolangun | 16,46 | 6,53 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Batang Hari | 6,92 | 3,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 7,99 | 1,34 | 0,00 | 1,33 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 3,89 | 4,50 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 8,49 | 6,92 | 0,00 | 1,64 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Tebo | 1,33 | 7,31 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Bungo | 5,81 | 6,93 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |
| Jambi | 6,63 | 4,46 | 0,00 | 0,32 | 100,00 | 100,00 |

Catatan/Note: 2020

¹ Dokter kandungan dan dokter umum/Obstetrician and general practice doctor

² Perawat dan tenaga medis lainnya (pada tahun 2017 tenaga kesehatan lainnya adalah perawat)/Nurse and other medical personnel (in 2017, other medical personnel is nurse)

³ Termasuk tidak ada penolong Persalinan/Including not using a birth attender
2021

¹ Dokter kandungan dan dokter umum/ Obstetrician and general practice doctor

² Termasuk tidak ada penolong Persalinan/ Including not using a birth attender

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.2.3

**Jumlah Tenaga Kesehatan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di
Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021**
*Number of Health Human Resources by Regency/
Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2020 | | | | |
|--|--|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Dokter ¹ Doctor ¹ | Dokter Gigi ² Dentist ² | Perawat Nurse | Bidan Midwife | Tenaga kefarmasian Pharmacist |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 59 | 17 | 634 | 246 | 74 |
| Merangin | 111 | 24 | 714 | 357 | 92 |
| Sarolangun | 78 | 15 | 431 | 412 | 52 |
| Batang Hari | 72 | 21 | 557 | 238 | 50 |
| Muaro Jambi | 119 | 22 | 466 | 438 | 58 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 47 | 11 | 325 | 368 | 39 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 64 | 15 | 457 | 373 | 61 |
| Tebo | 56 | 20 | 425 | 357 | 53 |
| Bungo | 100 | 29 | 780 | 557 | 93 |
| Kota Jambi | 398 | 75 | 2 299 | 659 | 362 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 32 | 8 | 435 | 71 | 39 |
| Jambi | 1 136 | 257 | 7 523 | 4 076 | 973 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.2.3

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2020 | | | |
|--|---|---|-----------------------------|--|
| | Tenaga Kesehatan Masyarakat Public Health worker | Tenaga Kesehatan Lingkungan Enviromental Health Worker | Tenaga Gizi Nutritionist | Ahli Teknologi Laboratorium Medik Medical Laboratory Technician |
| (1) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Kerinci | ... | 27 | 35 | 29 |
| Merangin | ... | 33 | 34 | 61 |
| Sarolangun | ... | 25 | 28 | 41 |
| Batang Hari | ... | 20 | 37 | 40 |
| Muaro Jambi | ... | 37 | 31 | 49 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | ... | 30 | 31 | 45 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | ... | 31 | 32 | 51 |
| Tebo | ... | 23 | 27 | 23 |
| Bungo | ... | 41 | 41 | 50 |
| Kota Jambi | ... | 80 | 79 | 230 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | ... | 29 | 23 | 14 |
| Jambi | ... | 376 | 398 | 633 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.2.3

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2021 | | | | |
|--|--|--|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | Dokter ¹ Doctor ¹ | Dokter Gigi ² Dentist ² | Perawat Nurse | Bidan Midwife | Tenaga kefarmasian Pharmacist |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 76 | 14 | 661 | 493 | 94 |
| Merangin | 141 | 25 | 758 | 1077 | 122 |
| Sarolangun | 103 | 14 | 471 | 511 | 75 |
| Batang Hari | 90 | 21 | 600 | 517 | 66 |
| Muaro Jambi | 129 | 20 | 474 | 659 | 62 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 61 | 11 | 343 | 449 | 52 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 72 | 15 | 491 | 594 | 92 |
| Tebo | 69 | 20 | 470 | 611 | 72 |
| Bungo | 134 | 29 | 847 | 735 | 124 |
| Kota Jambi | 634 | 72 | 2 519 | 845 | 577 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 28 | 7 | 486 | 258 | 52 |
| Jambi | 1 537 | 248 | 8 120 | 6 749 | 1 388 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 4.2.3*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2021 | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------------------|---|
| | Tenaga Kesehatan Masyarakat <i>Public Health worker</i> | Tenaga Kesehatan Lingkungan <i>Environmental Health Worker</i> | Tenaga Gizi <i>Nutritionist</i> | Ahli Teknologi Laboratorium Medik <i>Medical Laboratory Technician</i> |
| (1) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Kerinci | ... | 36 | 55 | 29 |
| Merangin | ... | 44 | 40 | 61 |
| Sarolangun | ... | 32 | 37 | 41 |
| Batang Hari | ... | 27 | 46 | 40 |
| Muaro Jambi | ... | 36 | 33 | 49 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | ... | 29 | 36 | 45 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | ... | 29 | 36 | 51 |
| Tebo | ... | 26 | 35 | 23 |
| Bungo | ... | 49 | 48 | 50 |
| Kota Jambi | ... | 111 | 81 | 230 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | ... | 33 | 30 | 14 |
| Jambi | ... | 452 | 477 | 633 |

Catatan/*Note*: ¹Dokter dalam tabel ini termasuk dokter spesialis (selain spesialis gigi) dan dokter umum/*Doctor in this table include medical specialist (exclude dentist specialist) and general practitioner*

²Dokter gigi dalam tabel ini termasuk dokter spesialis gigi dan dokter gigi/*Doctor in this table include dentist and dentist specialist*

Sumber/*Source*: Dinas Kesehatan Provinsi Jambi / *Office of Health Jambi Province*

Tabel
Table 4.2.4

Persentase Wanita Berumur 15–49 Tahun yang Berstatus Kawin dan Menggunakan KB Menurut Kabupaten/Kota, 2017–2021
Percentage of Married Women Aged 15–49 Years Who are Using Contraception by Regency/Municipality, 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 68,08 | 65,11 | 63,93 | 64,32 | 62,52 |
| Merangin | 59,87 | 62,79 | 63,36 | 58,64 | 61,25 |
| Sarolangun | 62,08 | 53,38 | 56,09 | 65,92 | 59,67 |
| Batang Hari | 62,58 | 58,90 | 60,24 | 54,54 | 61,78 |
| Muaro Jambi | 55,16 | 59,15 | 59,76 | 60,81 | 58,84 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 60,73 | 61,80 | 66,96 | 63,55 | 67,28 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 61,4 | 58,59 | 63,40 | 61,07 | 60,90 |
| Tebo | 63,93 | 68,62 | 66,40 | 67,51 | 64,51 |
| Bungo | 59,52 | 61,08 | 58,90 | 58,08 | 61,98 |
| Kota Jambi | 43,61 | 45,82 | 42,95 | 45,56 | 45,75 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 59,58 | 54,45 | 64,84 | 65,17 | 58,10 |
| Jambi | 58,32 | 58,62 | 59,05 | 59,26 | 59,22 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.2.5

Persentase Penduduk yang Mempunyai Keluhan Kesehatan Selama Sebulan Terakhir Menurut Kabupaten/ Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2017–2021
Percentage of People Who Had Health Complaint During a Month Prior to The Survey by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 21,79 | 23,32 | 21,21 | 22,74 | 19,74 |
| Merangin | 23,14 | 27,87 | 24,57 | 24,65 | 16,46 |
| Sarolangun | 20,00 | 23,04 | 25,74 | 24,25 | 22,63 |
| Batang Hari | 21,18 | 20,32 | 20,50 | 21,51 | 13,77 |
| Muaro Jambi | 15,62 | 15,52 | 17,71 | 14,26 | 11,79 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 18,34 | 31,11 | 22,59 | 21,09 | 14,72 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 19,65 | 21,97 | 15,03 | 11,37 | 9,52 |
| Tebo | 18,79 | 28,63 | 25,18 | 28,65 | 28,38 |
| Bungo | 23,56 | 23,54 | 24,09 | 27,45 | 22,16 |
| Kota Jambi | 21,78 | 16,41 | 19,20 | 21,06 | 12,10 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 27,40 | 25,73 | 24,48 | 25,13 | 21,50 |
| Jambi | 20,62 | 22,41 | 21,42 | 21,63 | 16,83 |

Sumber/Source: BPS Provinsi Jambi, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics of Jambi Province, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel 4.2.6
Table

Kasus Penyakit Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Penyakit di Provinsi Jambi, 2020
Disease by Regency/Municipality and Type of Disease in Provinsi Jambi, 2020

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Angka Penemuan TBC <i>TBC Case Detection Rate</i> | Angka Keberhasilan Pengobatan TBC <i>TBC Success Rate</i> | Jumlah Kasus Baru AIDS ¹ <i>Number of New Cases of AIDS¹</i> |
|---|--|--|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 16,09% | 21,32% | 0 |
| Merangin | 31,45% | 98,54% | 0 |
| Sarolangun | 34,88% | 97,34% | 0 |
| Batang Hari | 29,74% | 81,19% | 0 |
| Muaro Jambi | 12,92% | 98,47% | 0 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 21,98% | 38,52% | 0 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 22,42% | 98,72% | 0 |
| Tebo | 10,74% | 79,72% | 0 |
| Bungo | 23,33% | 93,03% | 4 |
| Kota Jambi | 22,33% | 93,34% | 28 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 8,17% | 83,33% | 0 |
| Jambi | 21,94% | 88,56% | 28 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.2.6

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Penemuan Kasus Baru Kusta per 100.000 Penduduk <i>New Case Detection Rate per 100,000 Population</i> | Angka Kesakitan Malaria per 1.000 Penduduk <i>Annual Parasite Incidence per 1,000 Population</i> | Angka Kesakitan DBD per 100.000 Penduduk <i>DHF Incidence Rate per 100,000 Population</i> |
|---|---|---|--|
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 0,00 | 0,00 | 18,78 |
| Merangin | 1,13 | 0,03 | 32,20 |
| Sarolangun | 0,69 | 0,09 | 15,17 |
| Batang Hari | 0,99 | 0,05 | 55,68 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1,99 | 0,00 | 62,68 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 13,05 | 0,00 | 65,27 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 0,00 | 0,00 | 73,07 |
| Tebo | 2,67 | 0,04 | 41,46 |
| Bungo | 0,55 | 0,00 | 33,67 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,49 | 0,00 | 119,43 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,00 | 0,00 | 65,21 |
| Jambi | 1,27 | 0,02 | 57,94 |

Catatan/*Note*: ¹ Data kasus AIDS pada publikasi tahun bersangkutan dapat berbeda dengan publikasi tahun sebelumnya dikarenakan terdapat penambahan kasus yang belum dilaporkan/*The number of AIDS cases in the publication of the year may be different from the publication of the previous year because there are additional cases that have not been reported*

Sumber/*Source*: Dinas Kesehatan Provinsi Jambi / *Office of Health Jambi Province*

Tabel
Table 4.2.7**Jumlah Kasus Penyakit Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan
Jenis Penyakit di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
*Disease by Regency/Municipality and Type of Disease in
Jambi Province, 2021*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Malaria (Suspek) <i>Malaria (Suspect)</i> | TB Paru <i>Tuberculosis</i> | Pneumonia ¹ <i>Pneumonia¹</i> | Kusta <i>Leprosy</i> | Tetanus Neonatorum <i>Tetanus Neonatorum</i> | Campak <i>Measles</i> |
|---|---|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 121 | 136 | 38 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Merangin | 3 307 | 420 | 144 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Sarolangun | 3 547 | 398 | 52 | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| Batang Hari | 647 | 305 | 11 | 2 | 0 | 3 |
| Muaro Jambi | 23 | 362 | 247 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 333 | 136 | 25 | 19 | 0 | 13 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 94 | 277 | 25 | 5 | 0 | 4 |
| Tebo | 2 548 | 269 | 206 | 7 | 0 | 1 |
| Bungo | 1 293 | 358 | 159 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 622 | 847 | 232 | 2 | 0 | 15 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 216 | 64 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Jambi | 13 751 | 3 572 | 1 160 | 45 | 1 | 37 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.2.7

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Diare ² Diarrhoea ² | DBD Dengue Hemorrhagic Fever | HIV/AIDS ^{3,4} Kasus Baru ^{3,4} New Cases ^{3,4} | HIV/AIDS Kasus Kumulatif Cumulative Cases | Infeksi Menular Seksual (IMS) Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD) |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) |
| Kerinci | - | 6 | - | 2 | - |
| Merangin | - | 13 | - | 9 | - |
| Sarolangun | - | 17 | 3 | 14 | - |
| Batang Hari | - | 9 | 7 | 13 | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | 21 | - | 14 | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | 2 | - | 3 | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | 56 | - | 16 | 12 |
| Tebo | - | 15 | - | 4 | 1 |
| Bungo | - | 28 | - | 17 | 4 |
| Kota Jambi | - | 131 | 25 | 708 | 177 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | 11 | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 0 | 309 | 35 | 800 | 194 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ *Pneumonia pada balita/Pneumonia in children under five years old*

² Jumlah Kejadian luar biasa/Number of extraordinary event

³ Sampai dengan Januari 2017/Up to January 2017

⁴ Data kasus AIDS pada publikasi tahun bersangkutan dapat berbeda dengan publikasi tahun sebelumnya dikarenakan terdapat penambahan kasus yang belum dilaporkan/The case data of AIDS in the newest publication may be different from the previous publication due to the addition of unreported cases

Sumber/Source: Dinas Kesehatan Provinsi Jambi / Office of Health Jambi Province

Tabel
Table 4.2.8**Kasus Kumulatif Covid-19 Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2021¹**
Covid-19 Cumulative Cases by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2021¹

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | "Kasus Konfirmasi Confirmed Case" | "Kasus Sembuh Recovery Case" | "Angka Kesembuhan (%) Recovery Rate (%) " | "Kasus Meninggal Case Fatality" | "Angka Kematian (%) Case Fatality Rate" |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 590 | 564 | 95,59 | 22 | 3,73 |
| Merangin | 1679 | 1585 | 94,40 | 94 | 5,60 |
| Sarolangun | 1036 | 1027 | 99,13 | 9 | 0,87 |
| Batang Hari | 3166 | 3048 | 96,27 | 115 | 3,63 |
| Muaro Jambi | 4134 | 4062 | 98,26 | 68 | 1,64 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2419 | 2353 | 97,27 | 65 | 2,69 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1406 | 1370 | 97,44 | 36 | 2,56 |
| Tebo | 2078 | 2046 | 98,46 | 31 | 1,49 |
| Bungo | 2137 | 2067 | 96,72 | 69 | 3,23 |
| Kota Jambi | 9739 | 9483 | 97,37 | 254 | 2,61 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1408 | 1388 | 98,58 | 20 | 1,42 |
| Jambi² | 29 792 | 28 993 | 97,32 | 780 | 2,62 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Kasus merupakan akumulasi sejak kasus covid-19 masuk ke Indonesia sampai dengan 31 Desember 2021/Cases are accumulations since COVID-19 cases entered Indonesia up to 31 December 2021

² The province number may differ from the total of districts/cities due to the dynamics of returning cases at the Regency/Municipality level

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Kesehatan/Ministry of Health

Tabel
Table 4.2.9

Jumlah Rumah Sakit Umum, Rumah Sakit Khusus, Rumah Sakit/Rumah Bersalin, Puskesmas, Klinik/Balai Kesehatan, Posyandu, dan Polindes Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021
Number of General Hospital, Special Hospital, Maternity Hospital and Public Health Center, Medical Clinic, Integrated Service Post, Village maternity Cottage by Regency/ Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Rumah Sakit Umum General Hospital | | Rumah Sakit Khusus Specialized Hospital | | Rumah Sakit Bersalin/ Rumah Bersalin Maternity Hospital | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------|--|----------|---|------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 1 | 1 | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | 4 | 4 | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 2 | 2 | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | 2 | 2 | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 3 | 3 | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 | 1 | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 | 2 | – | – | – | – |
| Tebo | 2 | 2 | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | 15 | 14 | 2 | 2 | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 1 | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 38 | 37 | 3 | 3 | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Puskesmas ¹ Rawat Inap Public Health Center ¹ with Inpatient Care | | Puskesmas ¹ Non Rawat Inap Public Health Center ¹ without Inpatient Care | |
|--|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ² | 2020 | 2021 ² |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Kerinci | 5 | 5 | 16 | 16 |
| Merangin | 12 | 14 | 15 | 13 |
| Sarolangun | 14 | 14 | 2 | 2 |
| Batang Hari | 8 | 8 | 10 | 10 |
| Muaro Jambi | 7 | 8 | 15 | 14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 5 | 5 | 11 | 11 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 10 | 10 | 7 | 7 |
| Tebo | 7 | 7 | 12 | 12 |
| Bungo | 11 | 11 | 9 | 9 |
| Kota Jambi | 4 | 4 | 16 | 16 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| Jambi | 88 | 91 | 119 | 116 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 4.2.9*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Klinik Pratama Primary Clinic | | Posyandu Intregrated Health Post | |
|--|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) |
| Kerinci | 2 | 2 | 196 | 292 |
| Merangin | 14 | 14 | 426 | 429 |
| Sarolangun | 6 | 8 | 340 | 378 |
| Batang Hari | 3 | 4 | 174 | 158 |
| Muaro Jambi | 21 | 18 | 393 | 391 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 | 5 | 290 | 289 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 16 | 16 | 298 | 298 |
| Tebo | 9 | 9 | 319 | 321 |
| Bungo | 2 | 18 | 287 | 290 |
| Kota Jambi | 62 | 62 | 467 | 468 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 | 2 | 79 | 74 |
| Jambi | 141 | 158 | 3 269 | 3 388 |

Catatan/notes: ¹ Puskesmas yang teregistrasi/*Registered Public Health Center*

² Puskesmas yang teregistrasi per semester I 2021/*Registered Public Health Center*

Sumber/*Source*: Dinas Kesehatan Provinsi Jambi / *Office of Health Jambi Province*

Tabel
Table 4.2.10

Persentase Penduduk yang Mempunyai Keluhan Kesehatan dan Berobat Jalan Selama Sebulan Terakhir Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2017–2021
Percentage of People Who Had Health Complaint and Had Outpatient During a Month Prior to the Survey by Regency/ Municipality in Jambi Province, 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 41,01 | 37,83 | 47,24 | 45,81 | 40,49 |
| Merangin | 37,62 | 40,02 | 44,06 | 32,83 | 29,05 |
| Sarolangun | 33,22 | 34,45 | 26,26 | 29,41 | 22,79 |
| Batang Hari | 42,65 | 42,05 | 58,20 | 41,47 | 36,76 |
| Muaro Jambi | 37,68 | 42,67 | 31,20 | 24,59 | 24,94 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 28,48 | 27,95 | 38,35 | 30,47 | 38,75 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 35,68 | 33,81 | 38,24 | 33,12 | 32,58 |
| Tebo | 42,99 | 35,98 | 41,48 | 31,55 | 22,77 |
| Bungo | 42,37 | 46,00 | 45,50 | 37,91 | 33,40 |
| Kota Jambi | 51,88 | 58,60 | 63,34 | 57,05 | 45,43 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 53,13 | 50,02 | 61,62 | 57,75 | 38,16 |
| Jambi | 41,33 | 40,88 | 44,73 | 38,40 | 31,82 |

Sumber/Source: BPS Provinsi Jambi, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics of Jambi Province, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.2.11

Distribusi Persentase Penduduk yang Mempunyai Keluhan Kesehatan Selama Sebulan Terakhir dan Tidak Berobat Jalan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Alasan Utama Tidak Berobat Jalan di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Percentage Distribution of People Who Had Health Complaint During a Month Prior to the Survey and Had Not Outpatient by Province and Main Reason for not Outpatient in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Tidak punya biaya berobat <i>No money for outpatient</i> | Tidak ada biaya transportasi <i>No money for transportation</i> | Tidak ada sarana transportasi <i>No transportation utilities</i> |
|--|--|---|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 2,48 | 0,18 | 0,00 |
| Merangin | 1,67 | 0,53 | 0,38 |
| Sarolangun | 2,10 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Batang Hari | 2,71 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 0,00 | 0,51 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 0,28 | 0,80 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 0,62 | 0,62 | 0,00 |
| Tebo | 0,91 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Bungo | 0,55 | 0,31 | 0,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,33 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Jambi | 1,07 | 0,23 | 0,04 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.2.11

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Waktu tunggu pelayanan lama <i>Long lay time for health services</i> | Mengobati sendiri <i>Self treatment</i> | Tidak ada yang mendampingi <i>No accompanying</i> | Merasa tidak perlu <i>Not necessary</i> |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| Kerinci | 0,19 | 77,16 | 0,27 | 11,75 |
| Merangin | 0,00 | 60,55 | 0,44 | 32,80 |
| Sarolangun | 0,00 | 75,85 | 0,23 | 10,11 |
| Batang Hari | 0,00 | 52,82 | 0,00 | 35,79 |
| Muaro Jambi | 0,00 | 64,44 | 0,00 | 26,20 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 0,00 | 72,61 | 0,00 | 26,31 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 0,00 | 84,65 | 0,00 | 9,75 |
| Tebo | 0,61 | 85,67 | 0,00 | 12,21 |
| Bungo | 0,00 | 69,48 | 0,00 | 19,62 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 65,48 | 0,00 | 22,59 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,00 | 72,15 | 0,00 | 22,46 |
| Jambi | 0,13 | 72,07 | 0,10 | 19,64 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.2.11

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | "Khawatir Terpapar COVID-19 Worried of Being Exposed to COVID-19" | "Fasilitas Kesehatan Tidak Beroperasi karena COVID-19 Healthcare Facility Closed Due to COVID-19" | Lainnya Others | Jumlah Total |
|--|--|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| (1) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) |
| Kerinci | 4.02 | 0.00 | 3.95 | 100,00 |
| Merangin | 2.80 | 0.00 | 0.83 | 100,00 |
| Sarolangun | 0.00 | 0.00 | 11.71 | 100,00 |
| Batang Hari | 4.75 | 1.83 | 2.10 | 100,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1.04 | 0.00 | 7.81 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2.96 | 0.00 | 1.40 | 100,00 |
| Tebo | 0.30 | 0.00 | 0.30 | 100,00 |
| Bungo | 0.00 | 0.00 | 10.04 | 100,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 3.86 | 0.00 | 8.07 | 100,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 3.87 | 0.00 | 0.19 | 100,00 |
| Jambi | 1.63 | 0.10 | 4.99 | 100,00 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.2.12

Persentase Penduduk Usia 15 Tahun Ke Atas yang Merokok dalam Sebulan Terakhir Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Kelompok Umur di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Percentage of People Aged 15 Years and Above Who are Smoking During a Month Prior to The Survey by Regency/Municipality and Age Group in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 15-24 | 25-34 | 35-44 | 45-54 | 55-64 | 65+ |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 17,82 | 31,44 | 39,14 | 31,28 | 29,86 | 16,84 |
| Merangin | 17,13 | 33,99 | 39,74 | 32,20 | 30,68 | 20,57 |
| Sarolangun | 19,85 | 32,81 | 32,96 | 31,00 | 32,66 | 21,66 |
| Batang Hari | 18,20 | 34,52 | 29,10 | 32,55 | 31,79 | 16,69 |
| Muaro Jambi | 13,99 | 26,75 | 35,64 | 30,01 | 24,71 | 18,46 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 13,08 | 31,02 | 38,72 | 27,97 | 27,42 | 17,09 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 16,53 | 34,92 | 33,10 | 39,20 | 30,27 | 18,49 |
| Tebo | 21,44 | 33,33 | 39,63 | 31,97 | 30,84 | 23,45 |
| Bungo | 19,74 | 38,06 | 39,05 | 31,25 | 24,19 | 20,82 |
| Kota Jambi | 11,11 | 24,37 | 27,43 | 27,80 | 23,78 | 11,45 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 19,10 | 36,81 | 34,86 | 30,49 | 32,84 | 15,67 |
| Jambi | 16,49 | 31,57 | 34,90 | 31,25 | 28,20 | 18,01 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel 4.2.13 **Persentase Penduduk yang Memiliki Jaminan Kesehatan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Jaminan di Provinsi Jambi, 2020–2021**
Percentage of Population Who Has Health Insurance by Regency/Municipality and Types of Health Insurance in Jambi Province, 2020–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | BPJS Kesehatan Penerima Bantuan Iuran (PBI) BPJS Health Insurance for poor and near poor | | BPJS Kesehatan Non-Penerima Bantuan Iuran (Non-PBI) Non-PBI BPJS Health | |
|--|---|--------------|---|--------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 28,77 | 31,05 | 17,80 | 20,24 |
| Merangin | 15,34 | 17,79 | 19,46 | 21,94 |
| Sarolangun | 32,04 | 31,41 | 15,66 | 18,52 |
| Batang Hari | 40,21 | 52,22 | 23,37 | 17,13 |
| Muaro Jambi | 18,92 | 23,37 | 31,76 | 24,37 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 22,83 | 16,40 | 16,33 | 15,29 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 21,85 | 19,44 | 18,01 | 22,52 |
| Tebo | 15,77 | 18,75 | 19,79 | 18,19 |
| Bungo | 16,96 | 17,11 | 22,20 | 19,90 |
| Kota Jambi | 23,77 | 23,24 | 42,94 | 40,13 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 53,71 | 56,16 | 24,73 | 21,77 |
| Jambi | 23,54 | 25,01 | 24,88 | 23,57 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.2.13

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jamkesda Regional Health Insurance | | Asuransi Swasta Private Insurance | | Perusahaan/Kantor Company/Office | |
|--|--|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Kerinci | 0,72 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,10 | 0,24 | 1,07 |
| Merangin | 0,12 | 0,12 | 0,42 | 0,33 | 0,28 | 0,91 |
| Sarolangun | 0,06 | 0,91 | 0,42 | 0,15 | 6,40 | 1,33 |
| Batang Hari | 1,97 | 1,28 | 0,39 | 0,26 | 4,06 | 2,48 |
| Muaro Jambi | 0,31 | 0,50 | 0,21 | 0,00 | 2,09 | 4,74 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 23,61 | 0,00 | 0,10 | 0,04 | 1,38 | 1,24 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1,11 | 0,97 | 0,26 | 0,06 | 2,28 | 4,35 |
| Tebo | 1,10 | 0,66 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,35 | 0,40 |
| Bungo | 1,21 | 0,96 | 0,33 | 0,00 | 2,86 | 1,10 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,71 | 0,86 | 0,99 | 1,97 | 7,22 | 6,43 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 3,14 | 0,13 | 0,39 | 0,22 | 0,35 | 0,26 |
| Jambi | 2,21 | 0,65 | 0,37 | 0,41 | 2,98 | 2,76 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel 4.2.14 **Jumlah Dokter Spesialis, Dokter Umum, dan Dokter Gigi Menurut Sarana Pelayanan Kesehatan di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
Number of Medical Specialist, General Practitioners, and Dentists by Health Facilities in Jambi Province, 2021

| Sarana Pelayanan Kesehatan <i>Health Facilities</i> | Dokter Spesialis <i>Medical Specialist</i> | Dokter Umum <i>General Practitioners</i> | Dokter Gigi <i>Dentists</i> |
|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Puskesmas/ <i>Public Health Center</i> | - | 524 | 156 |
| Rumah Sakit/ <i>Hospital</i> | 404 | 609 | 92 |
| Jambi | 404 | 1 133 | 248 |

Sumber/Source: Dinas Kesehatan Provinsi Jambi / *Office of Health Jambi Province*

Tabel
Table 4.2.15

Jumlah Ibu Hamil, Melakukan Kunjungan K1, Melakukan Kunjungan K4, Kurang Energi Kronis (KEK), dan Mendapat Tablet Zat Besi (Fe) di Provinsi Jambi, 2015–2020
Number of Pregnant Women, Conducting K1 Visits, Conducting K4 Visits, Chronic Energy Lack, and Getting Iron Tablets (Fe) in Jambi Province, 2015–2020

| Tahun Year | Jumlah Ibu Hamil Number of Pregnant Women | Melakukan Kunjungan K1 Conducting K1 Visits | Melakukan Kunjungan K4 Conducting K4 Visits | Kurang Energi Kronis (KEK) Chronic Energy Lack | Mendapat Zat Besi (Fe) Getting Iron Tablets (Fe) |
|---------------|--|--|--|---|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 2015 | 75 860 | 78 392 | 74 045 | 3 862 | 73 553 |
| 2016 | 76 187 | 74 104 | 71 072 | 3 649 | 68 626 |
| 2017 | 78 565 | 76 681 | 73 361 | 4 635 | 70 887 |
| 2018 | 75 053 | 73 022 | 69 162 | 4 551 | 68 264 |
| 2019 | 72 338 | 75 098 | 70 666 | 5 041 | 69 870 |
| 2020 | 71 970 | 85 183 | 62 759 | 5 132 | 64 182 |

Sumber/Source: Dinas Kesehatan Provinsi Jambi / Office of Health Jambi Province

Tabel 4.2.16 Jumlah Remaja Usia 15-24 Tahun yang Mendapat Penyuluhan Tentang Kesehatan Reproduksi (Kespro), HIV/AIDS, dan Keluarga Berencana (KB) Menurut Kabupaten/Kota (kali) di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Number of Adolescents Aged 15-24 Years Who Received Counseling on Reproductive Health, HIV/AIDS, and Family Planning by Regency/Municipality (times) in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Penyuluhan Kespro Reproductive Health Counseling | Penyuluhan HIV/ AIDS HIV/AIDS Counseling | Penyuluhan KB Family Planning Counseling |
|--|--|--|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 410 | 410 | 410 |
| Merangin | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| Sarolangun | 474 | 447 | 474 |
| Batang Hari | 744 | 744 | 744 |
| Muaro Jambi | 405 | 405 | 405 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 400 | 348 | 400 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 196 | 196 | 196 |
| Tebo | 518 | 411 | 518 |
| Bungo | 228 | 228 | 228 |
| Kota Jambi | 667 | 667 | 667 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 606 | 305 | 606 |
| Jambi | 5 148 | 4 661 | 5 148 |

Sumber/Source: Badan Kependudukan dan Keluarga Berencana Nasional (BKKBN) Provinsi Jambi/ National Population and Family Planning Agency (BKKBN) of Jambi Province

Tabel
Table 4.2.17

**Jumlah Klinik Keluarga Berencana (KKB) dan Pos
Pelayanan Keluarga Berencana Desa (PPKBD) Menurut
Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020**
*Number of Family Planning Clinics (KKB) and Village Family
Planning Service Posts (PPKBD) by Regency/Municipality in
Jambi Province, 2020*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | KKB Family Planning Clinics | PPKBD Village Family Planning Service Posts |
|--|--------------------------------|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Kerinci | 114 | 277 |
| Merangin | 259 | 221 |
| Sarolangun | 168 | 158 |
| Batang Hari | 138 | 124 |
| Muaro Jambi | 156 | 168 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 117 | 135 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 161 | 93 |
| Tebo | 91 | 135 |
| Bungo | 177 | 123 |
| Kota Jambi | 107 | 61 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 47 | 74 |
| Jambi | 1 535 | 1 569 |

Sumber/Source: Badan Kependudukan dan Keluarga Berencana Nasional (BKKBN) Provinsi Jambi/ *National Population and Family Planning Agency (BKKBN) of Jambi Province*

Tabel 4.2.18 **Jumlah Pasangan Usia Subur dan Peserta KB Aktif Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
Table **Number of Fertile Age Couples and Active Family Planning Participants by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jumlah PUS Number of Fertile Age Couples | Peserta KB Aktif/Active Family Planning Participant | | | |
|--|--|---|--------------|------------|--------------|
| | | IUD | MOW | MOP | Kondom |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 47 788 | 2.860 | 394 | 24 | 363 |
| Merangin | 69 346 | 1.066 | 1 102 | 60 | 657 |
| Sarolangun | 50 692 | 522 | 618 | 24 | 289 |
| Batang Hari | 47 385 | 971 | 1 168 | 26 | 344 |
| Muaro Jambi | 71 568 | 1.035 | 1 050 | 53 | 587 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 54 084 | 407 | 418 | 15 | 404 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 40 085 | 401 | 280 | 37 | 255 |
| Tebo | 60 399 | 594 | 976 | 38 | 314 |
| Bungo | 60 431 | 370 | 896 | 50 | 448 |
| Kota Jambi | 81 190 | 3.655 | 2 340 | 91 | 2 218 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 15 338 | 1.041 | 176 | 11 | 181 |
| Jambi | 598 306 | 12.922 | 9 418 | 429 | 6 060 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.2.18

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Peserta KB Aktif/ <i>Active Family Planning Participant</i> | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|---------------|------------|----------------|
| | Implant | Suntikan | Pil | MAL | Jumlah |
| (1) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Kerinci | 5 267 | 16 303 | 7 378 | 9 | 32 598 |
| Merangin | 6 196 | 30 534 | 8 293 | 11 | 47 919 |
| Sarolangun | 4 150 | 22 559 | 4 725 | 13 | 32 900 |
| Batang Hari | 3 184 | 19 105 | 5 321 | 29 | 30 148 |
| Muaro Jambi | 3 583 | 27 596 | 10 561 | 9 | 44 474 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2 928 | 17 010 | 10 682 | 4 | 31 868 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 435 | 14 844 | 7 186 | 9 | 25 447 |
| Tebo | 4 361 | 26 898 | 5 634 | 8 | 38 823 |
| Bungo | 5 780 | 26 807 | 5 899 | 8 | 40 258 |
| Kota Jambi | 2 386 | 23 936 | 10 183 | 10 | 44 819 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 287 | 4 779 | 1 556 | 14 | 10 045 |
| Jambi | 42 557 | 230 371 | 77 418 | 124 | 379 299 |

Sumber/*Source*: Badan Kependudukan dan Keluarga Berencana Nasional (BKKBN) Provinsi Jambi/ *National Population and Family Planning Agency (BKKBN) of Jambi Province*

4.3 PERUMAHAN DAN LINGKUNGAN HOUSING AND ENVIRONMENT

Tabel 4.3.1 **Distribusi Persentase Rumah Tangga Menurut Kabupaten/ Kota dan Luas Lantai (m²) di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
Table 4.3.1 **Percentage Distribution of Household Population by Regency/Municipality and Floor Area (m²) in Jambi Province, 2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Luas Lantai/Floor Area (m ²) | | | | | Jumlah Total |
|--|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-----------------|
| | ≤19 | 20–49 | 50–99 | 100–149 | 150+ | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 1,21 | 29,29 | 46,79 | 16,37 | 6,34 | 100,00 |
| Merangin | 0,80 | 26,91 | 51,98 | 12,75 | 7,56 | 100,00 |
| Sarolangun | 0,00 | 35,22 | 49,2 | 9,84 | 5,74 | 100,00 |
| Batang Hari | 0,59 | 35,45 | 51,77 | 9,71 | 2,48 | 100,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 0,76 | 37,03 | 50,41 | 8,52 | 3,28 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 0,74 | 18,59 | 52,97 | 19,28 | 8,42 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1,29 | 22,18 | 46,22 | 24,68 | 5,63 | 100,00 |
| Tebo | 1,11 | 31,56 | 53,54 | 8,95 | 4,84 | 100,00 |
| Bungo | 0,65 | 29,74 | 52,05 | 10,34 | 7,22 | 100,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 1,96 | 28,20 | 35,52 | 16,27 | 18,05 | 100,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2,50 | 29,63 | 50,62 | 11,89 | 5,36 | 100,00 |
| Jambi | 1,03 | 29,70 | 48,22 | 13,46 | 7,59 | 100,00 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.3.2**Distribusi Persentase Rumah Tangga Menurut Kabupaten/
Kota dan Sumber Air Minum di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
*Percentage Distribution of Household Population by
Regency/Municipality and Source of Drinking Water in
Jambi Province, 2021*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Leding¹ <i>Piped Water¹</i> | Pompa <i>Pumped Water</i> | Air Dalam Kemasan² <i>Bottled Water²</i> | Sumur Terlindung <i>Protected Well</i> |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 22,99 | 2,02 | 20,45 | 9,91 |
| Merangin | 2,79 | 6,36 | 8,03 | 41,15 |
| Sarolangun | 1,44 | 7,59 | 9,50 | 50,24 |
| Batang Hari | 8,04 | 6,20 | 12,51 | 49,21 |
| Muaro Jambi | 2,49 | 7,20 | 28,19 | 47,19 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 0,85 | 2,76 | 43,58 | 2,90 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 0,93 | 13,99 | 36,30 | 4,10 |
| Tebo | 7,06 | 6,15 | 11,96 | 47,40 |
| Bungo | 2,24 | 9,79 | 25,06 | 40,58 |
| Kota Jambi | 19,59 | 6,54 | 57,45 | 13,70 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 39,11 | 1,84 | 41,98 | 11,04 |
| Jambi | 8,14 | 6,96 | 27,47 | 30,59 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.3.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sumur Tak Terlindung Unprotected Well | Mata Air Terlindung Protected Spring | Mata Air Tak Terlindung Unprotected Spring | Air Permukaan Surface Water |
|--|--|---|---|--------------------------------|
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | 0,66 | 25,38 | 1,65 | 16,48 |
| Merangin | 16,48 | 12,23 | 3,91 | 9,05 |
| Sarolangun | 21,45 | 1,17 | 3,39 | 4,41 |
| Batang Hari | 22,35 | 0,75 | 0,40 | 0,41 |
| Muaro Jambi | 10,88 | 1,27 | 1,26 | 0,34 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2,16 | 0,00 | 0,10 | 0,26 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1,63 | 0,28 | 0,34 | 0,81 |
| Tebo | 25,3 | 0,68 | 0,79 | 0,51 |
| Bungo | 12,9 | 2,15 | 2,37 | 4,91 |
| Kota Jambi | 2,2 | 0,11 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,39 | 0,32 | 0,37 | 4,54 |
| Jambi | 11,01 | 3,90 | 1,39 | 3,43 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.3.2

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Air Hujan <i>Rainwater Collection</i> | Lainnya <i>Others</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
|---|--|--------------------------|------------------------|
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) |
| Kerinci | 0,00 | 0,46 | 100,00 |
| Merangin | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Sarolangun | 0,81 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Batang Hari | 0,13 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1,03 | 0,15 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 47,39 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 41,62 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Tebo | 0,15 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Bungo | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,41 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,44 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Jambi | 7,06 | 0,05 | 100,00 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Leding meteran dan leding eceran/*Metered piped and retail piped tap*

² Air kemasan bermerek dan air isi ulang/*Branded bottled and total refill water*

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey*

Tabel 4.3.3 **Distribusi Persentase Rumah Tangga Menurut Kabupaten/ Kota dan Sumber Penerangan di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
Table 4.3.3 **Percentage Distribution of Household Population by Regency/Municipality and Lighting Source in Jambi Province, 2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Listrik PLN State Electricity Company | Listrik Non-PLN Own Electricity Company | Bukan Listrik Non Electricity | Jumlah Total |
|--|---|---|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 98,96 | 0,78 | 0,26 | 100,00 |
| Merangin | 86,69 | 11,60 | 1,71 | 100,00 |
| Sarolangun | 96,65 | 3,35 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Batang Hari | 94,70 | 3,19 | 2,11 | 100,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 96,37 | 2,18 | 1,45 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 96,07 | 3,39 | 0,54 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 89,51 | 9,61 | 0,88 | 100,00 |
| Tebo | 98,80 | 0,36 | 0,84 | 100,00 |
| Bungo | 97,30 | 1,33 | 1,37 | 100,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 99,84 | 0,16 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 96,38 | 0,00 | 3,62 | 100,00 |
| Jambi | 95,61 | 3,42 | 0,97 | 100,00 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.3.4**Distribusi Persentase Rumah Tangga Menurut Kabupaten/
Kota dan Penggunaan Fasilitas Tempat Buang Air Besar di
Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
*Percentage Distribution of Household Population by
Regency/Municipality and Type of Toilet Facility Used by The
Household in Jambi Province, 2021*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sendiri Not Shared | Bersama/ Komunal Shared/ Communal | MCK Umum Public Facility | Tidak Menggunakan Not Using | Tidak ada No Facility | Jumlah Total |
|--|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 76,79 | 9,92 | 2,44 | 0,09 | 10,76 | 100,00 |
| Merangin | 82,14 | 3,64 | 1,52 | 0,00 | 12,70 | 100,00 |
| Sarolangun | 83,77 | 2,09 | 1,37 | 0,23 | 12,54 | 100,00 |
| Batang Hari | 85,12 | 3,90 | 2,03 | 0,00 | 8,95 | 100,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 91,36 | 3,02 | 0,98 | 0,00 | 4,64 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 96,47 | 0,47 | 0,21 | 0,00 | 2,85 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 92,55 | 2,87 | 1,77 | 0,00 | 2,81 | 100,00 |
| Tebo | 88,27 | 3,71 | 0,61 | 0,00 | 7,41 | 100,00 |
| Bungo | 80,55 | 2,50 | 4,27 | 0,00 | 12,68 | 100,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 98,26 | 1,30 | 0,44 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 76,10 | 11,75 | 1,01 | 0,00 | 11,14 | 100,00 |
| Jambi | 87,90 | 3,38 | 1,50 | 0,03 | 7,19 | 100,00 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenans)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel 4.3.5 **Distribusi Persentase Rumah Tangga Menurut Kabupaten/ Kota dan Bahan Bakar Utama untuk Memasak di Provinsi Jambi, 2020**
Percentage Distribution of Household Population by Regency/Municipality and and Type of Cooking Fuel in Jambi Province, 2020

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Listrik Electricity | Gas/Elpiji ¹ Gas/LPG ¹ | Minyak Tanah Kerosene | Arang/Briket Charcoal/ Briquet |
|--|------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 2,13 | 67,26 | 7,74 | 0,00 |
| Merangin | 0,73 | 76,36 | 1,26 | 0,00 |
| Sarolangun | 0,89 | 90,94 | 0,21 | 0,00 |
| Batang Hari | 0,46 | 94,34 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1,80 | 95,17 | 0,63 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 0,28 | 95,09 | 0,58 | 0,90 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 0,60 | 93,56 | 2,02 | 0,18 |
| Tebo | 0,00 | 87,42 | 1,44 | 0,00 |
| Bungo | 0,00 | 79,55 | 5,14 | 0,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,47 | 94,56 | 2,92 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2,06 | 60,53 | 26,71 | 0,00 |
| Jambi | 0,77 | 87,11 | 2,83 | 0,07 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.3.5

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Kayu <i>Wood</i> | Lainnya ² <i>Others²</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
|---|---------------------|---|------------------------|
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| Kerinci | 22,53 | 0,34 | 100,00 |
| Merangin | 20,82 | 0,83 | 100,00 |
| Sarolangun | 7,73 | 0,23 | 100,00 |
| Batang Hari | 5,20 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 2,26 | 0,14 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2,81 | 0,34 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 3,00 | 0,64 | 100,00 |
| Tebo | 10,89 | 0,25 | 100,00 |
| Bungo | 14,90 | 0,41 | 100,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,53 | 1,52 | 100,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 10,19 | 0,51 | 100,00 |
| Jambi | 8,67 | 0,55 | 100,00 |

Catatan/*Note*: ¹ Elpiji 5,5 kg + elpiji 12 kg + elpiji 3 kg + gas kota/biogas/LPG 5,5 kg + LPG 12 kg + LPG 3 kg + natural gas/biogas

² Termasuk rumah tangga yang tidak memasak/*Including households that do not cook*

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel 4.3.6 **Distribusi Persentase Rumah Tangga Menurut Kabupaten/ Kota dan Status Penguasaan Bangunan Tempat Tinggal di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
Percentage Distribution of Household Population by Regency/Municipality and Dwelling Ownership Status in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Milik Sendiri Private | Kontrak/Sewa Lease/Rent | Lainnya Others | Jumlah Total |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 80,26 | 2,47 | 17,27 | 100,00 |
| Merangin | 88,14 | 1,42 | 10,44 | 100,00 |
| Sarolangun | 85,82 | 4,69 | 9,49 | 100,00 |
| Batang Hari | 87,16 | 2,51 | 10,33 | 100,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 90,21 | 2,33 | 7,46 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 91,98 | 2,27 | 5,75 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 82,25 | 5,98 | 11,77 | 100,00 |
| Tebo | 90,81 | 2,47 | 6,72 | 100,00 |
| Bungo | 86,56 | 3,52 | 9,92 | 100,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 70,09 | 20,51 | 9,40 | 100,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 76,45 | 9,45 | 14,10 | 100,00 |
| Jambi | 84,21 | 5,95 | 9,84 | 100,00 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.3.7**Distribusi Persentase Rumah Tangga Menurut Kabupaten/
Kota dan Jenis Lantai Terluas di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
*Percentage Distribution of Household Population by
Regency/Municipality and Main Material of Dwelling Floor
in Jambi Province, 2021*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Bukan Tanah Not earth/sand | Tanah ¹ Earth/sand ¹ | Jumlah Total |
|--|-------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 100,00 | 0,00 | 100,00 |
| Merangin | 99,63 | 0,37 | 100,00 |
| Sarolangun | 99,67 | 0,33 | 100,00 |
| Batang Hari | 96,71 | 3,29 | 100,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 98,61 | 1,39 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 99,23 | 0,77 | 100,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 97,29 | 2,71 | 100,00 |
| Tebo | 98,47 | 1,53 | 100,00 |
| Bungo | 98,75 | 1,25 | 100,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 99,36 | 0,64 | 100,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 99,46 | 0,54 | 100,00 |
| Jambi | 98,83 | 1,17 | 100,00 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Termasuk "lainnya"/Including "others"

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel 4.3.8 **Persentase Rumah Tangga yang Memiliki Akses Terhadap Sanitasi Layak Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2017–2021**
Percentage of Household Population by Regency/ Municipality and Improved Sanitation in Jambi Province, 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 61,43 | 55,32 | 67,77 | 72,03 | 66,32 |
| Merangin | 54,68 | 49,49 | 73,52 | 73,88 | 71,07 |
| Sarolangun | 63,58 | 59,40 | 71,77 | 72,87 | 76,03 |
| Batang Hari | 62,84 | 69,70 | 73,43 | 84,57 | 79,68 |
| Muaro Jambi | 71,95 | 76,38 | 84,14 | 82,58 | 89,17 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 34,34 | 36,47 | 50,92 | 61,88 | 70,27 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 57,34 | 53,92 | 58,95 | 65,89 | 81,89 |
| Tebo | 41,93 | 43,65 | 75,95 | 81,48 | 83,38 |
| Bungo | 69,94 | 70,25 | 77,95 | 69,48 | 77,58 |
| Kota Jambi | 91,97 | 92,54 | 94,80 | 95,03 | 93,22 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 72,09 | 74,73 | 72,18 | 81,56 | 74,04 |
| Jambi | 64,20 | 64,10 | 75,60 | 77,82 | 80,36 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.3.9

Persentase Rumah Tangga yang Memiliki Akses Terhadap Sumber Air Minum Layak Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2017–2021
Percentage of Household Population by Regency/ Municipality and Improved Drinking Water in Jambi Province, 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 63,10 | 68,64 | 66,24 | 84,60 | 74,59 |
| Merangin | 41,56 | 49,17 | 46,06 | 69,20 | 68,91 |
| Sarolangun | 58,88 | 48,98 | 53,83 | 69,26 | 69,96 |
| Batang Hari | 41,77 | 47,74 | 57,97 | 74,18 | 73,08 |
| Muaro Jambi | 53,71 | 56,55 | 70,30 | 76,57 | 80,66 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 91,69 | 92,38 | 32,78 | 89,37 | 85,91 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 91,56 | 88,33 | 40,67 | 87,65 | 91,76 |
| Tebo | 54,37 | 57,90 | 57,33 | 58,92 | 69,97 |
| Bungo | 62,80 | 61,74 | 71,19 | 71,79 | 73,63 |
| Kota Jambi | 86,51 | 85,17 | 91,43 | 97,09 | 95,83 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 92,91 | 88,67 | 89,44 | 94,19 | 90,55 |
| Jambi | 65,73 | 66,66 | 62,94 | 78,86 | 79,70 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

4.4 KRIMINALITAS CRIME

Tabel
Table 4.4.1

Jumlah Kejahatan yang Dilaporkan, Risiko Penduduk Terjadi Tindak Pidana per 100.000 Penduduk, Persentase Penyelesaian Tindak Pidana, dan Selang Waktu Terjadinya Tindak Pidana Menurut Kepolisian Resort di Provinsi Jambi, 2018–2020

Crime Total, Crime Rate per 100,000 Population, Percentage of Crime Clearance, and Time Interval of Crime Occurance by Departmental (Resort) Police Office in Jambi Province, 2018–2020

| Kepolisian Resort Departmental (Resort) Police Office | Jumlah Kejahatan yang Dilaporkan/Crime Total | | |
|--|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 192 kasus | 151 kasus | 390 kasus |
| Merangin | 302 kasus | 252 kasus | 321 kasus |
| Sarolangun | 345 kasus | 377 kasus | 383 kasus |
| Batang Hari | 339 kasus | 314 kasus | 353 kasus |
| Muaro Jambi | 384 kasus | 292 kasus | 311 kasus |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 234 kasus | 160 kasus | 153 kasus |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 284 kasus | 295 kasus | 246 kasus |
| Tebo | 409 kasus | 411 kasus | 423 kasus |
| Bungo | 987 kasus | 713 kasus | 474 kasus |
| Kota Jambi | 6 021 kasus | 3 890 kasus | 2 231 kasus |
| Kota Sungai Penuh* | NA | NA | NA |
| Jambi | 9 497 kasus | 6 855 kasus | 5 285 kasus |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.4.1

| Kepolisian Resort Departmental (Resort) Police Office | Risiko Penduduk Terjadi Tindak Pidana per 100.000 Penduduk Crime Rate per 100,000 Population | | |
|--|---|------------------|------------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 59 orang | 46 orang | 112 orang |
| Merangin | 79 orang | 65 orang | 91 orang |
| Sarolangun | 117 orang | 125 orang | 132 orang |
| Batang Hari | 126 orang | 115 orang | 117 orang |
| Muaro Jambi | 89 orang | 66 orang | 77 orang |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 107 orang | 73 orang | 67 orang |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 86 orang | 88 orang | 77 orang |
| Tebo | 117 orang | 116 orang | 125 orang |
| Bungo | 269 orang | 190 orang | 131 orang |
| Kota Jambi | 1 007 orang | 643 orang | 368 orang |
| Kota Sungai Penuh* | NA | NA | NA |
| Jambi | 266 orang | 189 orang | 149 orang |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 4.4.1*

| Kepolisian Resort <i>Departmental (Resort) Police Office</i> | Persentase Penyelesaian Tindak Pidana <i>Percentage of Crime Clearance</i> | | |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Kerinci | 61,98% | 77,48% | 75,13% |
| Merangin | 67,55% | 80,95% | 61,06% |
| Sarolangun | 81,74% | 80,64% | 72,06% |
| Batang Hari | 77,29% | 86,31% | 80,17% |
| Muaro Jambi | 44,01% | 79,79% | 93,25% |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 62,82% | 66,88% | 77,78% |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 82,04% | 79,32% | 78,46% |
| Tebo | 65,53% | 64,96% | 68,09% |
| Bungo | 69,50% | 60,87% | 79,11% |
| Kota Jambi | 63,33% | 63,01% | 72,16% |
| Kota Sungai Penuh* | NA | NA | NA |
| Jambi | 65,10% | 67,43% | 74,23% |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 4.4.1*

| Kepolisian Resort <i>Departmental (Resort) Police Office</i> | Selang Waktu Terjadinya Tindak Pidana ¹ <i>Time Interval of Crime Occurance¹</i> | | |
|---|---|------------------|-------------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| (1) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 45.37'30" | 58.00'48" | 22.27'42" |
| Merangin | 29.00'24" | 34.45'43" | 22.17'.23" |
| Sarolangun | 25.23'29" | 23.14'10" | 22.52'.19" |
| Batang Hari | 25.50.27" | 27.53.53" | 24.48'.57" |
| Muaro Jambi | 22.48'45" | 30.00'00" | 28.10'.02" |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 37.26'09" | 54.45'0" | 57.15'.18" |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 30.50'42" | 29.41'42" | 35.36'.35" |
| Tebo | 21.25'05" | 21.18'50" | 20.42'.33" |
| Bungo | 08.52'31" | 12.17'10" | 18.28'.52" |
| Kota Jambi | 01.27'18" | 02.15'7" | 03.55'.35" |
| Kota Sungai Penuh* | NA | NA | NA |
| Jambi | 00.55'21" | 01.16'40" | 01.39'.27" |

Catatan/Note: ¹. = jam/hours; ' = menit/minutes; " = detik/second

* Data Kota Sungai Penuh tergabung pada Polres Kerinci

Sumber/Source: Biro Pengendalian Operasi, Mabes POLRI/Bureau of Operation Control, Indonesian National Police Headquarters

4.5 AGAMA DAN SOSIAL LAINNYA RELIGION AND OTHER SOCIAL AFFAIRS

Tabel 4.5.1 **Jumlah Jemaah Haji yang Diberangkatkan¹ ke Tanah Suci Mekah Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021**
Number of Hajj Pilgrims Departured¹ to the Holyland of Mecca by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2019–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2019 ² | 2020 ³ | 2021 ⁴ |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 308 | — | — |
| Merangin | 653 | — | — |
| Sarolangun | 218 | — | — |
| Batang Hari | 157 | — | — |
| Muaro Jambi | 186 | — | — |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 55 | — | — |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 351 | — | — |
| Tebo | 237 | — | — |
| Bungo | 325 | — | — |
| Kota Jambi | 641 | — | — |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 130 | — | — |
| Jambi | 3 261 | — | — |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Melalui Kementerian Agama/Managed by Ministry of Religious Affairs

Sumber/Source: ² Kementerian Agama RI (Direktorat Jenderal Penyelenggaraan Haji dan Umrah) per 12 Februari 2020/Ministry of Religious Affairs (Directorate General of the Organization of Hajj and Umrah) per February 12nd 2019

³ Keputusan Menteri Agama RI Nomor 494 Tahun 2020 Tentang Pembatalan Penyelenggaraan Jemaah Haji pada Penyelenggaraan Ibadah Haji Tahun 1441H/2020M/Decisional agreement of the Minister of Religious Affairs Number 494 of 2020 Concerning the Cancellation of Organizing Hajj Pilgrims at the Implementation of Worship Hajj Year 1441 H/2020 M

⁴ Keputusan Menteri Agama RI Nomor 660 Tahun 2021 Tentang Pembatalan Keberangkatan Jemaah Haji pada Penyelenggaraan Ibadah Haji Tahun 1442H/2021M/Decisional agreement of the Minister of Religious Affairs Number 660 of 2021 Concerning the Cancellation of Organizing Hajj Pilgrims at the Implementation of Worship Hajj Year 1442 H/2021 M

Tabel
Table 4.5.2**Nikah, Talak dan Cerai Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di
Provinsi Jambi, 2019-2021**
**Number of Marriages and Divorces by Regency/Municipality
in Jambi Province, 2019-2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Nikah ^{1,2,3} / Marriages ^{1,2,3} | | |
|--|---|---------------|---------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 1 780 | 1 740 | 1 753 |
| Merangin | 2 747 | 2 443 | 2 658 |
| Sarolangun | 1 837 | 1 810 | 2 146 |
| Batang Hari | 2 167 | 1 839 | 2 017 |
| Muaro Jambi | 3 060 | 2 913 | 3 075 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 629 | 1 577 | 1 903 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 672 | 2 409 | 2 764 |
| Tebo | 2 855 | 2 715 | 2 785 |
| Bungo | 2 738 | 2 587 | 2 347 |
| Kota Jambi | 4 123 | 4 273 | 3 738 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 762 | 687 | 651 |
| Jambi | 26 370 | 24 993 | 25 837 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Cera ^{2,4} / Divorces ^{2,4} | | |
|--|--|---|-----------------|
| | 2019 | | |
| | Cera ^{2,4} Talak Divorce by Talak | Cera ^{2,4} Gugat Divorce by Petition | Jumlah Total |
| (1) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | ... | ... | ... |
| Merangin | 104 | 274 | 378 |
| Sarolangun | 72 | 210 | 282 |
| Batang Hari | 89 | 298 | 387 |
| Muaro Jambi | 126 | 424 | 550 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 95 | 238 | 333 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 114 | 350 | 464 |
| Tebo | 95 | 342 | 437 |
| Bungo | 95 | 320 | 415 |
| Kota Jambi | 243 | 844 | 1 087 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 78 | 268 | 346 |
| Jambi | 1 111 | 3 568 | 4 679 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.5.2

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Cera ^{2,4} / <i>Divorces</i> ^{2,4} | | |
|---|--|---|------------------------|
| | 2020 | | |
| | Cera ^{2,4} Talak <i>Divorce by Talak</i> | Cera ^{2,4} Gugat <i>Divorce by Petition</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
| (1) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | ... | ... | ... |
| Merangin | 61 | 118 | 179 |
| Sarolangun | 53 | 223 | 276 |
| Batang Hari | 58 | 201 | 259 |
| Muaro Jambi | 131 | 393 | 524 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 54 | 159 | 213 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 96 | 296 | 392 |
| Tebo | 109 | 324 | 433 |
| Bungo | 78 | 275 | 353 |
| Kota Jambi | 206 | 690 | 896 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 101 | 257 | 358 |
| Jambi | 947 | 2 936 | 3 883 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Cerai ^{2,4} / Divorces ^{2,4} | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| | 2021 | | |
| | Cerai Talak Divorce by Talak | Cerai Gugat Divorce by Petition | Jumlah Total |
| (1) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | ... | ... | ... |
| Merangin | 95 | 368 | 463 |
| Sarolangun | 66 | 257 | 323 |
| Batang Hari | 92 | 274 | 366 |
| Muaro Jambi | 142 | 518 | 660 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 88 | 249 | 337 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 114 | 398 | 512 |
| Tebo | 125 | 389 | 514 |
| Bungo | 116 | 361 | 477 |
| Kota Jambi | 210 | 732 | 942 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 99 | 307 | 406 |
| Jambi | 1 147 | 3 853 | 5 000 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Termasuk bedolan (nikah di luar KUA)/Including registration conducted outside the Religious Affairs Office (KUA)

² Hanya untuk yang beragama Islam/Applies only for moslem

Sumber/Source: ³Kementerian Agama RI (Dirjen Bimas Islam) per 26 Januari 2022/Ministry of Religious Affairs (Directorate General of Islamic Community Guidance) per January 26th, 2022

⁴Mahkamah Agung (Dirjen Badan Peradilan Agama) per 13 Januari 2022/The Supreme Court (Directorate General of Religious Justice Affairs) per January 13th, 2022

Tabel
Table 4.5.3

Jumlah Perceraian Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Faktor di Provinsi Jambi, 2021¹
Number of Divorces by Regency/Municipality and Factors in Jambi Province, 2021¹

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Zina <i>Adultery</i> | Mabuk <i>Drunk</i> | Madat <i>Drug Addict</i> | Judi <i>Gambling</i> | Meninggal- kan Salah Satu Pihak <i>Split Up</i> | Dihukum Penjara Jail |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Merangin | 1 | 2 | – | 3 | 82 | 2 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – | 24 | 1 |
| Batang Hari | – | 2 | 1 | 2 | 28 | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | 1 | 1 | – | 74 | 6 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – | 23 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 | 5 | – | 6 | 82 | 9 |
| Tebo | – | – | – | 2 | 58 | 2 |
| Bungo | – | 1 | – | – | 22 | 4 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 40 | 4 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – | 15 | 1 |
| Jambi | 3 | 14 | 4 | 14 | 448 | 29 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.3

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Poligami <i>Polygamy</i> | Kekerasan Dalam Rumah Tangga <i>Domestic Violence</i> | Cacat Badan <i>Disability</i> | Perselisihan dan Pertengkaran Terus Menerus <i>Constant Disputes and Quarrel</i> |
|---|-----------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Kerinci | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Merangin | – | 4 | – | 346 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | 295 |
| Batang Hari | 5 | 3 | – | 288 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | 5 | 1 | 548 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | 303 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 4 | 15 | – | 306 |
| Tebo | 1 | 4 | – | 402 |
| Bungo | 2 | 1 | – | 429 |
| Kota Jambi | – | 4 | 1 | 839 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | 384 |
| Jambi | 13 | 36 | 2 | 4 140 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.3

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kawin Paksa Forced Marriage | Murtad Apostate | Ekonomi Economy | Lain-lain Others | Jumlah Total |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| (1) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
| Kerinci | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Merangin | – | – | 23 | – | 463 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | 3 | – | 323 |
| Batang Hari | – | 1 | 36 | – | 366 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | 23 | – | 660 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 11 | – | 337 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | 2 | 82 | – | 512 |
| Tebo | – | – | 45 | – | 514 |
| Bungo | – | 2 | 16 | – | 477 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | 47 | – | 942 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | 6 | – | – | 406 |
| Jambi | – | 11 | 286 | – | 5 000 |

Sumber/Source: Mahkamah Agung (Dirjen Badan Peradilan Agama) per 13 Januari 2022/The Supreme Court (Directorate General of Religious Justice Affairs) per January 13th, 2022

Tabel 4.5.4 Persentase Penduduk Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Agama yang Dianut di Provinsi Jambi (Persen), 2021
Table 4.5.4 Population by Regency/Municipality and Religion in Jambi Province (Percent), 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Islam | Protestan Protestant | Katolik Catholic | Hindu | Budha Buddha | Konghucu Konghucu | Lainnya* Others* |
|--|--------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) |
| Kerinci | 99,76 | 0,19 | 0,04 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Merangin | 97,96 | 1,67 | 0,25 | 0,00 | 0,04 | 0,00 | 0,07 |
| Sarolangun | 96,37 | 2,94 | 0,41 | 0,01 | 0,09 | 0,00 | 0,18 |
| Batang Hari | 97,31 | 2,19 | 0,28 | 0,00 | 0,09 | 0,00 | 0,11 |
| Muaro Jambi | 94,36 | 4,74 | 0,49 | 0,04 | 0,35 | 0,01 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 98,62 | 1,11 | 0,17 | 0,02 | 0,07 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 93,47 | 5,48 | 0,56 | 0,01 | 0,42 | 0,03 | 0,01 |
| Tebo | 96,65 | 2,70 | 0,45 | 0,01 | 0,01 | 0,00 | 0,18 |
| Bungo | 96,93 | 2,17 | 0,48 | 0,00 | 0,35 | 0,00 | 0,06 |
| Kota Jambi | 87,25 | 6,27 | 1,62 | 0,03 | 4,74 | 0,09 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 99,10 | 0,61 | 0,18 | 0,00 | 0,10 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Jambi | 95,07 | 3,29 | 0,58 | 0,01 | 0,97 | 0,02 | 0,05 |

Catatan/Note: *) Kepercayaan terhadap Tuhan Yang Maha Esa/

Sumber/Source: Kanwil Kementerian Agama Provinsi Jambi/ Regional Office of Ministry of Religion of Jambi Province

Tabel
Table 4.5.5**Jumlah Tempat Peribadatan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di
Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
**Number of Places of Worship by Regency/Municipality and
Religion in Jambi Province, 2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Masjid Mosque | Mushola Pray Room | Gereja Protestan Protestant Church | Gereja Katholik Catholic Church | Pura Temple | Vihara* | Klenteng** |
|--|------------------|-------------------------|---|--|----------------|-----------|------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | |
| Kerinci | 316 | 57 | 1 | 3 | – | – | – |
| Merangin | 481 | 782 | 30 | 5 | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 451 | 393 | 15 | 8 | – | 1 | – |
| Batang Hari | 343 | 193 | 14 | 6 | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 493 | 87 | 34 | 9 | 1 | – | 1 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 419 | 335 | 10 | 4 | 1 | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 324 | 402 | 23 | 8 | – | 1 | 1 |
| Tebo | 539 | 841 | 15 | 14 | – | – | – |
| Bungo | 341 | 603 | 13 | 4 | – | 2 | – |
| Kota Jambi | 467 | 389 | 77 | 3 | 1 | 11 | 9 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 83 | 82 | 3 | 1 | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 4 257 | 4 164 | 235 | 65 | 3 | 15 | 11 |

Catatan/Note: *) Tidak termasuk Cetiya dan TITD

**) Yang terdaftar pada MAKIN (Majelis Agama Konghucu Indonesia)

Sumber/Source: Kanwil Kementerian Agama Provinsi Jambi/ Regional Office of Ministry of Religion of Jambi Province

Tabel
Table 4.5.6**Jumlah Kejadian Bencana Alam Menurut Kabupaten/Kota
di Provinsi Jambi, 2021**
**Number of Natural Disaster Events by Regency/Municipality
in Jambi Province, 2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Gempa Bumi Earthquake | Tsunami Tsunami | Gempa Bumi dan Tsunami Earthquake and Tsunami | Letusan Gunung Api Volcanic Eruption | Tanah Longsor Landslide | Banjir Floods |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – | 6 | 14 |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – | 5 | 5 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – | – | 2 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – | – | 1 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – | – | 1 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – | – | – | 1 |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – | – | 8 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – | – | 1 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – | – | 4 |
| Jambi | – | – | – | – | 11 | 37 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 4.5.6

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Kekeringan <i>Drought</i> | Kebakaran Hutan dan Lahan <i>Forest and Land Fires</i> | <i>Cuaca Ekstrem</i> <i>Extreme Weather</i> | Gelombang Pasang/Abrasi <i>Tidal Wave / Abrasion</i> |
|---|------------------------------|---|--|--|
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) |
| Kerinci | – | 1 | 8 | – |
| Merangin | – | – | 2 | – |
| Sarolangun | – | 3 | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | 10 | 5 | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | 6 | 3 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 2 | 1 |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | 1 | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | 1 | 1 | – |
| Jambi | – | 24 | 24 | 3 |

Sumber/*Source*: Badan Nasional Penanggulangan Bencana/*National Agency for Disaster Countermeasure*

Tabel 4.5.7 Jumlah Korban yang Diakibatkan Bencana Alam Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Number of Victims Due to Natural Disaster by Regency/ Municipality in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Gempa Bumi/Earthquake | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|---|
| | Meninggal dan Hilang Fatality and Missing | Luka-luka Casualty | Terdampak dan Mengungsi Affected and Evacuated |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.7

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Tsunami/Tsunami | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| | Meninggal dan Hilang <i>Fatality and Missing</i> | Luka-luka <i>Casualty</i> | Terdampak dan Mengungsi <i>Affected and Evacuated</i> |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.7

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Gempa Bumi dan Tsunami <i>Earthquake and Tsunami</i> | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| | Meninggal dan Hilang <i>Fatality and Missing</i> | Luka-luka <i>Casualty</i> | Terdampak dan Mengungsi <i>Affected and Evacuated</i> |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.7

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Letusan Gunung Api <i>Volcanic Eruption</i> | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| | Meninggal dan Hilang <i>Fatality and Missing</i> | Luka-luka <i>Casualty</i> | Terdampak dan Mengungsi <i>Affected and Evacuated</i> |
| (1) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.7

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Tanah Longsor/Landslide | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| | Meninggal dan Hilang <i>Fatality and Missing</i> | Luka-luka <i>Casualty</i> | Terdampak dan Mengungsi <i>Affected and Evacuated</i> |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
| Kerinci | – | – | 25 |
| Merangin | 5 | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 5 | – | 25 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.7

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Banjir/Floods | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| | Meninggal dan Hilang <i>Fatality and Missing</i> | Luka-luka <i>Casualty</i> | Terdampak dan Mengungsi <i>Affected and Evacuated</i> |
| (1) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | – | – | 806 |
| Merangin | – | – | 891 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | ... | 82 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 26 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 260 |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | 3 705 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | 10 501 |
| Jambi | – | – | 16 271 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.7

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Kekeringan/Drought | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| | Meninggal dan Hilang <i>Fatality and Missing</i> | Luka-luka <i>Casualty</i> | Terdampak dan Mengungsi <i>Affected and Evacuated</i> |
| (1) | (20) | (21) | (22) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | ... | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 4.5.7*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Kebakaran Hutan dan Lahan <i>Forest and Land Fires</i> | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| | Meninggal dan Hilang <i>Fatality and Missing</i> | Luka-luka <i>Casualty</i> | Terdampak dan Mengungsi <i>Affected and Evacuated</i> |
| (1) | (23) | (24) | (25) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | ... | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.7

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Cuaca Ekstrem Extreme Weather | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|---|
| | Meninggal dan Hilang Fatality and Missing | Luka-luka Casualty | Terdampak dan Mengungsi Affected and Evacuated |
| (1) | (26) | (27) | (28) |
| Kerinci | 1 | – | 67 |
| Merangin | – | – | 10 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | 2 | 600 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | 3 | 41 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | 1 | 27 |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | 11 |
| Jambi | 1 | 6 | 770 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 4.5.7*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Gelombang Pasang/Abrasi <i>Tidal Wave /Abrasion</i> | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| | Meninggal dan Hilang <i>Fatality and Missing</i> | Luka-luka <i>Casualty</i> | Terdampak dan Mengungsi <i>Affected and Evacuated</i> |
| (1) | (29) | (30) | (31) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 34 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 7 |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | 41 |

Sumber/*Source*: Badan Nasional Penanggulangan Bencana/*National Agency for Disaster Countermeasure*

Tabel
Table 4.5.8

Jumlah Kerusakan Rumah yang Diakibatkan Bencana Alam Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021
Number of Damaged Houses Due to Natural Disaster by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Gempa Bumi/Earthquake | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | "Rusak Berat Severly Damaged " | "Rusak Sedang Damaged " | "Rusak Ringan Lightly Damaged " | "Terendam Sumberged " |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.8

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Tsunami/Tsunami | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | "Rusak Berat Severly Damaged " | "Rusak Sedang Damaged " | "Rusak Ringan Lightly Damaged " | "Terendam Sumberged " |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.8

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Gempa Bumi dan Tsunami Earthquake and Tsunami | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | "Rusak Berat Severly Damaged " | "Rusak Sedang Damaged " | "Rusak Ringan Lightly Damaged " | "Terendam Sumberged " |
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.8

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Letusan Gunung Api Volcanic Eruption | | | |
|--|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | "Rusak Berat Severly Damaged " | "Rusak Sedang Damaged " | "Rusak Ringan Lightly Damaged " | "Terendam Sumberged " |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.8

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Tanah Longsor/Landslide | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | "Rusak Berat Severly Damaged " | "Rusak Sedang Damaged " | "Rusak Ringan Lightly Damaged " | "Terendam Sumberged " |
| (1) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) |
| Kerinci | 2 | – | 6 | – |
| Merangin | – | – | 5 | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 2 | – | 11 | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.8

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Banjir/Floods | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | "Rusak Berat Severly Damaged " | "Rusak Sedang Damaged " | "Rusak Ringan Lightly Damaged " | "Terendam Sumberged " |
| (1) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) |
| Kerinci | 2 | – | 54 | 396 |
| Merangin | – | – | – | 485 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | ... |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | 26 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | 48 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 7 | – | 1 | ... |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – | 36 |
| Tebo | – | – | – | ... |
| Bungo | – | – | – | 534 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | 30 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | 2 031 |
| Jambi | 9 | – | 55 | 3 586 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.8

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kekeringan/Drought | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | "Rusak Berat Severly Damaged " | "Rusak Sedang Damaged " | "Rusak Ringan Lightly Damaged " | "Terendam Sumberged " |
| (1) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 4.5.8*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Kebakaran Hutan dan Lahan <i>Forest and Land Fires</i> | | | |
|---|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | "Rusak Berat Severly Damaged " | "Rusak Sedang Damaged " | "Rusak Ringan Lightly Damaged " | "Terendam Sumberged " |
| (1) | (30) | (31) | (32) | (33) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 4.5.8*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Cuaca Ekstrem <i>Extreme Weather</i> | | | |
|---|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | "Rusak Berat Severly Damaged " | "Rusak Sedang Damaged " | "Rusak Ringan Lightly Damaged " | "Terendam Sumberged " |
| (1) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) |
| Kerinci | 9 | – | 29 | – |
| Merangin | 1 | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | 7 | – | 99 | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 7 | – | 1 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2 | – | 4 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 6 | – | 1 | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | 1 | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 5 | – | 2 | – |
| Jambi | 37 | – | 137 | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.8

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Gelombang Pasang/Abrasi Tidal Wave /Abrasion | | | |
|--|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | "Rusak Berat Severly Damaged " | "Rusak Sedang Damaged " | "Rusak Ringan Lightly Damaged " | "Terendam Sumberged " |
| (1) | (38) | (39) | (40) | (41) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 | – | 8 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 6 | – | 8 | – |

Sumber/Source: Badan Nasional Penanggulangan Bencana/National Agency for Disaster Countermeasure

Tabel
Table 4.5.9

Jumlah Desa¹/Kelurahan yang Mengalami Bencana Alam² Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021
Number of Villages¹ that Had Natural Disaster² by Regency/ Municipality in Jambi Province, 2019– 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Banjir/Flood | | |
|--|--------------|------------|------------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 47 | 92 | 91 |
| Merangin | 44 | 39 | 33 |
| Sarolangun | 52 | 41 | 47 |
| Batang Hari | 31 | 51 | 55 |
| Muaro Jambi | 44 | 52 | 53 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 7 | 9 | 12 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 21 | 12 | 14 |
| Tebo | 24 | 46 | 40 |
| Bungo | 21 | 21 | 47 |
| Kota Jambi | 18 | 17 | 31 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 21 | 41 | 39 |
| Jambi | 330 | 421 | 462 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 4.5.9*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Gempa Bumi/ <i>Earthquake</i> | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 31 | 38 | 2 |
| Merangin | 8 | 2 | 1 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | 25 | 30 |
| Jambi | 39 | 65 | 33 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.5.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Tanah Longsor/Landslide | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) |
| Kerinci | 16 | 22 | 25 |
| Merangin | 5 | 10 | 10 |
| Sarolangun | 3 | 6 | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 | - | 2 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 3 | - | 2 |
| Tebo | - | - | 2 |
| Bungo | 7 | 7 | 3 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 3 | 4 | 4 |
| Jambi | 40 | 51 | 50 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Desa pada tabel ini termasuk Unit Permukiman Transmigrasi (UPT) yang masih dibina oleh kementerian terkait dan nagari di Provinsi Sumatera Barat/Villages in this table are included in Transmigration Settlement Unit which is still fostered by the relevant ministries and the nagari in the Province of Sumatera Barat

² Terjadi dalam tiga tahun terakhir sampai dengan saat pencacahan/Occured during the last three years by the time of enumeration

Sumber/Source: BPS, Pendataan Potensi Desa (Podes)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Village Potential Data Collecting

Tabel
Table 4.5.10

Jumlah Keluarga Penerima Manfaat (KPM) dan Anggaran Bantuan Sosial Pangan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Number of Beneficiary Family and Food Social Assistance Budget by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Pra Sejahtera | Keluarga Sejahtera | | |
|--|-------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Pre Prosperous | I | II | III |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 5 705 | 41 084 | 12 928 | 80 444 |
| Merangin | 7 967 | 54 470 | 16 703 | 101 866 |
| Sarolangun | 6 890 | 34 502 | 17 728 | 74 876 |
| Batang Hari | 5 596 | 24 095 | 19 164 | 71 700 |
| Muaro Jambi | 7 889 | 43 060 | 24 014 | 105 497 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 6 523 | 38 771 | 19 930 | 80 142 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 5 189 | 33 067 | 11 845 | 62 772 |
| Tebo | 8 780 | 49 418 | 15 660 | 91 202 |
| Bungo | 7 355 | 49 869 | 10 963 | 88 918 |
| Kota Jambi | 6 681 | 29 100 | 52 324 | 135 876 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 019 | 6 894 | 7 501 | 26 412 |
| Jambi | 70 594 | 404 330 | 208 760 | 919 705 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Sosial/Ministry of Social Affairs

4.6 KEMISKINAN DAN PEMBANGUNAN MANUSIA POVERTY AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT

Tabel 4.6.1 **Garis Kemiskinan, Jumlah, dan Persentase Penduduk Miskin di Provinsi Jambi, 2015-2021**
Table 4.6.1 **Poverty Line, Number, and Percentage of Poor People in Jambi Province, 2015-2021**

| Tahun Year | Garis Kemiskinan (rupiah/kapita/bulan) Poverty Line (rupiah/capita/month) | | Jumlah Penduduk Miskin (ribu) Number of Poor People (thousand) | | |
|----------------------|--|--------------------|---|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Perkotaan Urban | Perdesaan Rural | Perkotaan Urban | Perdesaan Rural | Perkotaan+Perdesaan Urban+Rural |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 2015 | | | | | |
| Maret/ March | 406 074 | 316 838 | 119,54 | 181,17 | 300,71 |
| September/ September | 423 855 | 329 895 | 125,60 | 185,97 | 311,56 |
| 2016 | | | | | |
| Maret/ March | 438 600 | 342 137 | 115,35 | 174,46 | 289,80 |
| September/ September | 448 615 | 349 735 | 116,33 | 174,48 | 290,81 |
| 2017 | | | | | |
| Maret/ March | 457 818 | 360 519 | 120,62 | 165,93 | 286,55 |
| September/ September | 465 233 | 366 036 | 118,49 | 160,11 | 278,61 |
| 2018 | | | | | |
| Maret/ March | 487 791 | 398 501 | 118,62 | 163,07 | 281,69 |
| September/ September | 492 364 | 401 765 | 116,50 | 164,97 | 281,47 |
| 2019 | | | | | |
| Maret/ March | 511 654 | 418 821 | 115,08 | 159,24 | 274,32 |
| September/ September | 524 643 | 437 987 | 115,16 | 158,20 | 273,37 |
| 2020 | | | | | |
| Maret/ March | 549 033 | 453 502 | 123,64 | 154,16 | 277,80 |
| September/ September | 552 498 | 454 754 | 132,60 | 155,50 | 288,10 |
| 2021 | | | | | |
| Maret/ March | 583 748 | 470 758 | 137,24 | 156,61 | 293,86 |
| September/ September | 598 178 | 479 006 | 126,10 | 153,75 | 279,86 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.6.1

| Tahun ¹ Year ¹ | Persentase Penduduk Miskin Percentage of Poor People | | |
|---|---|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| | Perkotaan Urban | Perdesaan Rural | Perkotaan+Perdesaan Urban+Rural |
| (1) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| 2015 | | | |
| Maret/ March | 11,60 | 7,67 | 8,86 |
| September/ September | 12,11 | 7,82 | 9,12 |
| 2016 | | | |
| Maret/ March | 10,86 | 7,32 | 8,41 |
| September/ September | 10,73 | 7,30 | 8,37 |
| 2017 | | | |
| Maret/ March | 10,94 | 6,92 | 8,19 |
| September/ September | 10,53 | 6,66 | 7,90 |
| 2018 | | | |
| Maret/ March | 10,41 | 6,75 | 7,92 |
| September/ September | 10,08 | 6,80 | 7,85 |
| 2019 | | | |
| Maret/ March | 9,81 | 6,53 | 7,60 |
| September/ September | 9,75 | 6,44 | 7,51 |
| 2020 | | | |
| Maret/ March | 10,41 | 6,23 | 7,58 |
| September/ September | 11,22 | 6,40 | 7,97 |
| 2021 | | | |
| Maret/ March | 11,52 | 6,42 | 8,09 |
| September/ September | 10,50 | 6,28 | 7,67 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional Maret 2021, September 2021/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel 4.6.2 **Jumlah dan Persentase Penduduk Miskin Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021**
Table 4.6.2 **Number and Percentage of Poor People by Regency/ Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jumlah Penduduk Miskin (ribu)/Number of Poor People (thousand) | | Persentase Penduduk Miskin Percentage of Poor People | |
|--|--|---------------|---|-------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 17,48 | 18,45 | 7,30 | 7,71 |
| Merangin | 33,92 | 35,44 | 8,63 | 9,11 |
| Sarolangun | 25,79 | 27,06 | 8,42 | 8,87 |
| Batang Hari | 26,54 | 27,24 | 9,65 | 10,05 |
| Muaro Jambi | 17,30 | 20,49 | 3,83 | 4,53 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 24,23 | 24,42 | 10,95 | 11,39 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 34,78 | 36,10 | 10,29 | 10,75 |
| Tebo | 22,47 | 23,77 | 6,26 | 6,68 |
| Bungo | 22,07 | 23,64 | 5,80 | 6,23 |
| Kota Jambi | 50,44 | 54,23 | 8,27 | 9,02 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2,78 | 3,03 | 3,03 | 3,41 |
| Jambi | 277,80 | 293,86 | 7,58 | 8,09 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional Maret 2021/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.6.3

**Indeks Kedalaman Kemiskinan dan Indeks Keparahan
Kemiskinan Menurut Daerah di Provinsi Jambi, 2015–
2021**
*Poverty Gap Index and Poverty Severity Index by Region in
Jambi Province, 2015–2020*

| Tahun Year | | Indeks Kedalaman Kemiskinan Poverty Gap Index | | |
|---------------|---------------------|--|--------------------|--|
| | | Perkotaan Urban | Perdesaan Rural | Perkotaan+ Perdesaan Urban+Rural |
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 2015 | Maret/March | 2,13 | 1,12 | 1,42 |
| 2015 | September/September | 1,61 | 1,60 | 1,60 |
| 2016 | Maret/March | 2,10 | 1,19 | 1,47 |
| 2016 | September/September | 2,41 | 0,97 | 1,42 |
| 2017 | Maret/March | 1,75 | 1,07 | 1,28 |
| 2017 | September/September | 1,32 | 0,84 | 0,99 |
| 2018 | Maret/March | 1,68 | 1,12 | 1,30 |
| 2018 | September/September | 1,96 | 0,92 | 1,26 |
| 2019 | Maret/March | 1,74 | 0,98 | 1,23 |
| 2019 | September/September | 1,68 | 0,92 | 1,17 |
| 2020 | Maret/March | 1,71 | 0,80 | 1,10 |
| 2020 | September/September | 1,77 | 0,89 | 1,18 |
| 2021 | Maret/March | 2,20 | 0,85 | 1,29 |
| 2021 | September/September | 1,81 | 0,74 | 1,09 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.6.3

| Tahun Year | | Indeks Keparahan Kemiskinan Poverty Severity Index | | |
|---------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|--|
| | | Perkotaan Urban | Perdesaan Rural | Perkotaan+ Perdesaan Urban+Rural |
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| 2015 | Maret/March | 0,53 | 0,26 | 0,35 |
| 2015 | September/September | 0,40 | 0,45 | 0,44 |
| 2016 | Maret/March | 0,55 | 0,29 | 0,37 |
| 2016 | September/September | 0,71 | 0,21 | 0,36 |
| 2017 | Maret/March | 0,42 | 0,23 | 0,29 |
| 2017 | September/September | 0,25 | 0,16 | 0,19 |
| 2018 | Maret/March | 0,37 | 0,30 | 0,32 |
| 2018 | September/September | 0,57 | 0,19 | 0,31 |
| 2019 | Maret/March | 0,44 | 0,23 | 0,30 |
| 2019 | September/September | 0,39 | 0,20 | 0,26 |
| 2020 | Maret/March | 0,43 | 0,17 | 0,25 |
| 2020 | September/September | 0,46 | 0,18 | 0,27 |
| 2021 | Maret/March | 0,58 | 0,17 | 0,30 |
| 2021 | September/September | 0,38 | 0,15 | 0,23 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.6.4

Karakteristik Rumah Tangga Miskin dan Rumah Tangga Tidak Miskin di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021
Characteristics of Poor and Non-Poor Households in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021

| Karakteristik Rumah Tangga <i>Characteristics of Household</i> | Rumah Tangga Miskin <i>Poor Household</i> | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | 2020 | | 2021 |
| | Maret <i>March</i> | September <i>September</i> | Maret <i>March</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Rata-rata jumlah anggota rumah tangga (orang) <i>Number of household members (person)</i> | 4,65 | - | 4,57 |
| Persentase kepala rumah tangga wanita <i>Percentage of household headed by women</i> | 12,60 | - | 12,48 |
| Rata-rata usia kepala rumah tangga (tahun) <i>Average age of household head (years)</i> | 47,31 | - | 47,12 |
| Rata-rata lama sekolah kepala rumah tangga (tahun) <i>Mean years schooling of household head (years)</i> | 6,45 | - | 6,82 |
| Tingkat pendidikan kepala rumah tangga (%) <i>Education level of household head (%)</i> | | | |
| a. Tidak tamat SD/ <i>Not completed primary school</i> | 26,06 | - | 22,54 |
| b. SD/ <i>Primary school</i> | 38,85 | - | 36,14 |
| c. SMP/ <i>Junior high school</i> | 17,67 | - | 21,52 |
| d. SMA/ <i>Senior high school</i> | 16,00 | - | 17,92 |
| e. PT/ <i>University</i> | 1,43 | - | 1,88 |
| Sumber penghasilan utama rumah tangga (%) <i>Main source of income (%)</i> | | | |
| a. Tidak Bekerja/ <i>Unemployment</i> | 10,26 | - | 9,50 |
| b. Pertanian/ <i>Agriculture</i> | 52,52 | - | 55,74 |
| c. Industri/ <i>Manufacturing</i> | 3,90 | - | 1,13 |
| d. Lainnya/ <i>Others</i> | 33,33 | - | 33,63 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 4.6.4

| Karakteristik Rumah Tangga <i>Characteristics of Household</i> | Rumah Tangga Tidak Miskin <i>Non-Poor Household</i> | | |
|---|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | 2020 | | 2021 |
| | Maret <i>March</i> | September <i>September</i> | Maret <i>March</i> |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Rata-rata jumlah anggota rumah tangga (orang) <i>Number of household members (person)</i> | 3,72 | - | 3,59 |
| Persentase kepala rumah tangga wanita <i>Percentage of household headed by women</i> | 11,93 | - | 10,82 |
| Rata-rata usia kepala rumah tangga (tahun) <i>Average age of household head (years)</i> | 47,60 | - | 48,14 |
| Rata-rata lama sekolah kepala rumah tangga (tahun) <i>Mean years schooling of household head (years)</i> | 8,34 | - | 8,44 |
| Tingkat pendidikan kepala rumah tangga (%) <i>Education level of household head (%)</i> | | | |
| a. Tidak tamat SD/Not completed primary school | 16,13 | - | 15,13 |
| b. SD/Primary school | 30,99 | - | 30,11 |
| c. SMP/Junior high school | 18,14 | - | 18,83 |
| d. SMA/Senior high school | 25,89 | - | 26,76 |
| e. PT/University | 8,85 | - | 9,17 |
| Sumber penghasilan utama rumah tangga (%) <i>Main source of income (%)</i> | | | |
| a. Tidak Bekerja/Unemployment | 9,77 | - | 9,50 |
| b. Pertanian/Agriculture | 48,12 | - | 51,27 |
| c. Industri/Manufacturing | 3,36 | - | 3,58 |
| d. Lainnya/Others | 38,75 | - | 35,65 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 4.6.5**Indeks Pembangunan Manusia Menurut Kabupaten/Kota
di Provinsi Jambi, 2016–2021**
*Human Development Index by Regency/Municipality in
Jambi Province, 2016–2021*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 69,68 | 70,03 | 70,59 | 70,95 | 71,21 | 71,45 |
| Merangin | 67,86 | 68,30 | 68,81 | 69,07 | 69,19 | 69,53 |
| Sarolangun | 68,73 | 69,03 | 69,41 | 69,72 | 69,86 | 70,25 |
| Batang Hari | 68,70 | 68,92 | 69,33 | 69,67 | 69,84 | 70,11 |
| Muaro Jambi | 67,55 | 67,86 | 68,34 | 69,01 | 69,18 | 69,55 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 61,88 | 62,61 | 63,32 | 63,92 | 64,43 | 64,91 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 65,91 | 66,15 | 67,13 | 67,54 | 67,54 | 68,16 |
| Tebo | 68,05 | 68,16 | 68,67 | 69,02 | 69,14 | 69,35 |
| Bungo | 68,77 | 69,04 | 69,42 | 69,86 | 69,92 | 70,15 |
| Kota Jambi | 76,14 | 76,74 | 77,41 | 78,26 | 78,37 | 79,12 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 73,35 | 73,75 | 74,67 | 75,36 | 75,42 | 75,70 |
| Jambi | 69,62 | 69,99 | 70,65 | 71,26 | 71,29 | 71,63 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Seri Berita Resmi Statistik Indeks Pembangunan Manusia/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Series of Press Releases of Human Development Index

Tabel 4.6.6 Jumlah Keluarga Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Klasifikasi Keluarga, 2021
Number of Families by Regency/Municipality and Family Classification, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Pra Sejahtera Pre Prosperous | Keluarga Sejahtera Prosperous Family | Jumlah/Total |
|--|---------------------------------|---|----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 3 112 | 77 332 | 80 444 |
| Merangin | 5 272 | 96 594 | 101 866 |
| Sarolangun | 4 457 | 70 419 | 74 876 |
| Batang Hari | 3 589 | 68 111 | 71 700 |
| Muaro Jambi | 5 095 | 100 402 | 105 497 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 398 | 75 744 | 80 142 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 3 326 | 59 446 | 62 772 |
| Tebo | 5 650 | 85 552 | 91 202 |
| Bungo | 5 035 | 83 883 | 88 918 |
| Kota Jambi | 4 295 | 131 581 | 135 876 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 064 | 25 348 | 26 412 |
| Jambi | 45 293 | 874 412 | 919 705 |

Sumber/Source: Badan Kependudukan dan Keluarga Berencana Nasional (BKKBN) Provinsi Jambi/ National Population and Family Planning Agency (BKKBN) of Jambi Province

BAB 5 PERTANIAN, KEHUTANAN, PETERNAKAN, DAN PERIKANAN

Chapter 5. Agriculture, Forestry, Livestock, and Fishery

PRODUKSI BUAH-BUAHAN DI PROVINSI JAMBI*

Production of Fruits in Jambi Province 2021*



204.788 kw
Nenas/Pineapple



206.196 kw
Duku/Duku



177.573 kw
Pepaya/Papaya



688.823 kw
Pisang/Banana



168.063 kw
Nangka/Jackfruit



82.818 kw
Salak/Salacca



461.854 kw
Jeruk/Orange



270.126 kw
Durian/Durian



82.094 kw
Mangga/Mango

PRODUKSI DAGING TERNAK DAN UNGGAS DI PROVINSI JAMBI*

Meat and Poultry Meat Production in Jambi Province 2021*



5.570,9 ton
Sapi/Beef Cattle



205,7 ton
Babi/Pig



6.070,6 ton
Ayam Kampung/
Native Chicken



1.747,4 ton
Kerbau/ Buffalo



155,2 ton
Domba/Sheep



1.329,2 ton
Ayam Petelur/Layer



996,3 ton
Kambing/Goat



47.414,7 ton
Ayam Pedaging/Broiler



517,8 ton
Itik/Duck

* Angka sementara

PENJELASAN TEKNIS

1. Data pokok tanaman pangan yang dikumpulkan oleh Badan Pusat Statistik adalah luas panen dan produktivitas (hasil per hektar). Produksi merupakan hasil perkalian antara luas panen dan produktivitas.
2. Data luas panen padi tahun 2018 dihitung dengan metode Kerangka Sampel Area (KSA), menggantikan metode pengumpulan data luas panen padi yang sebelumnya, yaitu metode eye estimate yang dikumpulkan melalui pelaporan data Statistik Pertanian (SP) oleh Kepala Cabang Dinas (KCD) Kecamatan.
3. Angka produktivitas padi diperoleh melalui survei ubinan pada plot berukuran 2,5 m x 2,5 m dalam bentuk produksi Gabah Kering Panen (GKP) yang dikonversikan menjadi Gabah Kering Giling (GKG) berdasarkan angka konversi GKP ke GKG hasil Survei Konversi Gabah ke Beras tahun 2018.
4. Angka produksi setara beras diperoleh melalui hasil perkalian antara produksi padi dengan angka konversi GKG ke beras hasil

TECHNICAL NOTES

1. *The main data of food crops collected by BPS-Statistics Indonesia are harvested area and productivity (yield per hectare). Production is the result of multiplication between harvested area and productivity.*
2. *The calculation of paddy harvested area data was carried out by the Area Sampling Frame (ASF) method in 2018. The method replaced the previous one, namely the eye estimate method by which the data were collected through reporting on Agricultural Statistics data (called SP for Statistik Pertanian) by the Agricultural Extension Officer (called KCD for Kepala Cabang Dinas) of Sub-district.*
3. *The paddy productivity (yield) figures are obtained through a crop cutting survey on plots sized of 2.5m x 2.5m in the form of harvest unhusked paddy (called GKP for Gabah Kering Panen) converted into dry unhusked paddy (called GKG for Gabah Kering Giling) using conversion rates based on the Paddy to Rice Conversion Survey in 2018.*
4. *The rice production figures were obtained through the multiplication of paddy production with the conversion rates from GKG*

Survei Konversi Gabah ke Beras tahun 2018.

to polished rice resulted from the Paddy to Rice Conversion Survey in 2018.

5. Data produksi palawija (termasuk jagung dan kedelai) terakhir dirilis pada tahun 2015. Sejak tahun 2016, BPS sudah tidak merilis lagi data produksi palawija karena metode pengumpulan luas panen metode palawija masih menggunakan metode lama, yaitu eye estimate, yang diduga sudah tidak akurat untuk pengumpulan data luas panen.
 6. Data luas baku lahan sawah yang digunakan sebagai dasar penghitungan luas panen adalah Luas Baku Lahan Sawah Nasional terbaru berdasarkan Keputusan Menteri ATR/Kepala BPN-RI No. 399/Kep-23.3/X/2018 tanggal 8 Oktober 2018. Luas lahan baku sawah nasional tahun 2018 adalah sebesar 7.105.145 hektar.
 7. Survei Pertanian Hortikultura (SPH) diselenggarakan oleh Badan Pusat Statistik bekerja sama dengan Direktorat Jenderal Hortikultura, Kementerian Pertanian.
 8. Kuesioner yang digunakan dalam pengumpulan data SPH mencakup:
 - a. SPH-SBS digunakan untuk data tanaman sayuran dan buah-buahan semusim.
5. *Data on secondary food crops (including maize and soybeans) were last released in 2015. Since 2016, BPS-Statistics Indonesia has not released production data on secondary food crops anymore because the harvested area collection used the old method, which is was suspected to be inaccurate for data collection of harvested area.*
 6. *The wetland area used as the basis for calculating the harvested area is the latest National Wetland Area based on the Decree of the Agrarian Affairs and Spatial Planning Minister/Chief of National Land Agency No. 399/Kep-23.3/X/2018 October 8, 2018. The wetland area in 2018 was 7,105,145 hectares.*
 7. *The Agricultural Survey for Horticulture (SPH) is carried out by the BPS-Statistics Indonesia in cooperation with the Directorate General of Horticulture, Ministry of Agriculture.*
 8. *The Questionnaire used to collect the Argicultural Survey for Horticulture data are:*
 - a. *SPH-SBS used for data on seasonal vegetable and fruit plants.*

- b. SPH-BST digunakan untuk data tanaman buah-buahan dan sayuran tahunan.
 - c. SPH-TBF digunakan untuk data tanaman biofarmaka.
 - d. SPH-TH digunakan untuk data tanaman hias.

 9. Metode yang digunakan dalam survei ini adalah metode pencacahan lengkap terhadap seluruh kecamatan di Indonesia dan dilaporkan secara rutin bulanan untuk SPH-SBS dan triwulanan untuk SPH-BST, SPH-TBF, SPH-TH oleh KCD.

 10. Tanaman sayuran dan buah-buahan semusim
 - a. Tanaman sayuran semusim adalah tanaman yang bermanfaat sebagai sayur, sebagai sumber vitamin, mineral, dan lain-lain yang berumur kurang dari satu tahun. Pada umumnya bagian yang digunakan sebagai sayur berupa daun, bunga, buah, dan umbi.
 - b. Tanaman buah-buahan semusim adalah tanaman yang menghasilkan buah segar sebagai sumber vitamin, mineral, dan lain-lain yang berumur kurang dari satu tahun dan berbatang lunak. Pada umumnya buah yang dihasilkan dapat dikonsumsi tanpa dimasak terlebih dahulu.
-
- b. *SPH-BST used for data on annual fruit and vegetable plants.*
 - c. *SPH-TBF used for data on medicinal plants.*
 - d. *SPH-TH used for data on ornamental plants.*

 9. *The method used in this survey is complete enumeration for all of sub districts in Indonesia and reported monthly for SPH-SBS and quarterly for SPH-BST, SPH-TBF, SPH-TH by agriculture extension workers.*

 10. *Seasonal vegetable and fruit plants*
 - a. *Seasonal vegetable plants are used/consumed as vegetables, which are the sources of vitamin, mineral, etc that are aged less than 1 year. In general, parts that consumed are in the form of leaves, flower, fruits, and tubers.*
 - b. *Seasonal fruit plants are plants that produce fresh fruit as a sources of vitamin, mineral, etc that aged less than 1 year and soft trunked. Generally, the fruit produced can be consumed without being cooked first.*

11. Tanaman buah-buahan dan sayuran tahunan

- a. Tanaman buah-buahan tahunan adalah tanaman yang menghasilkan buah segar sebagai sumber vitamin, mineral, dan lain-lain yang berumur satu tahun atau lebih dan berbatang keras. Pada umumnya buah yang dihasilkan dapat dikonsumsi tanpa dimasak terlebih dahulu.
- b. Tanaman sayuran tahunan adalah tanaman yang bermanfaat sebagai sayur, sebagai sumber vitamin, mineral, dan lain-lain yang berumur satu tahun atau lebih. Pada umumnya bagian yang digunakan sebagai sayur berupa daun, bunga, buah, dan umbi.

12. Tanaman biofarmaka adalah tanaman yang bermanfaat untuk obat-obatan, kosmetik, dan kesehatan yang dikonsumsi atau digunakan dari bagian-bagian tanaman, seperti daun, batang, buah, umbi (rimpang) ataupun akar.

13. Tanaman hias adalah tanaman yang mempunyai nilai keindahan baik bentuk, warna daun, tajuk maupun bunganya, sering digunakan untuk penghias pekarangan dan lain sebagainya.

11. Annual fruit and vegetable plants

- a. Annual fruit plants are plants that produce fresh fruit as sources of vitamin, mineral, etc that are aged more than 1 year and hard trunked. Generally, the fruit produced can be consumed without being cooked first.
- b. Annual vegetable plants are plants used as vegetables as sources of vitamin, mineral, etc that is aged more than 1 year. In general, the parts that consumed are in the form of leaves, flower, fruits, and tubers.

12. Medicinal plants are plants which are useful for medicine, cosmetics, and health. It is consumed from part of the plant, such as leaf, flower, fruit, tuber, and root.

13. Ornamental plants are plants which have a beauty value, either in shape, colour of leaf or crown of flower, and they are often used as a yard decorator.

14. Data yang dikumpulkan dalam SPH mencakup: data tentang luas penanaman, luas panen (untuk buah-buahan tahunan adalah banyaknya tanaman yang menghasilkan), produksi, luas rusak, luas tanaman akhir, dan harga jual petani.
15. Luas panen adalah luas tanaman sayuran, buah-buahan, biofarmaka, dan tanaman hias yang diambil hasilnya/dipanen pada periode pelaporan.
16. Luas panen untuk tanaman sayuran: luas tanaman yang dipanen sekaligus/habis/dibongkar dan luas tanaman yang dipanen berkali-kali (lebih dari satu kali)/belum habis.
- Tanaman yang dipanen sekaligus/habis/dibongkar adalah tanaman yang sehabis panen langsung dibongkar/dicabut, terdiri dari bawang merah, bawang putih, bawang daun, kentang, kol/kubis, kembang kol, petsai/sawi, wortel, lobak, dan kacang merah.
 - Tanaman yang dipanen berkali-kali (lebih dari satu kali)/belum habis adalah tanaman yang pemanenannya lebih dari satu kali dan biasanya dibongkar apabila panen terakhir sudah tidak memadai lagi, terdiri dari: kacang
14. *The Agriculture Survey for Horticulture collects the information on the planted area, harvested area (for annual fruits is the number of production plant), production, damaged area, plant area in the end of period, and price on the farm-gate level.*
15. *Harvested area is area which vegetable, fruit, medicinal and ornamental plant of crop harvested during the period of report.*
16. *Harvested area of vegetables: area of entirely harvested/demolished plant and plant that is harvested several times/undemolished.*
- Entirely harvested/demolished plants are plants usually harvested once and demolished to be substituted by other plants, consisting of: shallots, garlic, wlech onion, potato, cabbage, cauliflower, chinese cabbage, carrots, radish, and red beans.*
 - Plants that are harvested several times/undemolished are plants usually harvested more than once and demolished in the case that the last harvest was economically not profitable. They consist of: yarld long beans, chili, small chili, mushroom, tomatoes,*

panjang, cabai besar, cabai rawit, jamur, tomat, terung, buncis, ketimun, labu siam, kangkung, bayam, melon, semangka, dan blewah.

eggplant, green beans, cucumber, chayote, kangkong, spinach, melon, watermelon, and cantaloupe.

17. Produksi adalah hasil menurut bentuk produk dari setiap tanaman sayuran, buah-buahan, biofarmaka, dan tanaman hias yang diambil berdasarkan luas yang dipanen/tanaman yang menghasilkan pada bulan/triwulan laporan.
17. *Production is the standard production quantity form of vegetable, fruit, medicinal and ornamental plant based on harvested area/the number of production plants reported monthly/quarterly.*
18. Data perkebunan besar dikumpulkan oleh BPS per triwulan secara lengkap dengan pencacahan ke perusahaan untuk komoditas kelapa sawit, karet, teh, dan tebu. Untuk komoditas kelapa, kopi, kakao, cengkeh, kapuk, dan tembakau, datanya diperoleh dari Direktorat Jenderal Perkebunan. Data perkebunan rakyat untuk semua komoditas diperoleh dari Direktorat Jenderal Perkebunan, Kementerian Pertanian.
18. *Data on estates are collected by the BPS-Statistics Indonesia every three months on complete basis with direct enumeration of estates for oil palm, rubber, tea, and sugarcane. Data on coconut, coffee, cocoa, clove, kapok, and tobacco, as well as on smallholder plantation, are acquired from the Directorate General of Estates, Ministry of Agriculture.*
19. Perkebunan Besar adalah perkebunan yang diselenggarakan atau dikelola secara komersial oleh perusahaan yang berbadan hukum. Perkebunan besar terdiri atas Perkebunan Besar Negara (PBN) dan Perkebunan Besar Swasta (PBS) Nasional/Asing.
19. *Estates are a plantations organized or managed commercially by companies with legal entities. Estates comprise of Government Plantation and Private Plantations.*
20. Penghitungan luas tanaman perkebunan besar adalah pada
20. *Planted areas of estates refer to condition at the end of the year and*

keadaan akhir tahun dan tidak termasuk yang luasnya kurang dari 5 hektar.

exclude areas less than 5 hectares.

21. Bentuk produksi perkebunan adalah: karet kering (karet), daun kering (teh dan tembakau), biji kering (kopi dan coklat), kulit kering (kayu manis dan kina), serat kering (rami), bunga kering (cengkeh), refined sugar (tebu dari perkebunan besar), gula mangkok (tebu dari perkebunan rakyat), ekivalen kopra (kopra), biji dan bunga (pala) serta minyak daun (sereh).

21. *Production of estates crops are follows: dry rubber (rubber); dry leaves (tea and tobacco); dry beans (coffee and cocoa); dry bark (cassia vera and cinchona); dry fibre (rosella); dry flowers/buds (cloves); refined sugar (sugar cane from estate); cup sugar (sugar cane from smallholders); copra (copra); seeds and buds (nutmeg); and leaf oil (citronella).*

22. Data Statistik Kehutanan sebagian besar merupakan data sekunder yang bersumber dari Kementerian Lingkungan Hidup dan Kehutanan.

22. *Most of forestry statistics are secondary data obtained from the Ministry of Environment and Forestry.*

23. Kawasan hutan adalah wilayah tertentu yang ditunjuk dan atau ditetapkan oleh pemerintah untuk dipertahankan keberadaannya sebagai hutan tetap. Hal ini untuk menjamin kepastian hukum mengenai status kawasan hutan, letak batas dan luas suatu wilayah tertentu yang sudah ditunjuk menjadi kawasan hutan tetap.

23. *Forest Area is a specific territory determined and or decided by the government as a permanent forest. Such decision is important to maintain the size of forest area and to ensure its legitimation and boundary demarcation of permanent forest.*

Kawasan hutan Indonesia ditetapkan oleh Menteri Lingkungan Hidup dan Kehutanan dalam bentuk Surat Keputusan Menteri Lingkungan Hidup dan Kehutanan tentang Penunjukan

Indonesian forest area is determined by the Minister of Environment and Forestry in the format of Ministerial Decree on the Designation of Provincial Forest Area and Inland Water, Coastal, and

Kawasan Hutan dan Perairan Provinsi. Penunjukan Kawasan Hutan ini disusun berdasarkan hasil pemaduserasian antara Rencana Tata Ruang Wilayah Provinsi (RTRWP) dengan Tata Guna Hutan Kesepakatan (TGHK).

Penunjukan kawasan hutan mencakup pula kawasan perairan yang menjadi bagian dari Kawasan Suaka Alam (KSA) dan Kawasan Pelestarian Alam (KPA).

Marine Ecosystem. The designation of Forest Area is formulated based on integrated and harmonized of Provincial Spatial Planning and Forest Land Use by Consensus.

The designation of forest area in some cases also cover inland water, coastal, and marine ecosystem that may become part of Sanctuary Reserve Area and Nature Conservation Area.

24. Kawasan Suaka Alam (KSA) adalah kawasan dengan ciri khas tertentu, baik di darat maupun di perairan yang mempunyai fungsi pokok sebagai kawasan pengawetan keanekaragaman tumbuhan dan satwa serta ekosistemnya, yang juga berfungsi sebagai wilayah sistem penyangga kehidupan.

24. *A Sanctuary Reserve Area is a specific terrestrial or aquatic area having specific criteria for preserving biodiversity plant and animal as well as ecosystem, which also serve as life support system.*

25. Kawasan Pelestarian Alam (KPA) adalah kawasan dengan ciri khas tertentu, baik di darat maupun di perairan, yang mempunyai fungsi pokok perlindungan sistem penyangga kehidupan, pengawetan keanekaragaman jenis tumbuhan dan satwa, serta pemanfaatan secara lestari sumber daya alam hayati dan ekosistemnya.

25. *A Nature Conservation area is a specific terrestrial or aquatic area whose main function is to serve life support system and preserve diversity of plant and animal species, as well as to provide a sustainable utilization of living resources and their ecosystems.*

26. Berdasarkan Undang-Undang No. 41 Tahun 1999 tentang Kehutanan, kawasan hutan

26. *In accordance to the Act on Forestry No. 41/1999, forest area is categorized as Conservation Forest,*

dibagi ke dalam kelompok Hutan Konservasi, Hutan Lindung, dan Hutan Produksi.

Protection Forest, and Production Forest.

27. Hutan Konservasi adalah kawasan hutan dengan ciri khas tertentu yang mempunyai fungsi pokok pengawetan keanekaragaman tumbuhan dan satwa serta ekosistemnya.
27. *Conservation Forest is a forest area having specific characteristic established for the purposes of conservation of animal and plant species as well as their ecosystem.*
28. Hutan Lindung adalah kawasan hutan yang mempunyai fungsi pokok sebagai perlindungan sistem penyangga kehidupan untuk mengatur tata air, mencegah banjir, mengendalikan erosi, mencegah intrusi air laut, dan memelihara kesuburan tanah.
28. *Protection Forest is a forest area designated to serve life support system, maintain hydrological system, prevent of flood, erosion control, seawater intrusion, and maintain soil fertility.*
29. Hutan Produksi adalah kawasan hutan yang mempunyai fungsi pokok memproduksi hasil hutan. Hutan produksi terdiri dari Hutan Produksi Tetap (HP), Hutan Produksi Terbatas (HPT), dan Hutan Produksi yang dapat dikonversi.
29. *Production Forest is a forest area designated mainly to promote sustainable forest production. Production forest is classified as permanent production forest, limited production forest, and convertible production forest.*
30. Hutan Konservasi terdiri dari:
- Kawasan suaka alam berupa Cagar Alam (CA) dan Suaka Margasatwa (SM);
 - Kawasan pelestarian alam berupa Taman Nasional (TN), Taman Hutan Raya (THR), dan Taman Wisata Alam (TWA).
30. *Conservation Forest is divided into:*
- Sanctuary Reserve area consists of Strict Nature Reserve and Wildlife Sanctuary.*
 - Nature conservation area consists of National Park, Grand Forest Park, and Nature Recreation Park.*
31. Lahan Kritis
Penetapan lahan kritis mengacu
31. *Critical Lands*
Critical land refers to a piece of land

pada lahan yang telah sangat rusak karena kehilangan penutupan vegetasinya sehingga kehilangan atau berkurang fungsinya sebagai penahan air, pengendali erosi, siklus hara, pengatur iklim mikro, dan retensi karbon. Berdasarkan kondisi vegetasinya, kondisi lahan dapat diklasifikasikan sebagai: sangat kritis, kritis, agak kritis, potensial kritis, dan kondisi normal.

severely damaged due to lost of its vegetation cover so that its functions as water retention, erosion control, nutrient cycling, micro climate regulator, and carbon retention are completely depleted. Based upon its vegetation condition, the land could be classified as: very critical, critical, slight critical, potential critical, and normal condition.

32. Reboisasi atau rehabilitasi hutan bertujuan untuk menghutankan kembali kawasan hutan yang kritis di wilayah daerah aliran sungai (DAS) yang dilaksanakan bersama masyarakat secara partisipatif.

32. *Reforestation or forest rehabilitation is intended to rehabilitate the critical land inside forest area or watershed to improve their ecological and hydrological functions. The activities were conducted with active participation of local communities who live nearby the target area.*

33. Pemanfaatan Hasil Hutan Kayu pada Hutan Alam
Pemanfaatan hasil hutan kayu adalah segala bentuk usaha yang memanfaatkan dan mengusahakan hasil hutan kayu dengan tidak merusak lingkungan dan tidak mengurangi fungsi pokok hutan. Kegiatan ini hanya dapat dilaksanakan pada areal hutan yang memiliki potensi untuk dilakukan kegiatan pemanfaatan hasil hutan kayu dan dapat dilaksanakan setelah diperoleh izin usaha.

33. *Commercial Utilization of Timber in Natural Forest*
Commercial utilization of timber as forest product is activities to utilize timber without destructing the environment and undermining the main functions of the forest area. Those activities could only be executed in forest area with high commercial timber value with license.

34. Izin Usaha Pemanfaatan Hasil Hutan Kayu (IUPHHK) pada Hutan Alam adalah izin untuk memanfaatkan hutan produksi yang kegiatannya terdiri dari pemanenan atau penebangan, penanaman, pemeliharaan, pengamanan, pengolahan, dan pemasaran hasil hutan kayu. IUPHHK dapat diberikan kepada perorangan, koperasi, badan usaha swasta, dan BUMN/BUMD.
34. *The license to commercially utilize timber in natural forest is license to utilize production forest for which the activities consist of harvesting or felling, planting, tending, protecting, processing, and marketing. The license could be granted to individuals, cooperatives, private companies, state-owned enterprises/local government-owned enterprises.*
35. Kayu Bulat adalah produksi hasil hutan utama yang dihasilkan dari hutan. Produksi kayu bulat ini dihasilkan dari hutan alam melalui kegiatan perusahaan Hak Pengusahaan Hutan (HPH/IUPHHK), kegiatan ijin pemanfaatan kayu (IPK) dalam rangka pembukaan wilayah hutan, pembangunan Hutan Tanaman Industri (HTI), serta kegiatan hutan rakyat.
35. *Log is the main product of commercial forest operation. The log is harvested from various sources such as natural forest granted to concessionaires, land clearing activities, industrial forest plantation, and community forest.*
36. Kayu Gergajian merupakan kayu hasil konversi kayu bulat dengan menggunakan mesin gergaji, mempunyai bentuk yang teratur dengan sisi-sisi sejajar dan sudut-sudutnya siku dengan ketebalan tidak lebih dari 6 cm dan kadar air tidak lebih dari 18 persen. Kayu gergajian yang diolah langsung dari kayu bulat, wajib didukung dengan dokumen yang sah.
36. *Sawn Timber constitutes a sawmill product derived from logs as raw material. The product is characterized with regular forms having parallel sides at right angle to each other, thickness not more than 6 cm and moisture content not to exceed 18 percent. Sawn timber produced directly from logs must be certified by a legal document.*
37. Kayu Lapis adalah panel kayu yang tersusun dari lapisan veneer
37. *Plywood is wood panel consisting of layers pressed together in between*

di bagian luarnya, sedangkan di bagian intinya (core) bisa berupa veneer atau material lain, diikat dengan lem kemudian di-press (ditekan) sedemikian rupa sehingga menjadi panel yang kuat. Termasuk dalam artian ini adalah kayu lapis yang dilapisi lagi dengan material lain.

veneers; the core may be veneer or some other material, bound together with glue and pressed tightly together to make a strong panel. Included to this definition is plywood covered with other materials.

38. Data populasi ternak bersumber dari Direktorat Jenderal Peternakan dan Kesehatan Hewan Kementerian Pertanian, sedangkan jumlah pemotongan ternak merupakan hasil Survei Laporan Pemotongan Ternak. Pengumpulan data pemotongan ternak dilakukan secara lengkap setiap triwulan di seluruh Rumah Potong Hewan (RPH) dan Tempat Pemotongan Hewan (TPH) yang ada di Indonesia. Pada tahun 2018 jumlah Dokumen RPH/TPH hasil pencacahan yang diolah sebanyak 4.780.

38. *Data of domestic livestock population are obtain from the Directorate General of Livestock and Animal Health Service, while data on the number of animals slaughtered are based on the quarterly survey conducted by BPS-Statistics Indonesia. This survey is a complete enumeration on all slaughtering houses and abattoirs in Indonesia. There are 4,780 covered in 2018.*

39. Data statistik perikanan merupakan data sekunder yang bersumber dari Direktorat Jenderal Perikanan Tangkap dan Direktorat Jenderal Budidaya, Kementerian Kelautan dan Perikanan. Statistik perikanan dibedakan atas data Perikanan Tangkap dan Perikanan Budidaya. Perikanan Tangkap diklasifikasikan atas penangkapan ikan di laut dan penangkapan ikan di perairan umum. Perikanan Budidaya diklasifikasikan atas

39. *Fishery Statistics are secondary data obtained from the Directorate General of Capture Fisheries and Directorate General of Aquaculture, Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries. Fishery statistics are categorized into capture fisheries and aquaculture. Capture fisheries are further classified into marine capture fisheries and inland open water capture fisheries. Aquaculture are further classified into several types of culture: marine culture,*

jenis budidaya yaitu budidaya laut, tambak, kolam, karamba, jaring apung, dan sawah.

brackish water pond, fresh water pond, cage, floating net, and fish breeding in paddy fields.

40. Rumah Tangga Perikanan Tangkap adalah rumah tangga yang melakukan kegiatan penangkapan ikan/binatang air lainnya/tanaman air dengan tujuan sebagian/seluruh hasilnya untuk dijual.
40. *A capture fishery household is a household conducting activities in catching fishes/other aquatic animals/aquatic plants, for which the products are wholly or partly to be sold.*
41. Rumah Tangga Perikanan Budidaya adalah rumah tangga yang melakukan kegiatan budidaya ikan/binatang air lainnya/tanaman air dengan tujuan sebagian/seluruh hasilnya untuk dijual.
41. *An aquaculture fishery household is a household conducting activities in culturing fishes/other aquatic animals/aquatic plants, for which the products are wholly or partly to be sold.*

ULASAN

DESCRIPTION

Tanaman Pangan

Luas panen padi di Provinsi Jambi pada tahun 2021 adalah 67.243,33 Hektar, menurun 20,67 persen dibandingkan tahun 2020. Produktivitas padi di tahun 2021 mengalami peningkatan menjadi 47,11 (ku/ha) dari sebelumnya pada tahun 2020 45,58 (ku/ha), produksi padi tahun 2021 sebesar 316.816,81 ton. Produksi padi terbesar berada di Kabupaten Kerinci sebesar 97.617,81 ton dan diikuti oleh Kabupaten Tanjung Jabung Timur sebesar 31.483,91 ton.

Perkebunan

Secara umum, produksi tanaman perkebunan di tahun 2021 mengalami peningkatan kecuali pada tanaman tembakau yang mengalami penurunan produksi dari 14 ton pada tahun 2020 menjadi 11 ton. Kelapa sawit dari 983.496,60 ton di tahun 2020 menjadi 1.063.677,60 ton di tahun 2021, kelapa dari 114.944 ton menjadi 115.657,50 ton, dan Karet dari 357.488 ton menjadi 358.055,40 ton. Luas panen tanaman perkebunan cenderung meningkat kecuali pada tanaman tembakau yang sedikit berkurang dari 61 hektar di tahun 2020 menjadi 59 hektar di tahun 2021.

Kehutanan

Jumlah luas hutan dan perairan di Provinsi Jambi pada tahun 2021 sebesar 2.859.879,5 Hektar. Produksi kayu bulan pada tahun 2021 sebanyak

Foods crops

The rice harvested area in Jambi Province in 2021 is 67,243.33 hectares, a decrease of 20.67 percent compared to 2020. Rice productivity in 2021 has increased to 47.11 (ku/ha) from the previous 45.58 (ku/ha) in 2020. /ha), rice production in 2021 is 316,816.81 tons. The largest rice production was in Kerinci Regency at 97,617.81 tons and followed by Tanjung Jabung Timur Regency at 31,483.91 tons.

Estate Crops

In general, the production of plantation crops in 2020 has increased, except for oil palm, sugar cane and tobacco which have decreased production. Palm oil from 1,830,035 tonnes in 2019 to 1,481,388 tonnes in 2020, sugarcane from 9,743 tonnes to 9,645 tonnes, and tobacco from 343 tonnes to 175 tonnes. The harvested area for plantation crops has tended to decline except for coffee, which increased slightly from 29,438 hectares in 2019 to 29,782 in 2020.

Forestry

The total area of forests and waters in Jambi Province in 2021 is 2,859,879.5 hectares. Moonwood production in 2021 is 4,979,317.20 m3, processed wood consists of 32,220.13 m3 sawn

4.979.317,20 m³, kayu olahan terdiri dari kayu gergajian 32.220,13 m³, kayu lapis 89.608 m³, serpih kayu 1.874.269 m³, bubur kayu 701.256,46 m³ dan veneer 102.784,84 m³.

Peternakan

Populasi ternak terbesar di Provinsi Jambi masih didominasi oleh sapi potong sebanyak 160,30 ribu ekor dan kambing sebanyak 414,80 ribu ekor. Ternak unggas terbanyak adalah ayam pedaging, yaitu sebanyak 43.001,90 ekor. Produksi daging sapi di Provinsi Jambi di tahun 2021 sebesar 5.570,90 ton.

Perikanan

Pada tahun 2020 jumlah produksi perikanan tangkap di laut di Provinsi Jambi sebesar 47.489 ton, perikanan umum daratan sebesar 8.403 ton, dan perikanan tangkap sebesar 55.892 ton.

wood, 89,608 m³ plywood, 1,874,269 m³ wood chips, 701,256.46 m³ pulp and 102,784.84 m³ veneer..

Livestock

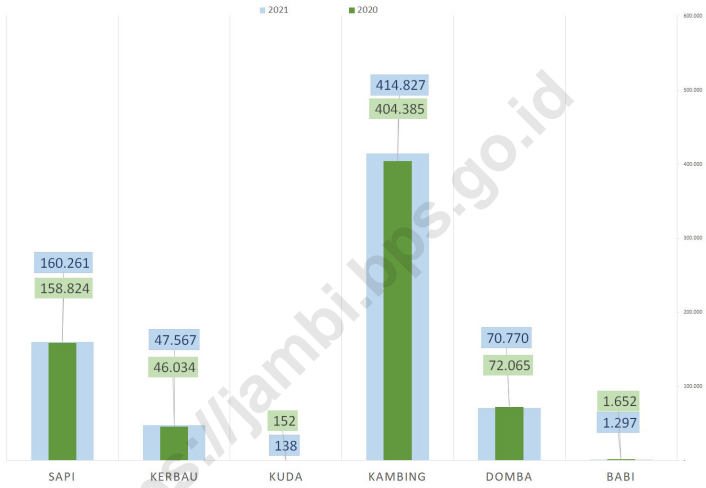
The largest livestock population in Jambi Province is still dominated by beef cattle as many as 160.30 thousand heads and goats as many as 414.80 thousand heads. Most poultry are broilers, which are 43,001.90 tails. Beef production in Jambi Province in 2021 is 5,570.90 tons.

Fishery

In 2020, the production of marine capture fisheries in Jambi Province is 47,489 tons, mainland general fisheries 8,403 tons, and capture fisheries 55,892 tons.

Gambar 5 Populasi Ternak Besar menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2021 (ekor)
Figures 5 Big Livestock Population by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2021 (heads)

Big Livestock Population by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2021 (heads)



Sumber/Source : Kementerian Pertanian (Direktorat Jendral Peternakan dan Kesehatan Hewan/
Ministry of Agriculture (Directorate General of Livestock and Animal Health Service)

5.1 TANAMAN PANGAN

FOOD CROPS

Tabel 5.1.1 Luas Panen, Produktivitas, dan Produksi Padi¹ Menurut Kabupaten/Kota (ha) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020² dan 2021³
Harvested Area, Yield, and Production of Paddy¹ by Regency/Municipality (ha) in Jambi Province, 2020² and 2021³

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Luas Panen (ha) Harvested Area (ha) | | Produktivitas (ku/ha) Yield (qu/ha) | |
|--|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 ² | 2021 ³ | 2020 ² | 2021 ³ |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 19 424,79 | 18 028,64 | 51,51 | 54,15 |
| Merangin | 7 772,08 | 5 898,26 | 43,90 | 42,31 |
| Sarolangun | 6 327,52 | 4 041,16 | 33,44 | 36,76 |
| Batang Hari | 6 987,86 | 5 422,96 | 43,55 | 43,64 |
| Muaro Jambi | 5 274,45 | 4 130,09 | 41,28 | 38,78 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 12 859,19 | 7 423,50 | 44,54 | 42,41 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 7 771,01 | 6 719,04 | 41,30 | 43,11 |
| Tebo | 5 717,21 | 4 845,03 | 45,47 | 49,02 |
| Bungo | 5 328,54 | 4 401,03 | 37,26 | 36,23 |
| Kota Jambi | 627,52 | 367,20 | 42,90 | 43,30 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 6 682,76 | 5 966,42 | 61,27 | 63,65 |
| Jambi | 84 772,93 | 67 243,33 | 45,58 | 47,11 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.1.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Produksi ¹ (ton) Production ¹ (ton) | |
|--|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 ² | 2021 ³ |
| (1) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 100 061,29 | 97 617,81 |
| Merangin | 34 122,86 | 24 953,70 |
| Sarolangun | 21 159,22 | 14 854,07 |
| Batang Hari | 30 434,37 | 23 663,43 |
| Muaro Jambi | 21 774,60 | 16 018,11 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 57 278,67 | 31 483,91 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 32 097,26 | 28 966,10 |
| Tebo | 25 994,79 | 23 749,63 |
| Bungo | 19 855,37 | 15 946,24 |
| Kota Jambi | 2 691,82 | 1 590,14 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 40 943,24 | 37 973,67 |
| Jambi | 386 413,49 | 316 816,81 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Kualitas produksi gabah kering giling/The production form is dry unhusked paddy

² Luas panen dan produksi padi 2020 merupakan angka final/Harvested area and production of paddy in 2020 are final figures

³ Luas panen Oktober-Desember 2021 adalah angka potensi hasil KSA September 2021; produksi September-Desember 2021 dihitung berdasarkan produktivitas September-Desember 2020/Harvested area in October-December 2021 is a potential figure based on the ASF results in September 2021; production in September-December 2021 is calculated based on the yield of paddy (productivity) in September-December 2020

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Kerangka Sampel Area (KSA)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Area Sampling Frame (ASF) Survey

Tabel
Table 5.1.2**Produksi Padi¹ dan Beras Menurut Kabupaten/Kota (ha) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020² dan 2021³**
Paddy and Rice Production¹ by Regency/Municipality (ha) in Jambi Province, 2020² and 2021³

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Produksi Padi ¹ (ton) Paddy Production ¹ (ton) | | Produksi Beras (ton) Rice Production (ton) | |
|--|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 ² | 2021 ³ | 2020 ² | 2021 ³ |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 100 061,29 | 97 617,81 | 57 584,66 | 56 178,45 |
| Merangin | 34 122,86 | 24 953,70 | 19 637,49 | 14 360,71 |
| Sarolangun | 21 159,22 | 14 854,07 | 12 177,03 | 8 548,44 |
| Batang Hari | 30 434,37 | 23 663,43 | 17 514,81 | 13 618,15 |
| Muaro Jambi | 21 774,60 | 16 018,11 | 12 531,16 | 9 218,33 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 57 278,67 | 31 483,91 | 32 963,51 | 18 118,79 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 32 097,26 | 28 966,10 | 18 471,76 | 16 669,79 |
| Tebo | 25 994,79 | 23 749,63 | 14 959,83 | 13 667,77 |
| Bungo | 19 855,37 | 15 946,24 | 11 426,65 | 9 176,98 |
| Kota Jambi | 2 691,82 | 1 590,14 | 1 549,12 | 915,11 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 40 943,24 | 37 973,67 | 23 562,56 | 21 853,62 |
| Jambi | 386 413,49 | 316 816,81 | 222 378,58 | 182 326,14 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Kualitas produksi gabah kering giling/The production form is dry unhusked paddy

² Luas panen dan produksi padi 2020 merupakan angka final/Harvested area and production of paddy in 2020 are final figures

³ Luas panen Oktober-Desember 2021 adalah angka potensi hasil KSA September 2021; produksi September-Desember 2021 dihitung berdasarkan produktivitas September-Desember 2020/Harvested area in October-December 2021 is a potential figure based on the ASF results in September 2021; production in September-December 2021 is calculated based on the yield of paddy (productivity) in September-December 2020

Sumber/Source: BPS, Laporan Statistik Pertanian/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agriculture Statistic Report of Food Crops

Tabel 5.1.3 **Produksi Jagung¹ dan Kedelai² Menurut Kabupaten/Kota (ha) di Provinsi Jambi, 2015**
Production of Maize¹ and Soybeans² by Regency/ Municipality (ha) in Jambi Province, 2015

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Produksi Jagung (ton) Maize Production (ton) | Produksi Kedelai (ton) Soybeans Production (ton) |
|--|---|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Kerinci | 13 746,00 | 498,00 |
| Merangin | 4 780,00 | 1 012,00 |
| Sarolangun | 326,00 | 279,00 |
| Batang Hari | 310,00 | 321,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 11 404,00 | 139,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 9 239,00 | 1 028,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 6 668,00 | ... |
| Tebo | 742,00 | 2 310,00 |
| Bungo | 4 037,00 | 1 147,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 32,00 | ... |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 429,00 | ... |
| Jambi | 51 712,00 | 6 732,00 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Kualitas produksi jagung pipilan kering/The production form is dry loose maize

² Kualitas produksi kedelai biji kering/The production form is dry shells soybean

Sumber/Source: BPS, Laporan Statistik Pertanian (SP) Tanaman Pangan/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agriculture Statistic Report of Food Crops

Tabel
Table 5.1.4**Luas Lahan Tegal/Kebun, Ladang/Huma, dan Lahan Yang sementara Tidak Diusahakan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota (ha) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020**
Area of Tegal/Gardens, Fields/Huma, and Temporary Not Cultivated Land by Regency/Municipality (ha) in Jambi Province, 2020

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Tegal/Kebun Tegal/Gardens | Ladang/Huma Fields/Huma | Sementara Tidak Diusahakan Temporary Not Cultivated Land |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------------|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 40 326 | 30 517 | 8 189 |
| Merangin | 63 478 | 71 623 | 49 339 |
| Sarolangun | 10 147 | 18 032 | 33 483 |
| Batang Hari | 28 690 | 16 192 | 29 043 |
| Muaro Jambi | 37 098 | 34 946 | 12 465 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 16 640 | 12 552 | 10 459 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 4 727 | 259 | 5 159 |
| Tebo | 32 015 | 9 543 | 49 261 |
| Bungo | 36 402 | 23 622 | 55 620 |
| Kota Jambi | 697 | 248 | 2 229 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 686 | 2 307 | 626 |
| Jambi | 270 906 | 219 841 | 255 870 |

Sumber/Source: Dinas Tanaman Pangan, Hortikultura, dan Peternakan Provinsi Jambi/ Food Crops, Horticulture and Animal Husbandry Office of Jambi Province

**5.2 HORTIKULTURA
HORTICULTURE**

Tabel 5.2.1 Luas Panen Tanaman Sayuran Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Tanaman (ha) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x
Table 5.2.1 Harvested Area of Vegetables by Regency/Municipality and Kind of Plant (ha) in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Bawang Daun/ Scallion (ha/ ha) | | Bawang Merah/ Shallots (ha/ ha) | | Bawang Putih/ Garlic (ha/ ha) | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 383 | 440 | 1 631 | 1 645 | 91 | 42 |
| Merangin | 54 | 68 | 68 | 79 | 28 | 17 |
| Sarolangun | - | 1 | - | 1 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | 5 | - | 2 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 2 | 7 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | 2 | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | 2 | 7 | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | 1 | 1 | 0 | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 29 | 23 | 47 | 41 | 18 | - |
| Jambi | 466 | 538 | 1 751 | 1 785 | 137 | 59 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 5.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Bayam/ Spinach (ha/ ha) | | Blewah/ Blewah (ha/ ha) | | Buncis/ string bean (ha/ ha) | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 24 | 86 | - | - | 362 | 315 |
| Merangin | 462 | 443 | - | - | 7 | 25 |
| Sarolangun | 80 | 74 | 0 | - | 6 | 7 |
| Batang Hari | 22 | 16 | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 77 | 110 | 2 | - | 12 | 14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 30 | 18 | 2 | - | 1 | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 37 | 65 | - | - | 1 | - |
| Tebo | 191 | 207 | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Bungo | 152 | 113 | 1 | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 216 | 200 | 0 | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 45 | 45 | - | - | 2 | 8 |
| Jambi | 1 335 | 1 375 | 5 | - | 392 | 370 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Cabai Besar/ Chili/ Big chili (ha/ ha) | | Cabai Rawit/ Chili/ Cayenne Pepper (ha/ ha) | | Jamur/ Mushrooms (m2/m2) | |
|--|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 2 901 | 3 719 | 693 | 634 | - | 152 |
| Merangin | 435 | 449 | 293 | 229 | 800 | 3 500 |
| Sarolangun | 81 | 86 | 96 | 101 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | 143 | 101 | 107 | 86 | - | 67 |
| Muaro Jambi | 262 | 103 | 53 | 51 | - | 1 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 110 | 94 | 61 | 45 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 148 | 115 | 106 | 81 | - | - |
| Tebo | 77 | 71 | 39 | 32 | 29 | 41 |
| Bungo | 102 | 135 | 102 | 48 | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 22 | 19 | 7 | 7 | 700 | 1 500 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 93 | 82 | 23 | 16 | 220 | 70 |
| Jambi | 4 375 | 4 974 | 1 580 | 1 330 | 1 749 | 5 331 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Kacang Merah/ Red Beans (ha/ ha) | | Kacang Panjang/ Long Beans (ha/ ha) | | Kangkung/ Water Spinach (ha/ ha) | |
|--|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) |
| Kerinci | 550 | - | 282 | 310 | 20 | 39 |
| Merangin | 47 | - | 418 | 253 | 505 | 460 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | 113 | 100 | 89 | 103 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 163 | 120 | 79 | 68 |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | 181 | 134 | 86 | 102 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2 | - | 47 | 53 | 55 | 50 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 142 | 114 | 71 | 76 |
| Tebo | - | - | 119 | 111 | 219 | 223 |
| Bungo | - | - | 148 | 114 | 185 | 113 |
| Kota Jambi | 0 | - | 53 | 50 | 224 | 207 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 | - | 8 | 11 | 31 | 27 |
| Jambi | 601 | - | 1 674 | 1 370 | 1 564 | 1 468 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Kembang Kol/ Cauliflower (ha/ ha) | | Kentang/Potato (ha/ ha) | | Ketimun/Cucumber (ha/ ha) | |
|--|---|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) |
| Kerinci | 179 | 214 | 5 630 | 6 781 | 82 | 104 |
| Merangin | - | 3 | 282 | 394 | 289 | 181 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | 72 | 69 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | 126 | 75 |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | 175 | 142 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | 27 | 29 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | 81 | 68 |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | 69 | 55 |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | 108 | 64 |
| Kota Jambi | 2 | - | - | - | 51 | 43 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | 3 | 20 | 15 | 5 | 7 |
| Jambi | 181 | 220 | 5 932 | 7 190 | 1 085 | 836 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Kubis/ Cabbage (ha/ ha) | | Labu Siam/ Chayote (ha/ ha) | | Lobak/ Radish (ha/ ha) | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (32) | (33) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) |
| Kerinci | 1 713 | 2 237 | 108 | 128 | 31 | - |
| Merangin | 55 | 54 | - | - | 14 | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 6 | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | 1 | 1 | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 1 768 | 2 292 | 117 | 129 | 45 | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Melon/ Melon (ha/ ha) | | Paprika/ Bell Pepper (ha/ ha) | | Petsai/Sawi/ Chinese Cabbage/mustard green (ha/ ha) | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (38) | (39) | (40) | (41) | (42) | (43) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | 6 | 350 | 583 |
| Merangin | 14 | 12 | - | - | 25 | 46 |
| Sarolangun | 1 | - | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| Batang Hari | 15 | 8 | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 4 | 10 | - | - | 56 | 55 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 13 | 6 | 1 | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 9 | 4 | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | 4 | 4 | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | 42 | 5 | - | - | 51 | 32 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 | 1 | - | - | 214 | 189 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | 4 | 14 |
| Jambi | 102 | 50 | 1 | 6 | 702 | 921 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Semangka/Water Melon (ha/ ha) | | Stroberi/ Strawberry (ha/ ha) | |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (44) | (45) | (46) | (47) |
| Kerinci | 22 | 13 | - | 45 |
| Merangin | 98 | 58 | - | 5 |
| Sarolangun | 50 | 77 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | 40 | 39 | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 96 | 78 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 191 | 137 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 46 | 20 | - | - |
| Tebo | 44 | 56 | - | - |
| Bungo | 42 | 12 | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 1 | 6 | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 630 | 495 | - | 50 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Terung/Eggplant (ha/ha) | | Tomat/Tomato (ha/ha) | | Wortel/Carrot (ha/ha) | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (48) | (49) | (50) | (51) | (52) | (53) |
| Kerinci | 475 | 477 | 638 | 695 | 321 | 378 |
| Merangin | 291 | 211 | 109 | 64 | 7 | - |
| Sarolangun | 75 | 73 | 28 | 27 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | 88 | 82 | 1 | 2 | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 77 | 47 | 26 | 25 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 27 | 28 | 18 | 20 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 41 | 51 | 21 | 19 | - | - |
| Tebo | 59 | 44 | 5 | 7 | - | - |
| Bungo | 100 | 51 | 8 | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 26 | 33 | 5 | 6 | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 3 | 10 | 11 | 7 | - | - |
| Jambi | 1 261 | 1 107 | 869 | 872 | 328 | 378 |

Catatan/Note: Cabai besar termasuk cabai rawit/Big chili including cayenne pepper
Jamur merupakan penjumlahan dari jamur lainnya, jamur merang, dan jamur tiram/ Mushrooms are the sum of other mushrooms, edible mushrooms, and oyster mushrooms

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH

Tabel
Table 5.2.2

Produksi Tanaman Sayuran Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Tanaman (ton) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x
Production of Vegetables by Regency/Municipality and Kind of Plant (ton) in Jambi Province, 2020 dan 2021^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Bawang Daun/ Scallion (ha/ ha) | | Bawang Merah/ Shallots (ha/ ha) | | Bawang Putih/ Garlic (ha/ ha) | |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 34 553 | 39 119 | 114 116 | 122 043 | 4 008 | 996 |
| Merangin | 2 170 | 2 537 | 2 637 | 4 934 | 825 | 276 |
| Sarolangun | - | 14 | - | 4 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | 429 | - | 282 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 21 | 78 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | 30 | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | 27 | 570 | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | 9 | 80 | 20 | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 148 | 1 280 | 2 885 | 3 386 | 182 | - |
| Jambi | 37 871 | 43 388 | 119 766 | 131 347 | 5 015 | 1 272 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Bayam/ Spinach (ha/ ha) | | Blewah/ Blewah (ha/ ha) | | Buncis/ string bean (ha/ ha) | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 1 621 | 6 753 | - | - | 51 730 | 41 125 |
| Merangin | 7 601 | 10 916 | - | - | 308 | 854 |
| Sarolangun | 352 | 489 | 5 | - | 105 | 30 |
| Batang Hari | 1 054 | 490 | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 3 464 | 8 438 | 66 | - | 315 | 518 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 870 | 946 | 423 | - | 20 | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 207 | 227 | - | - | 20 | - |
| Tebo | 1 613 | 1 688 | - | - | 120 | 50 |
| Bungo | 9 142 | 4 200 | 25 | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 1 678 | 2 542 | 3 | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 010 | 880 | - | - | 50 | 270 |
| Jambi | 28 611 | 37 569 | 522 | - | 52 668 | 42 847 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Cabai Besar/ Chili/Big chili (ha/ ha) | | Cabai Rawit/ Chili/ Cayenne Pepper (ha/ ha) | | Jamur/ Mushrooms (m2/ m2) | |
|--|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 372 923 | 516 407 | 96 219 | 75 508 | - | 94 |
| Merangin | 30 710 | 31 453 | 14 859 | 16 777 | 500 | 1 893 |
| Sarolangun | 1 005 | 1 426 | 1 352 | 1 480 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | 10 019 | 7 438 | 7 054 | 6 645 | - | 107 |
| Muaro Jambi | 20 329 | 6 176 | 2 888 | 2 447 | - | 1 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 5 869 | 12 180 | 2 695 | 4 508 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 3 631 | 2 175 | 2 770 | 1 710 | - | - |
| Tebo | 2 390 | 2 044 | 1 359 | 878 | 312 | 151 |
| Bungo | 6 206 | 6 359 | 5 543 | 2 012 | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 508 | 308 | 209 | 238 | 26 075 | 345 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 17 740 | 7 842 | 932 | 865 | 870 | 22 |
| Jambi | 471 331 | 593 807 | 135 880 | 113 068 | 27 757 | 2 613 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 5.2.2*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Kacang Merah/ Red Beans (ha/ ha) | | Kacang Panjang/ Long Beans (ha/ ha) | | Kangkung/ Water Spinach (ha/ ha) | |
|--|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) |
| Kerinci | 25 717 | - | 26 615 | 33 153 | 1 924 | 3 676 |
| Merangin | 1 027 | - | 16 152 | 12 886 | 8 111 | 12 021 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | 1 090 | 1 334 | 692 | 836 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 10 268 | 8 085 | 5 470 | 3 806 |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | 10 999 | 6 827 | 5 387 | 8 896 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 | - | 2 756 | 3 621 | 1 884 | 2 013 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 2 102 | 1 366 | 426 | 376 |
| Tebo | - | - | 2 075 | 1 943 | 2 074 | 1 731 |
| Bungo | - | - | 8 958 | 4 663 | 12 283 | 4 230 |
| Kota Jambi | 0 | - | 692 | 810 | 2 308 | 3 578 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 22 | - | 377 | 217 | 1 113 | 785 |
| Jambi | 26 770 | - | 82 083 | 74 905 | 41 672 | 41 948 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Kembang Kol/ Cauliflower (ha/ ha) | | Kentang/ Potato (ha/ ha) | | Ketimun/ Cucumber (ha/ ha) | |
|--|---|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) |
| Kerinci | 16 030 | 17 155 | 1 196 034 | 1 055 356 | 19 634 | 19 915 |
| Merangin | - | 60 | 52 775 | 66 810 | 11 110 | 11 091 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | 713 | 927 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | 9 959 | 6 283 |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | 8 611 | 9 235 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | 2 027 | 2 813 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | 1 105 | 1 133 |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | 1 842 | 1 690 |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | 6 557 | 2 853 |
| Kota Jambi | 37 | - | - | - | 825 | 1 164 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | 25 | 1 200 | 1 171 | 297 | 731 |
| Jambi | 16 067 | 17 240 | 1 250 009 | 1 123 337 | 62 680 | 57 835 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Kubis/ Cabbage (ha/ ha) | | Labu Siam/ Chayote (ha/ ha) | | Lobak/ Radish (ha/ ha) | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (32) | (33) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) |
| Kerinci | 412 560 | 505 481 | 75 415 | 112 148 | 3 580 | - |
| Merangin | 9 088 | 7 338 | - | - | 224 | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | 2 | 2 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 2 080 | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | 32 | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | 15 | 10 | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 421 648 | 512 834 | 77 539 | 112 150 | 3 804 | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Melon/ Melon (ha/ ha) | | Paprika/ Bell Pepper (ha/ ha) | | Petsai/Sawi/ Chinese Cabbage/mustard green (ha/ ha) | |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (38) | (39) | (40) | (41) | (42) | (43) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | 902 | 65 472 | 110 354 |
| Merangin | 394 | 2 416 | - | - | 515 | 3 108 |
| Sarolangun | 5 | - | - | - | 28 | 57 |
| Batang Hari | 1 844 | 160 | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 129 | 514 | - | - | 1 935 | 4 140 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 301 | 663 | 37 | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 167 | 260 | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | 258 | 110 | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | 9 412 | 490 | - | - | 4 085 | 1 523 |
| Kota Jambi | 62 | 3 | - | - | 1 475 | 2 420 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | 84 | 155 |
| Jambi | 13 572 | 4 616 | 37 | 902 | 73 594 | 121 757 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Semangka/Water Melon (ha/ha) | | Stroberi/Strawberry (ha/ha) | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (44) | (45) | (46) | (47) |
| Kerinci | 4 882 | 945 | - | 45 |
| Merangin | 5 969 | 11 605 | - | 43 |
| Sarolangun | 1 065 | 1 602 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | 5 210 | 2 087 | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 7 828 | 4 276 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 20 946 | 18 628 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 379 | 964 | - | - |
| Tebo | 4 284 | 6 966 | - | - |
| Bungo | 9 105 | 1 620 | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 20 | 75 | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 60 688 | 48 768 | - | 88 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Terung/Eggplant (ha/ha) | | Tomat/Tomato (ha/ha) | | Wortel/Carrot (ha/ha) | |
|--|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (48) | (49) | (50) | (51) | (52) | (53) |
| Kerinci | 80 205 | 113 840 | 186 996 | 225 003 | 62 860 | 67 536 |
| Merangin | 10 575 | 12 298 | 5 616 | 6 262 | 452 | - |
| Sarolangun | 822 | 1 143 | 218 | 151 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | 8 958 | 8 250 | 71 | 210 | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 5 240 | 3 163 | 1 584 | 2 266 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2 454 | 2 711 | 857 | 2 194 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 715 | 648 | 155 | 225 | - | - |
| Tebo | 3 617 | 2 486 | 102 | 690 | - | - |
| Bungo | 6 646 | 1 833 | 419 | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 317 | 1 139 | 109 | 199 | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 150 | 755 | 393 | 109 | - | - |
| Jambi | 119 699 | 148 266 | 196 520 | 237 309 | 63 312 | 67 536 |

Catatan/Note: Cabai besar termasuk cabai keriting/ *big chillies includes curly chillies*
Jamur merupakan penjumlahan dari jamur lainnya, jamur merang, dan jamur tiram/ *mushrooms are sum of other mushroom, edible mushrooms, and oyster mushrooms*

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH

Tabel
Table 5.2.3

Luas Panen Tanaman Sayuran dan Buah–Buahan Semusim Menurut Jenis Tanaman di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021^x
Harvested Area of Seasonal Vegetables and Fruits by Kind of Plant in Jambi Province, 2019–2021^x

| Jenis Tanaman <i>Kind of Plants</i> | Satuan | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
|--|--------|-------|-------|-------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Bawang Daun/ Scallion | ha | 470 | 466 | 538 |
| Bawang Merah/ Shallots | ha | 1 507 | 1 751 | 1 785 |
| Bawang Putih/ Garlic | ha | 67 | 137 | 59 |
| Bayam/ Spinach | ha | 1 277 | 1 335 | 1 375 |
| Blewah/ Blewah | ha | 28 | 5 | - |
| Buncis/ string bean | ha | 385 | 392 | 370 |
| Cabai Besar/ Chili/Big chili | ha | 5 434 | 4 375 | 4 974 |
| Cabai Rawit/ Chili/Cayenne Pepper | ha | 1 442 | 1 580 | 1 330 |
| Jamur/ Mushrooms | m2 | 2 102 | 1 749 | 5 331 |
| Kacang Merah/ Red Beans | ha | 547 | 601 | - |
| Kacang Panjang/ Long Beans | ha | 1 616 | 1 674 | 1 370 |
| Kangkung/ Water Spinach | ha | 1 509 | 1 564 | 1 468 |
| Kembang Kol/ Cauliflower | ha | 215 | 181 | 220 |
| Kentang/ Potato | ha | 5 998 | 5 932 | 7 190 |
| Ketimun/ Cucumber | ha | 986 | 1 085 | 836 |
| Kubis/ Cabbage | ha | 1 373 | 1 768 | 2 292 |
| Labu Siam/ Chayote | ha | 94 | 117 | 129 |
| Lobak/ Radish | ha | 7 | 45 | - |
| Melon/ Melon | ha | 74 | 102 | 50 |
| Paprika/ Bell Pepper | ha | - | 1 | 6 |
| Petsai/Sawi/ Chinese Cabbage/mustard green | ha | 604 | 702 | 921 |
| Semangka/ Watermelon | ha | 500 | 630 | 495 |
| Stroberi/ Strawberry | ha | - | - | 50 |
| Terung/ Eggplant | ha | 1 176 | 1 261 | 1 107 |
| Tomat/ Tomato | ha | 820 | 869 | 872 |
| Wortel/ Carrot | ha | 230 | 328 | 378 |

Catatan/Note: Cabai besar mencakup cabai keriting/ includes curly chilies
Jamur merupakan penjumlahan dari jamur lainnya, jamur merang, dan jamur tiram/ mushrooms are the sum of other mushrooms, edible mushrooms, and oyster mushrooms

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

Tabel
Table 5.2.4**Produksi Tanaman Sayuran dan Buah–Buahan Semusim Menurut Jenis Tanaman di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021^x**
Production of Seasonal Vegetables and Fruits by Kind of Plant in Jambi Province, 2019–2021^x

| Jenis Tanaman <i>Kind of Plants</i> | Satuan | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Bawang Daun/ Scallion | kw/ qui | 32 313 | 37 871 | 43 388 |
| Bawang Merah/ Shallots | kw/ qui | 96 863 | 119 766 | 131 347 |
| Bawang Putih/ Garlic | kw/ qui | 3 950 | 5 015 | 1 272 |
| Bayam/ Spinach | kw/ qui | 38 343 | 28 611 | 37 569 |
| Blewah/ Blewah | kw/ qui | 2 743 | 522 | - |
| Buncis/ string bean | kw/ qui | 44 804 | 52 668 | 42 847 |
| Cabai Besar/ Chili/Big chili | kw/ qui | 426 976 | 471 331 | 593 807 |
| Cabai Rawit/ Chili/Cayenne Pepper | kw/ qui | 98 795 | 135 880 | 113 068 |
| Jamur/ Mushrooms | kg | 16 514 | 27 757 | 2 613 |
| Kacang Merah/ Red Beans | kw/ qui | 16 251 | 26 770 | - |
| Kacang Panjang/ Long Beans | kw/ qui | 79 591 | 82 083 | 74 905 |
| Kangkung/ Water Spinach | kw/ qui | 50 138 | 41 672 | 41 948 |
| Kembang Kol/ Cauliflower | kw/ qui | 13 616 | 16 067 | 17 240 |
| Kentang/ Potato | kw/ qui | 1 118 124 | 1 250 009 | 1 123 337 |
| Ketimun/ Cucumber | kw/ qui | 55 892 | 62 680 | 57 835 |
| Kubis/ Cabbage | kw/ qui | 334 338 | 421 648 | 512 834 |
| Labu Siam/ Chayote | kw/ qui | 16 094 | 77 539 | 112 150 |
| Lobak/ Radish | kw/ qui | 169 | 3 804 | - |
| Melon/ Melon | kw/ qui | 10 014 | 13 572 | 4 616 |
| Paprika/ Bell Pepper | kw/ qui | - | 37 | 902 |
| Petsai/Sawi/ Chinese Cabbage/mustard green | kw/ qui | 70 982 | 73 594 | 121 757 |
| Semangka/ Watermelon | kw/ qui | 57 618 | 60 688 | 48 768 |
| Stroberi/ Strawberry | kw/ qui | - | - | 88 |
| Terung/ Eggplant | kw/ qui | 100 026 | 119 699 | 148 266 |
| Tomat/ Tomato | kw/ qui | 123 481 | 196 520 | 237 309 |
| Wortel/ Carrot | kw/ qui | 38 915 | 63 312 | 67 536 |

Catatan/Note: Cabai besar mencakup cabai keriting/ includes curly chilies
Jamur merupakan penjumlahan dari jamur lainnya, jamur merang, dan jamur tiram/ mushrooms are the sum of other mushrooms, edible mushrooms, and oyster mushrooms

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

Tabel
Table 5.2.5

**Luas Panen Tanaman Biofarmaka Menurut Kabupaten/
Kota dan Jenis Tanaman di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan
2021^x**
**Harvested Area of Medicinal Plants by Regency/
Municipality and Kind of Plant in Jambi Province, 2020 and
2021^x**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Dlingo/Dringo/Calamus m ² /m ² | | Jahe/Ginger m ² /m ² | | Kapulaga/Java Cardamom m ² /m ² | |
|--|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 11 | - | 290 278 | 535 812 | 150 | 15 007 |
| Merangin | 339 | - | 275 742 | 342 461 | 635 | 554 |
| Sarolangun | 95 | - | 15 746 | 16 039 | 585 | 510 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 72 | 2 842 | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 325 | - | 2 739 | 2 726 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 4 804 | 18 908 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 61 838 | 102 538 | - | - |
| Tebo | 50 | - | 19 581 | 23 600 | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | 2 918 | 2 385 | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 4 260 | 5 261 | 2 | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 12 618 | 16 300 | - | - |
| Jambi | 820 | - | 690 596 | 1 068 872 | 1 372 | 16 071 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.5

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Keji Beling/ <i>Verbenaceae</i> m ² /m ² | | Kencur/ <i>East Indian Galangal</i> m ² /m ² | | Kunyit/ <i>Turmeric</i> m ² /m ² | |
|--|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 174 | - | 12 448 | 23 307 | 76 287 | 120 502 |
| Merangin | 582 | - | 59 078 | 41 737 | 98 795 | 82 188 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | 10 471 | 7 341 | 15 933 | 14 614 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 456 | 974 | 512 | 2 900 |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | 1 069 | 1 520 | 8 152 | 17 747 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 462 | 373 | 1 727 | 2 613 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 13 223 | 10 036 | 17 996 | 15 780 |
| Tebo | 200 | - | 10 332 | 10 427 | 13 433 | 17 238 |
| Bungo | - | - | 2 154 | 1 704 | 2 205 | 2 226 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 2 014 | 1 104 | 31 615 | 22 159 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 6 100 | 6 195 | 4 570 | 6 785 |
| Jambi | 956 | - | 117 807 | 104 718 | 271 225 | 304 752 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.5

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Laos/Lengkuas/ Galanga m ² /m ² | | Lempuyang/Zingiber Aromaticum m ² /m ² | | Lidah Buaya/ Aloevera m ² /m ² | |
|--|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 92 676 | 137 222 | 101 | 99 | 93 | 116 |
| Merangin | 148 930 | 159 040 | 569 | 298 | 1 203 | 844 |
| Sarolangun | 12 734 | 10 010 | 5 912 | 6 522 | 1 150 | 200 |
| Batang Hari | 240 | 1 520 | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 941 | 1 213 | - | - | - | 95 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 825 | 4 695 | - | - | 2 | 5 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 24 761 | 15 930 | 41 | 16 | - | - |
| Tebo | 22 248 | 15 990 | - | - | 50 | - |
| Bungo | 2 696 | 1 348 | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 1 886 | 4 379 | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 5 545 | 3 320 | - | - | - | 50 |
| Jambi | 315 482 | 354 667 | 6 623 | 6 935 | 2 498 | 1 310 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.5

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Mahkota Dewa/ <i>Phaleria Macrocarpa</i> (pohon/tree) | | Mengkudu/Pace/ Indian Mulberry (pohon/tree) | | Sambiloto/ King of Bitter m ² /m ² | |
|--|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) |
| Kerinci | 79 | 142 | 144 | 45 534 | 126 | 37 |
| Merangin | 833 | 621 | 949 | 537 | 416 | 192 |
| Sarolangun | 200 | 145 | 2 500 | 2 835 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | 140 | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 34 | 9 | 199 | 267 | 4 | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2 | - | - | 5 | - | 5 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | 18 | - |
| Tebo | 50 | - | - | - | 50 | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 1 198 | 917 | 3 792 | 49 318 | 614 | 234 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.5

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Temuireng/Black Turmeric m ² /m ² | | Temukunci/Chinese Keys m ² /m ² | | Temulawak/Java Turmeric m ² /m ² | |
|--|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) |
| Kerinci | 35 | 2 | - | 2 | 137 | 52 |
| Merangin | 1 368 | 1 216 | 929 | 749 | 3 391 | 2 489 |
| Sarolangun | 9 074 | 6 211 | 7 020 | 6 250 | 10 179 | 7 418 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | 2 | 213 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 7 | 3 | - | - | 30 | 8 |
| Tebo | 600 | - | 100 | - | 1 240 | 511 |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | 104 | 775 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | 1 600 | 1 350 |
| Jambi | 11 084 | 7 432 | 8 049 | 7 001 | 16 684 | 12 817 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

Tabel
Table 5.2.6

**Produksi Tanaman Biofarmaka Menurut Kabupaten/
Kota dan Jenis Tanaman (kg) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 and
2021^x**
*Production of Medicinal Plants by Regency/Municipality
and Kind of Plant (kg) in Jambi Province, 2020 and
2021^x*

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Dlingo/Dringo/Calamus kg/kg | | Jahe/Ginger kg/kg | | Kapulaga/Java Cardamom kg/kg | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 38 | - | 748 810 | 1 905 690 | 157 | 15 007 |
| Merangin | 1 720 | - | 377 243 | 413 187 | 2 365 | 1 809 |
| Sarolangun | 95 | - | 26 456 | 38 367 | 1 303 | 1 889 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 531 | 13 864 | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 680 | - | 21 243 | 4 184 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 8 864 | 47 889 | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 154 610 | 186 077 | - | - |
| Tebo | 25 | - | 12 204 | 10 884 | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | 3 115 | 2 500 | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 6 603 | 3 499 | 2 | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 19 469 | 16 679 | - | - |
| Jambi | 2 558 | - | 1 379 149 | 2 642 820 | 3 827 | 18 705 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Keji Beling/ <i>Verbenaceae</i> kg/kg | | Kencur/ <i>East Indian Galangal</i> kg/kg | | Kunyit/ <i>Turmeric</i> kg/kg | |
|--|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 71 | - | 29 111 | 66 783 | 154 908 | 330 886 |
| Merangin | 2 747 | - | 135 313 | 89 967 | 200 413 | 168 251 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | 13 956 | 13 455 | 26 127 | 27 800 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 1 744 | 2 780 | 1 406 | 7 291 |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | 3 837 | 1 495 | 36 676 | 11 551 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 1 373 | 1 679 | 5 566 | 9 559 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 22 536 | 16 391 | 31 726 | 22 748 |
| Tebo | 68 | - | 4 373 | 8 761 | 8 406 | 33 444 |
| Bungo | - | - | 2 242 | 1 780 | 2 344 | 2 321 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 3 429 | 1 067 | 19 209 | 16 770 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 16 020 | 10 870 | 12 501 | 9 770 |
| Jambi | 2 886 | - | 233 935 | 215 028 | 499 283 | 640 391 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Laos/Lengkuas/ Galanga kg/kg | | Lempuyang/Zingiber Aromaticum kg/kg | | Lidah Buaya/ Aloevera kg/kg | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 261 042 | 364 212 | 524 | 369 | 57 | 508 |
| Merangin | 224 252 | 261 922 | 2 978 | 1 341 | 5 393 | 2 914 |
| Sarolangun | 23 576 | 19 736 | 9 039 | 9 854 | 1 725 | 300 |
| Batang Hari | 1 480 | 6 306 | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 12 555 | 3 761 | - | - | - | 100 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 3 380 | 9 546 | - | - | 4 | 40 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 64 461 | 26 917 | 144 | 54 | - | - |
| Tebo | 11 173 | 9 873 | - | - | 25 | - |
| Bungo | 2 912 | 1 455 | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 2 912 | 2 392 | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 14 340 | 6 100 | - | - | - | 50 |
| Jambi | 622 082 | 712 220 | 12 685 | 11 618 | 7 204 | 3 912 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Mahkota Dewa/ <i>Phaleria Macrocarpa</i> kg/kg | | Mengkudu/Pace/ Indian Mulberry kg/kg | | Sambiloto/ King of Bitter kg/kg | |
|--|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) |
| Kerinci | 1 061 | 1 854 | 138 | 186 559 | 117 | 85 |
| Merangin | 32 179 | 25 851 | 17 587 | 2 940 | 2 802 | 978 |
| Sarolangun | 3 000 | 18 065 | 15 000 | 17 135 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | 123 | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 150 | 168 | 9 979 | 374 | 8 | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 48 | - | - | 82 | - | 20 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | 54 | - |
| Tebo | 600 | - | - | - | 15 | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 38 038 | 45 938 | 42 704 | 207 213 | 2 996 | 1 083 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Temuireng/Black Turmeric kg/kg | | Temukunci/Chinese Keys kg/kg | | Temulawak/Java Turmeric kg/kg | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) |
| Kerinci | 135 | 6 | - | 4 | 243 | 86 |
| Merangin | 6 693 | 5 742 | 5 027 | 3 879 | 14 117 | 12 999 |
| Sarolangun | 13 623 | 9 335 | 10 520 | 9 375 | 14 484 | 14 538 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | 8 | 227 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | 2 | 2 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 28 | 12 | - | - | 134 | 27 |
| Tebo | 348 | - | 50 | - | 905 | 441 |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | 105 | 597 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | 4 800 | 4 250 |
| Jambi | 20 827 | 15 095 | 15 597 | 13 258 | 34 797 | 33 167 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

Tabel
Table 5.2.7

Luas Panen Tanaman Biofarmaka Menurut Jenis Tanaman di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021^x
Harvested Area of Medicinal Plants by Kind of Plant in Jambi Province, 2019–2021^x

| Jenis Tanaman Kind of Plants | Satuan/ Unit | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------|---------|---------|-------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Dlingo/Dringo/ Calamus | m2/ m2 | 542 | 820 | - |
| Jahe/ Ginger | m2/ m2 | 408 187 | 690 596 | 1 068 872 |
| Kapulaga/ Java Cardamom | m2/ m2 | 735 | 1 372 | 16 071 |
| Keji Beling/ Verbenaceae | m2/ m2 | 721 | 956 | - |
| Kencur/ East Indian Galangal | m2/ m2 | 67 450 | 117 807 | 104 718 |
| Kunyit/ Turmeric | m2/ m2 | 166 026 | 271 225 | 304 752 |
| Laos/Lengkuas/ Galanga | m2/ m2 | 336 913 | 315 482 | 354 667 |
| Lempuyang/ Zingiber Aromaticum | m2/ m2 | 7 244 | 6 623 | 6 935 |
| Lidah Buaya/ Aloevera | m2/ m2 | 1 223 | 2 498 | 1 310 |
| Mahkota Dewa/ Phaleria Macrocarpa | pohon/ tree | 856 | 1 198 | 917 |
| Mengkudu/Pace/ Indian Mulberry | pohon/ tree | 3 582 | 3 792 | 49 318 |
| Sambiloto/ King of Bitter | m2/ m2 | 581 | 614 | 234 |
| Temuireng/ Black Turmeric | m2/ m2 | 8 045 | 11 084 | 7 432 |
| Temukunci/ Chinese Keys | m2/ m2 | 6 107 | 8 049 | 7 001 |
| Temulawak/ Java Turmeric | m2/ m2 | 14 935 | 16 684 | 12 817 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

Tabel 5.2.8 **Produksi Tanaman Biofarmaka Menurut Jenis Tanaman di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021^x**
Production of Medicinal Plants by Kind of Plant in Jambi Province, 2019–2021^x

| Jenis Tanaman <i>Kind of Plants</i> | Satuan/ <i>Unit</i> | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
|--|------------------------|---------|-----------|-------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Dlingo/Dringo/ Calamus | kg | 1 431 | 2 558 | - |
| Jahe/ Ginger | kg | 813 915 | 1 379 149 | 2 642 820 |
| Kapulaga/ Java Cardamom | kg | 1 687 | 3 827 | 18 705 |
| Keji Beling/ Verbenaceae | kg | 1 773 | 2 886 | - |
| Kencur/ East Indian Galangal | kg | 120 070 | 233 935 | 215 028 |
| Kunyit/ Turmeric | kg | 421 173 | 499 283 | 640 391 |
| Laos/Lengkuas/ Galanga | kg | 535 314 | 622 082 | 712 220 |
| Lempuyang/ Zingiber Aromaticum | kg | 12 556 | 12 685 | 11 618 |
| Lidah Buaya/ Aloe vera | kg | 3 074 | 7 204 | 3 912 |
| Mahkota Dewa/ Phaleria Macrocarpa | kg | 21 401 | 38 038 | 45 938 |
| Mengkudu/Pace/ Indian Mulberry | kg | 39 162 | 42 704 | 207 213 |
| Sambiloto/ King of Bitter | kg | 1 719 | 2 996 | 1 083 |
| Temuireng/ Black Turmeric | kg | 12 346 | 20 827 | 15 095 |
| Temukunci/ Chinese Keys | kg | 9 103 | 15 597 | 13 258 |
| Temulawak/ Java Turmeric | kg | 26 953 | 34 797 | 33 167 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, *Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH*

Tabel
Table 5.2.9

Luas Panen Tanaman Hias Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Tanaman (m²) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x
Harvested Area of Ornamental Plants by Regency/ Municipality and Kind of Plant (m²) in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | "Anggrek/ Orchid (m ² /m ²)" | | "Anthurium Bunga/ Flamingo Lily Flower (m ² /m ²)" | |
|--|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | - | 10 | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 100 | - | 45 | 42 |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 60 | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 160 | 10 | 45 | 42 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Anthurium Daun/ Anthurium (m ² /m ²) | | Anyelir/ Carnation (m ² /m ²) | |
|--|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Balaceng/ Dieffenbacia (m2/ m2) | | Dracaena/ Dracaena (m2/ m2) | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Euphorbia/ Euphorbia (m ² / m ²) | | Gladiol/ Gladiol (m ² / m ²) | |
|--|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 151 | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | 151 | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Hanjuang/ Cordyline (m ² /m ²) | | Herbras/ Gerbera (m ² /m ²) | |
|--|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kamboja Jepang/ Adenium (m ² /m ²) | | Keladi Hias/ Caladium (m ² /m ²) | |
|--|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 495 | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 495 | - | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Krisan/Chrysantemum (m ² /m ²) | | Mawar/Rose (m ² /m ²) | |
|--|--|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) |
| Kerinci | - | 5 | - | 25 |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 132 | 47 |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 5 | 5 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | 5 | 137 | 77 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Melati/ Jasmine (m ² /m ²) | | Monstera/Monstera (m ² /m ²) | |
|--|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (30) | (31) | (32) | (33) |
| Kerinci | - | 10 | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 150 | 60 | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 5 | 5 | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 155 | 75 | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Pakis/ Leather Leaf Fern (m ² / m ²) | | Palem/ Palm (pohon/ tree) | |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) |
| Kerinci | - | 5 | - | 10 |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | 100 | 155 | 20 |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | 105 | 155 | 30 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Pedang-Pedangan/ Sansevieria (m ² / m ²) | | Philodendron/ Philodendron (m ² / m ²) | |
|--|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (38) | (39) | (40) | (41) |
| Kerinci | - | 20 | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 255 | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 255 | 20 | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Pisang-Pisangan/ Heliconia (m2/ m2) | | Sedap Malam/ Tuberose (m2/ m2) | |
|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (42) | (43) | (44) | (45) |
| Kerinci | - | 10 | - | 4 |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | 10 | - | 4 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.9

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Soka/ Ixora (m ² / m ²) | | Sri Rejeki/ Aglaonema (m ² / m ²) | |
|--|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (46) | (47) | (48) | (49) |
| Kerinci | - | 4 | - | 20 |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 50 | 25 | 240 | 70 |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 50 | 29 | 240 | 90 |

Catatan/Note: Anggrek hanya mencakup anggrek potong/just includes cut flower

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

Tabel
Table 5.2.10

Produksi Tanaman Hias Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Tanaman di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 and 2021^x
Production of Ornamental Plants by Regency/Municipality and Kind of Plant in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Anggrek/ <i>Orchid</i> (tangkai/ <i>stalks</i>) | | Anthurium Bunga/ <i>Flamingo Lily Flower</i> (tangkai/ <i>stalks</i>) | | Anthurium Daun/ <i>Anthurium</i> (pohon/ <i>tree</i>) | |
|--|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | - | 300 | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 489 | - | 325 | 67 | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 60 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 549 | 300 | 325 | 67 | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.10

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Anyelir/ Carnation (tangkai/ stalks) | | Balaceng/ Dieffenbacia (pohon/ tree) | | Dracaena/ Dracaena (pohon/ tree) | |
|--|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.10

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Euphorbia/ Euphorbia (pohon/tree) | | Gladiol/ Gladiol (tangkai/stalks) | | Hanjuang/ Cordyline (pohon/tree) | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 176 | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | 176 | - | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.10

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Herbras/ Gerbera (tangkai/ stalks) | | Kamboja Jepang/ Adenium (pohon/ tree) | | Keladi Hias/ Caladium (pohon/ tree) | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 555 | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | 555 | - | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.10

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Krisan/ Chrysantemum (tangkai/ stalks) | | Mawar/ Rose (tangkai/ stalks) | | Melati/ Jasmine (kg/ kg) | |
|--|---|-------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) |
| Kerinci | - | 600 | - | 125 | - | 400 |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 666 | 143 | 185 | 113 |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 32 | 10 | 32 | 10 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | 600 | 698 | 278 | 217 | 523 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.10

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Monstera/ Monstera (pohon/tree) | | Pakis/ Leather Leaf Fern (pohon/tree) | | Palem/ Palm (pohon/tree) | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (32) | (33) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | 50 | - | 60 |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | 100 | 170 | 20 |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | - | 150 | 170 | 80 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.10

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Pedang-Pedangan/ Sansevieria (rumpun/dumps) | | Philodendron/ Philodendron (pohon/tree) | | Pisang-Pisangan/ Heliconia (tangkai/stalks) | |
|--|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (38) | (39) | (40) | (41) | (42) | (43) |
| Kerinci | - | 300 | - | - | - | 100 |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 255 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 255 | 300 | - | - | - | 100 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.10

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sedap Malam/ Tuberoses (tangkai/ stalks) | | Soka/ Ixora (pohon/tree) | | Sri Rejeki/ Aglaonema (pohon/tree) | |
|--|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (44) | (45) | (46) | (47) | (48) | (49) |
| Kerinci | - | 50 | - | 50 | - | 200 |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 103 | 25 | 285 | 70 |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | 50 | 103 | 75 | 285 | 270 |

Catatan/Note: Anggrek hanya mencakup anggrek potong/just includes cut flower

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

Tabel 5.2.11 **Luas Panen Tanaman Hias Menurut Jenis Tanaman di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021^x**
Table 5.2.11 **Harvested Area of Ornamental Plants by Kind of Plant in Jambi Province, 2019–2021^x**

| Jenis Tanaman Kind of Plants | Satuan/ Unit | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Anggrek/ Orchid | m2/ m2 | 595 | 160 | 10 |
| Anthurium Bunga/ Flamingo Lily Flower | m2/ m2 | 100 | 45 | 42 |
| Anthurium Daun/ Anthurium | m2/ m2 | - | - | - |
| Anyelir/ Carnation | m2/ m2 | - | - | - |
| Balanceng/ Dieffenbacia | m2/ m2 | - | - | - |
| Dracaena/ Dracaena | m2/ m2 | - | - | - |
| Euphorbia/ Euphorbia | m2/ m2 | - | - | - |
| Gladiol/ Gladiol | m2/ m2 | 89 | 151 | - |
| Hanjuang/ Cordyline | m2/ m2 | - | - | - |
| Herbras/ Gerbera | m2/ m2 | - | - | - |
| Kamboja Jepang/ Adenium | m2/ m2 | 425 | 495 | - |
| Keladi Hias/ Caladium | m2/ m2 | - | - | - |
| Krisan/ Chrysantemum | m2/ m2 | - | - | 5 |
| Mawar/ Rose | m2/ m2 | 220 | 137 | 77 |
| Melati/ Jasmine | m2/ m2 | 345 | 155 | 75 |
| Monstera/ Monstera | m2/ m2 | - | - | - |
| Pakis/ Leather Leaf Fern | m2/ m2 | - | - | 105 |
| Palem/ Palm | pohon/ tree | 140 | 155 | 30 |
| Pedang-Pedangan/ Sansevieria | m2/ m2 | 165 | 255 | 20 |
| Philodendron/ Philodendron | m2/ m2 | - | - | - |
| Pisang-Pisangan/ Heliconia | m2/ m2 | - | - | 10 |
| Sedap Malam/ Tuberose | m2/ m2 | - | - | 4 |
| Soka/ Ixora | m2/ m2 | 60 | 50 | 29 |
| Sri Rejeki/ Aglaonema | m2/ m2 | 200 | 240 | 90 |

Catatan/Note: Anggrek hanya mencakup anggrek potong/ Just includes cut flower

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

Tabel
Table 5.2.12**Produksi Tanaman Hias Menurut Jenis Tanaman di
Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021^x**
*Production of Ornamental Plants by Kind of Plant in Jambi
Province, 2019–2021^x*

| Jenis Tanaman Kind of Plants | Satuan/Unit | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Anggrek/ Orchid | tangkai/ stalks | 786 | 549 | 300 |
| Anthurium Bunga/ Flamingo Lily Flower | tangkai/ stalks | 160 | 325 | 67 |
| Anthurium Daun/ Anthurium | pohon/ tree | - | - | - |
| Anyelir/ Carnation | tangkai/ stalks | - | - | - |
| Balanceng/ Dieffenbacia | pohon/ tree | - | - | - |
| Dracaena/ Dracaena | pohon/ tree | - | - | - |
| Euphorbia/ Euphorbia | pohon/ tree | - | - | - |
| Gladiol/ Gladiol | tangkai/ stalks | 321 | 176 | - |
| Hanjuang/ Cordyline | pohon/ tree | - | - | - |
| Herbras/ Gerbera | tangkai/ stalks | - | - | - |
| Kamboja Jepang/ Adenium | pohon/ tree | 475 | 555 | - |
| Keladi Hias/ Caladium | pohon/ tree | - | - | - |
| Krisan/ Chrysantemum | tangkai/ stalks | - | - | 600 |
| Mawar/ Rose | tangkai/ stalks | 520 | 698 | 278 |
| Melati/ Jasmine | kg | 360 | 217 | 523 |
| Monstera/ Monstera | pohon/ tree | - | - | - |
| Pakis/ Leather Leaf Fern | pohon/ tree | - | - | 150 |
| Palem/ Palm | pohon/ tree | 165 | 170 | 80 |
| Pedang-Pedangan/ Sansevieria | rumpun/ clumps | 165 | 255 | 300 |
| Philodendron/ Philodendron | pohon/ tree | - | - | - |
| Pisang-Pisangan/ Heliconia | tangkai/ stalks | - | - | 100 |
| Sedap Malam/ Tuberose | tangkai/ stalks | - | - | 50 |
| Soka/ Ixora | pohon/ tree | 60 | 103 | 75 |
| Sri Rejeki/ Aglaonema | pohon/ tree | 200 | 285 | 270 |

Catatan/Note: Anggrek hanya mencakup anggrek potong/ Just includes cut flower

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

Tabel
Table 5.2.13

Produksi Buah-buahan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Tanaman (kwintal) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 and 2021^x
Production of Fruits by Regency/Municipality and Kind of Plant (quintal) in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Alpukat/ Avocado (kw/ qui) | | Anggur/ Grape (kw/ qui) | | Apel/ Apple (kw/ qui) | |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 66 214 | 71 786 | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | 19 980 | 22 027 | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | 455 | 590 | - | 17 | - | - |
| Batang Hari | 245 | 308 | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | 2 601 | 1 446 | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 222 | 950 | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 609 | 975 | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | 288 | 331 | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | 1 446 | 1 153 | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | 341 | 452 | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 5 766 | 3 461 | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 98 166 | 103 478 | - | 17 | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.13

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Belimbing/ Star Fruit (kw/ qui) | | Duku/Langsat/Kokosan/ Duku (kw/ qui) | | Durian/ Durian (kw/ qui) | |
|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 2 071 | 820 | 1 218 | 4 412 | 15 449 | 52 508 |
| Merangin | 4 305 | 7 310 | 17 332 | 91 268 | 20 691 | 97 316 |
| Sarolangun | 1 278 | 651 | 16 898 | 7 365 | 10 155 | 4 396 |
| Batang Hari | 159 | 484 | 3 596 | 9 135 | 32 473 | 26 252 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 357 | 1 584 | 114 116 | 14 600 | 50 553 | 10 973 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 443 | 1 135 | 14 887 | 4 947 | 4 406 | 16 675 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 101 | 1 277 | 6 669 | 19 845 | 15 719 | 15 061 |
| Tebo | 170 | 114 | 18 991 | 34 263 | 5 764 | 24 777 |
| Bungo | 406 | 495 | 7 906 | 20 314 | 3 449 | 19 310 |
| Kota Jambi | 231 | 69 | 201 | 47 | 496 | 207 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 151 | 228 | 43 | - | 1 471 | 2 652 |
| Jambi | 11 672 | 14 167 | 201 857 | 206 196 | 160 626 | 270 126 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.13

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/ Municipality | Jambu Air/ Water Apple (kw/ qui) | | Jambu Biji/ Guava (kw/ qui) | | Jengkol/ Jengkol (kw/ qui) | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) | (18) | (19) |
| Kerinci | 5 944 | 8 547 | 2 977 | 8 516 | 6 224 | 23 814 |
| Merangin | 5 088 | 12 978 | 8 512 | 14 977 | 13 887 | 32 159 |
| Sarolangun | 1 326 | 1 124 | 4 385 | 3 044 | 6 842 | 5 969 |
| Batang Hari | 1 024 | 6 725 | 370 | 1 926 | 1 918 | 5 979 |
| Muaro Jambi | 3 015 | 2 143 | 2 504 | 722 | 12 501 | 7 143 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2 657 | 4 784 | 1 992 | 4 795 | 6 523 | 15 956 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 625 | 4 391 | 1 001 | 4 635 | 3 241 | 4 364 |
| Tebo | 225 | 793 | 301 | 566 | 3 748 | 6 197 |
| Bungo | 2 021 | 3 147 | 2 653 | 3 958 | 4 729 | 6 070 |
| Kota Jambi | 158 | 273 | 168 | 158 | 293 | 592 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 942 | 745 | 601 | 1 736 | 73 | 74 |
| Jambi | 24 025 | 45 650 | 25 464 | 45 031 | 59 979 | 108 317 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.13

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jeruk Besar/ Pomelo (kw/ qui) | | Jeruk Siam/Keprok/ Orange/Tangerine (kw/ qui) | | Mangga/ Mango (kw/ qui) | |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (20) | (21) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) |
| Kerinci | - | - | 215 049 | 321 208 | 9 401 | 7 726 |
| Merangin | 2 453 | - | 15 034 | 26 925 | 10 505 | 25 418 |
| Sarolangun | 1 007 | 825 | 32 991 | 28 758 | 1 941 | 1 353 |
| Batang Hari | 105 | - | 4 089 | 12 700 | 1 014 | 11 441 |
| Muaro Jambi | 469 | 175 | 17 441 | 11 643 | 9 300 | 8 250 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 719 | 789 | 13 546 | 17 096 | 2 970 | 7 040 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 419 | - | 16 719 | 22 645 | 4 740 | 9 934 |
| Tebo | - | 102 | 5 771 | 6 883 | 1 481 | 1 186 |
| Bungo | - | - | 9 683 | 11 555 | 3 322 | 8 843 |
| Kota Jambi | 4 | - | 92 | 53 | 434 | 271 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 4 568 | 2 387 | 637 | 632 |
| Jambi | 5 176 | 1 890 | 334 983 | 461 854 | 45 745 | 82 094 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.13

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Manggis/ Mangosteen (kw/ qui) | | Markisa/Konyal/ Passion fruit (kw/ qui) | | Melinjo/ Gnetum/ Melinjo (kw/ qui) | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------|--|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (26) | (27) | (28) | (29) | (30) | (31) |
| Kerinci | 23 033 | 59 402 | - | - | 242 | 27 |
| Merangin | 9 900 | 26 880 | 770 | - | 3 240 | 6 499 |
| Sarolangun | 1 444 | 1 364 | - | - | 5 718 | 2 288 |
| Batang Hari | 205 | 2 986 | - | - | 329 | 5 701 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 530 | 907 | - | - | 13 027 | 10 191 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 675 | 471 | - | - | 2 850 | 2 798 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 3 606 | 8 209 | 23 | - | 428 | 959 |
| Tebo | 355 | 1 903 | - | - | 1 870 | 993 |
| Bungo | 1 557 | 1 983 | - | - | 412 | 224 |
| Kota Jambi | 55 | 16 | - | - | 94 | 79 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 990 | 1 128 | 49 | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 44 350 | 105 248 | 842 | - | 28 210 | 29 760 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.13

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Nangka/Cempedak/ Jackfruit (kw/ qui) | | Nenas/ Pineapple (kw/ qui) | | Pepaya/ Papaya (kw/ qui) | |
|--|--|-------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (32) | (33) | (34) | (35) | (36) | (37) |
| Kerinci | 48 906 | 24 861 | 130 | 11 | 56 863 | 43 438 |
| Merangin | 23 060 | 25 549 | 9 502 | 40 099 | 45 312 | 79 904 |
| Sarolangun | 16 070 | 7 759 | 354 | 563 | 7 526 | 3 556 |
| Batang Hari | 20 058 | 29 677 | 1 784 | 1 622 | 2 224 | 7 917 |
| Muaro Jambi | 9 878 | 6 832 | 1 479 750 | 91 388 | 9 719 | 7 788 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 12 051 | 23 638 | 3 045 | 68 815 | 3 672 | 13 701 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 5 887 | 14 460 | 1 103 | 1 970 | 4 611 | 8 365 |
| Tebo | 7 410 | 9 593 | 163 | 198 | 1 808 | 1 848 |
| Bungo | 16 501 | 19 272 | 70 | 102 | 5 837 | 7 984 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 244 | 1 573 | 6 | 7 | 1 141 | 1 393 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 5 295 | 4 849 | 18 | 14 | 2 472 | 1 681 |
| Jambi | 166 360 | 168 063 | 1 495 924 | 204 788 | 141 184 | 177 573 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.13

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Petai/Twisted Cluster Bean (kw/ qui) | | Pisang/Banana (kw/ qui) | | Rambutan/ Rambutan (kw/ qui) | |
|--|--|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (38) | (39) | (40) | (41) | (42) | (43) |
| Kerinci | 1 801 | 9 782 | 153 038 | 118 204 | 3 527 | 7 628 |
| Merangin | 8 809 | 19 736 | 55 249 | 53 403 | 4 721 | 52 152 |
| Sarolangun | 2 389 | 1 964 | 87 458 | 81 629 | 7 990 | 5 026 |
| Batang Hari | 1 227 | 2 545 | 16 320 | 33 196 | 6 377 | 11 606 |
| Muaro Jambi | 303 | 1 228 | 58 104 | 23 387 | 15 678 | 8 354 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 1 097 | 1 650 | 46 901 | 110 418 | 9 051 | 6 248 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 500 | 1 723 | 268 440 | 221 980 | 9 580 | 5 663 |
| Tebo | 1 483 | 4 218 | 15 314 | 26 625 | 2 622 | 13 622 |
| Bungo | 2 214 | 1 915 | 18 030 | 11 648 | 3 241 | 4 966 |
| Kota Jambi | 23 | 83 | 2 757 | 902 | 1 926 | 700 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 31 | 47 | 5 898 | 7 430 | 390 | 375 |
| Jambi | 19 877 | 44 892 | 727 509 | 688 823 | 65 103 | 116 341 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.13

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Salak/ Snakefruit (kw/ qui) | | Sawo/ Sapodilla/Sawo (kw/ qui) | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (44) | (45) | (46) | (47) |
| Kerinci | 25 103 | 56 250 | 2 048 | 4 959 |
| Merangin | 1 930 | 3 167 | 9 158 | 8 295 |
| Sarolangun | 5 996 | 4 758 | 7 003 | 3 455 |
| Batang Hari | 146 | 3 387 | 553 | 11 154 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | - | 4 802 | 348 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 11 | 1 | 2 668 | 3 777 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 319 | 8 911 | 1 840 | 1 176 |
| Tebo | 801 | 455 | 2 267 | 1 982 |
| Bungo | 4 590 | 5 888 | 5 835 | 7 057 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | 344 | 282 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 48 | 68 |
| Jambi | 40 897 | 82 818 | 36 566 | 42 552 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.2.13

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sirsak/ Soursop (kw/ qui) | | Sukun/ Breadfruit (kw/ qui) | |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (48) | (49) | (50) | (51) |
| Kerinci | 2 881 | 9 226 | 245 | 29 |
| Merangin | 2 473 | 5 971 | 6 207 | 10 373 |
| Sarolangun | 459 | 349 | 4 881 | 3 755 |
| Batang Hari | 127 | 704 | 982 | 2 990 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 722 | 1 736 | 3 776 | 1 085 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 517 | 1 467 | 4 152 | 5 906 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 770 | 1 585 | 2 189 | 2 067 |
| Tebo | 94 | 228 | 803 | 595 |
| Bungo | 866 | 1 022 | 3 035 | 3 558 |
| Kota Jambi | 169 | 162 | 109 | 197 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 300 | 3 545 | 137 | 172 |
| Jambi | 12 377 | 25 995 | 26 516 | 30 726 |

Catatan/Note: ...

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

Tabel
Table 5.2.14**Produksi Buah–Buahan dan Sayuran Tahunan Menurut
Jenis Tanaman di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021^x**
*Production of Annual Fruits and Vegetables by Kind of Plant
in Jambi Province, 2019–2021^x*

| Jenis Tanaman Kind of Plants | Satuan/ Unit | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Alpukat/ Avocado | kw/ qui | 48 918 | 98 166 | 103 478 |
| Anggur/ Grape | kw/ qui | - | - | 17 |
| Apel/ Apple | kw/ qui | - | - | - |
| Belimbing/ Star Fruit | kw/ qui | 11 509 | 11 672 | 14 167 |
| Duku/Langsat/Kokosan/ Duku | kw/ qui | 180 535 | 201 857 | 206 196 |
| Durian/ Durian | kw/ qui | 207 802 | 160 626 | 270 126 |
| Jambu Air/ Water Apple | kw/ qui | 14 487 | 24 025 | 45 650 |
| Jambu Biji/ Guava | kw/ qui | 14 016 | 25 464 | 45 031 |
| Jengkol/ Jengkol | kw/ qui | 41 773 | 59 979 | 108 317 |
| Jeruk Besar/ Pomelo | kw/ qui | 6 003 | 5 176 | 1 890 |
| Jeruk Siam/Kepron/ Orange/Tangerine | kw/ qui | 372 516 | 334 983 | 461 854 |
| Mangga/ Mango | kw/ qui | 54 356 | 45 745 | 82 094 |
| Manggis/ Mangosteen | kw/ qui | 36 897 | 44 350 | 105 248 |
| Markisa/Konyal/ Passion fruit | kw/ qui | 385 | 842 | - |
| Melinjo/ Gnetum/Melinjo | kw/ qui | 33 417 | 28 210 | 29 760 |
| Nangka/Cempedak/ Jackfruit | kw/ qui | 143 909 | 166 360 | 168 063 |
| Nenas/ Pineapple | kw/ qui | 1 376 218 | 1 495 924 | 204 788 |
| Pepaya/ Papaya | kw/ qui | 110 714 | 141 184 | 177 573 |
| Petai/ Twisted Cluster Bean | kw/ qui | 16 030 | 19 877 | 44 892 |
| Pisang/ Banana | kw/ qui | 610 694 | 727 509 | 688 823 |
| Rambutan/ Rambutan | kw/ qui | 81 852 | 65 103 | 116 341 |
| Salak/ Snakefruit | kw/ qui | 17 712 | 40 897 | 82 818 |
| Sawo/ Sapodilla/Sawo | kw/ qui | 25 977 | 36 566 | 42 552 |
| Sirsak/ Soursop | kw/ qui | 8 217 | 12 377 | 25 995 |
| Sukun/ Breadfruit | kw/ qui | 17 804 | 26 516 | 30 726 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Statistik Pertanian Hortikultura SPH-TH/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Agricultural Statistik for Horticulture SPH-TH

**5.3 PERKEBUNAN
ESTATE CROPS**

Tabel 5.3.1 Luas Areal Tanaman Perkebunan Menurut Kabupaten/ Kota dan Jenis Tanaman (ha) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x
Planted Area of Estate Crops by Regency/Municipality and Type of Crops (ha) in Jambi Province, 2020 dan 2021^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kelapa Sawit/Oil Palm | | Kelapa/Coconut | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 84,00 | 84,00 | 40,00 | 37,00 |
| Merangin | 68 424,00 | 71 125,00 | 1 356,00 | 1 341,00 |
| Sarolangun | 37 241,00 | 37 495,00 | 599,00 | 599,00 |
| Batang Hari | 53 152,00 | 53 152,00 | 315,00 | 315,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 135 402,95 | 136 404,98 | 892,00 | 892,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 33 872,00 | 33 872,00 | 58 912,00 | 58 912,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 73 115,00 | 72 769,83 | 55 394,00 | 55 384,00 |
| Tebo | 60 980,00 | 60 985,15 | 1 062,00 | 1 087,00 |
| Bungo | 64 477,00 | 64 834,00 | 763,00 | 763,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Jambi | 526 747,95 | 530 721,96 | 119 333,00 | 119 330,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 5.3.1

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Karet/Rubber | | Kopi/Coffee | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | 1 871,00 | 1 871,00 | 9 023,00 | 9 231,00 |
| Merangin | 138 458,00 | 138 203,00 | 11 427,00 | 11 548,00 |
| Sarolangun | 126 679,00 | 126 425,00 | 719,00 | 694,00 |
| Batang Hari | 113 576,00 | 113 531,00 | 18,00 | 7,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 55 888,00 | 55 888,00 | 94,00 | 94,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 7 756,00 | 7 756,00 | 3 450,40 | 3 450,40 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 8 165,00 | 8 109,00 | 2 751,00 | 2 751,00 |
| Tebo | 114 288,00 | 114 263,00 | 268,00 | 284,00 |
| Bungo | 93 938,00 | 93 642,00 | 911,00 | 913,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Jambi | 660 619,00 | 659 688,00 | 28 661,40 | 28 972,40 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.3.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kakao/Cocoa | | Tebu/Sugar cane | |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 220,00 | 220,00 | 1 922,00 | 1 932,00 |
| Merangin | 271,00 | 282,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Sarolangun | 49,00 | 49,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Batang Hari | 48,00 | 46,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 807,00 | 856,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 441,00 | 441,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 354,00 | 351,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tebo | 341,00 | 341,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Bungo | 96,00 | 96,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,00 | 0,00 | 3,00 | 3,00 |
| Jambi | 2 627,00 | 2 682,00 | 1 925,00 | 1 935,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.3.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Teh/Tea | | Tembakau/Tobacco | |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) |
| Kerinci | 1 797,61 | 1 797,61 | | |
| Merangin | 0,00 | 0,00 | 11,00 | 9,00 |
| Sarolangun | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Batang Hari | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tebo | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Bungo | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,00 | 0,00 | 50,00 | 50,00 |
| Jambi | 1 797,61 | 1 797,61 | 61,00 | 59,00 |

Catatan/Note: ...

Sumber/Source: Dinas Perkebunan Provinsi Jambi/Plantation Office of Jambi Province

Tabel 5.3.2 **Produksi Perkebunan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Tanaman (ton) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x**
Table **5.3.2** **Production of Estate by Regency/Municipality and Type of Crops (ton) in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021^x**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kelapa Sawit/Oil Palm | | Kelapa/Coconut | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 14,00 | 14,00 | 13,00 | 13,00 |
| Merangin | 136 787,00 | 217 150,00 | 756,00 | 751,00 |
| Sarolangun | 54 271,00 | 54 271,00 | 354,00 | 354,00 |
| Batang Hari | 140 905,00 | 140 905,00 | 325,00 | 325,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 232 725,00 | 232 725,00 | 543,00 | 566,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 76 378,00 | 76 378,00 | 57 295,00 | 57 295,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 119 346,00 | 119 510,00 | 54 667,00 | 55 384,00 |
| Tebo | 119.033 | 118 677,60 | 465,00 | 443,50 |
| Bungo | 104 038,00 | 104 047,00 | 523,00 | 523,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,00 | 0,00 | 3,00 | 3,00 |
| Jambi | 983 496,60 | 1 063 677,60 | 114 944,00 | 115 657,50 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.3.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Karet/Rubber | | Kopi/Coffee | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | 448,00 | 448,00 | 4 468,10 | 5 973,00 |
| Merangin | 77 813,00 | 77 831,00 | 10 602,00 | 10 682,00 |
| Sarolangun | 60 565,00 | 60 565,00 | 15,00 | 15,00 |
| Batang Hari | 75 357,00 | 75 475,00 | 13,00 | 7,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 34 293,00 | 34 293,00 | 27,00 | 27,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 505,00 | 4 503,00 | 1 237,00 | 1 237,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 3 822,00 | 3 822,20 | 1 185,00 | 1 161,60 |
| Tebo | 50 397,00 | 50 315,20 | 42,00 | 41,60 |
| Bungo | 50 288,00 | 50 803,00 | 776,00 | 776,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,00 | 0,00 | 215,00 | 215,00 |
| Jambi | 357 488,00 | 358 055,40 | 18 580,10 | 20 135,20 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.3.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kakao/Cocoa | | Tebu/Sugar cane | |
|--|---------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 53,00 | 53,00 | 9 813,00 | 9 833,00 |
| Merangin | 58,00 | 66,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Sarolangun | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Batang Hari | 35,00 | 31,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 358,00 | 358,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 241,00 | 241,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 31,00 | 31,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tebo | 51,00 | 54,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Bungo | 55,00 | 55,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 42,00 | 40,00 | 6,00 | 6,00 |
| Jambi | 924,00 | 929,00 | 9 819,00 | 9 839,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.3.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Teh/Tea | | Tembakau/Tobacco | |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) |
| Kerinci | 5 030,08 | 5 030,08 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Merangin | 0,00 | 0,00 | 5,00 | 2,00 |
| Sarolangun | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Batang Hari | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Tebo | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Bungo | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 0,00 | 0,00 | 9,00 | 9,00 |
| Jambi | 5 030,08 | 5 030,08 | 14,00 | 11,00 |

Catatan/Note: Produksi 2021 masih angka sementara/Production of 2021 is still temporary data

Sumber/Source: Dinas Perkebunan Provinsi Jambi/Plantation Office of Jambi Province

**5.4 KEHUTANAN
FORESTRY**

Tabel 5.4.1 Luas Kawasan Hutan dan Konservasi Perairan¹ Menurut Kabupaten/Kota (ha) di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Extent of Forest Area, Inland Water, Coastal, and Marine Ecosystem¹ by Regency/Municipality (ha) in Jambi Province, 2021

| Luas Kawasan Hutan dan Konservasi Perairan <i>Extent of Forest Area, Inland Water, Coastal, and Marine Ecosystem</i> | | | |
|---|---|--|---|
| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Hutan Lindung <i>Protection Forest</i> | Suaka Alam dan Pelestarian Alam <i>Sanctuary Reserve and Nature Conservation Area</i> | Hutan Produksi Terbatas <i>Limited Production Forest</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - |
| Merangin | 35 609,02 | - | 33 530,69 |
| Sarolangun | 56 399,08 | 74,17 | 61 957,04 |
| Batang Hari | - | 48,69 | 51 040,26 |
| Muaro Jambi | 23 636,58 | - | 57 458,76 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 22 190,13 | 4 618,68 | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 15 017,74 | 864,10 | 35 664,16 |
| Tebo | 6 712,49 | 1 173,85 | 19 679,04 |
| Bungo | 22 110,42 | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - |
| Jambi | 181 675,46 | 6 779,49 | 259 329,95 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.4.1

| Luas Kawasan Hutan dan Konservasi Perairan <i>Extent of Forest Area, Inland Water, Coastal, and Marine Ecosystem</i> | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Hutan Produksi Tetap <i>Permanent Production Forest</i> | Hutan Produksi Dapat dikonversi <i>Convertible Production Forest</i> | Jumlah Luas Hutan dan Perairan <i>Total Forest Area and Water Area</i> |
| (1) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 33 301,29 | - | 33 301,29 |
| Merangin | 111 979,61 | - | 181 119,32 |
| Sarolangun | 117 565,55 | - | 235 995,84 |
| Batang Hari | 129 578,61 | 73,85 | 180 741,41 |
| Muaro Jambi | 34 155,01 | 4 732,29 | 119 982,64 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 55 197,58 | 1 205,47 | 83 211,86 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 179 163,01 | 616,00 | 231 325,01 |
| Tebo | 223 799,28 | - | 251 364,66 |
| Bungo | 85 132,50 | 4 713,77 | 111 956,69 |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 941,03 | - | 941,03 |
| Jambi | 970 813,47 | 11 341,38 | 1 429 939,75 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Berdasarkan Keputusan Menteri Lingkungan Hidup dan Kehutanan Tentang Penunjukan Kawasan Hutan dan Perairan Serta Tata Guna Hutan Kesepakatan (TGHK)/Based on Environment and Forestry Ministerial Decree on The Designation of Provincial Forest Area, Inland Water, Coastal and Marine Ecosystem and Forest Land Use by Concensus

Sumber/Source: Dinas Kehutanan Provinsi Jambi/ Forestry Service of Jambi Province

Tabel
Table 5.4.2

**Produksi Kayu Bulat dan Olahan Menurut Jenis Produksi,
2016 - 2020**
*Logs and Processed Timber Production by Type of Product,
2016 - 2020*

| Tahun Year | Kayu Bulat/Logs (m3) | | | |
|---------------|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| | IUPHHK-HA/ Forest Concession Establishment | IUPHHK-HT/ Timber Establishment | Perum Perhutani/ State Enterprises | Jumlah/ Total |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 2016 | 4 045 | 3 611 675 | ... | 3 615 720 |
| 2017 | 8 641 | 4 253 704 | ... | 4 262 345 |
| 2018 | 2 278 | 4 957 024 | ... | 4 959 301 |
| 2019 | 73 | 4 960 978 | 0 | 4 961 051 |
| 2020 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.4.2

| Tahun Year | Kayu Olahan/ Processed Timber | | | | |
|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | Kayu Gergajian Sawn Timber (m3) | Kayu Lapis Plywood (m3) | Bubur Kayu Pulp (Ton) | Serpih Kayu Wood Flakes (m3) | Veneer Veneers (m3) |
| (1) | | | | | |
| 2016 | 694,58 | 87 227 | 997 778 | 3 242 513 | 25 112 |
| 2017 | 1 343,53 | 98 122 | 934 847 | 3 176 172 | 32 496 |
| 2018 | 11 478,54 | 135 836 | 890 244 | 3 052 723 | 49 920 |
| 2019 | ... | 140 535 | 943 426 | 3 105 909 | 55 374 |
| 2020 | 39 224,35 | 110 576 | 1 026 345 | 3 412 007 | 49 981 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Lingkungan Hidup dan Kehutanan/ Ministry of Environment and Forestry

**5.5 PETERNAKAN
LIVESTOCK**

Tabel 5.5.1 Populasi Ternak Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Ternak (ekor) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x
Table 5.5.1 Livestock Population by Regency/Municipality and Kind of Livestock (heads) in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sapi Perah/Dairy Cattle | | Sapi Potong/Beef Cattle | |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | - | - | 10 759 | 8 699 |
| Merangin | - | - | 17 078 | 16 489 |
| Sarolangun | - | - | 9 758 | 9 833 |
| Batang Hari | - | - | 9 040 | 9 838 |
| Muaro Jambi | 9 | 9 | 15 601 | 13 954 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | 21 204 | 20 968 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | 8 907 | 9 429 |
| Tebo | - | - | 20 834 | 22 338 |
| Bungo | - | - | 39 558 | 41 632 |
| Kota Jambi | 9 | 9 | 1 526 | 1 901 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | 4 559 | 5 180 |
| Jambi | 18 | 18 | 158 824 | 160 261 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 5.5.1

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Kerbau/Bufferalo | | Kuda/Horse | |
|---|------------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | 3 735 | 3 737 | 74 | 57 |
| Merangin | 4 601 | 4 613 | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 9 016 | 9 026 | – | – |
| Batang Hari | 10 694 | 11 913 | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 342 | 1 446 | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 83 | 97 | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 731 | 735 | – | – |
| Tebo | 9 967 | 9 992 | – | – |
| Bungo | 5 373 | 5 427 | 4 | 5 |
| Kota Jambi | 137 | 232 | 4 | 4 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 355 | 349 | 70 | 72 |
| Jambi | 46 034 | 47 567 | 152 | 138 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.5.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kambing/Goat | | Domba/Sheep | | Babi/Pig | |
|--|----------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) |
| Kerinci | 9 554 | 5 212 | 1 025 | 860 | – | – |
| Merangin | 40 033 | 41 593 | 5 749 | 4 959 | 48 | 58 |
| Sarolangun | 46 279 | 46 146 | 16 292 | 16 379 | – | – |
| Batang Hari | 47 311 | 60 702 | 17 209 | 17 661 | 246 | 205 |
| Muaro Jambi | 57 825 | 58 321 | 1 159 | 1 464 | 867 | 562 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 45 242 | 45 249 | 59 | 61 | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 47 270 | 47 525 | 813 | 843 | 41 | 58 |
| Tebo | 48 772 | 50 097 | 14 839 | 15 027 | – | – |
| Bungo | 43 851 | 44 300 | 10 179 | 10 172 | 160 | 176 |
| Kota Jambi | 6 277 | 5 422 | 1 088 | 163 | 290 | 238 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 11 971 | 10 260 | 3 653 | 3 181 | – | – |
| Jambi | 404 385 | 414 827 | 72 065 | 70 770 | 1 652 | 1 297 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Pertanian (Direktorat Jenderal Peternakan dan Kesehatan Hewan)/Ministry of Agriculture (Directorate General of Livestock and Animal Health Service)

Tabel
Table 5.5.2

Populasi Unggas Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Unggas (ekor) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x
Poultry Population by Regency/Municipality and Kind of Poultry (heads) in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021^x

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Ayam Kampung <i>Native Chicken</i> | | Ayam Petelur <i>Layer</i> | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 220 310 | 93 726 | ... | ... |
| Merangin | 1 357 700 | 1 670 029 | ... | ... |
| Sarolangun | 302 544 | 279 714 | ... | ... |
| Batang Hari | 4 277 397 | 7 137 566 | ... | ... |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 840 407 | 1 894 243 | ... | ... |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 021 985 | 4 033 229 | ... | ... |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 202 879 | 1 145 150 | ... | ... |
| Tebo | 514 109 | 598 416 | ... | ... |
| Bungo | 368 795 | 404 149 | ... | ... |
| Kota Jambi | 72 760 | 80 809 | ... | ... |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 431 061 | 559 988 | ... | ... |
| Jambi | 14 609 947 | 17 897 019 | 2 037 004 | 2 210 243 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 5.5.2*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Ayam Pedaging <i>Broiler</i> | | Itik/Itik Manila <i>Duck</i> | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | ... | ... | 110 045 | 52 209 |
| Merangin | ... | ... | 26 426 | 22 949 |
| Sarolangun | ... | ... | 35 663 | 37 854 |
| Batang Hari | ... | ... | 69 811 | 78 119 |
| Muaro Jambi | ... | ... | 30 014 | 20 406 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | ... | ... | 48 772 | 51 222 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | ... | ... | 95 421 | 96 014 |
| Tebo | ... | ... | 74 489 | 85 135 |
| Bungo | ... | ... | 66 642 | 74 565 |
| Kota Jambi | ... | ... | 6 597 | 3 027 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | ... | ... | 187 559 | 236 094 |
| Jambi | 40 371 268 | 43 001 892 | 751 439 | 757 594 |

Sumber/*Source*: Kementerian Pertanian (Direktorat Jenderal Peternakan dan Kesehatan Hewan)/*Ministry of Agriculture (Directorate General of Livestock and Animal Health Service)*

Tabel
Table 5.5.3**Produksi Daging Ternak Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Ternak (kg) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x**
Meat Production by Regency/Municipality and Kind of Livestock (kg) in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Sapi/Beef Cattle | | Kerbau/Buffalo | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 648 317,00 | 652 728,00 | 166 664,00 | 169 764,00 |
| Merangin | 675 838,00 | 674 073,00 | 138 218,00 | 138 218,00 |
| Sarolangun | 329 010,00 | 330 598,00 | 271 877,00 | 274 612,00 |
| Batang Hari | 77 269,00 | 75 858,00 | 40 116,00 | 40 845,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 032 015,00 | 1 060 065,00 | 198 027,00 | 198 392,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 222 457,00 | 224 397,00 | 14 405,00 | 15 864,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 338 007,00 | 338 007,00 | 17 870,00 | 20 787,00 |
| Tebo | 774 100,00 | 772 335,00 | 261 848,00 | 263 854,00 |
| Bungo | 899 529,00 | 897 765,00 | 379 461,00 | 380 920,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 254 387,00 | 252 623,00 | 221 914,00 | 222 461,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 292 493,00 | 292 493,00 | 19 876,00 | 21 699,00 |
| Jambi | 5 543 421,00 | 5 570 941,00 | 1 730 276,00 | 1 747 417,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.5.3

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kuda/Horse | | Kambing/Goat | |
|--|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | 3 675,00 | 3 822,00 | 83 409,00 | 85 524,00 |
| Merangin | – | – | 87 562,00 | 87 974,00 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | 41 081,00 | 42 228,00 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | 2 238,00 | 2 238,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | 231 907,00 | 232 252,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 33 141,00 | 35 524,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 50 012,00 | 52 250,00 |
| Tebo | – | – | 133 075,00 | 133 409,00 |
| Bungo | – | – | 83 386,00 | 84 567,00 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | 192 486,00 | 191 428,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 147,00 | 147,00 | 45 669,00 | 48 954,00 |
| Jambi | 3 822,00 | 3 969,00 | 983 966,00 | 996 349,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.5.3

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Domba/Sheep | | Babi/Pig | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 1 454,00 | 1 322,00 | – | – |
| Merangin | 20 380,00 | 19 829,00 | 6 555,00 | 6 175,00 |
| Sarolangun | 15 643,00 | 14 321,00 | – | – |
| Batang Hari | 31 792,00 | 31 726,00 | 4 227,00 | 3 800,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | 6 709,00 | 6 621,00 | 69 347,00 | 61 747,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 154,00 | 154,00 | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 837,00 | 837,00 | 4 322,00 | 617,00 |
| Tebo | 36 298,00 | 34 150,00 | – | – |
| Bungo | 27 904,00 | 26 438,00 | 7 077,00 | 6 650,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 15 422,00 | 15 422,00 | 129 480,00 | 126 725,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 4 561,00 | 4 406,00 | – | – |
| Jambi | 161 153,00 | 155 226,00 | 221 008,00 | 205 714,00 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Pertanian (Direktorat Jenderal Peternakan dan Kesehatan Hewan)/Ministry of Agriculture (Directorate General of Livestock and Animal Health Service)

Tabel 5.5.4 **Produksi Daging Unggas Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Unggas (kg) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x**
Table 5.5.4 **Poultry Meat Production by Regency/Municipality and Kind of Poultry (kg) in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021^x**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Ayam Kampung Native Chicken | | Ayam Petelur Layer | |
|--|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 94 082,00 | 94 808,00 | 133 197,00 | 124 321,00 |
| Merangin | 579 634,00 | 653 400,00 | 35 875,00 | 36 767,00 |
| Sarolangun | 359 041,00 | 359 767,00 | 17 426,00 | 15 780,00 |
| Batang Hari | 234 498,00 | 580 800,00 | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 2 281 092,00 | 2 281 818,00 | 506 113,00 | 515 217,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 668 661,00 | 669 387,00 | 395 262,00 | 370 174,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 361 947,00 | 362 673,00 | – | – |
| Tebo | 377 806,00 | 380 710,00 | 5 739,00 | 4 321,00 |
| Bungo | 476 376,00 | 491 622,00 | 13 036,00 | 13 309,00 |
| Kota Jambi | 49 731,00 | 50 457,00 | 23 394,00 | 21 500,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 111 965,00 | 145 200,00 | 245 168,00 | 227 788,00 |
| Jambi | 5 594 834,00 | 6 070 643,00 | 1 375 209,00 | 1 329 177,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.5.4

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Ayam Pedaging Broiler | | Itik/Itik Manila Duck | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | ... | ... | 75 215,00 | 35 685,00 |
| Merangin | ... | ... | 18 062,00 | 15 685,00 |
| Sarolangun | ... | ... | 24 375,00 | 25 873,00 |
| Batang Hari | ... | ... | 47 715,00 | 53 394,00 |
| Muaro Jambi | ... | ... | 20 514,00 | 13 947,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | ... | ... | 33 336,00 | 35 010,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | ... | ... | 65 219,00 | 65 625,00 |
| Tebo | ... | ... | 50 913,00 | 58 189,00 |
| Bungo | ... | ... | 45 550,00 | 50 965,00 |
| Kota Jambi | ... | ... | 4 509,00 | 2 069,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | ... | ... | 128 196,00 | 161 369,00 |
| Jambi | 44 514 168,00 | 47 414 744,00 | 513 605,00 | 517 812,00 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Pertanian (Direktorat Jenderal Peternakan dan Kesehatan Hewan)/Ministry of Agriculture (Directorate General of Livestock and Animal Health Service)

Tabel
Table 5.5.5

Produksi Telur Unggas dan Susu Sapi Menurut Kabupaten/Kota (ton) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x

Production of Poultry Eggs and Cow Milk by Regency/Municipality (ton) in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Ayam Kampung Native Chicken | | Ayam Petelur Layer | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 240 372,00 | 102 261,00 | ... | ... |
| Merangin | 1 481 338,00 | 1 822 109,00 | ... | ... |
| Sarolangun | 330 095,00 | 305 186,00 | ... | ... |
| Batang Hari | 4 666 914,00 | 7 787 541,00 | ... | ... |
| Muaro Jambi | 2 008 002,00 | 2 066 740,00 | ... | ... |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 388 243,00 | 4 400 511,00 | ... | ... |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 312 418,00 | 1 249 432,00 | ... | ... |
| Tebo | 560 926,00 | 652 910,00 | ... | ... |
| Bungo | 402 379,00 | 440 952,00 | ... | ... |
| Kota Jambi | 79 386,00 | 88 168,00 | ... | ... |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 470 315,00 | 610 983,00 | ... | ... |
| Jambi | 15 940 387,00 | 19 526 793,00 | 30 341 742,00 | 30 951 283,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.5.5

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Itik/ Duck | | Sapi Perah Dairy Cattle | |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | 669 700,00 | 317 728,00 | – | – |
| Merangin | 160 821,00 | 139 661,00 | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 217 034,00 | 230 368,00 | – | – |
| Batang Hari | 424 848,00 | 475 408,00 | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 182 656,00 | 124 185,00 | 3 130,00 | 3 130,00 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 296 812,00 | 311 721,00 | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 580 703,00 | 584 312,00 | – | – |
| Tebo | 453 317,00 | 518 106,00 | – | – |
| Bungo | 405 563,00 | 453 780,00 | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | 40 147,00 | 18 421,00 | 3 130,00 | 3 130,00 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 141 427,00 | 1 436 796,00 | – | – |
| Jambi | 4 573 029,00 | 4 610 486,00 | 6 260,00 | 6 260,00 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Pertanian (Direktorat Jenderal Peternakan dan Kesehatan Hewan)/Ministry of Agriculture (Directorate General of Livestock and Animal Health Service)

**5.6 PERIKANAN
FISHERY**

Tabel 5.6.1 **Produksi dan Nilai Produksi Perikanan Tangkap Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Penangkapan di Provinsi Jambi, 2020^x**
Production and Production Value of Fish Capture by Regency/Municipality and Type of Captures in Jambi Province, 2020^x

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Perikanan Tangkap di Laut <i>Marine Capture Fisheries</i> | | Perikanan Perairan Umum Daratan <i>Inland Open Water Capture Fisheries</i> | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | Volume <i>Volume</i> (Ton) | Nilai <i>Value</i> (000 Rp) | Volume <i>Volume</i> (Ton) | Nilai <i>Value</i> (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | 2 | 46 365 |
| Merangin | – | – | 882 | 32 450 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | 465 | 10 175 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | 870 | 18 880 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | 2 | 35 635 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 25 978 | 853 673 565 | 364 | 10 162 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 21 511 | 477 617 541 | 727 | 14 408 |
| Tebo | – | – | 409 | 19 011 |
| Bungo | – | – | 238 | 6 300 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | 680 | 10 875 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | 235 | 7 308 |
| Jambi | 47 489 | 1 331 291 106 | 8 403 | 211 569 738 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Perikanan Tangkap Fish Capture | |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 1 981 | 46 365 483 |
| Merangin | 882 | 32 450 420 |
| Sarolangun | 465 | 10 175 407 |
| Batang Hari | 870 | 18 880 281 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 554 | 35 635 435 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 26 342 | 863 835 107 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 22 238 | 492 025 413 |
| Tebo | 409 | 19 010 800 |
| Bungo | 238 | 6 299 832 |
| Kota Jambi | 680 | 10 874 510 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 235 | 7 308 156 |
| Jambi | 55 892 | 1 542 860 844 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Kelautan dan Perikanan, Database Validasi Nasional Satu Data Kelautan dan Perikanan/ Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries Republic of Indonesia, National Validation Database for One Data of Maritime and Fisheries

Tabel
Table 5.6.2

Produksi dan Nilai Produksi Perikanan Tangkap di Laut Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Komoditas Utama di Provinsi Jambi, 2020^x
Production and Production Value of Marine Capture Fisheries by Regency/Municipality and Main Commodity in Jambi Province, 2020^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Perikanan Tangkap di Laut/Marine Capture Fisheries | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Cakalang/ Skipjack Tuna | | Tongkol/ Eastern Little Tuna | |
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Perikanan Tangkap di Laut/Marine Capture Fisheries | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Tuna/Tuna | | Udang/Shrimp | |
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 11 048 | 486 630 214 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 5 841 | 138 718 706 |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | 16 889 | 625 348 920 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Perikanan Tangkap di Laut/Marine Capture Fisheries | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Lainnya/Others | | Tangkap di Laut/ Marine Capture | |
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 14 930 | 367 043 351 | 25 978 | 853 673 565 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 15 671 | 338 898 835 | 21 511 | 477 617 541 |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 30 601 | 705 942 186 | 47 489 | 1 331 291 106 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Kelautan dan Perikanan, Database Validasi Nasional Satu Data Kelautan dan Perikanan/ Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries Republic of Indonesia, National Validation Database for One Data of Maritime and Fisheries

Tabel 5.6.3 **Produksi dan Nilai Produksi Perikanan Tangkap di Perairan Umum Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Komoditas Utama di Provinsi Jambi, 2020^x**
Production and Production Value of Inland Open Water Capture Fisheries by Regency/Municipality and Main Commodity in Jambi Province, 2020^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Perikanan Perairan Umum Daratan Inland Open Water Capture Fisheries | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Udang/ Shrimp | | Ikan/Fish | |
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 1 | 14 140 | 1 981 | 46 351 343 |
| Merangin | 21 | 625 080 | 848 | 31 621 415 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | 465 | 10 175 407 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | 869 | 18 876 807 |
| Muaro Jambi | 53 | 2 391 930 | 1 233 | 27 893 525 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 44 | 2 267 817 | 303 | 7 603 925 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 11 | 1 063 240 | 715 | 13 344 632 |
| Tebo | – | – | 409 | 19 010 800 |
| Bungo | – | – | 230 | 6 067 928 |
| Kota Jambi | 5 | 198 990 | 675 | 10 659 770 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | 235 | 7 308 156 |
| Jambi | 135 | 6 561 197 | 7 963 | 198 913 708 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.3

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Perikanan Tangkap di Laut/Marine Capture Fisheries | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Lainnya/Others | | Tangkap di Perairan Umum Inland Open Water Capture | |
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | – | – | 1 981 | 46 365 483 |
| Merangin | 14 | 203 925 | 882 | 32 450 420 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | 465 | 10 175 407 |
| Batang Hari | 0 | 3 474 | 870 | 18 880 281 |
| Muaro Jambi | 267 | 5 349 980 | 1 554 | 35 635 435 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 16 | 289 800 | 364 | 10 161 542 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 727 | 14 407 872 |
| Tebo | – | – | 409 | 19 010 800 |
| Bungo | 7 | 231 904 | 238 | 6 299 832 |
| Kota Jambi | 1 | 15 750 | 680 | 10 874 510 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | 235 | 7 308 156 |
| Jambi | 306 | 6 094 833 | 8 403 | 211 569 738 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Kelautan dan Perikanan, Database Validasi Nasional Satu Data Kelautan dan Perikanan/Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries Republic of Indonesia, National Validation Database for One Data of Maritime and Fisheries

Tabel
Table 5.6.4

Produksi dan Nilai Produksi Perikanan Tangkap di Perairan Umum Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Lokasi di Provinsi Jambi, 2020^x
Production and Production Value of Inland Open Water Capture Fisheries by Regency/Municipality and Location in Jambi Province, 2020^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Waduk Reservoir | | Sungai River | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | 377 | 7 383 631 |
| Merangin | – | – | 381 | 15 826 866 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | 465 | 10 175 407 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | 534 | 12 374 836 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | 1 554 | 35 635 435 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 364 | 10 161 542 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 710 | 14 053 691 |
| Tebo | – | – | 330 | 16 541 035 |
| Bungo | – | – | 238 | 6 299 832 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | 75 | 1 284 490 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | 145 | 4 585 989 |
| Jambi | – | – | 5 171 | 134 322 754 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.4

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Danau Lake | | Rawa Swamp | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | 1 604 | 38 981 852 | – | – |
| Merangin | 349 | 12 688 922 | 152 | 3 934 632 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | 336 | 6 505 445 | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 17 | 354 181 |
| Tebo | 52 | 1 360 965 | 28 | 1 108 800 |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | 525 | 8 313 870 | 80 | 1 276 150 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 2 865 | 67 851 054 | 277 | 6 673 763 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.4

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Genangan Air Puddle | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (10) | (11) |
| Kerinci | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 90 | 2 722 167 |
| Jambi | 90 | 2 722 167 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Kelautan dan Perikanan, Database Validasi Nasional Satu Data Kelautan dan Perikanan/Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries Republic of Indonesia, National Validation Database for One Data of Maritime and Fisheries

Tabel 5.6.5 **Produksi Perikanan Budidaya Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Kegiatan di Provinsi Jambi, 2020^x**
Production of Aquaculture by Regency/Municipality and Type of Activity in Jambi Province, 2020^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Pembesaran (ton) Growing/Rearing (ton) | Pembenihan (1000 Ekor) Breeding (1000 Head) | Ikan Hias (1000 Ekor) Ornament Fish (1000 Head) |
|--|--|--|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 4 226 | 7 448 | – |
| Merangin | 1 569 | 3 810 | – |
| Sarolangun | 3 196 | 4 368 | – |
| Batang Hari | 8 665 | 1 294 | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 25 119 | 42 022 | 12 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 556 | 657 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 137 | 746 | – |
| Tebo | 768 | 14 275 | – |
| Bungo | 980 | 10 399 | 202 |
| Kota Jambi | 3 576 | 79 931 | 6 238 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 224 | 2 101 | – |
| Jambi | 50 016 | 167 051 | 6 452 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Kelautan dan Perikanan, Database Validasi Nasional Satu Data Kelautan dan Perikanan/Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries Republic of Indonesia, National Validation Database for One Data of Maritime and Fisheries

Tabel 5.6.6 **Produksi dan Nilai Produksi Perikanan Budidaya Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Budidaya di Provinsi Jambi, 2020^x**
Production and Production Value of Aquaculture by Regency/Municipality and Type of Culture in Jambi Province, 2020^x

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jaring Apung Laut Marine Floating Net | | Jaring Apung Tawar Freshwater Floating Net | |
|--|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | 416 | 11 223 846 |
| Merangin | – | – | 200 | 5 903 087 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | 4 441 | 97 887 640 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | 10 305 | 270 316 270 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 31 | 501 520 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | 37 | 833 505 |
| Bungo | – | – | 32 | 660 520 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | 156 | 3 395 569 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | 15 617 | 390 721 957 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jaring Tancap Tawar Freshwater Pen Culture | | Karamba Cage | |
|--|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | – | – | 30 | 819 908 |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 5 | 102 480 | 7 | 204 960 |
| Tebo | 4 | 66 920 | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | 62 | 1 682 295 |
| Jambi | 9 | 169 400 | 100 | 2 707 163 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kolam Air Deras Running Freshwater Pond | | Kolam Air Tenang Quiet Freshwater Pond | |
|--|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | – | – | 3 779 | 101 573 545 |
| Merangin | – | – | 1 360 | 30 418 514 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | 3 196 | 84 289 828 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | 4 225 | 66 793 280 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | 14 814 | 280 763 616 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 385 | 7 318 437 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 1 052 | 19 328 597 |
| Tebo | – | – | 710 | 14 354 145 |
| Bungo | – | – | 948 | 19 018 677 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | 3 420 | 55 412 955 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | 162 | 4 279 259 |
| Jambi | – | – | 34 049 | 683 550 853 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Laut Lainnya Other Marine Culture | | Minapadi Sawah Rice Fish | |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) |
| Kerinci | – | – | 1 | 21 600 |
| Merangin | – | – | 10 | 243 624 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 21 | 451 290 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 4 | 83 600 |
| Tebo | – | – | 18 | 452 750 |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | 54 | 1 252 864 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Rumput Laut Sea Weed | | Tambak Intensif Intensive Brackishwater Pond | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) |
| Kerinci | - | - | - | - |
| Merangin | - | - | - | - |
| Sarolangun | - | - | - | - |
| Batang Hari | - | - | - | - |
| Muaro Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | - | - | - | - |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | - | - | - | - |
| Tebo | - | - | - | - |
| Bungo | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Jambi | - | - | - | - |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | - | - | - | - |
| Jambi | - | - | - | - |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Tambak Sederhana Traditional Brackishwater Pond | | Tambak Semi Intensif/Semi Intensive Brackishwater Pond | |
|--|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (22) | (23) | (24) | (25) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 118 | 3 210 110 | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 69 | 1 456 740 | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 187 | 4 666 850 | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.6

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jumlah Total | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (26) | (27) |
| Kerinci | 4 226 | 113 638 899 |
| Merangin | 1 569 | 36 565 225 |
| Sarolangun | 3 196 | 84 289 828 |
| Batang Hari | 8 665 | 164 680 920 |
| Muaro Jambi | 25 119 | 551 079 886 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 556 | 11 481 357 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 1 137 | 21 176 377 |
| Tebo | 768 | 15 707 320 |
| Bungo | 980 | 19 679 197 |
| Kota Jambi | 3 576 | 58 808 524 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 224 | 5 961 554 |
| Jambi | 50 016 | 1 083 069 087 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Kelautan dan Perikanan, Database Validasi Nasional Satu Data Kelautan dan Perikanan/ Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fisheries Republic of Indonesia, National Validation Database for One Data of Maritime and Fisheries

Tabel 5.6.7 **Produksi dan Nilai Produksi Perikanan Budidaya Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Komoditas Utama di Provinsi Jambi, 2020^x**
Production and Production Value of Aquaculture by Regency/Municipality and Main Commodity in Jambi Province, 2020^x

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Gurame <i>Giant Gouramy</i> | | Patin <i>Pangasius Catfish</i> | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Volume <i>Volume</i> (Ton) | Nilai <i>Value</i> (000 Rp) | Volume <i>Volume</i> (Ton) | Nilai <i>Value</i> (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | 294 | 5 297 112 |
| Sarolangun | – | – | 298 | 5 956 280 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | 5 187 | 77 543 230 |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | 11 087 | 210 646 426 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 11 | 198 396 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 360 | 6 126 426 |
| Tebo | – | – | 100 | 1 826 060 |
| Bungo | – | – | 238 | 4 049 434 |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | 1 265 | 18 916 794 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | 18 840 | 330 560 158 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.7

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Lele <i>Torpedo Shaped Catfish</i> | | Nila <i>Nile Tilapia</i> | |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | 70 | 1 187 977 | 3 922 | 105 891 894 |
| Merangin | 436 | 7 414 720 | 442 | 10 161 561 |
| Sarolangun | 273 | 4 912 524 | 2 209 | 59 646 024 |
| Batang Hari | 40 | 566 440 | 3 437 | 86 571 250 |
| Muaro Jambi | 3 345 | 58 534 875 | 9 845 | 255 959 600 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 231 | 3 698 592 | 245 | 5 140 779 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 402 | 7 227 396 | 302 | 6 018 940 |
| Tebo | 402 | 6 833 464 | 222 | 5 179 924 |
| Bungo | 270 | 4 317 992 | 397 | 9 125 871 |
| Kota Jambi | 2 074 | 33 180 160 | 144 | 3 536 560 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 145 | 3 627 850 | 45 | 1 348 020 |
| Jambi | 7 687 | 131 501 990 | 21 210 | 548 580 423 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.7

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Ikan Mas Common Carp | | Kakap Barramundi | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) |
| Kerinci | 234 | 6 559 028 | – | – |
| Merangin | 274 | 8 783 072 | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 247 | 7 918 336 | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 523 | 16 205 250 | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 | 43 200 | 1 | 43 610 |
| Tebo | 1 | 31 590 | – | – |
| Bungo | 28 | 738 400 | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | 5 | 130 375 | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 34 | 985 684 | – | – |
| Jambi | 1 350 | 41 394 935 | 1 | 43 610 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 5.6.7

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Bandeng <i>Milkfish</i> | | Rumput Laut <i>Seaweed</i> | |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | Volume <i>Volume</i> (Ton) | Nilai <i>Value</i> (000 Rp) | Volume <i>Volume</i> (Ton) | Nilai <i>Value</i> (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (14) | (15) | (16) | (17) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 31 | 618 600 | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 36 | 647 766 | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | 67 | 1 266 366 | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.7

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Kerapu Groupers | | Udang Shrimp | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (18) | (19) | (20) | (21) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | – | – | – | – |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | 18 | 1 014 860 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | 13 | 413 964 |
| Tebo | – | – | – | – |
| Bungo | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Jambi | – | – | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – | – | – |
| Jambi | – | – | 31 | 1 428 824 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 5.6.7

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Ikan Lainnya Others | |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| | Volume Volume (Ton) | Nilai Value (000 Rp) |
| (1) | (22) | (23) |
| Kerinci | – | – |
| Merangin | 123 | 4 908 760 |
| Sarolangun | 168 | 5 856 664 |
| Batang Hari | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 320 | 9 733 735 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 19 | 810 130 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 21 | 655 075 |
| Tebo | 44 | 1 836 282 |
| Bungo | 47 | 1 447 500 |
| Kota Jambi | 87 | 3 044 635 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | – | – |
| Jambi | 829 | 28 292 781 |

Sumber/Source: Kementerian Kelautan dan Perikanan, Validasi Nasional Satu Data 2018/ Ministry of Marine Affairs and Fishery Republic of Indonesia, One Data's National Validation 2018

BAB 6 PERTAMBANGAN DAN ENERGI

Chapter 6. Mining and Energy

KETENAGALISTRIKAN

Electricity

1.482.711.088 VA

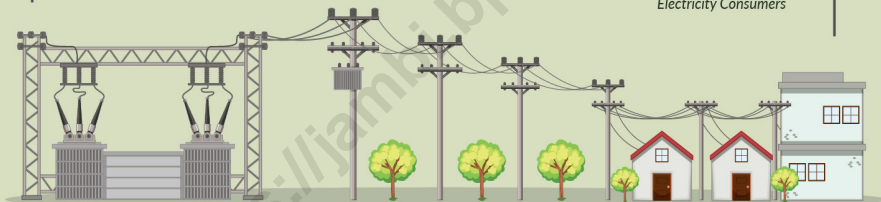
Daya Terpasang/Installed Electricity Power

2.002.391.142 KWh

Listrik Terjual/Electricity Sold

975.930

Jumlah Pelanggan/
Electricity Consumers



AIR BERSIH

Clean Water

Rp207.911.268.232

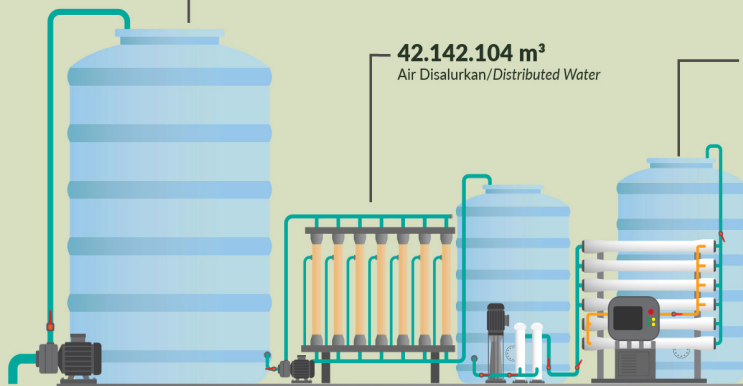
Nilai Air yang Disalurkan/Value

42.142.104 m³

Air Disalurkan/Distributed Water

233.500

Jumlah Pelanggan/
Electricity Consumers



PENJELASAN TEKNIS

1. Pertambangan adalah suatu kegiatan pengambilan endapan bahan galian berharga dan bernilai ekonomis dari dalam kulit bumi, di bawah permukaan bumi, dan di bawah permukaan air.
2. Bahan tambang adalah hasil produksi dari kegiatan pertambangan yang merupakan sumber daya alam yang tidak dapat diperbarui.
3. Minyak bumi adalah campuran hidrokarbon dalam bentuk cair diperoleh dari lapisan kulit bumi.
4. Gas alam adalah semua jenis gas hidrokarbon yang dihasilkan dari sumur penambangan yang terdiri dari komponen utama berupa metana, etana, propana, butana, pentana, dan hexana, ditambang dari dalam bumi, baik diperoleh langsung atau bersamaan dengan crude oil.
5. Bijih timah adalah mineral bahan dasar logam timah. Pengolahan bijih timah menjadi logam timah terdiri dari tahap konsentrasi, tahap smelting, dan tahap refining.

TECHNICAL NOTES

1. *Mining is an activity of taking valued quarried material from within the earth layer, under earth surface, and under water level.*
2. *Mine material is a natural resource as the production of mining operations that can not be renewed.*
3. *Crude oil is a mixture of hydrocarbon accuring in liquid phase in subsurface reservoir and remained liquid under atmospheric pressure.*
4. *Natural gas is all kinds of hydrocarbon gas produced from wells, mixture of hydrocarbons gas and vapour occuring naturally, which main components are methane, ethane, propane, butane, pentane and hexane, mined from underground occumulation either directly or as associated gas in oil mining.*
5. *Tin ore is mineral as the base material of tin. Processing tin ore into tin consists of a concentration, smelting, and refining stages.*

6. Batu bara adalah salah satu bahan bakar fosil yang terbentuk dari endapan organik, utamanya adalah sisa-sisa tumbuhan.
 7. Bauksit adalah biji utama pembentuk aluminium, bauksit terdiri dari campuran antara aluminium hidroksida dan aluminium oksida.
 8. Bijih nikel adalah mineral atau agregat mineral yang mengandung nikel. Pengolahan bijih nikel menjadi nikel terdiri dari beberapa tahap, yaitu crushing, pengeringan, pereduksian, peleburan, pemurnian, dan granulasi dan pengemasan.
 9. Emas adalah logam yang bersifat lunak dan mudah ditempa, kekerasannya berkisar antara 2,5–3 (Skala Mohs), serta berat jenisnya tergantung pada jenis dan kandungan logam lain yang berpadu dengannya. Emas dapat melebur dalam bentuk cair pada suhu sekitar 1000 derajat celsius.
 10. Konsentrat tembaga adalah bijih tembaga yang sudah mengalami proses konsentrasi flotasi.
 11. Bahan galian adalah semua jenis mineral dan batuan kecuali mineral logam dan energi yang digali dan diproses untuk penggunaan akhir industri dan konstruksi.
6. *Coal is fossil fuels that formed from organic sediment, primarily plant debris.*
 7. *Bauxite is main ore that forming aluminum, bauxite consists of a mixture of aluminum hydroxide and aluminum oxide.*
 8. *Nickel ore is a mineral that containing nickel. Processing nickel ore into nickel consists of several stages of crushing, drying, reduction, smelting, purification, and granulation and packaging.*
 9. *Gold is soft and malleable metal with hardness range between 2.5–3 (Mohs), and its density depends on the type and content of other metals which combined with it. Gold can be melted into liquid form at 1000 degrees celsius.*
 10. *Copper consenstrate is copper ore that has passed a process of flotation concentration.*
 11. *Quarrying materials are all kinds of minerals and rocks except metals and energy minerals extracted and processed to manufacturing and construction industry.*

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>12. Kapasitas listrik terpasang adalah total kapasitas dari seluruh mesin pembangkit listrik yang dioperasikan.</p> | <p>12. <i>Installed electricity capacity is the total capacity of all operated power plants machines.</i></p> |
| <p>13. Listrik yang dibangkitkan adalah jumlah listrik yang dibangkitkan oleh seluruh mesin pembangkit listrik dan dinyatakan dalam satuan dasar Watt hours.</p> | <p>13. <i>Electricity generated is the amount of electricity generated by all power plant engine in Watt hours standard unit.</i></p> |
| <p>14. Jumlah listrik/gas/air bersih yang terjual/didistribusikan adalah banyaknya listrik/gas/air bersih yang disalurkan kepada para pelanggan.</p> | <p>14. <i>Sold/ distributed electricity/gas/ cleaned water is total electricity/ gas/cleaned water distributed to customers.</i></p> |
| <p>15. Kapasitas produksi potensial adalah hubungan antara output yang sebenarnya diproduksi dengan peralatan yang terpasang dan potensi output yang dapat diproduksi dengan peralatan terpasang tersebut, jika kapasitas sepenuhnya digunakan.</p> | <p>15. <i>Potential capacity production is relationship between output that is actually produced with the installed equipment, and the potential output which could be produced with it, if capacity was fully used.</i></p> |
| <p>16. Volume air bersih yang disalurkan adalah banyaknya air bersih yang disalurkan oleh perusahaan air bersih (dalam satuan m3). Semakin besar volume air bersih yang disalurkan maka akan semakin terpenuhi kebutuhan konsumen akan air bersih.</p> | <p>16. <i>Volume of water distributed is the amount of water that can be distributed by the water company (in units of m3). The greater the volume of water distributed it will be increasingly fulfilled the needs of consumers for clean water.</i></p> |

ULASAN

Di Provinsi Jambi hanya terdapat 2 (dua) Unit Pelaksana Pelayanan Pelanggan (UP3), yaitu UP3 Jambi dan UP3 Muaro Bungo. Di UP3 Jambi terdapat 6 (enam) Unit Layanan Pelanggan (ULP) dan di UP3 Muaro Bungo terdapat 7 (tujuh) ULP.

Jumlah pelanggan dan daya tersambung tahun 2021 yang disalurkan melalui UP3 Jambi sebanyak 596.809, meningkat 6,04 persen dibanding dengan tahun 2020.

Jumlah pelanggan air di Provinsi Jambi pada tahun 2021 adalah sebanyak 233.500 pelanggan. Jumlah air yang disalurkan selama tahun 2021 adalah sebanyak 42.142.104 m³ dengan nilai perolehan sebesar Rp. 207.911.268.232.

Sementara untuk penggunaan air minum yang dikonsumsi, jumlah pelanggan meningkat setiap tahunnya. Pada tahun 2021 jumlah pelanggan meningkat 4 persen jika dibandingkan dengan tahun 2020. Jumlah pelanggan pada tahun 2021 adalah sebanyak 89.461 dengan jumlah produksi yang dikonsumsi adalah sebanyak 23.036.638 m³ meningkat sebesar 31 persen dibandingkan dengan nilai produksi pada tahun 2020.

DESCRIPTION

In Jambi Province there are only 2 (two) Customer Service Implementation Units (UP3), namely UP3 Jambi and UP3 Muaro Bungo. At UP3 Jambi there are 6 (six) Customer Service Units (ULP) and at UP3 Muaro Bungo there are 7 (seven) ULPs.

The number of subscribers and connected power in 2021 that was distributed through UP3 Jambi was 596,809, an increase of 6.04 percent compared to 2020.

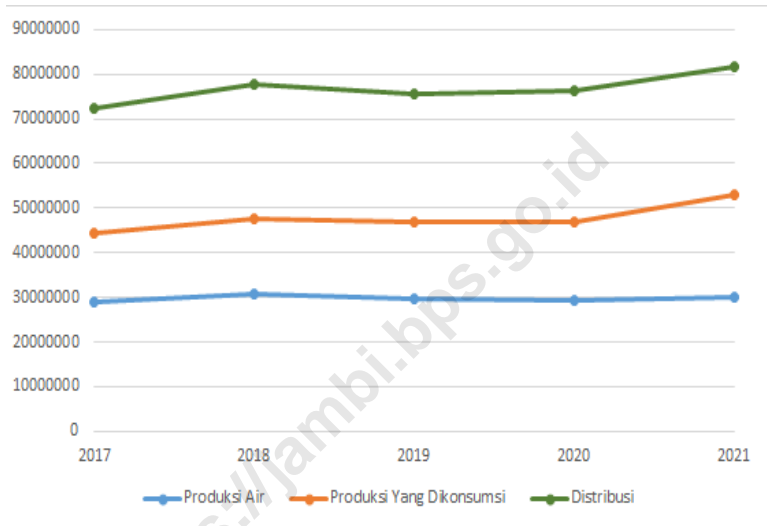
The number of water customers in Jambi Province in 2021 is 233,500 customers. The amount of water distributed during 2021 is 42,142,104 m³ with an acquisition value of Rp. 207,911,268,232.

Meanwhile, for the use of drinking water consumed, the number of customers increases every year. In 2021 the number of customers increased by 4 percent compared to 2020. The number of customers in 2021 was 89,461 with the total production consumed was 23,036,638 m³, an increase of 31 percent compared to the production value in 2020.

Gambar
Figures

6

Jumlah Produksi Air Minum Dan Yang Dikonsumsi di Provinsi Jambi, 2017-2021
Number of Water Supply Product And Consumption in Jambi Province, 2017-2021



Sumber/Source: PDAM Kota Jambi Water Supply Corp in Jambi Municipality

Tabel
Table 6.1

Daya Terpasang, Produksi, dan Distribusi Listrik PT. PLN (Persero) UIW S2JB UP3 Jambi dan UP3 Muara Bungo Menurut Unit di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Installed Electricity Power, Production, and Distribution of PT. PLN (Persero) UIW S2JB UP3 Jambi and UP3 Muara Bungo by Unit in Jambi Province, 2021

| Unit Unit | Daya Terpasang Installed Electricity Power (VA) | Produksi Listrik Electricity Production (KWh) | Listrik Terjual Electricity Sold (KWh) | Dipakai Sendiri Own Used (KWh) | Susut/Hilang Shrunked/Lost (KWh) |
|------------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| ULP Telanai Pura | 285 327 | - | 428 083 998 | 1 592 038 | 41 933 495 |
| ULP Kotabaru | 317 214 | - | 434 719 799 | 1 816 935 | 60 444 243 |
| ULP Seberang Kota | 53 468 | - | 86 293 855 | 369 150 | 5 084 039 |
| ULP Muara Bulian | 150 583 | - | 190 871 994 | 1 092 175 | 31 747 109 |
| ULP Kuala Tungkal | 121 749 | - | 130 000 501 | 2 386 917 | 19 848 521 |
| ULP Muara Sabak | 84 718 | - | 92 095 856 | 1 072 839 | 16 163 135 |
| UP3 Jambi | 1 013 058 | - | 1 362 066 003 | 8 423 033 | 154 538 234 |
| ULP Bungo Kota | 86 285,87 | 125 987 021,92 | 108 530 534,90 | 635 383,30 | 18 650 257,21 |
| ULP Bangko | 133 121,05 | 163 681 416,30 | 139 481 398,10 | 888 013,96 | 25 469 711,42 |
| ULP Sarolangun | 91 657,26 | 125 398 165,36 | 109 414 876,40 | 677 746,01 | 16 394 544,86 |
| ULP Muara Tebo | 63 916,65 | 75 087 882,90 | 64 013 860,60 | 638 755,57 | 11 482 807,03 |
| ULP Rimbo Bujang | 112 006,95 | 138 415 013,99 | 120 606 330,30 | 990 203,31 | 18 124 255,34 |
| ULP Kersik Tuo | 18 924,00 | 26 239 331,36 | 23 071 855,10 | 216 174,34 | 3 300 164,97 |
| ULP Sungai Penuh | 73 244,50 | 104 697 053,52 | 95 512 963,60 | 620 998,01 | 9 487 877,95 |
| UP3 Muara Bungo | 579 156,28 | 759 505 885,36 | 660 631 819,00 | 4 667 274,50 | 102 909 618,78 |
| Jambi | 1 592 214,28 | 759 505 885,36 | 2 022 697 822,00 | 13 090 307,50 | 257 447 852,78 |

Sumber/Source: PLN UIW S2JB UP3 Jambi dan UP3 Muara Bungo/ Public Electricity Service of UIW S2JB UP3 Jambi and UP3 Muara Bungo

Tabel
Table 6.2

Jumlah Pelanggan Listrik Menurut Unit di Provinsi Jambi, 2017-2021
Number of Electricity Costumers by Unit in Jambi Province, 2017-2021

| Unit Unit | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| ULP Telanaipura | 116 046 | 121 093 | 126 594 | 131 359 | 135 611 |
| ULP Kota Baru | 141 861 | 153 222 | 164 096 | 172 491 | 183 027 |
| ULP Seberang Kota | 25 909 | 27 276 | 28 765 | 30 015 | 31 580 |
| ULP Muara Bulian | 77 767 | 83 007 | 87 432 | 92 269 | 97 143 |
| ULP Kuala Tungkal | 58 992 | 63 589 | 69 080 | 75 430 | 84 373 |
| ULP Muara Sabak | 49 661 | 53 952 | 57 744 | 61 229 | 65 075 |
| UP3 Jambi | 470 236 | 502 139 | 533 711 | 562 793 | 596 809 |
| ULP Bungo Kota | 44 165 | 46 464 | 48 980 | 50 904 | 53 555 |
| ULP Bangko | 81 872 | 88 467 | 93 105 | 97 611 | 103 805 |
| ULP Sarolangun | 57 263 | 61 941 | 65 601 | 70 591 | 75 315 |
| ULP Muara Tebo | 36 992 | 40 711 | 43 774 | 47 655 | 50 728 |
| ULP Rimbo Bujang | 69 275 | 73 854 | 79 148 | 84 205 | 88 733 |
| ULP Kersik Tuo | - | 18 059 | 18 860 | 19 831 | 20 704 |
| ULP Sungai Penuh | - | 69 187 | 71 597 | 74 348 | 77 541 |
| UP3 Muara Bungo | 289 567 | 398 683 | 421 065 | 445 145 | 470 381 |
| Jambi | 759 803 | 900 822 | 954 776 | 1 007 938 | 1 067 190 |

Sumber/Source: PLN UIW S2JB UP3 Jambi dan UP3 Muara Bungo/ Public Electricity Service of UIW S2JB UP3 Jambi and UP3 Muara Bungo

Tabel
Table 6.3**Jumlah Pelanggan dan Air yang Disalurkan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota, 2021**
Number of Customers and Distributed Water by Regency/ Municipality, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Pelanggan Number of Customers | Air Disalurkan Distributed Water (m ³) | Nilai Value (Rp) |
|--|----------------------------------|--|------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 32 934 | 4 649 293 | 21 054 866 000 |
| Merangin | 13 924 | 2 206 559 | 10 326 120 407 |
| Sarolangun | 12 681 | 1 644 685 | 7 955 011 600 |
| Batang Hari | 19 417 | 2 605 143 | 12 565 983 982 |
| Muaro Jambi | 15 586 | 3 258 345 | 11 158 293 176 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 5 378 | 730 521 | 3 815 583 007 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 8 657 | 1 114 697 | 3 672 146 400 |
| Tebo | 13 391 | 1 909 218 | 9 071 631 500 |
| Bungo | 10 531 | 2 028 682 | 6 227 543 000 |
| Kota Jambi | 86 154 | 17 488 158 | 109 256 583 095 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 14 847 | 4 506 803 | 12 807 506 066 |
| Jambi | 233 500 | 42 142 104 | 207 911 268 232 |

Sumber/Source: Survei Perusahaan Air Bersih/ Water Supply Establishment Survey

Tabel
Table 6.4

**Jumlah Konsumen dan Produksi Air Minum di Kota Jambi,
2017-2021**
**Number of Consumers and Water Supply Product in Jambi
Municipality, 2017-2021**

| Tahun Year | Produksi Production (m ³) | Pelanggan Number of Customers | Produksi yang dikonsumsi Consumption (m ³) | Distribusi (m ³) |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 2017 ¹ | 29 048 443 | 72 965 | 15 437 445 | 27 941 995 |
| 2018 | 30 899 260 | 78 259 | 16 678 318 | 30 116 263 |
| 2019 | 29 657 129 | 82 269 | 17 261 634 | 28 755 656 |
| 2020 | 29 410 051 | 85 986 | 17 480 652 | 29 289 039 |
| 2021 | 29 865 285 | 89 461 | 23 036 638 | 28 965 819 |

Catatan/Note: ¹Data 2017 Angka hasil revisi

Sumber/Source: PDAM Kota Jambi Water Supply Corp in Jambi Municipality

BAB 7 INDUSTRI MANUFAKTUR

Chapter 7. Manufacturing Industry

INDUSTRI BESAR DAN SEDANG

Large and Medium Industries

Industri Makanan

94 Perusahaan/Company
14.564 Tenaga Kerja/Employe

Industri Minuman

12 Perusahaan/Company
1.196 Tenaga Kerja/Employe

Industri Tekstil

5 Perusahaan/Company
129 Tenaga Kerja/Employe

Industri Kayu, Gabus

26 Perusahaan/Company
5.476 Tenaga Kerja/Employe

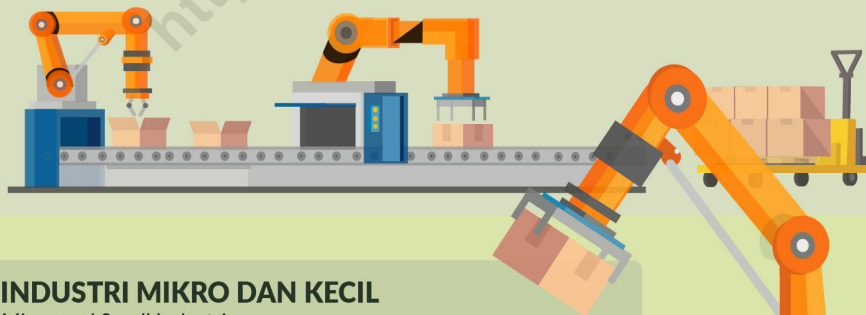
Industri Karet

13 Perusahaan/Company
4.311 Tenaga Kerja/Employe

Industri Furnitur

9 Perusahaan/Company
503 Tenaga Kerja/Employe

Industri Lainnya 17 Perusahaan/Company 2.400 Tenaga Kerja/Employe



INDUSTRI MIKRO DAN KECIL

Micro and Small Industries

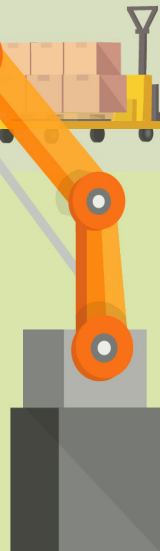


28.159

Perusahaan/Company

49.241

Tenaga Kerja/Employe



PENJELASAN TEKNIS**TECHNICAL NOTES**

1. Pengumpulan data industri besar dan sedang dilakukan melalui Survei Industri Besar dan Sedang yang dilaksanakan setiap tahun secara lengkap (sensus) sejak tahun 1975. Survei Industri Besar dan Sedang mencakup semua perusahaan industri yang mempunyai tenaga kerja 20 orang atau lebih dengan menggunakan kuesioner II A. Pada tahun 2016, Survei Industri Besar dan Sedang terintegrasi dengan Sensus Ekonomi 2016.
 2. Klasifikasi industri yang digunakan dalam survei ini berdasar kepada Klasifikasi Baku Lapangan Usaha Indonesia (KBLI). KBLI adalah klasifikasi lapangan usaha yang berdasar kepada International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) revisi 4 yang telah disesuaikan dengan kondisi Indonesia.
 3. Industri manufaktur adalah suatu kegiatan ekonomi yang melakukan kegiatan mengubah suatu barang dasar secara mekanis, kimia, atau dengan tangan sehingga menjadi barang jadi/setengah jadi, dan atau barang yang kurang nilainya menjadi barang yang lebih tinggi nilainya, dan sifatnya lebih dekat kepada pemakai akhir. Termasuk dalam kegiatan ini adalah jasa
1. *Data collection of large and medium scale manufacturing is conducted through The Large and Medium Manufacturing Establishment Survey that has been done annually for all industries (census) since 1975. Large and Medium Manufacturing Establishment Survey covers all manufactures/industries with 20 workers or more by questionnaire II A. In 2016, the Large and Medium Manufacturing Establishment Survey was integrated with the 2016 Economic Census.*
 2. *The industrial classification adopted in this survey refers to the Klasifikasi Baku Lapangan Usaha Indonesia (KBLI). KBLI is classification of economic activities based on the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC rev 4) that has been modified according to the local condition in Indonesia.*
 3. *Manufacturing industry is defined as an economic activity processing basic goods mechanically, chemicals or manually into final or intermediate goods. It is also defined as processing of lower value goods into higher value goods as final or intermediate products. The activities also include services for manufacturing and assembling.*

industri dan pekerjaan perakitan.

4. Jasa industri adalah kegiatan industri yang melayani keperluan pihak lain. Pada kegiatan ini bahan baku disediakan oleh pihak lain sedangkan pihak pengolah hanya melakukan pengolahannya dengan mendapat imbalan sebagai balas jasa (upah maklon).
 5. Perusahaan atau usaha industri adalah suatu unit (kesatuan) usaha yang melakukan kegiatan ekonomi, bertujuan menghasilkan barang atau jasa, terletak pada suatu bangunan atau lokasi tertentu, dan mempunyai catatan administrasi tersendiri mengenai produksi dan struktur biaya serta ada seorang atau lebih yang bertanggung jawab atas usaha tersebut.
 6. Industri manufaktur dikelompokkan ke dalam 4 golongan berdasarkan banyaknya pekerja, yaitu: industri besar (100 orang pekerja atau lebih), industri sedang/menengah (20–99 orang pekerja), industri kecil (5–19 orang pekerja), dan industri mikro (1–4 orang pekerja).
 7. Input atau biaya antara adalah biaya yang dikeluarkan dalam proses industri yang berupa bahan baku, bahan bakar, barang lainnya diluar bahan baku/ bahan penolong, jasa industri, sewa gedung, dan biaya jasa
4. *Services for manufacturing is defined as a manufacturing activity which serving other manufacturing establishments. In this case, raw materials are supplied by others while the workers are paid as a compensation for processing raw materials.*
 5. *A manufacturing establishment is defined as a production unit engaged in economic activity, producing goods or services, located in a building or in a certain location, keeping a business record concerning the production and cost structure, and having a person or more that are responsible to those activities.*
 6. *Manufacturing industries are categorized into four groups, based on the number of employees: large scale manufacturing (100 employees or more), medium scale manufacturing (20–99 employees), small scale manufacturing (5–19 employees), and micro industry (1–4 employees).*
 7. *Input or intermediate cost is defined as cost of raw materials and supporting materials, fuel, other materials, electricity, industrial services, building rent, and nonindustrial services, etc.*

nonindustri.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>8. Output adalah nilai keluaran yang dihasilkan dari proses kegiatan industri yang berupa barang yang dihasilkan, tenaga listrik yang dijual, jasa industri, keuntungan jual beli, penambahan stok barang setengah jadi, dan penerimaan lain.</p> | <p>8. <i>Output is defined as total value of all processed goods which include production, electricity sold, industrial services, profits, change in stocks and other incomes.</i></p> |
| <p>9. Nilai tambah adalah besarnya output dikurangi besarnya nilai input (antara).</p> | <p>9. <i>Value added is defined as subtraction from output to input.</i></p> |
| <p>10. Pengeluaran untuk tenaga kerja adalah merupakan imbalan atas jasa-jasa yang telah dikorbankan oleh pekerja untuk pihak lain yang meliputi upah/gaji, upah lembur, hadiah, bonus dan sejenisnya, iuran dana pensiun, tunjangan sosial, tunjangan kecelakaan, dan lainnya.</p> | <p>10. <i>Labor cost is defined as compensation for workers in the form of money and goods. Labor cost covers wage and salary, overtime pay, bonus in cash and goods, pension funds, social allowance, accident allowance, etc.</i></p> |
| <p>11. Modal tetap adalah modal kerja yang dapat digunakan lebih dari satu tahun.</p> | <p>11. <i>Fixed asset is working capital that can be used for more than one year.</i></p> |
| <p>12. Pajak tidak langsung adalah pajak yang langsung dibayarkan oleh perusahaan, termasuk PPh.</p> | <p>12. <i>Indirect tax is tax paid by establishment including value added taxes (PPn).</i></p> |
| <p>13. Bahan baku adalah bahan-bahan yang digunakan untuk proses produksi dalam membentuk suatu barang produksi.</p> | <p>13. <i>Raw material is materials used in the production process of production goods.</i></p> |
| <p>14. Barang yang dihasilkan adalah barang yang dihasilkan dalam</p> | <p>14. <i>Outcome product is goods related in the production process.</i></p> |

proses produksi.

15. Tahun 2016-2018, indeks produksi industri besar dan sedang menggunakan kerangka sampel tahun 2013. Indeks disajikan dalam 2 digit ISIC Revisi 4.

15. In 2016-2018, industrial production indices of large and medium manufacturing has been calculated based on the 2013 sampling frame. The indices are published in 2 digits of ISIC 4th Revision.

16. Metodologi penarikan sampel menggunakan "Cut off Point" dan "Probability Proportional to Size" (PPS).

16. The methodology of the sample selection was based on "Cut off Point" and "Probability Proportional to Size" (PPS).

17. Formula/penghitungan indeks produksi bulanan mengikuti langkah-langkah sebagai berikut:

17. Formula/steps in computing of quantity production indices are as follows:

a. Rasio perusahaan

$$R_{ij} = e \left[\frac{\sum_k V_{ijk}}{\sum_k V_{ijk}} \times \ln \left(\frac{Q_{ijk2}}{Q_{ijk1}} \right) \right]$$

a. Ratio of establishment

$$R_{ij} = e \left[\frac{\sum_k V_{ijk}}{\sum_k V_{ijk}} \times \ln \left(\frac{Q_{ijk2}}{Q_{ijk1}} \right) \right]$$

dimana:

R_{ij} adalah rasio perusahaan j dalam ISIC i pada bulan ke-2 terhadap bulan ke-1.

V_{ijk} adalah nilai produksi komoditi k untuk perusahaan j dalam ISIC i selama periode dua bulan.

Q_{ijk2} adalah produksi komoditi k untuk perusahaan j dalam ISIC i pada bulan ke-2.

Q_{ijk1} adalah produksi komoditi k untuk perusahaan j dalam ISIC i pada bulan ke-1.

where:

R_{ij} is the ratio of establishment j in ISIC i of the 2nd month to the 1st month.

V_{ijk} is the production value of commodity k for establishment j in ISIC i during the two month period.

Q_{ijk2} is the production of commodity k for establishment j in ISIC i in the 2nd month.

Q_{ijk1} is the production of commodity k for establishment j in ISIC i in the 1st month

b. Rasio ISIC

$$R_i = e \left[\sum_j \frac{W_{j\text{adj}} V_j}{\sum_j W_{j\text{adj}} V_j} x h (R_j) \right]$$

dimana:

Ri adalah rasio ISIC-i.

Vij adalah nilai produksi perusahaan-j dalam ISIC i selama periode dua bulan, dimana:

Wij adj adalah penimbang sampling yang disesuaikan untuk perusahaan-j dalam ISIC-i.

b. Ratio of ISIC

$$R_i = e \left[\sum_j \frac{W_{j\text{adj}} V_j}{\sum_j W_{j\text{adj}} V_j} x h (R_j) \right]$$

where:

Ri is the ratio of ISIC-i.

Vij is the production value of establishment-j in

ISIC-i during the two month period,

where:

Wij adj is the sampling weight adjusted for establishment-j in ISIC i.

c. Rasio total

$$R_i = e \left[\sum_j \frac{W_{j\text{adj}} V_j}{\sum_j W_{j\text{adj}} V_j} x h (R_j) \right]$$

dimana:

Rtot adalah rasio total.

Wi Vi adalah total nilai produksi tertimbang dari seluruh perusahaan untuk ISIC-i selama periode dua bulan, di mana :

c. Ratio of Total

$$R_i = e \left[\sum_j \frac{W_{j\text{adj}} V_j}{\sum_j W_{j\text{adj}} V_j} x h (R_j) \right]$$

dimana:

Rtot adalah rasio total.

Wi Vi adalah total nilai produksi tertimbang dari seluruh perusahaan untuk ISIC-i selama periode dua bulan, di mana :

d. Indeks ISIC dan Total

$$\left[\sum_j \frac{W_{j\text{adj}} V_j}{\sum_j W_{j\text{adj}} V_j} x h (R_j) \right]$$

dimana:

R adalah rasio.

It adalah indeks pada bulan ke-t.

It-1 adalah indeks pada bulan ke-(t-1).

d. Indeks ISIC dan Total

$$\left[\sum_j \frac{W_{j\text{adj}} V_j}{\sum_j W_{j\text{adj}} V_j} x h (R_j) \right]$$

dimana:

R adalah rasio.

It adalah indeks pada bulan ke-t.

It-1 adalah indeks pada bulan ke-(t-1).

18. Klasifikasi industri manufaktur 2 digit berdasarkan ISIC Revisi 4

10. Makanan
11. Minuman
12. Pengolahan Tembakau
13. Tekstil
14. Pakaian Jadi
15. Kulit, Barang dari Kulit dan Alas Kaki
16. Kayu, Barang dari Kayu dan Gabus (Tidak Termasuk Furnitur) dan Barang Anyaman dari Bambu, Rotan dan Sejenisnya
17. Kertas dan Barang dari Kertas
18. Pencetakan dan Reproduksi Media Rekaman
19. Produk dari Batu Bara dan Pengilangan Minyak Bumi
20. Bahan Kimia dan Barang dari Bahan Kimia
21. Farmasi, Produk Obat Kimia dan Obat Tradisional
22. Karet, Barang dari Karet dan Plastik
23. Barang Galian Bukan Logam
24. Logam Dasar
25. Barang Logam, Bukan Mesin dan Peralatannya
26. Komputer, Barang Elektronik dan Optik
27. Peralatan Listrik
28. Mesin dan Perlengkapan Ytdl
29. Kendaraan Bermotor, Trailer dan Semi Trailer
30. Alat Angkutan Lainnya
31. Furnitur
32. Pengolahan Lainnya
33. Jasa Reparasi dan Pemasangan Mesin dan Peralatan

18. *Klasifikasi industri manufaktur 2 digit berdasarkan ISIC Revisi 4*

10. *Makanan*
11. *Minuman*
12. *Pengolahan Tembakau*
13. *Tekstil*
14. *Pakaian Jadi*
15. *Kulit, Barang dari Kulit dan Alas Kaki*
16. *Kayu, Barang dari Kayu dan Gabus (Tidak Termasuk Furnitur) dan Barang Anyaman dari Bambu, Rotan dan Sejenisnya*
17. *Kertas dan Barang dari Kertas*
18. *Pencetakan dan Reproduksi Media Rekaman*
19. *Produk dari Batu Bara dan Pengilangan Minyak Bumi*
20. *Bahan Kimia dan Barang dari Bahan Kimia*
21. *Farmasi, Produk Obat Kimia dan Obat Tradisional*
22. *Karet, Barang dari Karet dan Plastik*
23. *Barang Galian Bukan Logam*
24. *Logam Dasar*
25. *Barang Logam, Bukan Mesin dan Peralatannya*
26. *Komputer, Barang Elektronik dan Optik*
27. *Peralatan Listrik*
28. *Mesin dan Perlengkapan Ytdl*
29. *Kendaraan Bermotor, Trailer dan Semi Trailer*
30. *Alat Angkutan Lainnya*
31. *Furnitur*
32. *Pengolahan Lainnya*
33. *Jasa Reparasi dan Pemasangan Mesin dan Peralatan*

19. Pengumpulan data Industri Mikro dan Kecil dilakukan melalui Survei Industri Mikro dan Kecil Tahunan. Dari data tersebut dihasilkan angka estimasi populasi Industri Mikro dan Kecil serta karakteristik lainnya, seperti banyaknya tenaga kerja, pengeluaran untuk tenaga kerja, biaya input, nilai output dan nilai tambah.

19. *The data collection of Micro and Small scale manufacturing is conducted through The Annual Micro and Small scale manufacturing Survey. The data collected to produce estimate figures of population and other characteristics of Micro and Small scale Industry as Workers Engaged, labor cost, input, output, and value added.*

20. Mulai tahun 2011 pengumpulan data Industri Mikro dan Kecil juga dilakukan secara triwulanan, dengan mengamati panel sampel selama satu tahun. Dari data tersebut dihasilkan angka indeks produksi industri mikro dan kecil. Sesuai dengan jumlah sampel yang diteliti, maka indeks hanya dapat disajikan dalam 2-dijit ISIC revisi 4.

20. *Since 2011 the data collection of micro and small scale industries through the Micro and Small scale Industry Survey Quarterly with panel sample for a year. The collected data produce the production indices of micro and small scale industry. Using the number of sample, the indices can be calculated only in 2 digits of ISIC Revision 4.*

21. Metode yang digunakan untuk penghitungan indeks produksi IMK adalah Formula Indeks Paasche yang dimodifikasi, yang mengikuti langkah-langkah sebagai berikut:

21. *The method used in calculating production indices of micro and small is the modified Paasche formula, steps are as follows:*

a. Rasio Komoditi

$$R_{ijkt} = \frac{Q_{ijk(t-1)}}{Q_{ijkt}}$$

a. *Ratio of commodity*

$$R_{ijkt} = \frac{Q_{ijk(t-1)}}{Q_{ijkt}}$$

dimana:

Rijkt adalah rasio produksi komoditi ke-i pada perusahaan ke-j dalam kelompok industri ke-k

where:

Rijkt is the production commodity ratio i for establishment j in ISIC k

pada triwulan ke-(t-1) terhadap komoditi triwulan ke-t

$Q_{ijk(t-1)}$ adalah banyaknya komoditi ke-i pada perusahaan ke-j dalam kelompok ke-k pada triwulan ke-(t-1)

Q_{ijkt} adalah banyaknya komoditi ke-i pada perusahaan ke-j dalam kelompok ke-k pada triwulan ke-t

at the t-1 quarter to commodity t quarter.

$Q_{ijk(t-1)}$ is the production commodity i for establishment j in ISIC k at the t-1 quarter.

Q_{ijkt} is the production commodity i for establishment j in ISIC k at the t quarter

b. Rasio 5 digit ISIC

$$R_{jkt} = \frac{\sum V_{jkt}}{\sum V_{jkt} \left(\frac{Q_{ijk(t-1)}}{Q_{ijkt}} \right)}$$

dimana:

R_{jkt} adalah rasio komoditi triwulan ke-(t-1) terhadap triwulan t dengan penimbang nilai KBLI 5 digit.

V_{jkt} adalah nilai produksi perusahaan ke-j dalam kelompok industri ke-k pada triwulan ke-t.

b. Ratio of 5 digit ISIC

$$R_{jkt} = \frac{\sum V_{jkt}}{\sum V_{jkt} \left(\frac{Q_{ijk(t-1)}}{Q_{ijkt}} \right)}$$

where:

R_{jkt} is the ratio commodity t-1 quarter to t quarter with 5 digit ISIC production value as weight.

V_{jkt} is the production value of establishment j in ISIC k at t quarter.

c. Rasio KBLI 2 digit dan Total

$$R_{kt} = \frac{\sum W_{kt} V_{jkt}}{\sum W_{kt} V_{jkt} \left(\frac{Q_{ijk(t-1)}}{Q_{ijkt}} \right)}$$

dimana:

R_{kt} adalah rasio KBLI 2 digit dan rasio total dengan menggunakan penimbang nilai tambah.

W_{kt} adalah penimbang nilai tambah pada kelompok industri ke-k pada triwulan ke-t.

c. Ratio of 2 digit ISIC and Total

$$R_{kt} = \frac{\sum W_{kt} V_{jkt}}{\sum W_{kt} V_{jkt} \left(\frac{Q_{ijk(t-1)}}{Q_{ijkt}} \right)}$$

where:

R_{kt} is the ratio of 2 digit ISIC and total with value added as weight.

W_{kt} is the weight for ISIC k in t quarter.

d. Indeks KBLI dan Indeks Total

$$I_t = I_{(t-1)} \times R \times 100$$

dimana:

I_t adalah indeks KBLI dan total.

$I_{(t-1)}$ adalah indeks pada triwulan ke $t-1$.

R adalah ratio KBLI 2 digit atau rasio total

d. *Index of ISIC and Total*

$$I_t = I_{(t-1)} \times R \times 100$$

where:

I_t is index of ISIC and total.

$I_{(t-1)}$ is index in the $t-1$ quarter.

R is the ratio of 2 digit ISIC or ratio of total.

<https://jambi.bps.go.id>

ULASAN

Pada tahun 2020 di Provinsi Jambi terdapat sebanyak 176 perusahaan industri besar dan sedang dengan total tenaga kerja sebanyak 28.579 orang. Perusahaan paling banyak adalah perusahaan industri makanan dan perusahaan industri besar dan sedang terbanyak terdapat di Kota Jambi dibandingkan Kabupaten/Kota lainnya.

Perusahaan industri mikro dan kecil sebanyak 28.159 perusahaan dengan total tenaga kerja sebanyak 49.241 orang. Pada industri mikro dan kecil, perusahaan industri makanan juga memiliki jumlah paling banyak yaitu sebanyak 10.332 perusahaan atau sebesar 36,69 persen dari total perusahaan yang ada di Provinsi Jambi. Perusahaan industri makanan ini menyerap tenaga kerja sebanyak 18.508 orang.

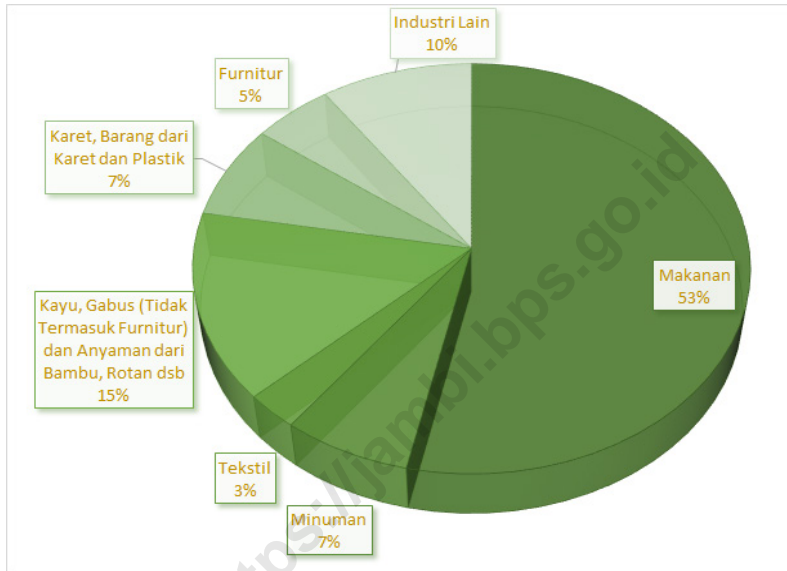
DESCRIPTION

In 2020 in Jambi Province there were 176 large and medium industrial companies with a total workforce of 28,579 people. The most companies are food industry companies and large and medium industrial companies are mostly found in Jambi City compared to other regencies / municipalities.

There are 28,159 micro and small industrial companies with a total workforce of 49,241 people. In the micro and small industries, food industry companies also have the highest number of 10,332 companies or 36.69 percent of the total companies in Jambi Province. This food industry company employs a workforce of 18,508 people.

Gambar 7
Figures

Jumlah Perusahaan Menurut Klasifikasi Industri pada Industri Besar dan Sedang di Provinsi Jambi, 2020
Number of Companies by Industrial Classification in Large and Medium Industries, 2020



Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Tahunan Perusahaan Industri Manufaktur Tahunan 2020/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Annual Manufacturing Establishment Survey 2020

**7.1 INDUSTRI BESAR DAN SEDANG
LARGE AND MEDIUM MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY**

Tabel 7.1.1 **Jumlah Perusahaan dan Tenaga Kerja Menurut Klasifikasi Industri pada Industri Besar dan Sedang, 2020**
Table 7.1.1 **Number of Companies and Employees by Industrial Classification in Large and Medium Industries, 2020**

| | Klasifikasi Industri <i>Industrial Classification</i> | Perusahaan <i>Number of Companies</i> | Tenaga Kerja <i>Number of Employees</i> |
|----|---|---|---|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 10 | Makanan/ Food and baverage | 94 | 14 564 |
| 11 | Minuman | 12 | 1 196 |
| 13 | Tekstil | 5 | 129 |
| 16 | Kayu, Gabus (Tidak Termasuk Furnitur) dan Anyaman dari Bambu, Rotan dsj | 26 | 5 476 |
| 22 | Karet, Barang dari Karet dan Plastik | 13 | 4 311 |
| 31 | Furnitur | 9 | 503 |
| | Industri Lainnya | 17 | 2 400 |
| | Jumlah/Total | 176 | 28 579 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Tahunan Perusahaan Industri Manufaktur Tahunan 2020/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Annual Manufacturing Establishment Survey 2020

Tabel
Table 7.1.2**Jumlah Perusahaan dan Tenaga Kerja pada Industri Besar dan Sedang Menurut Kabupaten/Kota, 2020**
Number of Companies and Employees in Large and Medium Industries by Regency/Municipality, 2020

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Perusahaan Number of Companies | Tenaga Kerja Number of Employees |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Kerinci | 3 | 1 077 |
| Merangin | 6 | 1 015 |
| Sarolangun | 8 | 836 |
| Batang Hari | 19 | 3 398 |
| Muaro Jambi | 38 | 8 626 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 | 397 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 19 | 3 784 |
| Tebo | 9 | 1 034 |
| Bungo | 20 | 3 266 |
| Kota Jambi | 48 | 5 038 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 | 108 |
| Jambi | 176 | 28 579 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Tahunan Perusahaan Industri Manufaktur Tahunan 2020/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Annual Manufacturing Establishment Survey 2020

7.2 INDUSTRI MIKRO DAN KECIL
MICRO AND SMALL MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

Tabel 7.2.1 Jumlah Perusahaan dan Tenaga Kerja Menurut Klasifikasi Industri pada Industri Mikro dan Kecil, 2020
Number of Companies and Employees by Industrial Classification in Micro and Small Industries, 2020

| | Klasifikasi Industri <i>Industrial Classification</i> | Perusahaan <i>Number of Companies</i> | Tenaga Kerja <i>Number of Employees</i> |
|----|---|---|---|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 10 | Makanan | 9 403 | 17 705 |
| 11 | Minuman | 1 277 | 2 763 |
| 12 | Pengolahan Tembakau/ <i>Tobacco Products</i> | 0 | 0 |
| 13 | Tekstil | 220 | 364 |
| 14 | Pakaian Jadi | 4 932 | 6 559 |
| 15 | Kulit, Barang dari Kulit dan Alas Kaki | 27 | 35 |
| 16 | Kayu, Gabus (Tidak Termasuk Furnitur) dan Anyaman dari Bambu, Rotan dsj | 2 726 | 4 625 |
| 17 | Kertas dan Barang dari Kertas | 0 | 0 |
| 18 | Pencetakan dan Reproduksi Media Rekaman | 255 | 591 |
| 20 | Bahan Kimia dan Barang dari Bahan Kimia | 1 866 | 2 248 |
| 21 | Farmasi, Produk Obat Kimia dan Obat Tradisional | 58 | 94 |
| 22 | Karet, Barang dari Karet dan Plastik | 238 | 238 |
| 23 | Barang Galian Bukan Logam | 1 955 | 6 063 |
| 24 | Logam Dasar | 0 | 0 |
| 25 | Barang Logam, Bukan Mesin dan Peralatannya | 1 552 | 3 535 |
| 26 | Komputer, Barang Elektronik dan Optik | 0 | 0 |
| 27 | Peralatan Listrik | 9 | 18 |
| 28 | Mesin dan Perlengkapan YTDL | 11 | 31 |
| 29 | Kendaraan Bermotor, Trailer dan Semi Trailer | 56 | 73 |
| 30 | Alat Angkutan Lainnya | 94 | 162 |
| 31 | Furnitur | 734 | 1 708 |
| 32 | Pengolahan Lainnya | 371 | 705 |
| 33 | Jasa Reparasi dan Pemasangan Mesin dan Peralatan | 274 | 542 |
| | Jumlah/Total | 26 058 | 48 059 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Industri Mikro Kecil Tahunan 2020/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Annual Micro and Small Industries Survey 2020

Tabel
Table 7.2.2

Jumlah Perusahaan, Tenaga Kerja, Investasi, dan Nilai Produksi pada Industri Mikro dan Kecil Menurut Kabupaten/Kota, 2020
Number of Companies, Employees, Investment, and Production Value in Micro and Small Industries by Regency/ Municipality, 2020

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Perusahaan Number of Companies | Tenaga Kerja Number of Employees | Nilai Produksi (ribu rupiah) Production Value (thousand rupiahs) |
|--|--------------------------------------|--|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | 2 274 | 4 231 | 264 540 097,20 |
| Merangin | 1 646 | 2 853 | 114 768 260,26 |
| Sarolangun | 1 992 | 5 543 | 344 188 474,45 |
| Batang Hari | 2 070 | 3 810 | 286 973 951,33 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 884 | 4 244 | 443 381 054,71 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 3 500 | 5 023 | 158 795 442,53 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 370 | 4 095 | 138 862 725,19 |
| Tebo | 2 333 | 3 372 | 216 189 029,58 |
| Bungo | 1 704 | 2 909 | 185 471 026,58 |
| Kota Jambi | 4 270 | 8 568 | 491 778 811,92 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 015 | 3 411 | 125 189 252,77 |
| Jambi | 26 058 | 48 059 | 2770 138 127 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Industri Mikro Kecil Tahunan 2020/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Annual Micro and Small Industries Survey 2020

**7.3 KONSTRUKSI
CONSTRUCTION**

Tabel 7.3.1 Ringkasan Statistik Konstruksi Perorangan, 2020
Table Summary of Micro Construction Establishments Statistics, 2020

| Uraian <i>Description</i> | Satuan <i>Unit</i> | Gedung <i>Building</i> | Sipil <i>Civil</i> | Khusus <i>Specialized</i> | Konstruksi <i>Construction</i> |
|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 1. Banyaknya Sampel Usaha <i>Number of Establishment Sample</i> | usaha <i>establishment</i> | 424 | 45 | 80 | 549 |
| 2. Rata-Rata Pekerja Tetap <i>Average of Permanent Workers</i> | orang <i>person</i> | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| 3. Median Pekerja Harian per Bulan <i>Median of Casual Workers Monthly</i> | orang <i>person</i> | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| 4. Median Hari Orang Pekerja Harian <i>Median of Mandays of Casual Workers</i> | hari orang <i>mandays</i> | 300 | 255 | 120 | 286 |
| 5. Rata-Rata Bulan Kegiatan <i>Average of Active Months</i> | bulan <i>months</i> | 6 | 6 | 7 | 6 |
| 6. Rata-Rata Hari Kerja Pekerja Harian per Bulan <i>Average of Mandays of Casual Workers</i> | hari <i>days</i> | 23 | 19 | 16 | 21 |
| 7. Median Balas Jasa dan Upah Pekerja <i>Median of Compensation and Wages of Workers</i> | ribu rupiah <i>thousand rupiahs</i> | 52 780 | 65 000 | 36 000 | 52 560 |
| 8. Median Nilai Konstruksi <i>Median of Construction Value</i> | ribu rupiah <i>thousand rupiahs</i> | 75 000 | 80 000 | 41 000 | 70 000 |
| 9. Median Biaya/Pengeluaran <i>Median of Expenses</i> | ribu rupiah <i>thousand rupiahs</i> | 132 565 | 143 317 | 95 356 | 130 190 |
| 10. Median Pendapatan <i>Median of Income</i> | ribu rupiah <i>thousand rupiahs</i> | 163 205 | 172 000 | 110 000 | 158 169 |
| 11. Median Persentase Keuntungan <i>Median of Profit Percentage</i> | % | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| 12. Median Nilai Bahan/Material Konstruksi <i>Median of Construction Materials Used</i> | ribu rupiah <i>thousand rupiahs</i> | 80 000 | 87 700 | 44 500 | 80 000 |
| 13. Indeks Kondisi Bisnis <i>Business Conditions Indices</i> | – | 48,8 | 48,67 | 47,26 | 48,22 |
| 14. Indeks Prospek Bisnis <i>Business Prospects Indices</i> | – | 53,9 | 58,5 | 49,65 | 53,73 |
| 15. Indeks Masalah Bisnis Sebelum Covid-19 <i>Business Problems Indices Before Covid-19</i> | – | 9,22 | 10,93 | 12,39 | 10,84 |
| 16. Indeks Masalah Bisnis Saat Covid-19 <i>Business Problems Indices During Covid 19</i> | – | 16,46 | 22,04 | 20,31 | 19,45 |

Sumber/Source: Profil Usaha Konstruksi Perorangan Provinsi 2020/Profile of Micro Construction Establishment Province 2020

Tabel 7.3.2
Table

Banyaknya Sampel Usaha, Rata-Rata Pekerja Tetap, Median Hari Orang Pekerja Harian, Median Balas Jasa dan Upah Pekerja per Tahun, serta Median Nilai Konstruksi Usaha Konstruksi Perorangan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota, 2020

Sample Size, Average of Permanent Workers, Median of Mandays of Casual Workers, Median of Annual Compensation and Wages of Workers, and Median of Construction Value by Unincorporated Construction Establishments by Regency/Municipality, 2020

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Jumlah Sampel Usaha Sample Size Establishment | Rata-Rata Pekerja Tetap (orang) Average of Permanent Workers (person) | Median Hari Orang Pekerja Harian (hari orang) Median of Mandays of Casual Workers (mandays) | Median Balas Jasa dan Upah Pekerja per Tahun (ribu rupiah) Median of Annual Compensation and Wages of Workers (thousand rupiahs) | Median Nilai Konstruksi (ribu rupiah) Median of Construction Value (thousand rupiahs) |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 50 | 2 | 516 | 41 600 | 60 000 |
| Merangin | 47 | 2 | 426 | 74 900 | 60 000 |
| Sarolangun | 50 | 2 | 252 | 63 075 | 80 000 |
| Batang Hari | 50 | 1 | 291 | 58 300 | 53 000 |
| Muaro Jambi | 48 | 1 | 144 | 37 950 | 25 000 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 50 | 1 | 200 | 41 160 | 150 000 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 50 | 3 | 210 | 49 000 | 178 000 |
| Tebo | 50 | 2 | 402 | 78 700 | 98 190 |
| Bungo | 54 | 1 | 210 | 27 650 | 60 000 |
| Kota Jambi | 50 | 2 | 374 | 60 238 | 70 000 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 50 | 1 | 312 | 83 850 | 90 000 |
| Jambi | 549 | 2 | 286 | 52 560 | 70 000 |

Catatan/Note: ...

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Usaha Konstruksi Perorangan/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Micro Construction Establishments Survey

BAB 8 PARIWISATA

Chapter 8. Tourism

RATA-RATA LAMA MENGINAP

Length Average of Stay

Tamu Asing
Foreign Guest **4,23** Hari/Day

Tamu Domestik
Domestic Guest **1,50** Hari/Day

TINGKAT PENGHUNIAN

Occupancy Rate

Hotel Berbintang
Classified Hotel **38,88%**

Hotel Non Bintang
Non-Classified Hotel **21,28%**



JUMLAH AKOMODASI (A), KAMAR (K), DAN TEMPAT TIDUR (T) 2021

Number of Accomodations, Available Rooms, and Beds 2021

BUNGO

| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | 2 | 31 |
| K | 173 | 517 |
| T | 260 | 820 |

TEBO

| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | - | 15 |
| K | - | 262 |
| T | - | 351 |

TANJUNG JABUNG BARAT

| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | 2 | 8 |
| K | 62 | 210 |
| T | 86 | 335 |

TANJUNG JABUNG TIMUR

| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | - | 4 |
| K | - | 82 |
| T | - | 103 |

KERINCI

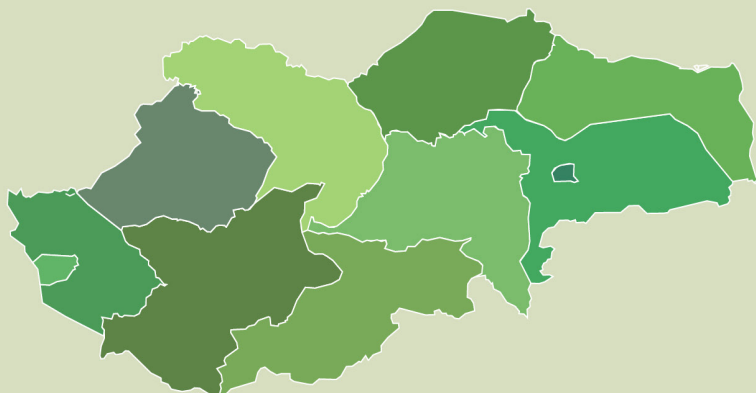
| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | - | 12 |
| K | - | 143 |
| T | - | 250 |

KOTA SUNGAI PENUH

| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | 2 | 16 |
| K | 107 | 317 |
| T | 119 | 580 |

MERANGIN

| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | - | 25 |
| K | - | 408 |
| T | - | 787 |



SAROLANGUN

| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | 1 | 15 |
| K | 48 | 247 |
| T | 66 | 389 |

BARANGHARI

| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | - | 11 |
| K | - | 218 |
| T | - | 349 |

KOTA JAMBI

| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | 30 | 59 |
| K | 2.070 | 1.569 |
| T | 3.626 | 2.156 |

MUARO JAMBI

| | Bintang | Non Bintang |
|---|---------|-------------|
| A | - | 1 |
| K | - | 14 |
| T | - | 14 |

PENJELASAN TEKNIS**TECHNICAL NOTES**

1. Konsep dan definisi pariwisata mengikuti rekomendasi United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO).
2. Wisatawan mancanegara (wisman) ialah setiap orang yang melakukan perjalanan ke suatu negara di luar negara tempat tinggalnya, kurang dari satu tahun, didorong oleh suatu tujuan utama (bisnis, berlibur, atau tujuan pribadi lainnya), selain untuk bekerja dengan penduduk negara yang dikunjungi. Definisi ini mencakup 2 (dua) kategori tamu mancanegara, yaitu :
 - a. Wisatawan (turis) ialah setiap pengunjung seperti definisi di atas yang tinggal paling sedikit 24 jam, akan tetapi tidak lebih dari 12 (dua belas) bulan di tempat yang dikunjungi, dengan maksud antara lain:
 - Personal: berlibur, rekreasi, mengunjungi teman atau keluarga, belajar atau pelatihan, kesehatan, olah raga, keagamaan, belanja, transit, dan lain-lain.
 - Bisnis dan profesional: menghadiri pertemuan, konferensi atau kongres, pameran dagang, konser pertunjukan, dan lain-lain.
 - b. Pelancong ialah setiap pengunjung seperti definisi di atas yang tinggal kurang dari 24 jam di

1. *The concept and definition of tourism refers to the recommendations of the United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO).*

2. *An International Visitor is any person taking a trip to a main destination outside his/her usual environment, for less than a year, for any main purpose (business, leisure or other personal purpose) other than to be employed by a resident entity in the country visited.*

This definition covers 2 (two) categories of foreign visitors, namely:

a. *"Tourist" is any visitor according to the definition above, staying at least 24 hours, but not more than 12 (twelve) months, in the place visited, with the intention of visiting, among others for the purposes of:*

- Personal: pleasure, recreation, visiting friends and relatives, study and training, health and medical care, sports, religion/pilgrimages, shopping, transit, etc.

- Business and professional: attending meetings, conferences or congresses, trade fairs and exhibitions, concerts, shows, etc.

b. *"Excursionist" is any visitor according to the definition above, staying less than 24 hours in the*

tempat yang dikunjungi (termasuk cruise passengers, yaitu setiap pengunjung yang tiba di suatu negara dengan kapal atau kereta api, di mana mereka tidak menginap di akomodasi yang tersedia di negara tersebut).

3. Rata-rata lama tinggal adalah rata-rata waktu tinggal wisatawan mancanegara di Indonesia untuk satu kali kunjungan.
4. Usaha penyediaan akomodasi adalah usaha yang menyediakan pelayanan penginapan yang dapat dilengkapi dengan pelayanan pariwisata lainnya. Usaha penyediaan akomodasi dapat berupa hotel, vila, pondok wisata, bumi perkemahan, persinggahan karavan, dan akomodasi lainnya yang digunakan untuk tujuan pariwisata.
5. Hotel adalah penyediaan akomodasi secara harian berupa kamar-kamar di dalam satu bangunan yang dapat dilengkapi dengan jasa pelayanan makan dan minum, kegiatan hiburan dan atau fasilitas lainnya. Hotel terdiri dari hotel berbintang dan hotel non-bintang.
6. Hotel bintang adalah usaha penyediaan jasa pelayanan penginapan, makan minum serta jasa lainnya bagi umum dengan menggunakan sebagian atau

place visited (including cruise passengers, i.e. any visitor arriving in a country by ship or train, not staying in an accommodation available in the country).

3. *Average length of stay is the average stay duration of foreign visitor in Indonesia for one trip.*
4. *The business of providing accommodation is a business that provides specialty services that can be equipped with other tourism services. It includes hotel, villa, cottage, camping, caravan stop, and other accommodation that are used for tourism purposes.*
5. *Hotel is a daily supply of accommodation rooms within a building which can be equipped with eating and drinking services, entertainment activities and/or other facilities. Hotel consists of a classified hotel and a non-classified hotel.*
6. *A classified hotel is the business of providing an accommodation, eating and drinking as well as other services for the public by using a building or a part of a building. It is*

seluruh bangunan. Usaha ini dikelola secara komersial serta memenuhi ketentuan persyaratan sebagai hotel bintang (termasuk berlian) yang ditetapkan dalam surat keputusan instansi yang membinanya. Misalnya hotel bintang lima, hotel bintang empat, dan seterusnya.

managed commercially and meets specified requirements as a star hotel (including diamonds) set forth in the decree of fostering agency. For example, five star hotel, four star hotel, and so on.

7. Tingkat penghunian kamar hotel adalah persentase banyaknya malam kamar yang dihuni terhadap banyaknya malam kamar yang tersedia.
7. *Room occupancy rate is the number of room-nights occupied divided by the number of room-nights available, multiplied by 100 percent.*
8. Rata-rata lama tamu menginap adalah banyaknya malam tempat tidur yang terpakai (malam tamu) dengan banyaknya tamu yang menginap di hotel atau akomodasi lainnya.
8. *Average length of stay is the number of bed-nights used (guest night) divided by the number of guests coming to spend the night at the accommodation*

ULASAN

Jumlah hotel berbintang di Provinsi Jambi pada tahun 2021 mengalami peningkatan sebesar 2,7 persen. Penambahan hotel berada di Kota Jambi. Pada tahun 2020 terdapat 36 hotel dan bertambah menjadi 37 hotel di tahun 2021. Penambahan jumlah hotel diiringi dengan penambahan kamar dan tempat tidur pada tahun 2021 jumlah kamar 2.460 dan tempat tidur sebanyak 4.157.

Jumlah hotel non Bintang di Provinsi Jambi juga mengalami peningkatan sebesar 0,5 persen dari total sebelumnya pada tahun 2020 sebanyak 196, pada tahun 2021 bertambah menjadi 197. Penambahan tersebut diiringi dengan penambahan tempat tidur menjadi 6.134, namun jumlah kamar menjadi berkurang jika dibandingkan dengan tahun sebelumnya, pada tahun 2020 jumlah kamar adalah 4.306 sementara pada tahun 2021 jumlah kamar menjadi 3.987.

DESCRIPTION

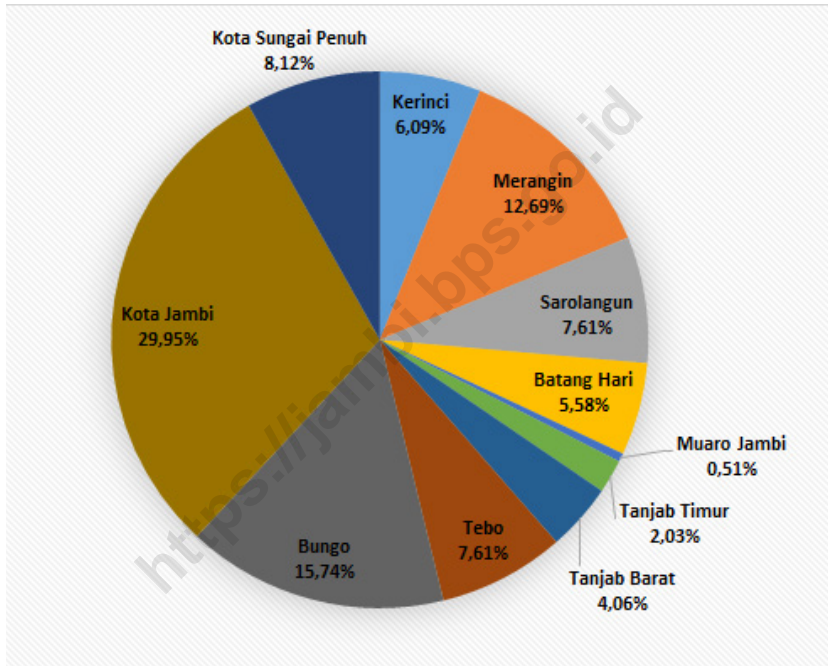
The number of classified hotels in Jambi Province in 2021 increased by 2.7 percent. Additional hotels were located in Jambi City. In 2020 there are 36 hotels and increased to 37 hotels in 2021. The addition of the number of hotels is accompanied by the addition of rooms and beds in 2021 the number of rooms is 2,460 and beds are 4,157.

The number of non-classified hotels in Jambi Province also increased by 0.5 percent from the previous total of 196 in 2020, in 2021 it increased to 197. The addition was accompanied by the addition of beds to 6,134, but the number of rooms decreased when compared to the previous year. Previously, in 2020 the number of rooms was 4,306 while in 2021 the number of rooms was 3,987.

Gambar
Figures

8

Persentase Jumlah Akomodasi Hotel Non Bintang dan Akomodasi Lainnya Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Percentage of Number Accommodations in Non-Classified Hotel and Other Accommodations by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2021



Sumber/Source : BPS, Survei Hotel Tahunan (VHTL)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Hotels Survey

Tabel
Table 8.1

Jumlah Akomodasi, Kamar, dan Tempat Tidur yang Tersedia pada Hotel Bintang Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2015–2021¹
Number of Accommodations, Available Rooms and Beds in Classified Hotel by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2015–2021¹

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2015 ² | | |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| | Akomodasi Accommodations | Kamar Rooms | Tempat Tidur Beds |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 1 | 45 | 63 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | 3 | 213 | 291 |
| Kota Jambi | 22 | 1 290 | 1 835 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 21 | 35 |
| Jambi | 27 | 1 569 | 2 224 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 8.1*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2016 ² | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Akomodasi <i>Accommodations</i> | Kamar <i>Rooms</i> | Tempat Tidur <i>Beds</i> |
| | (1) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 1 | 45 | 63 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | – | – | – |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | 3 | 213 | 291 |
| Kota Jambi | 24 | 1 513 | 2 190 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 21 | 35 |
| Jambi | 29 | 1 792 | 2 579 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 8.1*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2017 ² | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Akomodasi <i>Accommodations</i> | Kamar <i>Rooms</i> | Tempat Tidur <i>Beds</i> |
| | (1) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 1 | 48 | 66 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 | 62 | 71 |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | 3 | 230 | 340 |
| Kota Jambi | 29 | 2 171 | 2 824 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 25 | 38 |
| Jambi | 36 | 2 536 | 3 339 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 8.1*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2018 ² | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Akomodasi <i>Accommodations</i> | Kamar <i>Rooms</i> | Tempat Tidur <i>Beds</i> |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 1 | 48 | 66 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 | 61 | 77 |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | 3 | 253 | 448 |
| Kota Jambi | 30 | 2 159 | 3 035 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 26 | 38 |
| Jambi | 37 | 2 547 | 3 664 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 8.1*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2019 ² | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Akomodasi <i>Accommodations</i> | Kamar <i>Rooms</i> | Tempat Tidur <i>Beds</i> |
| | (1) | (3) | (4) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 1 | 48 | 66 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 | 61 | 77 |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | 3 | 253 | 448 |
| Kota Jambi | 29 | 2 179 | 3 127 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 26 | 38 |
| Jambi | 36 | 2 567 | 3 756 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 8.1*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2020 ³ | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Akomodasi <i>Accommodations</i> | Kamar <i>Rooms</i> | Tempat Tidur <i>Beds</i> |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 1 | 48 | 78 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 | 51 | 73 |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | 3 | 78 | 362 |
| Kota Jambi | 29 | 1 004 | 2 459 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 12 | 16 |
| Jambi | 36 | 1 193 | 2 988 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 8.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2021 ³ | | |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| | Akomodasi Accommodations | Kamar Rooms | Tempat Tidur Beds |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | – | – | – |
| Merangin | – | – | – |
| Sarolangun | 1 | 48 | 78 |
| Batang Hari | – | – | – |
| Muaro Jambi | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | – | – | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2 | 49 | 71 |
| Tebo | – | – | – |
| Bungo | 2 | 173 | 260 |
| Kota Jambi | 30 | 2 281 | 3 431 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2 | 93 | 147 |
| Jambi | 37 | 2 644 | 3 987 |

Sumber/Source: ² BPS, Survei Hotel Tahunan (VHTL)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Hotels Survey

³ BPS, Updating Direktori Pariwisata/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Tourism Updating Directory

Tabel
Table 8.2**Jumlah Akomodasi, Kamar, dan Tempat Tidur yang Tersedia pada Hotel Nonbintang dan Akomodasi Lainnya Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2015–2021¹*****Number of Accommodations, Available Rooms and Beds in Non-Classified Hotel and Other Accommodations by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2015–2021¹***

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2015 ² | | |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| | Akomodasi Accommodations | Kamar Rooms | Tempat Tidur Beds |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 8 | 60 | 115 |
| Merangin | 11 | 215 | 372 |
| Sarolangun | 13 | 180 | 288 |
| Batang Hari | 4 | 84 | 254 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | 14 | 14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 6 | 54 | 71 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 13 | 302 | 455 |
| Tebo | 7 | 143 | 190 |
| Bungo | 15 | 232 | 428 |
| Kota Jambi | 69 | 1 699 | 2 461 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 10 | 261 | 453 |
| Jambi | 157 | 2 974 | 5 101 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 8.2

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2016 ² | | |
|--|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| | Akomodasi Accommodations | Kamar Rooms | Tempat Tidur Beds |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 8 | 60 | 115 |
| Merangin | 11 | 215 | 372 |
| Sarolangun | 13 | 180 | 288 |
| Batang Hari | 4 | 84 | 254 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | 14 | 14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 6 | 54 | 71 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 13 | 302 | 455 |
| Tebo | 7 | 143 | 190 |
| Bungo | 15 | 232 | 428 |
| Kota Jambi | 69 | 1 699 | 2 461 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 10 | 261 | 453 |
| Jambi | 157 | 2 974 | 5 101 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 8.2*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2017 ² | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Akomodasi <i>Accommodations</i> | Kamar <i>Rooms</i> | Tempat Tidur <i>Beds</i> |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 13 | 127 | 198 |
| Merangin | 18 | 340 | 507 |
| Sarolangun | 11 | 197 | 305 |
| Batang Hari | 4 | 117 | 216 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | 8 | 8 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 5 | 68 | 83 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 11 | 274 | 402 |
| Tebo | 11 | 203 | 268 |
| Bungo | 18 | 283 | 500 |
| Kota Jambi | 67 | 1 787 | 2 619 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 10 | 267 | 485 |
| Jambi | 169 | 3 671 | 5 591 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 8.2*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2018 ² | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Akomodasi <i>Accommodations</i> | Kamar <i>Rooms</i> | Tempat Tidur <i>Beds</i> |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 14 | 131 | 216 |
| Merangin | 19 | 359 | 573 |
| Sarolangun | 13 | 244 | 354 |
| Batang Hari | 6 | 151 | 335 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | 14 | 14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 5 | 79 | 87 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 13 | 310 | 443 |
| Tebo | 11 | 198 | 267 |
| Bungo | 21 | 307 | 517 |
| Kota Jambi | 79 | 2 097 | 2 846 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 12 | 241 | 404 |
| Jambi | 194 | 4 131 | 6 056 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 8.2*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2019 ² | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Akomodasi <i>Accommodations</i> | Kamar <i>Rooms</i> | Tempat Tidur <i>Beds</i> |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 11 | 116 | 207 |
| Merangin | 22 | 562 | 619 |
| Sarolangun | 11 | 202 | 278 |
| Batang Hari | 6 | 156 | 343 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | 14 | 14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 5 | 85 | 101 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 10 | 253 | 386 |
| Tebo | 11 | 223 | 299 |
| Bungo | 26 | 453 | 727 |
| Kota Jambi | 74 | 1 880 | 2 618 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 12 | 199 | 346 |
| Jambi | 189 | 4 143 | 5 938 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 8.2*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2020 ³ | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Akomodasi <i>Accommodations</i> | Kamar <i>Rooms</i> | Tempat Tidur <i>Beds</i> |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 11 | 126 | 266 |
| Merangin | 23 | 381 | 617 |
| Sarolangun | 12 | 212 | 314 |
| Batang Hari | 8 | 133 | 195 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | 14 | 14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 | 61 | 81 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 9 | 240 | 376 |
| Tebo | 13 | 213 | 321 |
| Bungo | 30 | 778 | 857 |
| Kota Jambi | 69 | 1 807 | 2 390 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 16 | 341 | 566 |
| Jambi | 196 | 4 306 | 5 997 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 8.2*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2021 ³ | | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Akomodasi <i>Accommodations</i> | Kamar <i>Rooms</i> | Tempat Tidur <i>Beds</i> |
| (1) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 12 | 137 | 331 |
| Merangin | 25 | 380 | 601 |
| Sarolangun | 15 | 261 | 388 |
| Batang Hari | 11 | 206 | 338 |
| Muaro Jambi | 1 | 14 | 14 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 4 | 71 | 91 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 8 | 209 | 300 |
| Tebo | 15 | 238 | 330 |
| Bungo | 33 | 550 | 877 |
| Kota Jambi | 59 | 1 556 | 2 122 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 16 | 342 | 589 |
| Jambi | 199 | 3 964 | 5 981 |

Sumber/*Source*: ² BPS, Survei Hotel Tahunan (VHTL)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Hotels Survey

³ BPS, Updating Direktori Pariwisata/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Tourism Updating Directory

Tabel
Table 8.3

Rata-rata Lama Menginap Tamu Asing dan Tamu Domestik Menurut Bulan (hari) di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Length Average of Stay of Foreign and Domestic Guests by Month in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Tamu Asing Foreign Guests | Tamu Domestik Domestic Guests | Jumlah Total |
|--|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Januari/January | 9,09 | 1,56 | 5,32 |
| Februari/February | 2,75 | 1,68 | 2,21 |
| Maret/March | 4,03 | 1,50 | 2,76 |
| April/April | 2,58 | 1,44 | 2,01 |
| Mei/May | 8,71 | 1,62 | 5,16 |
| Juni/June | 2,02 | 1,44 | 1,73 |
| Juli/July | 5,29 | 1,45 | 3,37 |
| Agustus/August | 3,79 | 1,73 | 2,76 |
| September/September | 4,27 | 1,45 | 2,86 |
| Oktober/October | 4,13 | 1,46 | 2,79 |
| November/November | 2,07 | 1,35 | 1,71 |
| Desember/December | 2,04 | 1,29 | 1,67 |
| 2021 | 4,23 | 1,50 | 2,86 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Hotel Tahunan (VHTL)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Hotels Survey

Tabel
Table 8.4

Persentase Tingkat Penghunian Kamar Hotel dan Akomodasi Lainnya Menurut Jenis Hotel dan Bulan di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Occupancy Rate of Hotel and Other Accommodation Room by Hotel Type and Month in Jambi Province, 2021

| Bulan Month | Hotel Klasifikasi Bintang Classified Hotel | Hotel Nonbintang Non-Classified Hotel |
|------------------------|---|--|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Januari/January | 26,50 | 21,15 |
| Februari/February | 38,42 | 24,23 |
| Maret/March | 41,57 | 20,26 |
| April/April | 43,75 | 18,92 |
| Mei/May | 33,67 | 17,68 |
| Juni/June | 45,13 | 20,60 |
| Juli/July | 28,78 | 20,23 |
| Agustus/August | 32,20 | 18,36 |
| September/September | 41,79 | 23,02 |
| Oktober/October | 44,57 | 24,92 |
| November/November | 41,78 | 23,54 |
| Desember/December | 48,42 | 22,4 |
| 2021 | 38,88 | 21,28 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Hotel Tahunan (VHTL)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Hotels Survey

BAB 9 TRANSPORTASI DAN KOMUNIKASI

Chapter 9. Transportation and Communication

KONDISI JALAN PROVINSI DI PROVINSI JAMBI 2021

Province Road Condition of Jambi Province 2021

Total/Total Length

1.032,84 km

Jenis Permukaan

Aspal/Paved

787,978 km

Tidak diaspal/Not Paved

244,866 km

Kondisi Permukaan

Baik/Good

320,910 km

Rusak/Damaged

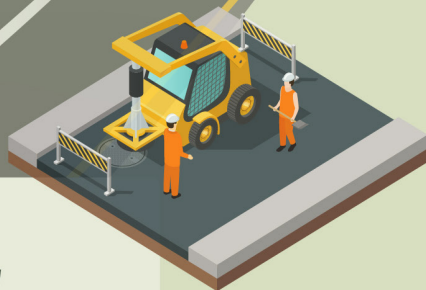
119,849 km

Sedang/Average

467,068 km

Rusak Berat/Severely Damage

125,017 km



PENJELASAN TEKNIS**TECHNICAL NOTES**

1. Data transportasi dan komunikasi meliputi:
 - a. Panjang jalan
 - b. Angkutan darat
 - c. Angkutan laut
 - d. Angkutan udara
 - e. Pos dan telekomunikasi
 2. Kendaraan bermotor adalah setiap kendaraan yang digerakkan oleh peralatan teknik yang ada pada kendaraan tersebut, biasanya digunakan untuk angkutan orang atau barang di atas jalan raya selain kendaraan yang berjalan di atas rel. Kendaraan bermotor yang dicatat adalah semua jenis kendaraan kecuali kendaraan bermotor TNI/Polri dan Korps Diplomatik.
 3. Mobil penumpang adalah setiap kendaraan bermotor yang dilengkapi dengan tempat duduk untuk sebanyak-banyaknya delapan orang, tidak termasuk tempat duduk untuk pengemudi, baik dilengkapi atau tidak dilengkapi bagasi.
 4. Mobil bus adalah setiap kendaraan bermotor yang dilengkapi dengan tempat duduk untuk lebih dari delapan orang, tidak termasuk tempat duduk untuk pengemudi, baik dilengkapi atau tidak dilengkapi bagasi.
1. *Data on transportations and communications cover:*
 - a. *Length of road*
 - b. *Land transportation*
 - c. *Sea transportation*
 - d. *Air transportation*
 - e. *Post and telecommunication*
 2. *Motor vehicles are any kind of vehicles motorized by machine set up in those vehicles, they are usually used for transporting peoples or goods on roads except vehicles moving along a railway line. The data cover all kinds of motor vehicles except those belong to Indonesia Army Force Indonesian State Police and Diplomatic Corps.*
 3. *Passenger cars are any motor vehicles with no more than eight seats, excluding seat for driver, it can be with or without hoot.*
 4. *Buses are large passenger cars having seats for more than eight passengers, excluding seat for driver, it can be with or without hoot.*

5. Mobil truk adalah setiap kendaraan bermotor yang digunakan untuk angkutan barang, selain mobil penumpang, mobil bus, dan kendaraan bermotor roda dua.
 6. Data panjang jalan negara dan jalan provinsi bersumber dari Kementerian Pekerjaan Umum dan Perumahan Rakyat, sedangkan jalan kabupaten/kota bersumber dari Dinas Pekerjaan Umum Kabupaten/Kota, diolah dari daftar PJ-II/5.
 7. Kereta api adalah kendaraan dengan tenaga gerak (listrik, diesel atau tenaga uap) yang berjalan sendiri maupun dirangkaikan dengan kendaraan lain, yang akan atau sedang bergerak di atas rel, terdiri dari kereta penumpang dan kereta barang.
 8. Kilometer penumpang adalah jumlah kilometer dari semua penumpang yang berangkat. Besaran ini merupakan penjumlahan jarak asal tujuan masing-masing penumpang.
 9. Rata-rata jarak perjalanan per penumpang adalah rata-rata yang ditempuh oleh setiap penumpang, atau jumlah kilometer penumpang dibagi dengan jumlah penumpang berangkat.
5. *Trucks are any motor vehicles used to transport goods excluding passenger cars, buses, and motorcycles.*
 6. *Data on the length of state and provincial roads were taken from the Ministry of Public Works and Housing, while the regency/municipality roads data were taken from Regency/Municipality Public Works Offices, based on PJ-II/5 questionnaire.*
 7. *Train is a coach or a number of coaches joined together, moving along a railway line. It can be passenger train or freight train.*
 8. *Passenger kilometer is total kilometers of all departing passenger. This measurement is the sum of distance between the place of origin and the place of destination taken by all passengers.*
 9. *Average length of journey per passenger is mean distance taken by each passenger or total of passenger-kilometer divided by the number of departing passengers.*

10. Kilometer ton adalah jumlah kilometer semua ton yang diangkut. Besaran ini merupakan hasil penjumlahan jarak asal tujuan masing-masing barang per ton.
11. Rata-rata jarak angkut barang adalah rata-rata jarak yang ditempuh oleh setiap ton barang atau jumlah kilometer ton dibagi dengan ton dimuat.
12. Kunjungan kapal adalah kapal yang datang di pelabuhan baik untuk berlabuh di perairan maupun bersandar di dermaga.
13. Gross Ton (GT) adalah volume ruangan kapal dalam m³, kecuali terowongan, lubang poros baling-baling, tempat jangkar, dan alas ganda.
14. Sertifikat Operator Pesawat Udara adalah tanda bukti terpenuhinya standar dan prosedur dalam pengoperasian pesawat udara oleh perusahaan angkutan udara niaga.
15. Sertifikat Pengoperasian Pesawat Udara adalah tanda bukti terpenuhinya standar dan prosedur dalam pengoperasian pesawat udara untuk kegiatan angkutan udara bukan niaga.
16. Sumber data transportasi berasal dari masing-masing instansi
10. *Ton-kilometer is total kilometer of all cargoes carried. This is the sum of distance from area of origin to area of destination for each ton of cargoes.*
11. *Average distance of cargoes loaded is mean distance of each ton of cargoes loaded or total ton-kilometer divided by total ton of cargoes loaded.*
12. *Ship call is a ship arriving at a port either for mooring or berthing.*
13. *Gross Ton (GT) is total volume of all room in a ship (m³), excluding the volume of tunnel, the axle of propellers, the anchor, and the chain locker.*
14. *Aircraft Operator Certificate (AOC) is clearance of compliance to the standards and procedures in aircraft operations by the commercial air transport companies.*
15. *Operating Certificate (OC) is clearance of compliance to the standards and procedures in aircraft operations for non commercial air transport activities.*
16. *Data on transportations are compiled by the BPS-Statistics*

terkait, dikumpulkan oleh Badan Pusat Statistik (BPS) setiap bulan/tahun.

Indonesia (BPS), these data are obtained from relevant institutions every month and year.

17. Kantor Pos adalah tempat pemberi pelayanan komunikasi tertulis dan atau surat elektronik, layanan paket, layanan logistik, layanan transaksi keuangan, dan layanan keagenan pos untuk kepentingan umum. Rumah pos berfungsi sama seperti kantor pos dan kantor pos pembantu, bedanya rumah pos biasanya terletak di daerah terpencil.
 18. Telekomunikasi adalah setiap pemancaran, pengiriman dan atau penerimaan dari setiap informasi dalam bentuk tanda-tanda, isyarat, tulisan, gambar, suara, dan bunyi melalui sistem kawat, optik, radio, atau sistem elektromagnetik lainnya.
 19. Jaringan telekomunikasi adalah rangkaian perangkat telekomunikasi dan kelengkapannya yang digunakan dalam bertelekomunikasi.
 20. Telepon tetap kabel dalam Susenas disebut telepon rumah adalah jaringan telekomunikasi menggunakan perangkat telepon tetap dengan kabel yang secara umum diatur oleh standar-standar teknis dengan menggunakan suatu nomor telepon, dikenal pula sebagai Public Switched
17. *Post Office is a service provider facility of written communication and or electronic mail, parcel service, logistics services, financial transaction services, and postal services to the public. Postal house has the same function as the post office and subsidiary of post office, the difference is that postal house is usually located in remote areas.*
 18. *Telecommunication includes every transmitting, delivering and or receiving from every information of marking, signal, article, picture, sound and voice through strand of wire system, optic, radio, or other electromagnetic system.*
 19. *Telecommunication network is peripheral network of telecommunication and its equipment used in the means of telecommunication.*
 20. *Fixed line telephone based on Susenas called home phone is a telecommunication network using fixed line telephone device which is generally regulated by technical standards, using a phone number, also known as the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN). It is generally used for home phone and*

Telephone Network (PSTN). Pada umumnya dimanfaatkan untuk telepon rumah dan jaringan internet, memiliki kemampuan menghantarkan sinyal dengan kuat dan jelas dengan biaya yang relatif lebih murah.

Internet networks, has the ability to deliver a strong and clear signal with a relatively low cost.

21. Telepon bergerak seluler adalah perangkat telekomunikasi elektronik yang mempunyai kemampuan dasar yang sama dengan telepon tetap kabel namun dapat dibawa ke mana-mana (portable, mobile) dan tidak perlu disambungkan dengan jaringan telekomunikasi kabel. Selain berfungsi sebagai telepon, telepon seluler modern biasanya mendukung layanan tambahan seperti Short Messages Services (SMS), Multimedia Messages Service (MMS), e-mail dan akses Internet, aplikasi bisnis dan permainan, serta fotografi. Saat ini, Indonesia mempunyai dua sistem jaringan telepon bergerak seluler yaitu Global System for Mobile Telecommunications (GSM) dan CDMA.
21. *Cellular mobile phone is an electronic telecommunication device which has the same basic capabilities with fixed cables, but can be taken anywhere (portable, mobile) and does not need to be connected to the wired telecommunications networks. In addition to functioning as a telephone, modern mobile phone typically supports additional services such as Short Messages Services (SMS), Multimedia Messages Service (MMS), e-mail and access to the Internet, business applications and games, as well as photography. Currently, Indonesia has two cellular mobile telephone network system that are GSM (Global System for Mobile Telecommunications) and Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA).*
22. Internet adalah sebuah jaringan komputer publik di seluruh dunia. Internet menyediakan akses ke sejumlah layanan komunikasi termasuk World Wide Web dan membawa surel, berita, hiburan, dan file data.
22. *The internet is a worldwide public computer network. It provides access to a number of communication services including the World Wide Web and carries e-mail, news, entertainment, and data files.*

23. Komputer mengacu pada komputer desktop, laptop (portable) atau tablet (atau komputer genggam yang serupa).
23. *A computer refers to a desktop computer, a laptop (portable) computer or a tablet (or similar handheld computer).*
24. Desktop (personal computer/PC) adalah komputer yang biasanya tetap di satu tempat, biasanya pengguna ditempatkan di depannya, di belakang keyboard.
24. *Desktop: a computer that usually remains fixed in one place; normally the user is placed in front of it, behind the keyboard.*
25. Laptop (portable) adalah komputer yang cukup kecil untuk dibawa dan biasanya memungkinkan tugas yang sama sebagai komputer desktop, tetapi juga mencakup notebook dan netbook tetapi tidak termasuk tablet dan sejenis komputer genggam.
25. *Laptop (portable) computer: a computer that is small enough to carry and usually enables the same tasks as a desktop computer; it includes notebooks and netbooks but does not include tablets and similar handheld computers.*
26. Tablet (atau sejenis komputer genggam) adalah komputer yang terintegrasi ke layar sentuh datar, yang dioperasikan dengan menyentuh layar daripada menggunakan keyboard fisik. Dalam hal ini tidak termasuk peralatan dengan beberapa kemampuan komputasi, seperti set TV pintar, dan perangkat dengan telepon sebagai fungsi utama mereka, seperti smartphone.
26. *Tablet (or similar handheld computer): a tablet is a computer that is integrated into a flat touch screen, operated by touching the screen rather than (or as well as) using a physical keyboard. It does not include equipment with some embedded computing abilities, such as smart TV sets, and devices with telephony as their primary function, such as smartphones.*
27. Bioskop adalah pertunjukan yang diperlihatkan dengan gambar (film) yang disorot sehingga dapat bergerak. Bioskop juga diartikan sebagai tempat untuk menonton
27. *Cinema is a show that is shown with the image (film) highlighted so it can move. Cinema also be interpreted as a place to watch the shows using a wide screen movies,*

pertunjukkan film dengan menggunakan layar lebar, dimana gambar film diproyeksikan ke layar menggunakan proyektor.

where the film images projected onto a screen using a projector.

28. Drama adalah genre film yang memberikan alur cerita mengenai kehidupan. Keharuan lebih ditonjolkan dalam film ini agar penonton bisa ikut merasakan apa yang dirasakan para tokohnya.
28. *The drama is a genre of film that gives the plot of life. Compassion is highlighted in the film so that the audience can come to feel what the characters felt.*
29. Film komedi adalah genre film di mana penekanan utama adalah pada humor
29. *Comedy is a genre of film in which the main emphasis is on humor.*
30. Film thriller adalah genre film yang selalu menegangkan dan tak luput mengandalkan logika karena di sepanjang jalan cerita penonton biasanya akan disuguhkan dengan peristiwa pembunuhan. Hal ini memacu ketakutan tersendiri dalam diri penonton.
30. *Thriller movie is a genre of film that is always stressful and not escape to rely on logic because along the way of the story the audience will usually be presented with the murder. This spurred fears of its own within the audience.*
31. Fantasi adalah genre film yang menggunakan bentuk sihir dan supranatural sebagai salah satu elemen plot, tema dan seting dalam sebuah film. Genre fantasi secara umum dibedakan menjadi genre fiksi ilmiah dan horor (tentang hal yang mengerikan).
31. *Fantasy is a genre of film that uses magic and supernatural forms as one element of plot, theme, and setting in a movie. Fantasy genre is generally distinguished by the genre of science fiction and horror (themed scientific about horrible things).*
32. Aksi atau film laga adalah genre film yang memberikan alur cerita mengenai pertarungan demi pertarungan, bahkan ada beberapa scene yang hanya
32. *Action movie is a genre of film that gives the storyline about the fight action, even, there are some which just showed scene martial art acts without any conversation.*

mempertontonkan seni bela diri saja tanpa ada suatu percakapan.

33. Film religius adalah genre film yang merupakan turunan jenis film drama yang dibalut dengan unsur religi.
34. Film horor adalah film yang berusaha untuk memancing emosi berupa ketakutan dan rasa ngeri dari penontonnya. Alur cerita mereka sering melibatkan tema-tema kematian, supranatural, atau penyakit mental. Banyak cerita film horor yang berpusat pada sebuah tokoh antagonis tertentu yang jahat.
33. *Religious movie is a genre of film that is a derivative type of drama with religious theme.*
34. *Horror film is a film that seeks to provoke emotions such as fear and horror from viewers. They often involve themes of death, the supernatural, or mental illness in the storyline. Many stories of horror film are centered on an evil antagonist.*

ULASAN**DESCRIPTION****Transportasi**

Panjang jalan Provinsi Jambi tahun 2021 adalah 1.032,84 km dan belum termasuk panjang jalan nasional dan kabupaten/kota. Panjang jalan ini tidak mengalami perubahan dibandingkan dengan panjang jalan di tahun 2020. Jalan Provinsi Jambi didominasi dengan kondisi jalan yang beraspal sepanjang 787,97 km, sedangkan jalan yang tidak beraspal sepanjang 244,86 km. Kondisi jalan dengan kondisi baik 31,07 %, sedang 45,22% sisanya berstatus rusak 11,60% dan rusak berat 12,10%.

Komunikasi

Jumlah kantor pos di Provinsi Jambi adalah 63 kantor. Kantor pos ini tersebar di seluruh kabupaten/kota dan terbanyak berada di Kota Jambi, yaitu 14 kantor pos.

Transportation

The length of the Jambi Province road in 2021 is 1,032.84 km, it is not include the length of national and district/city roads. The length of this road is not difference compared to the length of the road in 2020. Jambi Province roads are dominated by asphalt road conditions of 787.97 km, while unpaved roads are 244.86 km. The condition of the road with good condition is 31.07%, average 45.22% while the remaining wre 11.60% damaged and 12.10% heavily damaged.

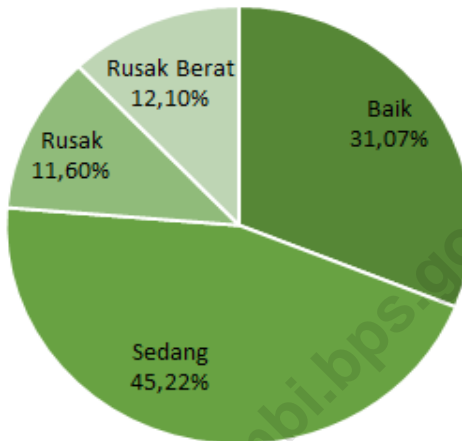
Communication

The number of post offices in Jambi Province is 63 offices. These post offices are spread across all districts / cities and most are in Jambi City, namely 14 post offices.

Gambar
Figures

9

Kondisi Jalan di Provinsi Jambi (%), 2021
Road Conditions in Jambi Province (%), 2021



Sumber/Source : Dinas Pekerjaan Umum dan Perumahan Rakyat Provinsi Jambi/*Public Works and Public Housing Office of Jambi Province*

9.1 TRANSPORTASI TRANSPORTATION

Tabel 9.1.1 Panjang Jalan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Tingkat Kewenangan Pemerintahan (km) di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021
Length of Roads by Regency/Municipality and Level of Government Authority (km) in Jambi Province, 2019-2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Akhir Tahun End of Year | Negara ¹ State ¹ | Provinsi Province | Kabupaten/ Kota Regency/ Municipality | Jumlah Total |
|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------|--|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 2019 | – | 37,32 | – | 37,32 |
| | 2020 | – | 37,32 | – | 37,32 |
| | 2021 | 138 | 37,32 | – | 175,32 |
| Merangin | 2019 | – | 195,82 | – | 195,82 |
| | 2020 | – | 195,82 | – | 195,82 |
| | 2021 | 186 | 195,82 | – | 381,82 |
| Sarolangun | 2019 | – | 172,25 | – | 172,25 |
| | 2020 | – | 172,25 | – | 172,25 |
| | 2021 | 129 | 172,25 | – | 301,25 |
| Batang Hari | 2019 | – | 54,85 | – | 54,85 |
| | 2020 | – | 54,85 | – | 54,85 |
| | 2021 | 190 | 54,85 | – | 244,85 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 9.1.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Akhir Tahun End of Year | Negara ¹ State ¹ | Provinsi Province | Kabupaten/ Kota Regency/ Municipality | Jumlah Total |
|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------|--|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Muaro Jambi | 2019 | – | 129,30 | – | 129,30 |
| | 2020 | – | 129,30 | – | 129,30 |
| | 2021 | 36 | 129,30 | – | 165,30 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2019 | – | 99,91 | – | 99,91 |
| | 2020 | – | 99,91 | – | 99,91 |
| | 2021 | 82 | 99,91 | – | 181,91 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2019 | – | 38,58 | – | 38,58 |
| | 2020 | – | 38,58 | – | 38,58 |
| | 2021 | 300 | 38,58 | – | 338,58 |
| Tebo | 2019 | – | 138,98 | – | 138,98 |
| | 2020 | – | 138,98 | – | 138,98 |
| | 2021 | 88 | 138,98 | – | 226,98 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 9.1.1

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Akhir Tahun End of Year | Negara ¹ State ¹ | Provinsi Province | Kabupaten/ Kota Regency/ Municipality | Jumlah Total |
|--|----------------------------|---|----------------------|--|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Bungo | 2019 | – | 107,18 | – | 107,18 |
| | 2020 | – | 107,18 | – | 107,18 |
| | 2021 | 88 | 107,18 | – | 195,18 |
| Kota Jambi | 2019 | – | 49,5 | – | 49,50 |
| | 2020 | – | 49,5 | – | 49,50 |
| | 2021 | 37 | 49,5 | – | 86,50 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2019 | – | 9,15 | – | 9,15 |
| | 2020 | – | 9,15 | – | 9,15 |
| | 2021 | 43 | 9,15 | – | 52,15 |
| Jambi | 2019 | ... | 1 032,84 | – | 1 032,84 |
| | 2020 | ... | 1 032,84 | – | 1 032,84 |
| | 2021 | 1 318 | 1032,84 | – | 2 350,84 |

Catatan/Note: ¹ Berdasarkan Keputusan Menteri Pekerjaan Umum dan Perumahan Rakyat No. 248/KPTS/M/2015/Based on Public Work and Public Housing Minsiterial Decree No. 248/KPTS/M/2015

Sumber/Source: Dinas Pekerjaan Umum dan Perumahan Rakyat Provinsi Jambi/Public Works and Public Housing Office of Jambi Province

Tabel 9.1.2 Jumlah Kendaraan Bermotor Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Kendaraan (unit) di Provinsi Jambi, 2019–2021
Number of Registered Motor Vehicles by Regency/ Municipality and Type of Motor Vehicles (units) in Jambi Province, 2019–2021

| Kabupaten/ Kota Regency/ Municipality | Akhir Tahun End of Year | Mobil Penun- pang Passenger Cars | Bus Buses | Truk Trucks | Sepeda Motor Motor- cycles | Kendaraan Khusus Special Vehicle | Jumlah Total |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | | (7) |
| Kerinci | 2019 | 6 088 | 2 750 | 4 017 | 61 894 | 98 | 74 847 |
| | 2020 | 7 776 | 2 772 | 4 426 | 67 320 | 100 | 82 394 |
| | 2021 | 2 563 | 61 | 725 | 14 845 | ... | 18 194 |
| Merangin | 2019 | 8 416 | 6 699 | 14 529 | 198 601 | 315 | 228 560 |
| | 2020 | 10 589 | 6 713 | 15 610 | 211 472 | 335 | 244 719 |
| | 2021 | 5 096 | 37 | 1 807 | 13 166 | ... | 20 106 |
| Sarolangun | 2019 | 4 886 | 3 477 | 9 005 | 154 356 | 247 | 171 971 |
| | 2020 | 6 295 | 3 478 | 9 865 | 162 941 | 262 | 182 841 |
| | 2021 | 2 874 | 3 | 1 132 | 5 226 | ... | 9 235 |
| Batang Hari | 2019 | 4 690 | 2 926 | 7 721 | 129 718 | 76 | 145 131 |
| | 2020 | 6 304 | 2 930 | 8 457 | 138 837 | 85 | 156 613 |
| | 2021 | 3 612 | 14 | 1 800 | 12 242 | ... | 17 668 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 9.1.2

| Kabupaten/ Kota Regency/ Municipality | Akhir Tahun End of Year | Mobil Penun- pang Passenger Cars | Bus Buses | Truk Trucks | Sepeda Motor Motor- cycles | Kendaraan Khusus Special Vehicle | Jumlah Total |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | | (7) |
| Muaro Jambi | 2019 | 1 559 | 189 | 1 113 | 13 541 | 14 | 16 416 |
| | 2020 | 4 186 | 200 | 2 557 | 26 158 | 21 | 33 122 |
| | 2021 | 3 331 | ... | 1 376 | 12 182 | ... | 16 889 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2019 | 1 386 | 86 | 1 791 | 45 065 | 47 | 48 375 |
| | 2020 | 1 937 | 89 | 2 247 | 50 274 | 53 | 54 600 |
| | 2021 | 2 186 | 14 | 1 800 | 12 242 | ... | 17 668 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2019 | 3 031 | 2 527 | 5 900 | 123 380 | 31 | 134 869 |
| | 2020 | 4 143 | 2 529 | 6 622 | 133 187 | 54 | 146 535 |
| | 2021 | 1 685 | 9 | 612 | 11 275 | ... | 13 581 |
| Tebo | 2019 | 607 | 21 | 295 | 36 803 | 2 | 37 728 |
| | 2020 | 1 719 | 31 | 850 | 44 178 | 16 | 46 794 |
| | 2021 | 4 164 | 2 | 1 478 | 14 683 | ... | 20 327 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 9.1.2

| Kabupaten/ Kota Regency/ Municipality | Akhir Tahun End of Year | Mobil Penun- pang Passenger Cars | Bus Buses | Truk Trucks | Sepeda Motor Motor- cycles | Kendaraan Khusus Special Vehicle | Jumlah Total |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (7) |
| Bungo | 2019 | 846 | 135 | 648 | 30 104 | 13 | 31 746 |
| | 2020 | 2 967 | 148 | 1 431 | 39 344 | 40 | 43 930 |
| | 2021 | 6 483 | ... | 2 388 | 10 244 | ... | 19 115 |
| Kota Jambi | 2019 | 46 148 | 12 871 | 40 202 | 487 473 | 365 | 587 059 |
| | 2020 | 85 694 | 13 100 | 55 351 | 625 604 | 458 | 780 207 |
| | 2021 | 35 981 | 158 | 11 848 | 131 535 | ... | 179 522 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 2019 | 1 670 | 58 | 547 | 5 342 | 21 | 7 638 |
| | 2020 | 2 131 | 78 | 678 | 6 376 | 27 | 9 290 |
| | 2021 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| Jambi | 2019 | 79 327 | 31 739 | 85 768 | 1 286 277 | 1 229 | 1 484 340 |
| | 2020 | 133 741 | 32 068 | 108 094 | 1 505 691 | 1 451 | 1 781 045 |
| | 2021 | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |

Catatan/Note: Data 2021 angka sementara/Data 2021 Preliminary Figures

Sumber/Source: Direktorat Lalu Lintas Polda Jambi/Directorate of Traffic of Polda Jambi

Tabel
Table 9.1.3

Panjang Jalan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Jenis Permukaan Jalan (km) di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Length of Road by Regency/Municipality and Type of Road Surface (km) in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Jenis Permukaan Jalan/ <i>Type of Road Surface</i> | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| | Aspal <i>Paved</i> | Tidak diaspal <i>Not Paved</i> | Lainnya <i>Others</i> | Jumlah <i>Total</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 36,187 | 1,135 | - | 37,322 |
| Merangin | 149,83 | 45,993 | - | 195,823 |
| Sarolangun | 109,1 | 63,15 | - | 172,25 |
| Batang Hari | 45,6 | 9,256 | - | 54,856 |
| Muaro Jambi | 92,9 | 36,394 | - | 129,294 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 56 | 43,907 | - | 99,907 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 29,683 | 8,9 | - | 38,583 |
| Tebo | 111,9 | 27,084 | - | 138,984 |
| Bungo | 100,699 | 6,48 | - | 107,179 |
| Kota Jambi | 47,229 | 2,267 | - | 49,496 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 8,85 | 0,3 | - | 9,15 |
| Jambi | 787,978 | 244,866 | - | 1032,844 |

Sumber/*Source*: Dinas Pekerjaan Umum dan Perumahan Rakyat Provinsi Jambi/*Public Works and Public Housing Office of Jambi Province*

Tabel 9.1.4 Panjang Jalan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Kondisi Jalan (km) di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Length of Road by Regency/Municipality and Road Conditions in Jambi Province, 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | Jenis Permukaan Jalan/Type of Road Surface | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | Baik <i>Good</i> | Sedang <i>Average</i> | Rusak <i>Damaged</i> | Rusak Berat <i>Severely Damaged</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 25,065 | 11,122 | 1,135 | - |
| Merangin | 55,23 | 94,6 | 22,885 | 23,108 |
| Sarolangun | 17,3 | 91,8 | 31,05 | 32,1 |
| Batang Hari | 25,1 | 20,5 | 4,834 | 4,422 |
| Muaro Jambi | 35,6 | 57,3 | 20,194 | 16,2 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 18,7 | 37,3 | 7,7 | 36,207 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 21,4 | 8,283 | 4 | 4,9 |
| Tebo | 68,2 | 43,7 | 20,384 | 6,7 |
| Bungo | 23,8 | 76,899 | 5,6 | 0,88 |
| Kota Jambi | 23,815 | 23,414 | 2,067 | 0,2 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 6,7 | 2,15 | - | 0,3 |
| Jambi | 320,91 | 467,068 | 119,849 | 125,017 |

Catatan/Note: Jalan tersebut belum masuk jalan nasional dan kabupaten/ *The road has not yet entered the national and regency roads*
 Sumber/Source: Dinas Pekerjaan Umum dan Perumahan Rakyat Provinsi Jambi/*Public Works and Public Housing Office of Jambi Province*

9.2 KOMUNIKASI COMMUNICATION

Tabel 9.2.1 **Jumlah Kantor Pos Pembantu Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2018–2021**
Table 9.2.1 **Number of Post Offices Subsidiaries by Regency/ Municipality in Jambi Province, 2018–2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Merangin | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Sarolangun | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Batang Hari | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| Muaro Jambi | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Tebo | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Bungo | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Kota Jambi | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Jambi | 63 | 63 | 63 | 63 |

Sumber/Source: PT Pos Indonesia Cabang Provinsi Jambi/PT Pos Indonesia, brance of Jambi Province

Tabel 9.2.2 Banyaknya Desa¹/Kelurahan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota dan Penerimaan Sinyal Internet Telepon Seluler di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021
Number of Villages¹/Kelurahan by Regency/Municipality and Phone Internet Signal Reception in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2020 | | | |
|--|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------------|
| | 4G/LTE | 3G/H/H+/EVDO | 2,5G/E/GPRS | Tidak ada None |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 253 | 19 | 6 | 2 |
| Merangin | 127 | 43 | 24 | 6 |
| Sarolangun | 106 | 25 | 10 | 7 |
| Batang Hari | 82 | 38 | 2 | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 124 | 30 | 1 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 63 | 19 | 7 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 100 | 27 | 5 | 2 |
| Tebo | 75 | 21 | 11 | 3 |
| Bungo | 115 | 24 | 4 | – |
| Kota Jambi | 61 | 1 | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 68 | 1 | – | – |
| Jambi | 1 174 | 248 | 70 | 20 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 9.2.2*

| Kabupaten/Kota <i>Regency/Municipality</i> | 2021 | | | |
|---|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------|
| | 4G/LTE | 3G/H/H+/EVDO | 2,5G/E/GPRS | Tidak ada <i>None</i> |
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Kerinci | 256 | 17 | 7 | 1 |
| Merangin | 145 | 30 | 23 | 4 |
| Sarolangun | 112 | 24 | 9 | 6 |
| Batang Hari | 98 | 23 | 3 | – |
| Muaro Jambi | 140 | 13 | 2 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 56 | 18 | 15 | – |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 100 | 19 | 14 | 1 |
| Tebo | 81 | 19 | 8 | 2 |
| Bungo | 124 | 17 | 5 | – |
| Kota Jambi | 61 | 1 | – | – |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 67 | 2 | – | – |
| Jambi | 1 240 | 183 | 86 | 14 |

Catatan/*Note*: ¹Desa pada tabel ini termasuk Unit Permukiman Transmigrasi (UPT) yang masih dibina oleh kementerian terkait dan nagari di Provinsi Sumatera Barat/*Villages in this table includes Transmigration Resettlement Unit under related ministry and nagari in Sumatera Barat Province*

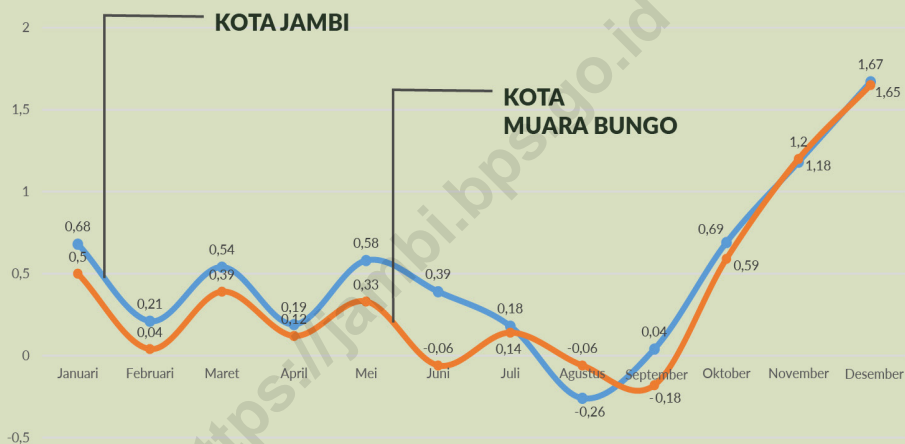
Sumber/*Source*: BPS, Pendataan Potensi Desa/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Village Potential Data Collecting*

BAB 10 HARGA-HARGA

Chapter 10. Prices

INFLASI TAHUN KALENDER KOTA JAMBI DAN KOTA MUARA BUNGO 2021

Monthly Inflation of Jambi City and Muara Bungo City 2021



PENJELASAN TEKNIS**TECHNICAL NOTES**

1. Data harga yang disajikan meliputi:
 - a. Harga eceran beras di beberapa kota
 - b. Harga eceran nasional beberapa jenis barang
 - c. Indeks Harga Konsumen (IHK) dan laju inflasi
 - d. Indeks Harga Perdagangan Besar (IHPB)
 - e. Indeks harga yang diterima dan dibayar petani
 - f. Harga Produsen Gabah Kering Giling (GKG), Gabah Kering Panen (GKP), dan Gabah Kualitas Rendah di tingkat petani dan penggilingan
 - g. Indeks Harga Produsen (IHP)
 2. Rata-rata harga eceran beras diolah dari survei mingguan Badan Pusat Statistik (BPS) di beberapa kota. Karena beragamnya kualitas beras di masing-masing kota, maka harga yang disajikan adalah rata-rata harga beras tertimbang.
 3. Rata-rata harga eceran nasional beberapa jenis barang yang diolah dari hasil survei mingguan BPS dalam publikasi ini terbatas hanya pada 10 komoditas.
 4. IHK merupakan indikator inflasi di Indonesia. Sejak Januari 2014, IHK dihitung berdasarkan Survei Biaya Hidup (SBH) di 82 kota tahun 2012
1. *Price statistics covers:*
 - a. *Retail prices of rice in several cities*
 - b. *National retail prices of several commodities*
 - c. *Consumer Price Index (CPI) and inflation rates*
 - d. *Wholesale Price Index (WPI)*
 - e. *Indices of prices received and paid by farmers*
 - f. *Producer Price of Dried Un-husked Grain, Dried Harvested Grain, and Low Quality Grain at the farmer level and the huller level*
 - g. *Producer Price Index (PPI)*
 2. *The average retail price of rice is compiled through the weekly price survey conducted by the BPS-Statistics Indonesia in several cities. Due to the different qualities of rice in each city, the weighted average price of rice is used.*
 3. *The national average retail prices of several commodities which are compiled from the weekly price survey conducted by BPS-Statistics Indonesia for the purpose of this publication are limited to 10 commodities.*
 4. *CPI is the indicator of inflation in Indonesia. Since January 2014, the CPI has been calculated from the 2012 Cost of Living Survey (CLS) of*

yang mencakup sekitar 225–462 komoditas.

82 cities, which covered 225–462 commodities.

5. IHK mencakup 7 kelompok, yaitu: bahan makanan; makanan jadi, minuman, rokok, dan tembakau; perumahan, air, listrik, gas, dan bahan bakar; sandang; kesehatan; pendidikan, rekreasi, dan olahraga; transpor, komunikasi, dan jasa keuangan.
6. Metode yang digunakan dalam penghitungan IHK, IHPB, Nilai Tukar Petani (NTP), dan IHP adalah Formula Laspeyres yang telah dimodifikasi, yaitu:

5. CPI consists of 7 groups as follows: foodstuff; prepared food, beverages, and tobacco products; housing, water, electricity, gas, and fuel; clothing; health; education, recreation, and sports; transportation, communication, and financial services.
6. The method used in calculating CPI, WPI, Farmers' Term of Trade (FTT), and PPI is the modified Laspeyres formula as follow:

dimana:

- I_n = Indeks bulanan
- P_n = Harga pada bulan ke-n
- P_{n-1} = Harga pada bulan ke-(n-1)
- P_0 = Harga pada tahun dasar
- Q_0 = Kuantitas pada tahun dasar

where:

- I_n = Monthly index
- P_n = Price in month n
- P_{n-1} = Price in month (n-1)
- P_0 = Price in the base year
- Q_0 = Quantity in the base year

7. a. Persentase (%) perubahan IHK (laju inflasi/deflasi) bulanan diperoleh dari:

$$I_n = \frac{\sum \frac{P_n}{P_{n-1}} P_{n-1} \cdot Q_0}{\sum P_0 Q_0} \times 100$$

7. a. The percentage change of the monthly CPI (inflation/deflation rate) is obtained from:

$$I_n = \frac{\sum \frac{P_n}{P_{n-1}} P_{n-1} \cdot Q_0}{\sum P_0 Q_0} \times 100$$

dimana:

- I_n = IHK bulan n
- I_{n-1} = IHK bulan n-1
- Inflasi jika nilainya > 0
- Deflasi jika nilainya < 0

where:

- I_n = CPI for month n
- I_{n-1} = CPI for month n-1
- Inflation if the value > 0
- Deflation if the value < 0

b. Persentase perubahan IHK dalam satu tahun dihitung dengan menggunakan metode point to point, tetapi sebelum April 1998 menggunakan metode kumulatif bulanan.

8. IHPB dihitung berdasarkan survei harga perdagangan besar yang dilakukan di 34 ibukota provinsi dan beberapa kabupaten/kota di Indonesia. Pemilihan kabupaten/kota dilakukan oleh masing-masing provinsi secara purposive berdasarkan banyaknya komoditas yang ada di kabupaten/kota tersebut yang tercakup dalam paket komoditas. Responden survei adalah pedagang besar, eksportir, dan importir. Pemilihan responden juga dilakukan secara purposive. Total responden survei Harga Perdagangan Besar (HPB) di Indonesia adalah 9.646.

Sejak November 2013, penghitungan IHPB menggunakan tahun dasar 2010 (2010=100) yang mencakup 317 jenis komoditas dan 184 subkelompok komoditas. Pengelompokan komoditas dalam IHPB didasarkan pada Klasifikasi Baku Lapangan Usaha Indonesia (KBLI).

IHPB disajikan dalam bentuk indeks umum dan berdasarkan pengelompokan barang, yaitu:

- Kelompok penawaran barang

b. The percentage change of the yearly CPI is calculated by using point-to-point method, but before April 1998, the monthly cumulative method is used.

8. *WPI is calculated based on wholesale price survey which is conducted in 34 capital cities of provinces and several regencies/cities in Indonesia. The regencies/cities are purposively selected in each province based on the number of commodities numbers which available in the regencies/cities that are included in the basket of commodities. The respondents of the survey are wholesalers, exporters, and importers. The respondents are also selected purposively. Total respondent of wholesale price survey in Indonesia is 9,646.*

Since November 2013, the calculation of WPI has used the year 2010 as the base year (2010=100) covering 317 commodities and 184 subgroups of commodities. The grouping of commodities in WPI is based on Indonesian Standard Industrial Classification (ISIC).

The WPI is presented in general index and group of commodities, namely:

- *Group of component of supply con-*

- yang meliputi sektor pertanian, pertambangan dan penggalian, industri, impor, dan ekspor.
- Kelompok penggunaan barang.
 - Kelompok barang dalam tahapan proses produksi.
 - Kelompok bahan-bahan bangunan/konstruksi.
9. NTP adalah perbandingan antara indeks harga yang diterima (It) dan dibayar (Ib) petani. NTP mengukur kemampuan tukar produk (komoditas) yang dihasilkan/dijual petani dibandingkan dengan produk yang dibutuhkan petani, baik untuk proses produksi (usaha) maupun untuk konsumsi rumah tangga petani. Jika NTP lebih besar dari 100 maka dapat diartikan kemampuan daya beli petani periode tersebut relatif lebih baik dibandingkan dengan periode tahun dasar, sebaliknya jika NTP lebih kecil atau di bawah 100 berarti terjadi penurunan daya beli petani.
10. Pengumpulan data harga produsen pertanian dilakukan melalui wawancara langsung kepada petani dengan Daftar HD-1 sampai dengan HD-6, sedangkan pengumpulan data harga eceran pedesaan (konsumen) dilakukan melalui wawancara dengan para pedagang di pasar kecamatan yang terpilih sebagai sampel dengan Daftar HKD-1, HKD-2.1, dan HKD-2.2. Semua
- sisting of agriculture, mining and quarrying, industry, import, and export.*
- *Group of end use of commodities.*
 - *Group of commodities used in the production process.*
 - *Group of construction materials*
9. *Farmers' Terms of Trade (FTT) is the ratio of price received by farmers indices and price paid by farmers indices. It measures the exchange value of products produced or sold by farmers compared to the products needed by farmers for production process and household consumption. If FTT is above 100, it means the purchasing power parity of farmers in a period of time is better than that in the base year. Meanwhile, if FTT is less than 100, it means that the purchasing power parity of farmers decreases.*
10. *The collection of producer price at farm gate data is conducted through a direct interview with the farmers using HD-1 until HD-6 questionnaire. While the collection of rural consumer retail price data is conducted by interviewing traders in the selected markets using HKD-1, HKD-2.1, and HKD-2.2 questionnaire. The collection of price data is conducted by the Statistics Coordinator at Subdistrict level.*

kegiatan pencacahan harga-harga dilakukan oleh Koordinator Statistik Kecamatan (KSK).

11. Klasifikasi indeks NTP dirinci ke dalam dua bagian, yaitu indeks harga yang diterima petani (It) dan indeks harga yang dibayar petani (Ib). It mencakup indeks Subsektor Tanaman Pangan (padi dan palawija), indeks Subsektor Tanaman Holtikultura (sayur-sayuran, buah-buahan, dan tanaman obat), indeks Subsektor Tanaman Perkebunan Rakyat, indeks Subsektor Peternakan, dan indeks Subsektor Perikanan. Di lain pihak, Ib pun dibagi ke dalam dua kelompok, yaitu indeks kelompok konsumsi rumah tangga (KRT), yang terdiri dari indeks kelompok bahan makanan; makanan jadi; perumahan; sandang; kesehatan; pendidikan, rekreasi, dan olahraga; transportasi dan komunikasi; dan indeks kelompok biaya produksi dan penambahan barang modal (BPPBM). Metode perhitungan It dan Ib menggunakan formula Laspeyres yang telah dimodifikasi.
 12. Nilai Tukar Usaha Pertanian (NTUP) diperoleh dari perbandingan indeks harga yang diterima petani (It) terhadap indeks harga yang dibayar petani (Ib), yang hanya terdiri dari BPPBM. Dengan dikeluarkannya komponen konsumsi rumah tangga dari indeks harga yang dibayar petani
11. *FTT indices can be classified into two parts, that are indices of prices received by farmers (It) and indices of prices paid by farmers (Ib). Indices of prices received by farmers consist of food crops indices (paddy and secondary crops), horticulture crops indices (vegetables, fruits, and medicinal plants), smallholders estate crops indices, animal husbandry indices, and fishery indices. While indices of prices paid by farmers is consist of household consumption indices (food stuff; prepared food; housing; clothing; health; education, recreation, and sport; transportation and communication) and indices of production cost and capital formation. The method used in calculating It and Ib is the modified Laspeyres formula.*
 12. *Agricultures Terms of Trade (ATT) is obtained from the comparison of the indices of prices received by farmers (It) and the indices of prices paid by farmers (Ib), which is only consist of BPPBM. By excluding household consumption component of the index of prices paid by farmers (Ib), ATT may reflect the ability of*

(lb), NTUP dapat mencerminkan kemampuan produksi petani, karena yang dibandingkan hanya produksi dan biaya produksinya. NTUP digunakan untuk mengukur tingkat keberhasilan usaha pertanian berdasarkan pendapatan yang diterima dari kenaikan/penurunan harga produksi pertanian yang dihasilkan dibandingkan dengan kenaikan/penurunan harga barang/jasa untuk proses produksi yang dibeli. Jika NTUP lebih besar dari 100 maka hal ini menunjukkan bahwa tingkat keberhasilan usaha pertanian pada periode tersebut lebih baik dibandingkan periode tahun dasar. Sebaliknya, jika NTUP lebih kecil dari 100 maka tingkat keberhasilan usaha pertanian pada periode tersebut menurun dibandingkan tahun dasar.

13. Pengumpulan data harga produsen gabah dilakukan secara rutin baik mingguan (saat panen raya) maupun bulanan. Survei harga produsen gabah dilaksanakan di 27 provinsi (kecuali Kepulauan Riau, Sumatera Selatan, Kepulauan Bangka Belitung, DKI Jakarta, Gorontalo, Maluku, dan Maluku Utara). Beberapa definisi operasional dalam rangka penyusunan data harga gabah di Subdirektorat Statistik Harga Produsen antara lain sebagai berikut:

farmers production, because the comparison is only between the production and production costs. ATT is used to measure success level of agricultural businesses based on revenue received from the increase/decrease of agricultural production price compared to the increase/decrease of purchased goods/services price for the production process. If ATT is greater than 100, it indicates that the level of success of agricultural businesses in such period is better than it in the base year period. Conversely, if ATT is less than 100, it indicates that the level of success of agricultural bussinesses in such period is worse than it in the base year period.

13. *Paddy producer price collection is done weekly (during harvest) and monthly. Survey of paddy producer price monitoring is conducted in 27 provinces (except Kepulauan Riau, Sumatera Selatan, Kepulauan Bangka Belitung, DKI Jakarta, Gorontalo, Maluku, and Maluku Utara). Several operational definitions in preparing of paddy price data in Sub-Directorate of Producer Price Statistics as follows:*

- a. Petani
Orang yang mengusahakan/ mengelola usaha pertanian, perkebunan, peternakan, kehutanan, perburuan, dan perikanan, baik sebagai petani pemilik ataupun petani penggarap.
- b. Gabah
Bulir buah hasil tanaman padi (*Oryza Sativa* Linnaeus) yang telah dilepaskan dari tangkainya dengan cara dirontokkan.
- c. Harga di Tingkat Petani
Harga yang disepakati pada waktu terjadinya transaksi antara petani dengan pedagang pengumpul/ tengkulak/pihak penggilingan yang ditemukan pada hari dilaksanakannya observasi dengan kualitas apa adanya sebelum dikenakan ongkos angkut pasca panen.
- d. Biaya ke Penggilingan
Keseluruhan biaya pasca panen siap jual dari tempat transaksi di tingkat petani ke lokasi unit penggilingan terdekat. Besarnya biaya ke penggilingan adalah penjumlahan dari ongkos angkut (termasuk biaya bongkar/muat dan sewa kendaraan) ditambah ongkos lainnya (retribusi, konsumsi, dsb).
- e. Harga di Tingkat Penggilingan
Harga di tingkat petani ditambah
- a. Farmer
People who manage the business of agriculture, plantation, animal husbandry, forestry, hunting, and fishing either as owner or farmer sharecropper.
- b. Unhusked Rice/Paddy
*Grain or paddy's granules (*Oryza Sativa* Linnaeus) removed from the shaft by means of threshed.*
- c. Price at Farmer Level
The price agreed at the time of transaction among farmers, brokers, and other buyers is found in observation on original quality. The transportation cost is not included.
- d. Cost to Huller Location
The total cost of transaction from farmer to the nearest huller location. It refers to total amount of transportation cost (loading, unloading, and rental charges) and other cost (retribution, consumption, etc).
- e. Price at Huller Level
The total of price at farmer level and

dengan besarnya biaya ke penggilingan terdekat.

f. Harga Pembelian Pemerintah (HPP)

Harga minimal yang harus dibayarkan pemerintah kepada petani sesuai dengan kualitas gabah sebagaimana yang telah ditetapkan dalam Instruksi Presiden (Inpres).

g. Gabah Kering Giling (GKG)

Gabah yang mengandung kadar air maksimum sebesar 14,0 persen dan hampa/kotoran maksimum 3,0 persen.

h. Gabah Kering Panen (GKP)

Gabah yang mengandung kadar air maksimum sebesar 25,0 persen dan hampa/kotoran maksimum 10,0 persen.

i. Gabah Kualitas Rendah

Gabah yang mengandung kadar air lebih dari 25,0 persen dan hampa/kotoran lebih dari 10,0 persen.

j. Kadar Air (KA)

Jumlah kandungan air dalam butir gabah yang dinyatakan dalam persentase dari berat basah.

k. Kadar Hampa/Kotoran

Jumlah kandungan butir hampa dan kotoran dalam butir gabah yang dinyatakan dalam persentase.

cost to huller location.

f. *Government Purchasing Price*

The minimum price to be paid by government to farmers based on the grain quality as determined by Presidential Instruction (Inpres).

g. *Dried Unhusked Grain*

Grains with a maximum water and hollow/dirt content of 14.0 percent and 3.0 percent respectively.

h. *Dried Harvested Grain*

Grains with a maximum water and hollow/dirt content of 25.0 percent and 10.0 percent respectively.

i. *Low-Quality Grain*

Grains with more than 25.0 percent water and more than 10.0 percent hollow/dirt.

j. *Water Content*

The amount of grain moisture content which is expressed as a percentage of wet weight.

k. *Hollow/Dirt Content*

The amount of empty grain and waste grain content which is expressed as a percentage.

i. Butir Hampa

Butir gabah yang tidak berkembang secara sempurna akibat serangan hama, penyakit, atau sebab lain sehingga tidak berisi butir beras meskipun kedua tungkup sekamnya tertutup ataupun terbuka. Butir gabah setengah hampa tergolong dalam butir hampa.

m. Kotoran

Segala benda asing yang tidak tergolong bagian dari gabah, misalnya debu, butiran tanah, butiran pasir, batu kerikil, potongan kayu, potongan logam, tangkai padi, biji-bijian lain, bangkai serangga, dan lain sebagainya. Termasuk dalam kategori kotoran adalah butiran gabah yang telah terkelupas (beras pecah kulit) dan gabah patah.

i. Empty Grain

Grains grow not entirely caused by pest, diseases, or other reasons that do not contain grains of rice husk although both of peel are closed or opened. Half empty grains are classified into empty grains.

m. Waste Grain

Any extraneous object that is not considered as part of the grain, such as dust, ground grain, sand, gravel, pieces of wood, metal pieces, rice straw, other grain, dead bugs, and so on. The category of waste grain include peeled grain pellets (broken skin rice) and fractured grain.

14. IHP dihitung berdasarkan survei harga produsen yang dilakukan di 34 provinsi di Indonesia. Data harga produsen dikumpulkan oleh BPS setiap bulan. Pemilihan responden dilakukan secara purposive. Penghitungan IHP menggunakan tahun dasar 2010 (2010=100) yang mencakup 7 sektor, yaitu pertanian, pertambangan dan penggalian, industri pengolahan, pengadaan listrik dan gas, pengelolaan air, angkutan penumpang, dan penyediaan akomodasi dan

14. *PPI is calculated based on producer price survey which is conducted in 34 provinces in Indonesia. Producer price data are collected by BPS each month. Respondents are selected by purposive sampling. The calculation of PPI used the year 2010 as the base year (2010=100) covering 7 sectors, there are agriculture, mining and quarrying, manufacturing, electricity and gas, water supply, passenger transport, and accommodation and food beverage services. The grouping in PPI is based on International*

makan minum. Pengelompokan dalam IHP didasarkan pada Klasifikasi Baku Lapangan Usaha Indonesia (KBLI) dan Klasifikasi Baku Komoditi Indonesia (KBKI). IHP disajikan triwulanan pada tingkat nasional dalam bentuk indeks umum (gabungan dari sektor pertanian, pertambangan dan penggalian, dan industri pengolahan), indeks sektor, dan indeks subsektor.

Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC) and Central Product Classification (CPC). The PPI is presented quarterly on national level in general index (composite from agriculture, mining and quarrying, and manufacturing sector), sector index, and sub-sector index.

<https://jambi.bps.go.id>

ULASAN

Inflasi adalah kecenderungan naiknya harga barang dan jasa pada umumnya yang berlangsung secara terus menerus. Inflasi digunakan sebagai salah satu indikator perekonomian. Di Provinsi Jambi, penghitungan inflasi dilakukan di Kota Jambi dan Bungo. Laju inflasi bulanan Provinsi Jambi pada bulan Desember 2021 adalah 0,48 persen.

Menurut kelompok pengeluaran, makanan, minuman, dan tembakau menyumbang 1,22 persen; kelompok penyediaan makanan dan minuman/restoran menyumbang 0,54 persen; perumahan, air, listrik, dan bahan bakar rumah tangga 0,38 persen; kelompok perawatan pribadi dan jasa lainnya menyumbang 0,03 persen; transportasi sebesar 0,02 persen; perlengkapan, peralatan dan pemeliharaan rumah tangga sebesar 0,01 persen; informasi, komunikasi, dan jasa keuangan -0,01; serta pakaian dan alas kaki -0,02 persen.

DESCRIPTION

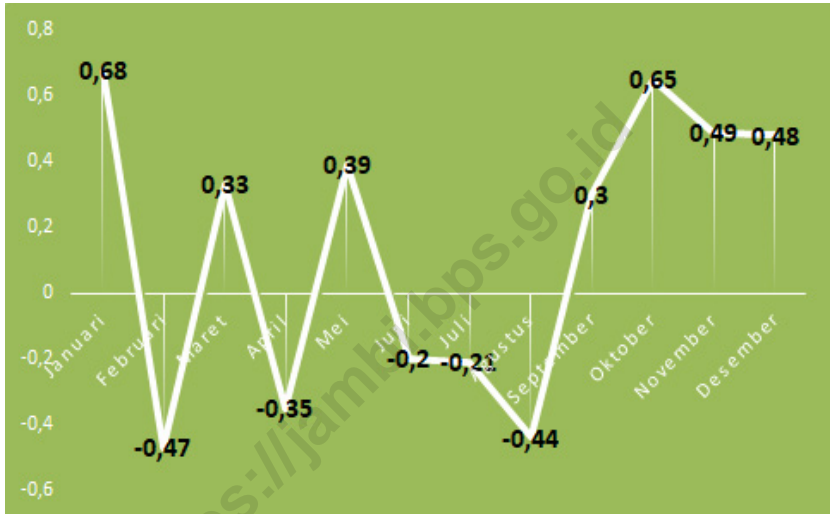
Inflation is the tendency for the price of goods and services to rise in general, which takes place continuously. Inflation is used as an indicator of the economy. In Jambi Province, the inflation calculation was carried out in Jambi City and Bungo City. Jambi Province's monthly inflation rate in December 2021 was 0.48 percent.

By expenditure group, food, beverage and tobacco accounted for 1.22 percent; the food and beverage/restaurant supply group contributed 0.54 percent; housing, water, electricity, and household fuel 0.38 percent; personal care and other services groups accounted for 0.03 percent; transportation by 0.02 percent; equipment, tools and household maintenance by 0.01 percent; information, communication and financial services -0.01; and clothing and footwear -0.02 percent.

Gambar
Figures

10

Inflasi Bulanan di Kota Jambi, 2021
General Consumer Price Inflation Rate in Jambi Municipality, 2021



Sumber/Source : BPS, Survei Harga Konsumen/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Consumer Price Survey

Tabel
Table 10.1**Indeks Harga Konsumen per Bulan Menurut Kelompok Pengeluaran di Kota Jambi (2018=100), 2021**
Consumer Price Index per Month by Expenditure Group in Jambi Municipality (2018=100), 2021

| Bulan Month | Makanan, Minuman, dan Tembakau Food, Drinks, and Tobacco | Pakaian dan Alas Kaki Clothing and Footwear | Perumahan, Air, Listrik, dan Bahan Bakar Rumah Tangga Housing, Water, Electricity, and Household Fuel | Perlengkapan, Peralatan, dan Pemeliharaan Rutin Rumah Tangga/Household Equipment, Tools, and Routine Maintenance |
|---------------------|--|--|---|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Januari/January | 109,97 | 103,89 | 104,70 | 107,66 |
| Februari/February | 108,31 | 104,35 | 104,83 | 107,72 |
| Maret/March | 108,97 | 104,90 | 104,83 | 108,15 |
| April/April | 108,05 | 104,90 | 104,83 | 107,71 |
| Mei/May | 109,15 | 104,89 | 104,96 | 108,32 |
| Juni/June | 107,88 | 104,85 | 105,11 | 108,59 |
| Juli/July | 106,96 | 104,85 | 105,31 | 108,56 |
| Agustus/August | 105,86 | 104,68 | 105,34 | 108,63 |
| September/September | 106,80 | 104,65 | 105,45 | 107,92 |
| Oktober/October | 108,75 | 104,65 | 105,76 | 108,51 |
| November/November | 110,01 | 104,65 | 106,16 | 108,88 |
| Desember/December | 111,35 | 104,63 | 106,56 | 108,89 |
| 2021 | 108,51 | 104,66 | 105,32 | 108,30 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 10.1

| Bulan <i>Month</i> | Kesehatan <i>Health</i> | Transportasi <i>Transportation</i> | Informasi, Komunikasi, dan Jasa Keuangan <i>Information, Communication, and Financial Services</i> | Rekreasi, Olahraga, dan Budaya <i>Recreation, Sports, and Culture</i> |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Januari/ <i>January</i> | 112,69 | 103,38 | 102,49 | 119,75 |
| Februari/ <i>February</i> | 112,57 | 103,68 | 101,65 | 118,22 |
| Maret/ <i>March</i> | 112,11 | 103,96 | 101,74 | 120,76 |
| April/ <i>April</i> | 112,11 | 103,34 | 101,75 | 120,76 |
| Mei/ <i>May</i> | 112,11 | 103,36 | 101,59 | 120,76 |
| Juni/ <i>June</i> | 112,36 | 103,89 | 101,67 | 122,50 |
| Juli/ <i>July</i> | 112,35 | 104,00 | 101,65 | 122,50 |
| Agustus/ <i>August</i> | 112,35 | 103,23 | 101,29 | 122,50 |
| September/ <i>September</i> | 112,35 | 103,64 | 101,29 | 122,50 |
| Oktober/ <i>October</i> | 112,35 | 103,85 | 101,32 | 122,50 |
| November/ <i>November</i> | 112,13 | 104,01 | 101,36 | 122,50 |
| Desember/ <i>December</i> | 112,13 | 104,03 | 101,35 | 122,50 |
| 2021 | 112,30 | 103,70 | 101,60 | 121,48 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 10.1

| Bulan <i>Month</i> | Pendidikan <i>Education</i> | Penyediaan Makanan dan Minuman/Restoran <i>Food and Beverage Providers/ Restaurant</i> | Perawatan Pribadi dan Jasa Lainnya <i>Personal Care and Other Services</i> | Umum <i>General</i> |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|------------------------|
| (1) | (10) | (12) | (13) | (14) |
| Januari/ <i>January</i> | 104,50 | 104,72 | 111,63 | 106,95 |
| Februari/ <i>February</i> | 104,50 | 104,72 | 111,32 | 106,45 |
| Maret/ <i>March</i> | 104,50 | 105,01 | 111,15 | 106,80 |
| April/ <i>April</i> | 104,50 | 105,08 | 111,11 | 106,43 |
| Mei/ <i>May</i> | 104,50 | 105,08 | 111,70 | 106,85 |
| Juni/ <i>June</i> | 104,50 | 105,19 | 112,09 | 106,64 |
| Juli/ <i>July</i> | 104,82 | 105,19 | 111,96 | 106,42 |
| Agustus/ <i>August</i> | 104,82 | 105,21 | 111,52 | 105,95 |
| September/ <i>September</i> | 104,83 | 105,36 | 111,50 | 106,27 |
| Oktober/ <i>October</i> | 104,83 | 105,36 | 111,18 | 106,96 |
| November/ <i>November</i> | 104,83 | 105,36 | 111,77 | 107,48 |
| Desember/ <i>December</i> | 104,83 | 105,93 | 111,80 | 108,00 |
| 2021 | 104,66 | 105,18 | 111,56 | 106,77 |

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, Survei Harga Konsumen/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Consumer Price Survey*

Tabel
Table 10.2**Indeks Harga Konsumen per Bulan Menurut Kelompok Pengeluaran di Muara Bungo (2018=100), 2021**
Consumer Price Index per Month by Expenditure Group in Muara Bungo (2018=100), 2021

| Bulan Month | Makanan, Minuman, dan Tembakau Food, Drinks, and Tobacco | Pakaian dan Alas Kaki Clothing and Footwear | Perumahan, Air, Listrik, dan Bahan Bakar Rumah Tangga Housing, Water, Electricity, and Household Fuel | Perlengkapan, Peralatan, dan Pemeliharaan Rutin Rumah Tangga/Household Equipment, Tools, and Routine Maintenance |
|---------------------|--|--|---|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Januari/January | 109,78 | 108,59 | 101,28 | 105,22 |
| Februari/February | 108,08 | 108,78 | 101,55 | 105,09 |
| Maret/March | 109,91 | 108,83 | 101,41 | 105,16 |
| April/April | 108,85 | 108,83 | 101,44 | 105,49 |
| Mei/May | 108,42 | 109,55 | 101,71 | 106,10 |
| Juni/June | 106,47 | 109,96 | 101,78 | 106,27 |
| Juli/July | 106,96 | 110,01 | 102,01 | 106,77 |
| Agustus/August | 106,25 | 110,20 | 102,10 | 107,17 |
| September/September | 105,48 | 110,20 | 102,27 | 107,48 |
| Oktober/October | 107,72 | 110,01 | 102,49 | 108,64 |
| November/November | 109,59 | 110,01 | 102,62 | 108,62 |
| Desember/December | 110,10 | 110,05 | 103,31 | 109,31 |
| 2021 | 108,13 | 109,59 | 102,00 | 106,78 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 10.2

| Bulan Month | Kesehatan Health | Transportasi Transportation | Informasi, Komunikasi, dan Jasa Keuangan Information, Communication, and Financial Services | Rekreasi, Olahraga, dan Budaya Recreation, Sports, and Culture |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Januari/January | 104,08 | 103,63 | 102,63 | 106,49 |
| Februari/February | 104,08 | 103,93 | 102,73 | 106,56 |
| Maret/March | 104,09 | 103,47 | 102,74 | 106,56 |
| April/April | 104,09 | 103,47 | 102,72 | 106,56 |
| Mei/May | 104,09 | 104,11 | 102,83 | 106,56 |
| Juni/June | 105,21 | 104,37 | 102,88 | 106,64 |
| Juli/July | 105,24 | 104,48 | 102,98 | 106,72 |
| Agustus/August | 105,28 | 104,33 | 103,16 | 106,77 |
| September/September | 105,36 | 104,33 | 103,16 | 106,77 |
| Oktober/October | 105,69 | 104,50 | 103,17 | 106,90 |
| November/November | 105,60 | 104,48 | 103,21 | 106,90 |
| Desember/December | 105,58 | 105,77 | 102,82 | 107,31 |
| 2021 | 104,87 | 104,24 | 102,92 | 106,73 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 10.2

| Bulan Month | Pendidikan Education | Penyediaan Makanan dan Minuman/Restoran Food and Beverage Providers/ Restaurant | Perawatan Pribadi dan Jasa Lainnya Personal Care and Other Services | Umum General |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--|---|-----------------|
| (1) | (10) | (12) | (13) | (14) |
| Januari/January | 102,74 | 105,27 | 118,34 | 106,47 |
| Februari/February | 102,76 | 105,27 | 117,19 | 105,98 |
| Maret/March | 102,76 | 105,27 | 115,34 | 106,35 |
| April/April | 102,76 | 105,27 | 115,69 | 106,07 |
| Mei/May | 102,76 | 105,27 | 117,84 | 106,29 |
| Juni/June | 102,76 | 105,27 | 119,05 | 105,88 |
| Juli/July | 102,76 | 105,27 | 118,44 | 106,09 |
| Agustus/August | 102,76 | 105,27 | 117,80 | 105,88 |
| September/September | 103,16 | 105,43 | 118,30 | 105,75 |
| Oktober/October | 103,16 | 105,43 | 118,39 | 106,57 |
| November/November | 103,16 | 105,43 | 119,26 | 107,21 |
| Desember/December | 103,16 | 105,43 | 119,39 | 107,69 |
| 2021 | 102,89 | 105,32 | 117,92 | 106,35 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Harga Konsumen/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Consumer Price Survey

Tabel
Table 10.3**Laju Inflasi Bulanan Menurut Kelompok Pengeluaran di Kota Jambi (2018=100), 2021**
Monthly Inflation Rate by Expenditure Group in Jambi Municipality (2018=100), 2021

| Bulan Month | Makanan, Minuman, dan Tembakau Food, Drinks, and Tobacco | Pakaian dan Alas Kaki Clothing and Footwear | Perumahan, Air, Listrik, dan Bahan Bakar Rumah Tangga Housing, Water, Electricity, and Household Fuel | Perlengkapan, Peralatan, dan Pemeliharaan Rutin Rumah Tangga/Household Equipment, Tools, and Routine Maintenance |
|---------------------|--|--|---|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Januari/January | 2,29 | -0,11 | 0,28 | 0,06 |
| Februari/February | -1,51 | 0,44 | 0,12 | 0,06 |
| Maret/March | 0,61 | 0,53 | 0,00 | 0,40 |
| April/April | -0,84 | 0,00 | 0,00 | -0,41 |
| Mei/May | 1,02 | -0,01 | 0,12 | 0,57 |
| Juni/June | -1,16 | -0,04 | 0,14 | 0,25 |
| Juli/July | -0,85 | 0,00 | 0,19 | -0,03 |
| Agustus/August | -1,03 | -0,16 | 0,03 | 0,06 |
| September/September | 0,89 | -0,03 | 0,10 | -0,65 |
| Oktober/October | 1,83 | 0,00 | 0,29 | 0,55 |
| November/November | 1,16 | 0,00 | 0,38 | 0,34 |
| Desember/December | 1,22 | -0,02 | 0,38 | 0,01 |
| 2021 | 3,63 | 0,60 | 2,03 | 1,21 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 10.3

| Bulan Month | Kesehatan Health | Transportasi Transportation | Informasi, Komunikasi, dan Jasa Keuangan Information, Communication, and Financial Services | Rekreasi, Olahraga, dan Budaya Recreation, Sports, and Culture |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|---|
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Januari/ <i>January</i> | 0,80 | -0,88 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Februari/ <i>February</i> | -0,11 | 0,29 | -0,82 | -1,28 |
| Maret/ <i>March</i> | -0,41 | 0,27 | 0,09 | 2,15 |
| April/ <i>April</i> | 0,00 | -0,60 | 0,01 | 0,00 |
| Mei/ <i>May</i> | 0,00 | 0,02 | -0,16 | 0,00 |
| Juni/ <i>June</i> | 0,22 | 0,51 | 0,08 | 1,44 |
| Juli/ <i>July</i> | -0,01 | 0,11 | -0,02 | 0,00 |
| Agustus/ <i>August</i> | 0,00 | -0,74 | -0,35 | 0,00 |
| September/ <i>September</i> | 0,00 | 0,40 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Oktober/ <i>October</i> | 0,00 | 0,20 | 0,03 | 0,00 |
| November/ <i>November</i> | -0,20 | 0,15 | 0,04 | 0,00 |
| Desember/ <i>December</i> | 0,00 | 0,02 | -0,01 | 0,00 |
| 2021 | 0,29 | -0,25 | -1,11 | 2,31 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 10.3

| Bulan <i>Month</i> | Pendidikan <i>Education</i> | Penyediaan Makanan dan Minuman/Restoran <i>Food and Beverage Providers/ Restaurant</i> | Perawatan Pribadi dan Jasa Lainnya <i>Personal Care and Other Services</i> | Umum <i>General</i> |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|------------------------|
| (1) | (10) | (12) | (13) | (14) |
| Januari/ <i>January</i> | 0,00 | 0,06 | 0,25 | 0,68 |
| Februari/ <i>February</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | -0,28 | -0,47 |
| Maret/ <i>March</i> | 0,00 | 0,28 | -0,15 | 0,33 |
| April/ <i>April</i> | 0,00 | 0,07 | -0,04 | -0,35 |
| Mei/ <i>May</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,53 | 0,39 |
| Juni/ <i>June</i> | 0,00 | 0,10 | 0,35 | -0,20 |
| Juli/ <i>July</i> | 0,31 | 0,00 | -0,12 | -0,21 |
| Agustus/ <i>August</i> | 0,00 | 0,02 | -0,39 | -0,44 |
| September/ <i>September</i> | 0,01 | 0,14 | -0,02 | 0,30 |
| Oktober/ <i>October</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | -0,29 | 0,65 |
| November/ <i>November</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,53 | 0,49 |
| Desember/ <i>December</i> | 0,00 | 0,54 | 0,03 | 0,48 |
| 2021 | 0,32 | 1,21 | 0,40 | 1,65 |

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, Survei Harga Konsumen/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Consumer Price Survey*

Tabel
Table 10.4**Laju Inflasi Bulanan Menurut Kelompok Pengeluaran di
Muara Bungo (2018=100), 2021**
**Monthly Inflation Rate by Expenditure Group in Muara
Bungo (2018=100), 2021**

| Bulan Month | Makanan, Minuman, dan Tembakau Food, Drinks, and Tobacco | Pakaian dan Alas Kaki Clothing and Footwear | Perumahan, Air, Listrik, dan Bahan Bakar Rumah Tangga Housing, Water, Electricity, and Household Fuel | Perlengkapan, Peralatan, dan Pemeliharaan Rutin Rumah Tangga/Household Equipment, Tools, and Routine Maintenance |
|---------------------|--|--|---|---|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Januari/January | 1,08 | 0,27 | 0,11 | 0,34 |
| Februari/February | -1,55 | 0,17 | 0,27 | -0,12 |
| Maret/March | 1,69 | 0,05 | -0,14 | 0,07 |
| April/April | -0,96 | 0,00 | 0,03 | 0,31 |
| Mei/May | -0,40 | 0,66 | 0,27 | 0,58 |
| Juni/June | -1,80 | 0,37 | 0,07 | 0,16 |
| Juli/July | 0,46 | 0,05 | 0,23 | 0,47 |
| Agustus/August | -0,66 | 0,17 | 0,09 | 0,37 |
| September/September | -0,72 | 0,00 | 0,17 | 0,29 |
| Oktober/October | 2,12 | -0,17 | 0,22 | 1,08 |
| November/November | 1,74 | 0,00 | 0,13 | -0,02 |
| Desember/December | 0,47 | 0,04 | 0,67 | 0,64 |
| 2021 | 1,47 | 1,61 | 2,12 | 4,17 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 10.4

| Bulan Month | Kesehatan Health | Transportasi Transportation | Informasi, Komunikasi, dan Jasa Keuangan Information, Communication, and Financial Services | Rekreasi, Olahraga, dan Budaya Recreation, Sports, and Culture |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|---|
| (1) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) |
| Januari/ <i>January</i> | 0,18 | 0,35 | 0,29 | 0,00 |
| Februari/ <i>February</i> | 0,00 | 0,29 | 0,10 | 0,07 |
| Maret/ <i>March</i> | 0,01 | -0,44 | 0,01 | 0,00 |
| April/ <i>April</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | -0,02 | 0,00 |
| Mei/ <i>May</i> | 0,00 | 0,62 | 0,11 | 0,00 |
| Juni/ <i>June</i> | 1,08 | 0,25 | 0,05 | 0,08 |
| Juli/ <i>July</i> | 0,03 | 0,11 | 0,10 | 0,08 |
| Agustus/ <i>August</i> | 0,04 | -0,14 | 0,17 | 0,05 |
| September/ <i>September</i> | 0,08 | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| Oktober/ <i>October</i> | 0,31 | 0,16 | 0,01 | 0,12 |
| November/ <i>November</i> | -0,09 | -0,02 | 0,04 | 0,00 |
| Desember/ <i>December</i> | -0,02 | 1,23 | -0,38 | 0,38 |
| 2021 | 1,62 | 2,41 | 0,48 | 0,78 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 10.4

| Bulan <i>Month</i> | Pendidikan <i>Education</i> | Penyediaan Makanan dan Minuman/Restoran <i>Food and Beverage Providers/ Restaurant</i> | Perawatan Pribadi dan Jasa Lainnya <i>Personal Care and Other Services</i> | Umum <i>General</i> |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|------------------------|
| (1) | (10) | (12) | (13) | (14) |
| Januari/ <i>January</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,54 | 0,50 |
| Februari/ <i>February</i> | 0,02 | 0,00 | -0,97 | -0,46 |
| Maret/ <i>March</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | -1,58 | 0,35 |
| April/ <i>April</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,30 | -0,26 |
| Mei/ <i>May</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | 1,86 | 0,21 |
| Juni/ <i>June</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | 1,03 | -0,39 |
| Juli/ <i>July</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | -0,51 | 0,20 |
| Agustus/ <i>August</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | -0,54 | -0,20 |
| September/ <i>September</i> | 0,39 | 0,15 | 0,42 | -0,12 |
| Oktober/ <i>October</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,08 | 0,78 |
| November/ <i>November</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,73 | 0,60 |
| Desember/ <i>December</i> | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,11 | 0,45 |
| 2021 | 0,41 | 0,15 | 1,47 | 1,66 |

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, Survei Harga Konsumen/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Consumer Price Survey*

Tabel
Table 10.5**Inflasi Tahun Kalender Kota Jambi (2018=100) (Indeks),
2020-2021**
**Jambi City Calendar Year Inflation (2018=100) (Index),
2020-2021**

| Bulan Month | 2020 | 2021 |
|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Januari/January | 1,83 | 0,68 |
| Februari/February | 2,67 | 0,21 |
| Maret/March | 3,09 | 0,54 |
| April/April | 0,24 | 0,19 |
| Mei/May | 0,53 | 0,58 |
| Juni/June | 0,88 | 0,39 |
| Juli/July | 0,83 | 0,18 |
| Agustus/August | 0,86 | -0,26 |
| September/September | 0,99 | 0,04 |
| Oktober/October | 1,77 | 0,69 |
| November/November | 2,35 | 1,18 |
| Desember/December | 3,09 | 1,67 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Harga Konsumen/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Consumer Price Survey

Tabel
Table 10.6**Inflasi Tahun Kalender Muara Bungo (2018=100) (Indeks),
2020-2021**
**Muara Bungo Calendar Year Inflation (2018=100) (Index),
2020-2021**

| Bulan Month | 2020 | 2021 |
|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| Januari/January | 0,74 | 0,50 |
| Februari/February | 1,10 | 0,04 |
| Maret/March | 0,53 | 0,39 |
| April/April | 0,24 | 0,12 |
| Mei/May | 0,73 | 0,33 |
| Juni/June | 0,98 | -0,06 |
| Juli/July | 0,63 | 0,14 |
| Agustus/August | 0,69 | -0,06 |
| September/September | 0,71 | -0,18 |
| Oktober/October | 1,30 | 0,59 |
| November/November | 1,75 | 1,20 |
| Desember/December | 2,32 | 1,65 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Harga Konsumen/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Consumer Price Survey

BAB 11 PENGELUARAN PENDUDUK

Chapter 11. Population Expenditure

RATA-RATA PENGELUARAN PERKAPITA PERBULAN 2021

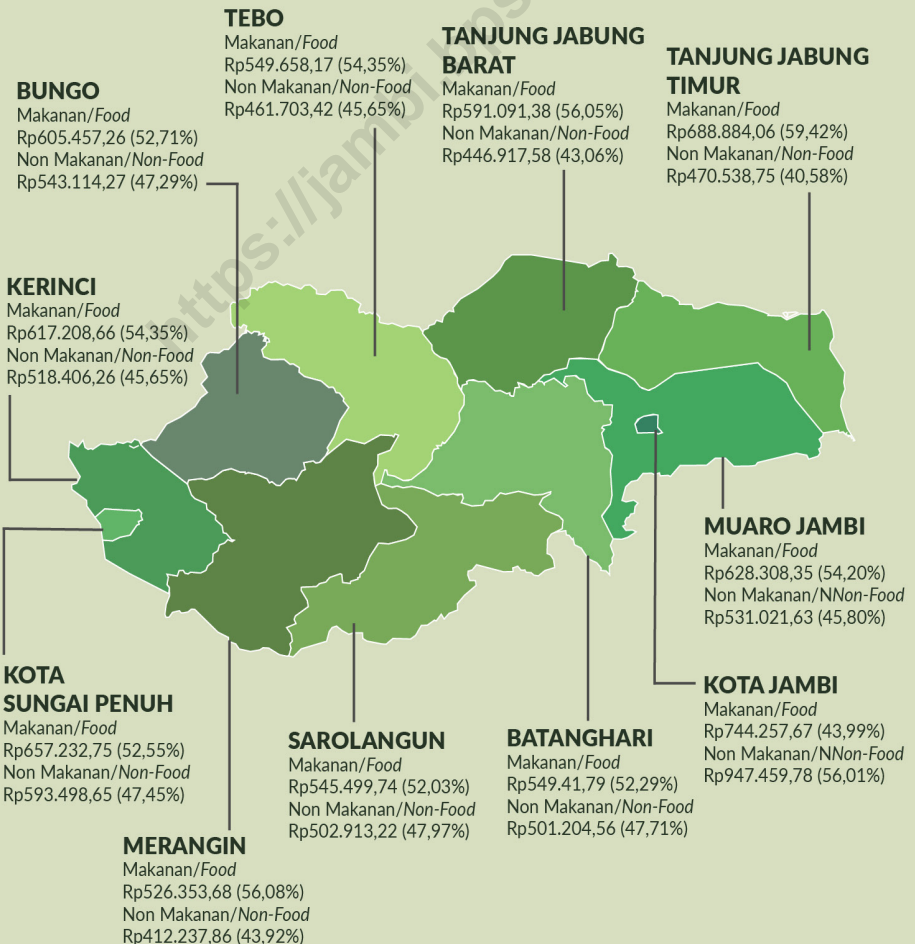
Monthly Average Expenditure per Capita 2021

Makanan/Food

Rp613.752,76 (52,00%)

Bukan Makanan/Non-Food

Rp566.507,00 (48,00%)



PENJELASAN TEKNIS

TECHNICAL NOTES

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>1. Kegiatan pengumpulan data sosial dan ekonomi yang dilaksanakan secara rutin oleh BPS melalui Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas).</p> | <p>1. <i>Socioeconomic data collection activities are carried out regularly by the BPS-Statistics Indonesia through the National Socioeconomic Survey (Susenas).</i></p> |
| <p>2. Sejak tahun 2011 sampai dengan 2014, pengumpulan data Susenas konsumsi pengeluaran rumah tangga dilaksanakan secara triwulanan. Mulai tahun 2015 pengumpulan data Susenas dilaksanakan dua kali dalam setahun, yaitu pada Maret dan September.</p> | <p>2. <i>Since 2011 to 2014, Susenas data collection of household consumption/expenditures was conducted quarterly. Starting in 2015, collecting of data Susenas carry out twice a year, in March and September.</i></p> |
| <p>3. Target sampel Susenas Maret adalah 300.000 rumah tangga yang tersebar di seluruh kabupaten/kota di Indonesia. Target sampel Susenas pada bulan September adalah sebanyak 75.000 rumah tangga.</p> | <p>3. <i>The March Susenas target sample covers 300.000 households spread out at all regency/municipality in Indonesia. The September Susenas target sample covers 75.000 households.</i></p> |
| <p>4. Data hasil pencacahan Susenas Maret dapat disajikan untuk tingkat nasional, provinsi, dan kabupaten/kota, sedangkan untuk data hasil Susenas September hanya dapat disajikan untuk tingkat nasional dan provinsi.</p> | <p>4. <i>The result from Susenas data collection in March can be presented on national, provincial, and regency/municipal level estimates, while data collection in September can be disseminated only for the national and provincial levels.</i></p> |
| <p>5. Data konsumsi/pengeluaran yang dikumpulkan pada Susenas Maret dibagi menjadi dua kelompok, yaitu makanan dan bukan makanan. Jumlah</p> | <p>5. <i>The consumption/ expenditure data collected in March Susenas are divided into two groups, namely food and non-food. The number of food commodity are 174</i></p> |

komoditas makanan sebanyak 174 komoditas. Pengumpulan data kelompok makanan meliputi banyaknya komoditas yang dikonsumsi beserta nilai pengeluarannya.

commodities. The food group data collection includes quantity and value of commodities consumed.

6. Pengumpulan data pada sebagian besar kelompok bukan makanan hanya mencakup nilai pengeluaran barang yang dikonsumsi, kecuali beberapa jenis barang tertentu juga dikumpulkan kuantitasnya, seperti listrik, air, gas, dan bahan bakar minyak (BBM).
 7. Referensi waktu survei yang digunakan adalah selama seminggu terakhir untuk konsumsi makanan dan sebulan atau setahun terakhir untuk konsumsi bukan makanan.
 8. Data ketersediaan konsumsi pangan per kapita bersumber dari perhitungan Neraca Bahan Makanan (NBM) Indonesia, hasil kerja sama antara Badan Pusat Statistik dan Kementerian Pertanian.
 9. Metode yang dipakai untuk penyusunan NBM berpedoman pada buku rujukan yang diterbitkan oleh organisasi pangan sedunia, yaitu Food Agriculture Organization (FAO).
 10. Penyediaan pangan dalam negeri
6. *Data collection on most of non food groups covers only the value of expenditures consumed except for certain comodities which are also collected for its quantity, such as the use of electricity, water, gas, and fuel oil (BBM).*
 7. *The survey time reference period is previous week before enumeration date for food consumption and last month or last year for non-food consumption.*
 8. *Data on the availability of per capita food consumption are from the Indonesian Food Balance Sheet computed by the BPS-Statistics Indonesia in collaboration with the Ministry of Agriculture.*
 9. *The FAO method is adopted to compute the Food Balance Sheet.*
 10. *Domestic food availability is*

adalah produk dalam negeri ditambah dengan perubahan stok dan impor dikurangi dengan ekspor.

defined as domestic production plus changes in stock and imports minus exports.

11. Ketersediaan pangan untuk dikonsumsi penduduk terlebih dahulu dikurangi dengan bagian produksi yang digunakan untuk bibit, makanan ternak, industri, dan yang tercecer.

11. *In compiling data on domestic food availability, the share of production for seeds, waste, residuals, animal feeds, and industrial use are first taken into account.*

12. Ketersediaan pangan per kapita adalah ketersediaan pangan dibagi dengan jumlah penduduk pertengahan tahun. Ketersediaan pangan per kapita bisa dalam bentuk kuantum maupun unsur gizi, yaitu kalori, protein, dan lemak.

12. *Per capita food availability is total food availability divided by number of population midyear. It is presented in terms of quantity as well as nutrient content, such as calories, proteins, and fats.*

ULASAN

Secara umum tingkat ketersediaan pangan nasional ditinjau dari kecukupangizi seperti yang disyaratkan Widyakarya Pangan dan Gizi ke VIII (2004) telah mencukupi kebutuhan rata-rata penduduk. Angka kecukupan energi (kalori) rata-rata yang harus dicapai pada tingkat konsumsi sebesar 2.100 kkal/orang/hari. Sementara angka kecukupan konsumsi protein adalah sebesar 57 gram/orang/hari. Rata-rata pengeluaran per kapita sebulan menurut kelompok komoditas di Provinsi Jambi tahun 2021 adalah sebesar Rp.1.180.260,-.

Rata-rata pengeluaran per kapita sebulan tahun 2021 lebih tinggi dibandingkan dengan data 2020 sebesar Rp.1.126.690,-.

Rata-rata pengeluaran per kapita sebulan dibagi dalam dua kelompok, yaitu kelompok makanan sebesar Rp.613.753,- dan bukan makanan sebesar Rp.566.507,-.

Tabel 11.3 dan Tabel 11.4 membandingkan pengeluaran menurut kelompok makanan dan bukan makanan tahun 2020 dan 2021 berdasarkan kabupaten/kota di Provinsi Jambi. Dari tabel tersebut terlihat bahwa peningkatan pengeluaran per kapita sebulan hanya terjadi di beberapa kabupaten/kota di Provinsi Jambi, Sarolangun, Muaro Jambi, Tanjung Jabung Timur, Tanjung

DESCRIPTION

In general, the level of national food availability in terms of nutritional adequacy as required by the VIIIth Food and Nutrition Widyakarya (2004) has met the needs of the average population. Energy adequacy figure (calories) on average that must be achieved at a consumption level of 2,100 kcal / person / day. Meanwhile, the adequacy of protein consumption is 57 grams / person / day.

The average monthly per capita expenditure according to the commodity group in Jambi Province in 2020 is ID1 1,180.260,-.

The average monthly per capita expenditure in 2021 is higher than the 2020 data of Rp. 1,126.690, -.

The average monthly per capita expenditure is divided into two groups, namely the food group of Rp. 613.753, - and the non-food group of Rp. 566,507.

Table 11.3 and Table 11.4 compare expenditures by food and non-food groups in 2020 and 2021 by districts/cities in Jambi Province. From the table, it can be seen that the increase in monthly per capita expenditure only occurred in a few districts/cities in Jambi Province, Sarolangun, Muaro Jambi, Tanjung Jabung Timur, Tanjung Jabung Barat, Tebo, Bungo, Jambi City, while other districts experienced a decline.

Jabung Barat, Tebo, Bungo , Kota Jambi, sementara kabupaten lainnya mengalami penurunan.

Tabel 11.5 memuat persentase penduduk menurut golongan pengeluaran per kapita sebulan di Provinsi Jambi. Persentase penduduk menurut golongan pengeluaran per kapita sebulan paling banyak pada golongan 1.000.000 - 1.4999.999 rupiah. Seluruh data pengeluaran didapatkan dari hasil Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (SUSENAS) 2021.

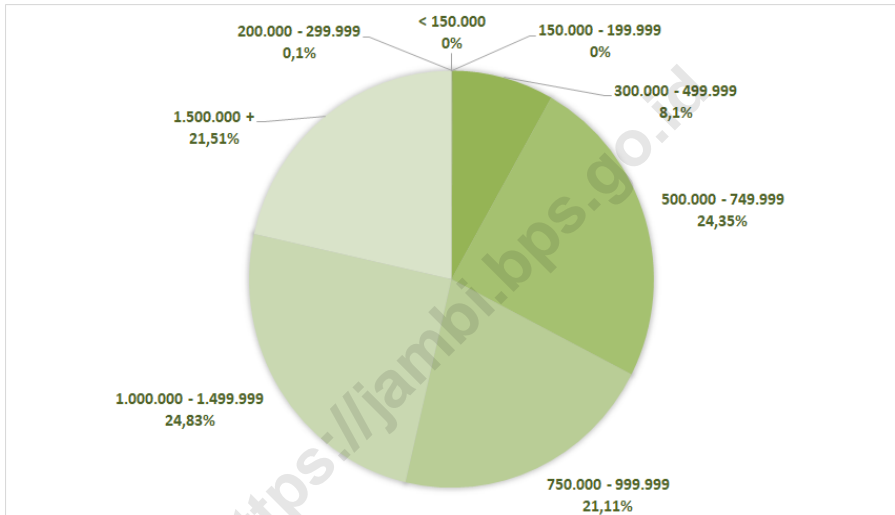
Table 11.5 contains the percentage of the population according to monthly per capita expenditure groups in Jambi Province. Per capita monthly expenditure percentage of population is at most in the 1,000,000 - 1,4999,999 rupiah. All expenditure data are obtained from the results of the 2021 National Socio-Economic Survey (SUSENAS).

<https://jambi.bps.go.id>

Gambar
Figures

11

Persentase Penduduk Menurut Golongan Pengeluaran Per Kapita Sebulan di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Average Monthly per Capita Expenditure in Jambi Province, 2021



Sumber/Source : BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas)/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey

Tabel
Table 11.1

Rata-rata Pengeluaran per Kapita Sebulan Menurut Kelompok Komoditas dan Daerah Tempat Tinggal (rupiah), 2020 dan 2021
Monthly Average Expenditure per Capita by Commodity Group and Urban Rural Classification (rupiahs), 2020 and 2021

| Kelompok Komoditas/Commodity Group | 2020 | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| | Kota/Urban | Desa/Rural | Kota+Desa Urban+Rural |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Makanan/Food | | | |
| Padi-padian/Cereals | 59 430 | 74 900 | 69 884 |
| Umbi-umbian/Tubers | 7 441 | 7 464 | 7 456 |
| Ikan/udang/cumi/kerang/Fish/shrimp/common squid/shells | 60 472 | 51 580 | 54 463 |
| Daging/Meat | 28 691 | 24 431 | 25 812 |
| Telur dan susu/Eggs and milk | 35 814 | 25 838 | 29 073 |
| Sayur-sayuran/Vegetables | 52 521 | 64 369 | 60 528 |
| Kacang-kacangan/Legumes | 9 102 | 9 797 | 9 572 |
| Buah-buahan/Fruits | 33 578 | 27 707 | 29 611 |
| Minyak dan kelapa/Oil and coconut | 16 754 | 18 195 | 17 728 |
| Bahan minuman/Beverage stuffs | 16 493 | 19 309 | 18 396 |
| Bumbu-bumbuan/Spices | 9 976 | 10 478 | 10 315 |
| Konsumsi lainnya/Miscellaneous food items | 12 313 | 10 099 | 10 817 |
| Makanan dan minuman jadi/Prepared food and beverages | 219 915 | 137 889 | 164 484 |
| Rokok/Cigarettes | 78 457 | 83 751 | 82 034 |
| Jumlah makanan/Total food | 640 958 | 565 807 | 590 173 |
| Bukan makanan/Non-food | | | |
| Perumahan dan fasilitas rumah tangga/Housing and household facilities | 375 942 | 237 507 | 282 392 |
| Aneka barang dan jasa/Goods and services | 165 463 | 86 517 | 112 114 |
| Pakaian, alas kaki, dan tutup kepala/Clothing, footwear, and headgear | 46 595 | 39 948 | 42 103 |
| Barang tahan lama/Durable goods | 77 425 | 35 776 | 49 280 |
| Pajak, pungutan, dan asuransi/Taxes and insurance | 46 457 | 27 526 | 33 664 |
| Keperluan pesta dan upacara/kenduri/Parties and ceremonies | 21 966 | 14 563 | 16 963 |
| Jumlah bukan makanan/Total non-food | 733 848 | 441 838 | 536 516 |
| Jumlah/Total | 1 374 805 | 1 007 645 | 1 126 690 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 11.1

| Kelompok Komoditas/ <i>Commodity Group</i> | 2021 | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Kota/Urban | Desa/Rural | Kota+Desa <i>Urban+Rural</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Makanan/Food | | | |
| Padi-padian/ <i>Cereals</i> | 63 799 | 75 718 | 71 808 |
| Umbi-umbian/ <i>Tubers</i> | 8 453 | 8 812 | 8 694 |
| Ikan/udang/cumi/kerang/ <i>Fish/shrimp/common squid/shells</i> | 66 804 | 58 271 | 61 070 |
| Daging/ <i>Meat</i> | 34 261 | 28 473 | 30 371 |
| Telur dan susu/ <i>Eggs and milk</i> | 41 947 | 26 807 | 31 773 |
| Sayur-sayuran/ <i>Vegetables</i> | 66 933 | 71 305 | 69 871 |
| Kacang-kacangan/ <i>Legumes</i> | 11 458 | 9 969 | 10 458 |
| Buah-buahan/ <i>Fruits</i> | 30 051 | 23 305 | 25 518 |
| Minyak dan kelapa/ <i>Oil and coconut</i> | 18 965 | 19 318 | 19 202 |
| Bahan minuman/ <i>Beverage stuffs</i> | 17 720 | 19 470 | 18 896 |
| Bumbu-bumbuan/ <i>Spices</i> | 12 212 | 11 117 | 11 476 |
| Konsumsi lainnya/ <i>Miscellaneous food items</i> | 14 018 | 11 135 | 12 080 |
| Makanan dan minuman jadi/ <i>Prepared food and beverages</i> | 205 922 | 137 607 | 160 014 |
| Rokok/ <i>Cigarettes</i> | 80 808 | 83 357 | 82 521 |
| Jumlah makanan/<i>Total food</i> | 673 353 | 584 663 | 613 753 |
| Bukan makanan/<i>Non-food</i> | | | |
| Perumahan dan fasilitas rumah tangga/ <i>Housing and household facilities</i> | 397 572 | 251 564 | 299 454 |
| Aneka barang dan jasa/ <i>Goods and services</i> | 165 618 | 89 949 | 114 768 |
| Pakaian, alas kaki, dan tutup kepala/ <i>Clothing, footwear, and headgear</i> | 44 151 | 39 279 | 40 877 |
| Barang tahan lama/ <i>Durable goods</i> | 70 185 | 48 891 | 55 876 |
| Pajak, pungutan, dan asuransi/ <i>Taxes and insurance</i> | 62 040 | 34 495 | 43 530 |
| Keperluan pesta dan upacara/kenduri/ <i>Parties and ceremonies</i> | 13 795 | 11 126 | 12 001 |
| Jumlah bukan makanan/<i>Total non-food</i> | 753 363 | 475 305 | 566 507 |
| Jumlah/<i>Total</i> | 1 426 715 | 1 059 967 | 1 180 260 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas) Maret 2020 dan Maret 2021/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey March 2020 and March 2021

Tabel 11.2
Table

Persentase Pengeluaran per Kapita Sebulan Menurut Kelompok Komoditas dan Daerah Tempat Tinggal, 2020 dan 2021
Percentage of Monthly Expenditure per Capita by Commodity Group and Urban Rural Classification, 2020 and 2021

| Kelompok Komoditas/ <i>Commodity Group</i> | 2020 | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| | Kota/Urban | Desa/Rural | Kota+Desa <i>Urban+Rural</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Makanan/<i>Food</i> | | | |
| Padi-padian/ <i>Cereals</i> | 4,32 | 7,43 | 6,20 |
| Umbi-umbian/ <i>Tubers</i> | 0,54 | 0,74 | 0,66 |
| Ikan/udang/cumi/kerang/ <i>Fish/shrimp/common squid/shells</i> | 4,40 | 5,12 | 4,83 |
| Daging/ <i>Meat</i> | 2,09 | 2,42 | 2,29 |
| Telur dan susu/ <i>Eggs and milk</i> | 2,61 | 2,56 | 2,58 |
| Sayur-sayuran/ <i>Vegetables</i> | 3,82 | 6,39 | 5,37 |
| Kacang-kacangan/ <i>Legumes</i> | 0,66 | 0,97 | 0,85 |
| Buah-buahan/ <i>Fruits</i> | 2,44 | 2,75 | 2,63 |
| Minyak dan kelapa/ <i>Oil and coconut</i> | 1,22 | 1,81 | 1,57 |
| Bahan minuman/ <i>Beverage stuffs</i> | 1,20 | 1,92 | 1,63 |
| Bumbu-bumbuan/ <i>Spices</i> | 0,73 | 1,04 | 0,92 |
| Konsumsi lainnya/ <i>Miscellaneous food items</i> | 0,90 | 1,00 | 0,96 |
| Makanan dan minuman jadi/ <i>Prepared food and beverages</i> | 16,00 | 13,68 | 14,60 |
| Rokok/ <i>Cigarettes</i> | 5,71 | 8,31 | 7,28 |
| Jumlah makanan/<i>Total food</i> | 46,62 | 56,15 | 52,38 |
| Bukan makanan/<i>Non-food</i> | | | |
| Perumahan dan fasilitas rumah tangga/ <i>Housing and household facilities</i> | 27,35 | 23,57 | 25,06 |
| Aneka barang dan jasa/ <i>Goods and services</i> | 12,04 | 8,59 | 9,95 |
| Pakaian, alas kaki, dan tutup kepala/ <i>Clothing, footwear, and headgear</i> | 3,39 | 3,96 | 3,74 |
| Barang tahan lama/ <i>Durable goods</i> | 5,63 | 3,55 | 4,37 |
| Pajak, pungutan, dan asuransi/ <i>Taxes and insurance</i> | 3,38 | 2,73 | 2,99 |
| Keperluan pesta dan upacara/kenduri/ <i>Parties and ceremonies</i> | 1,60 | 1,45 | 1,51 |
| Jumlah bukan makanan/<i>Total non-food</i> | 53,38 | 43,85 | 47,62 |
| Jumlah/<i>Total</i> | 100,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 11.2

| Kelompok Komoditas/ <i>Commodity Group</i> | 2021 | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| | Kota/Urban | Desa/Rural | Kota+Desa <i>Urban+Rural</i> |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
| Makanan/<i>Food</i> | | | |
| Padi-padian/ <i>Cereals</i> | 4,47 | 7,14 | 6,08 |
| Umbi-umbian/ <i>Tubers</i> | 0,59 | 0,83 | 0,74 |
| Ikan/udang cumi/kerang/ <i>Fish/shrimp/common squid/shells</i> | 4,68 | 5,50 | 5,17 |
| Daging/ <i>Meat</i> | 2,40 | 2,69 | 2,57 |
| Telur dan susu/ <i>Eggs and milk</i> | 2,94 | 2,53 | 2,69 |
| Sayur-sayuran/ <i>Vegetables</i> | 4,69 | 6,73 | 5,92 |
| Kacang-kacangan/ <i>Legumes</i> | 0,80 | 0,94 | 0,89 |
| Buah-buahan/ <i>Fruits</i> | 2,11 | 2,20 | 2,16 |
| Minyak dan kelapa/ <i>Oil and coconut</i> | 1,33 | 1,82 | 1,63 |
| Bahan minuman/ <i>Beverage stuffs</i> | 1,24 | 1,84 | 1,60 |
| Bumbu-bumbuan/ <i>Spices</i> | 0,86 | 1,05 | 0,97 |
| Konsumsi lainnya/ <i>Miscellaneous food items</i> | 0,98 | 1,05 | 1,02 |
| Makanan dan minuman jadi/ <i>Prepared food and beverages</i> | 14,43 | 12,98 | 13,56 |
| Rokok/ <i>Cigarettes</i> | 5,66 | 7,86 | 6,99 |
| Jumlah makanan/<i>Total food</i> | 47,20 | 55,16 | 52,00 |
| Bukan makanan/<i>Non-food</i> | | | |
| Perumahan dan fasilitas rumah tangga/ <i>Housing and household facilities</i> | 27,87 | 23,73 | 25,37 |
| Aneka barang dan jasa/ <i>Goods and services</i> | 11,61 | 8,49 | 9,72 |
| Pakaian, alas kaki, dan tutup kepala/ <i>Clothing, footwear, and headgear</i> | 3,09 | 3,71 | 3,46 |
| Barang tahan lama/ <i>Durable goods</i> | 4,92 | 4,61 | 4,73 |
| Pajak, pungutan, dan asuransi/ <i>Taxes and insurance</i> | 4,35 | 3,25 | 3,69 |
| Keperluan pesta dan upacara/kenduri/ <i>Parties and ceremonies</i> | 0,97 | 1,05 | 1,02 |
| Jumlah bukan makanan/<i>Total non-food</i> | 52,80 | 44,84 | 48,00 |
| Jumlah/<i>Total</i> | 100,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas) Maret 2020 dan Maret 2021/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey March 2020 and March 2021

Tabel 11.3
Table

Rata-rata Pengeluaran per Kapita Sebulan Makanan dan Bukan Makanan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota (rupiah) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021
Monthly Average of Food and Non-Food Expenditure per Capita Areas by Regency/Municipality (rupiahs) in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021

| Kabupaten/ Kota Regency/ Municipality | Makanan/Food | | Bukan Makanan/Non-Food | | Jumlah/Total | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) |
| Kerinci | 640 907,13 | 617 208,66 | 527 724,99 | 518 406,26 | 1 168 632,12 | 1 135 614,92 |
| Merangin | 540 796,41 | 526 353,68 | 478 415,09 | 412 237,86 | 1 019 212,50 | 938 591,54 |
| Sarolangun | 513 222,60 | 545 499,74 | 441 629,39 | 502 913,22 | 954 852,99 | 1 048 412,96 |
| Batang Hari | 586 997,71 | 549 241,79 | 473 811,65 | 501 204,56 | 1 060 809,36 | 1 050 446,35 |
| Muaro Jambi | 599 759,88 | 628 308,35 | 459 668,33 | 531 021,63 | 1 059 428,21 | 1 159 329,98 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 593 818,28 | 688 884,06 | 413 909,96 | 470 538,75 | 1 007 728,25 | 1 159 422,81 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 547 358,42 | 591 091,38 | 395 475,19 | 446 917,58 | 942 833,61 | 1 038 008,96 |
| Tebo | 560 732,98 | 549 658,17 | 450 285,75 | 461 703,42 | 1 011 018,73 | 1 011 361,59 |
| Bungo | 551 070,35 | 605 457,26 | 511 237,54 | 543 114,27 | 1 062 307,89 | 1 148 571,54 |
| Kota Jambi | 683 032,59 | 744 257,67 | 880 562,17 | 947 459,78 | 1 563 594,76 | 1 691 717,45 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 697 670,30 | 657 232,75 | 662 176,44 | 593 498,65 | 1 359 846,74 | 1 250 731,40 |
| Jambi | 590 173,34 | 613 752,76 | 536 516,27 | 566 507,00 | 1 126 689,61 | 1 180 259,76 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas) Maret 2020 dan Maret 2021/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey March 2020 and March 2021

Tabel
Table 11.4

Persentase Pengeluaran per Kapita Sebulan Makanan dan Bukan Makanan Menurut Kabupaten/Kota (rupiah) di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021
Percentage of Monthly Food and Non-Food Expenditure per Capita by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | Makanan Food | | Bukan Makanan Non-Food | |
|--|-----------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Kerinci | 54,84 | 54,35 | 45,16 | 45,65 |
| Merangin | 53,06 | 56,08 | 46,94 | 43,92 |
| Sarolangun | 53,75 | 52,03 | 46,25 | 47,97 |
| Batang Hari | 55,33 | 52,29 | 44,67 | 47,71 |
| Muaro Jambi | 56,61 | 54,20 | 43,39 | 45,80 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 58,93 | 59,42 | 41,07 | 40,58 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 58,05 | 56,94 | 41,95 | 43,06 |
| Tebo | 55,46 | 54,35 | 44,54 | 45,65 |
| Bungo | 51,87 | 52,71 | 48,13 | 47,29 |
| Kota Jambi | 43,68 | 43,99 | 56,32 | 56,01 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 51,31 | 52,55 | 48,69 | 47,45 |
| Jambi | 52,38 | 52,00 | 47,62 | 48,00 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas) Maret 2020 dan Maret 2021/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey March 2020 and March 2021

Tabel
Table 11.5**Persentase Penduduk Menurut Golongan Pengeluaran Per Kapita Sebulan di Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021**
Percentage of Population by Per Capita Spending Group a Month in Jambi Province, 2020 and 2021

| Golongan Pengeluaran per Kapita Sebulan (rupiah)/Class of Monthly Expenditure per Capita (rupiahs) | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) |
| < 150 000 | - | - |
| 150 000–199 999 | - | - |
| 200 000–299 999 | 0,25 | 0,10 |
| 300 000–499 999 | 9,19 | 8,10 |
| 500 000–749 999 | 27,90 | 24,35 |
| 750 000–999 999 | 19,66 | 21,11 |
| 1 000 000–1 499 999 | 22,45 | 24,83 |
| 1 500 000+ | 20,55 | 21,51 |
| Jumlah/Total | 100,00 | 100,00 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional (Susenas) Maret 2020 dan Maret 2021/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socioeconomic Survey March 2020 and March 2021

BAB 12 PERDAGANGAN LUAR NEGERI

Chapter 12. Foreign Trade

VOLUME DAN NILAI EKSPOR-IMPOR PROVINSI JAMBI BERDASARKAN PELABUHAN MUAT-BONGKAR 2021

Volume dan Value of Export and Import by Port of Loading and Unloading 2021

PELABUHAN JAMBI

Ekspor/Export

Volume/Volume 1.208.139.560 kg

Nilai FOB/FOB Value 942.466.757 USD

Impor/Import

Volume/Volume 7.565.975 kg

Nilai FOB/FOB Value 6.972.262 USD

PELABUHAN KUALA TUNGKAL

Ekspor/Export

Volume/Volume 555.227.568 kg

Nilai FOB/FOB Value 159.3293542 USD

Impor/Import

Volume/Volume 90.842.364 kg

Nilai FOB/FOB Value 18.578.127 USD

PELABUHAN MUARA SABAK

Ekspor/Export

Volume/Volume 2.220.513.600 kg

Nilai FOB/FOB Value 456.253.404 USD

Impor/Import

Volume/Volume 5.595.444 kg

Nilai FOB/FOB Value 2.368.305 USD

PELABUHAN UDARA SULTAN THAHA

Ekspor/Export

Volume/Volume 45 kg

Nilai FOB/FOB Value 625 USD

Impor/Import

Volume/Volume 7.121.837 kg

Nilai FOB/FOB Value 3.993.471 USD



PENJELASAN TEKNIS**TECHNICAL NOTES**

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1. Sistem pencatatan Statistik Ekspor dan Impor adalah “General Trade” dengan wilayah pencatatan meliputi seluruh wilayah kepabeanan Indonesia. Sebelum tahun 2008, sistem pencatatan Statistik Impor adalah “Special Trade” dengan wilayah pencatatan meliputi seluruh wilayah kepabeanan Indonesia kecuali Kawasan Berikat yang dianggap/diperlakukan sebagai luar negeri.</p> | <p>1. <i>The recording of export and import statistics is based on General Trade System covering all Indonesian customs areas. Before 2008, the recording of import statistics is based on Special Trade System, which covers all Indonesian customs areas except bounded zones, which are regarded as “abroad”.</i></p> |
| <p>2. Pengesahan dokumen kepabeanan ekspor dan impor dilakukan oleh Bea dan Cukai berdasarkan Persetujuan Muat/Bongkar Barang.</p> | <p>2. <i>The legalization of customs export and import documents is conducted by the Customs and Excise Office based on loading/unloading agreement.</i></p> |
| <p>3. Data ekspor utamanya berasal dari dokumen kepabeanan BC 3.0 atau yang disebut dokumen Pemberitahuan Ekspor Barang (PEB) yang diisi oleh eksportir. Sejak 2015, sumber data lainnya adalah catatan instansi lain, PT. POS, dan survei ekspor perbatasan laut</p> | <p>3. <i>The export data are mainly compiled based on customs export documents BC 3.0 or known as Export Declarations (PEB), filled by exporters. Since 2015, other sources are administrative records of other agencies, post office, and sea border export survey.</i></p> |
| <p>4. Data impor berasal dari dokumen kepabeanan BC 2.0 atau yang disebut dokumen Pemberitahuan Impor Barang (PIB), Pemberitahuan Impor Barang Khusus (PIBK), Pemberitahuan Pabean Free Trade Zone (PPFTZ) dan dokumen kepabeanan BC 2.3 yang mencatat impor barang dari</p> | <p>4. <i>The import data are compiled based on customs import documents BC 2.0 or known as Import Declarations Form (PIB), Import Declarations Form for Special Commodity (PIBK), Customs Declaration Form for Free Trade Zone (PPFTZ), and customs import documents BC 2.3 which records import goods from foreign</i></p> |

Luar Negeri ke Kawasan Berikat.

countries to Bounded Zones Area.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>5. Barang-barang yang dikirim ke luar negeri untuk diolah dicatat sebagai ekspor, sedangkan hasil olahan yang dikembalikan ke Indonesia dicatat sebagai impor.</p> <p>6. Barang-barang luar negeri yang diolah di dalam negeri dicatat sebagai barang impor meskipun barang olahan tersebut akan kembali ke luar negeri.</p> <p>7. Barang-barang yang tidak dicakup dalam pencatatan:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Pakaian dan barang-barang perhiasan penumpang. b. Barang-barang bawaan penumpang dari/ke luar negeri untuk dipakai sendiri, kecuali lemari es, pesawat televisi, dan sebagainya. c. Barang-barang untuk keperluan perwakilan kedutaan suatu negara. d. Barang-barang ekspedisi dan ekshibisi atau pameran. e. Pembungkus/peti kemas untuk diisi kembali. f. Uang dan surat-surat berharga. g. Barang-barang contoh <p>8. Negara utama adalah negara yang mempunyai nilai ekspor/impor terbesar pada tahun 2018.</p> <p>9. Pelabuhan utama adalah pelabuhan yang mempunyai</p> | <p>5. <i>Goods sent abroad for processing purposes are recorded as export while its products sent to Indonesia are recorded as import.</i></p> <p>6. <i>Foreign goods processed in Indonesia are still recorded as imports although its products will be sent back to abroad.</i></p> <p>7. <i>The following goods are not included in the statistics:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. <i>Passenger's clothings and jewelries.</i> b. <i>Luggage of passengers for their own use, except refrigerators, television sets, etc.</i> c. <i>Goods imported/exported for the use of foreign representative countries/embassies.</i> d. <i>Goods for expeditions, and shows or exhibitions.</i> e. <i>Packings/containers to be re-filled.</i> f. <i>Bank notes and securities</i> g. <i>Sample goods</i> <p>8. <i>Major country is a country which has biggest export/import value in 2018.</i></p> <p>9. <i>Major port is a port which has biggest export/import value in</i></p> |
|---|--|

nilai ekspor/impor terbesar pada tahun 2018.

2018.

10. Kelompok komoditi yang ditampilkan merupakan gabungan dari beberapa kode HS dengan pendekatan struktur KBLI 2015. Sejak tahun 2016, kelompok komoditi pada tabel 14.2.8-14.2.28 mengakomodir struktur KBLI 2015.

10. *The commodities group displayed is a combination of some HS Codes that follow KBLI 2015 structure. Since 2016, commodities group at the heading table 14.2.8-14.2.28 are acommodated structure of KBLI 2015.*

<https://jambi.bps.go.id>

ULASAN**DESCRIPTION****Ekspor**

Setelah kondisi pandemi covid-19 di tahun 2021 mulai mereda, volume ekspor tahun 2021 kembali meningkat 47,41 persen. Di tahun 2020 volume ekspor sebesar 2.681,7 ribu ton dan di tahun 2021 meningkat menjadi 3.963,9 ribu ton. Nilai ekspor tahun 2021 sebesar US \$1.558.050.329. Pelabuhan muat dengan volume ekspor terbesar di Provinsi Jambi adalah pelabuhan muat Muara Sabak sebesar 2.200,5 ribu ton dan nilai ekspor terbesar berasal dari pelabuhan muat Jambi sebesar US \$942.466.757.

Impor

Volume impor tahun 2021 menurun 23,24 persen dibandingkan dengan tahun 2020. Volume impor tahun 2021 sebesar 111,1 ribu ton dengan nilai impor sebesar US \$31.912.165. Volume impor terbesar masuk melalui pelabuhan bongkar Kuala Tungkal, yaitu sebesar 90,8 ribu ton dengan nilai impor sebesar US \$ 18.578.127.

Export

After the COVID-19 pandemic conditions in 2021 began to subside, the export volume in 2021 increased by 47.41 percent. In 2020 the export volume was 2,681.7 thousand tons and in 2021 it increased to 3,963.9 thousand tons. The export value in 2021 was US \$ 1,558,050,329. The loading port with the largest export volume in Jambi Province was the Muara Sabak loading port of 2,200.5 thousand tons and the largest export value comes from the Jambi loading port of US \$942,466,757.

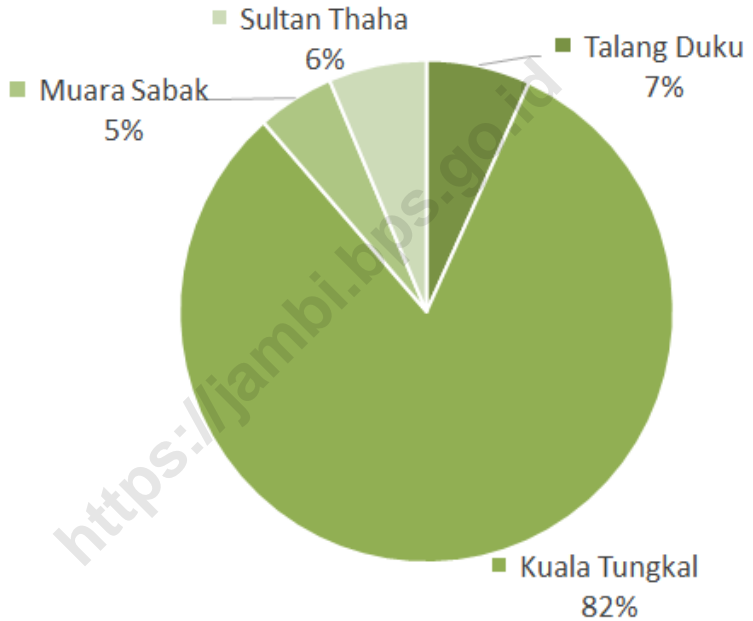
Import

The import volume in 2021 decreased by 23.24 percent compared to 2020. The import volume in 2021 was 111.1 thousand tons with an import value of US \$ 31,912,165. The largest volume of imports came through the Kuala Tungkal loading port, amounting to 90.8 thousand tons with an import value of US \$ 18,578,127.

Gambar
Figures

12

Persentase Volume Ekspor Berdasarkan Pelabuhan Muat di Provinsi Jambi, 2021
Percentage Volume of Export by Port of Loading in Jambi Province, 2021



Sumber/Source : Dokumen PEB, kantor POS, catatan instansi, survei perdagangan lintas batas laut

12.1 EKSPOR EXPORT

Tabel 12.1.1 **Volume Dan Nilai Ekspor dirinci Menurut Jenis Komoditi di Provinsi Asal, 2020 dan 2021^x**
Table 12.1.1 **Volume and Value of Export by Type of Commodity at Province of Origin, 2020 and 2021^x**

| Jenis Komoditi Type of Commodity | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 1. Ampas/Sisa Industri Makanan | 11 450 | 280 605 | 6 870 | 192 614 |
| 2. Bahan bakar mineral | 950 513 960 | 1967 786 818 | 29 632 476 | 441 323 762 |
| 3. Bahan-bahan nabati | 998 479 558 | 1298 316 749 | 91 999 389 | 242 743 661 |
| 4. Berbagai barang buatan pabrik | 914 964 | 1 142 176 | 725 336 | 614 212 |
| 5. Berbagai Makanan Olahan | 16 720 | 54 000 | 9 196 | 72 900 |
| 6. Berbagai produk kimia | 3 957 570 | 1 300 750 | 2 666 199 | 1 134 125 |
| 7. Biji-bijian berminyak | 1 287 401 | 3 295 103 | 1 262 181 | 3 586 816 |
| 8. Buah-buahan | 76 058 697 | 107 645 044 | 75 169 659 | 128 464 152 |
| 9. Bubur kayu/Pulp | 139 346 966 | 22 123 882 | 66 676 611 | 12 879 762 |
| 10. Daging dan Ikan Olahan | 5 150 | 0 | 19 049 | 0 |
| 11. Ikan dan Udang | 11 350 | 0 | 29 323 | 0 |
| 12. Karet dan Barang dari Karet | 203 267 000 | 211 163 392 | 270 934 999 | 331 703 550 |
| 13. Kayu, Barang dari Kayu | 62 934 555 | 54 251 843 | 44 277 669 | 38 908 167 |
| 14. Kertas/Karton | 103 094 907 | 21 482 685 | 90 265 136 | 19 881 985 |
| 15. Kopi, Teh, Rempah-rempah | 34 000 | 547 010 | 123 936 | 1 384 337 |
| 16. Lak, Getah, dan Damar | 45 550 | 74 000 | 19 420 | 52 838 |
| 17. Lemak & minyak hewan/nabati | 141 294 660 | 125 025 503 | 113 210 782 | 138 218 390 |
| 18. Lokomotif dan Peralatan Kereta Api | 363 968 | 540 736 | 34 257 | 316 872 |
| 19. Mesin-mesin/Pesawat Mekanik | 36 230 | 0 | 81 200 | 0 |
| 20. Sari bahan samak & celup | 0 | 12 750 | 0 | 10 500 |
| 21. Sayuran | 0 | 45 | 0 | 625 |
| 22. Timah | 0 | 148 837 682 | 0 | 196 561 062 |
| Jambi | 2 681 674 657 | 3 963 880 772 | 787 143 686 | 1 558 050 329 |

Catatan/Note: ...

Sumber/Source: Dokumen PEB, kantor POS, catatan instansi, survei perdagangan lintas batas laut

Tabel
Table 12.1.2

**Volume Dan Nilai Ekspor Menurut Negara Tujuan di
Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021***
*Volume and Value of Export by Destination Country in
Jambi Origin Province, 2020 and 2021**

| Negara Tujuan <i>Destination Country</i> | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2020 | 2021* | 2020 | 2021* |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 1. AFGHANISTAN | 0 | 27 000 | 0 | 36 450 |
| 2. ALBANIA | 86 739 | 0 | 77 642 | 0 |
| 3. ANGOLA | 31 946 | 0 | 29 710 | 0 |
| 4. ARGENTINA | 1 935 360 | 3 252 905 | 2 628 465 | 4 577 449 |
| 5. AUSTRALIA | 7 324 006 | 1 431 193 | 5 378 919 | 1 269 169 |
| 6. AUSTRIA | 43 581 | 163 243 | 79 242 | 245 751 |
| 7. BAHRAIN | 299 093 | 16 844 | 186 134 | 17 297 |
| 8. BANGLADESH | 17 035 393 | 21 567 237 | 10 368 315 | 76 905 333 |
| 9. BELGIUM | 1 116 162 | 4 126 885 | 1 315 677 | 7 028 822 |
| 10. BELIZE | 38 709 | 0 | 37 752 | 0 |
| 11. BRAZIL | 2 399 040 | 1 512 000 | 3 323 484 | 2 522 829 |
| 12. BRUNEI DARUSSALAM | 519 374 | 0 | 276 063 | 0 |
| 13. BULGARIA | 249 480 | 0 | 372 133 | 0 |
| 14. CAMBODIA | 77 717 765 | 9 539 355 | 8 001 382 | 2 205 593 |
| 15. CANADA | 7 967 680 | 6 237 913 | 10 776 367 | 9 780 209 |
| 16. CHILE | 2 199 169 | 1 005 253 | 1 926 555 | 959 796 |
| 17. CHINA | 391 623 167 | 600 733 161 | 67 764 163 | 176 937 580 |
| 18. COLOMBIA | 2 933 132 | 1 837 355 | 3 443 549 | 2 745 240 |
| 19. CROATIA | 1 893 715 | 0 | 1 456 981 | 0 |
| 20. CZECH REPUBLIC | 509 040 | 0 | 628 967 | 0 |
| 21. DENMARK | 0 | 7 892 | 0 | 10 845 |
| 22. DOMINICAN REPUBLIC | 11 704 766 | 317 331 | 9 980 529 | 262 672 |
| 23. ECUADOR | 1 273 682 | 0 | 1 115 204 | 0 |
| 24. EGYPT | 5 038 123 | 2 196 380 | 4 299 754 | 1 837 409 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 12.1.2

| Negara Tujuan Destination Country | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2020 | 2021* | 2020 | 2021* |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 25. EL SALVADOR | 285 075 | 219 763 | 268 095 | 163 320 |
| 26. FIJI | 26 033 | 25 344 | 32 281 | 32 187 |
| 27. FRANCE | 2 500 888 | 113 400 | 3 419 296 | 183 141 |
| 28. FRENCH POLYNESIA | 1 384 689 | 1 014 703 | 1 615 686 | 1 198 630 |
| 29. GERMANY, FED. REP. OF | 7 505 554 | 4 809 389 | 10 646 308 | 8 317 646 |
| 30. GHANA | 1 630 561 | 753 651 | 1 503 017 | 810 088 |
| 31. GREECE | 297 397 | 29 746 | 512 478 | 49 237 |
| 32. GUATEMALA | 6 673 969 | 677 216 | 5 489 644 | 567 438 |
| 33. HONG KONG | 163 720 | 874 409 | 273 524 | 932 817 |
| 34. HUNGARY | 529 156 | 0 | 412 742 | 0 |
| 35. INDIA | 130 633 466 | 440 971 803 | 67 333 551 | 233 648 495 |
| 36. IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF) | 20 795 367 | 2 364 819 | 26 056 786 | 4 289 697 |
| 37. IRAQ | 298 295 | 0 | 251 647 | 0 |
| 38. IRELAND | 415 053 | 0 | 315 855 | 0 |
| 39. ITALY | 2 362 500 | 2 087 392 | 3 246 566 | 6 452 697 |
| 40. JAMAICA | 1 864 135 | 0 | 1 649 349 | 0 |
| 41. JAPAN | 854 402 104 | 1146 467 143 | 168 222 656 | 313 296 688 |
| 42. JORDAN | 3 791 426 | 794 759 | 2 927 459 | 444 796 |
| 43. KENYA | 626 814 | 117 472 | 653 502 | 114 317 |
| 44. KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | 120 877 053 | 63 749 544 | 29 324 401 | 32 023 584 |
| 45. KUWAIT | 1 003 897 | 0 | 469 980 | 0 |
| 46. LEBANON | 40 100 | 0 | 25 333 | 0 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 12.1.2

| Negara Tujuan <i>Destination Country</i> | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 47. LUXEMBOURG | 7 640 640 | 5 523 840 | 10 468 774 | 9 248 714 |
| 48. MALAYSIA | 353 006 474 | 298 262 478 | 118 387 208 | 144 186 546 |
| 49. MAURITIUS | 184 305 | 104 437 | 203 957 | 119 152 |
| 50. MEXICO | 2 358 002 | 426 479 | 2 086 720 | 476 838 |
| 51. MYANMAR | 0 | 27 000 | 0 | 66 360 |
| 52. NEPAL | 90 000 | 4 195 400 | 94 500 | 5 868 910 |
| 53. NETHERLANDS | 1 234 133 | 18 109 496 | 1 569 242 | 34 690 029 |
| 54. NEW CALEDONIA | 1 098 502 | 450 003 | 1 230 322 | 539 315 |
| 55. NIGERIA | 741 399 | 181 657 | 713 755 | 167 161 |
| 56. OMAN | 71 292 | 122 425 | 41 140 | 72 855 |
| 57. PAKISTAN | 1 510 430 | 61 864 066 | 1 435 517 | 6 801 147 |
| 58. PANAMA | 787 265 | 138 242 | 676 926 | 130 007 |
| 59. PERU | 1 533 373 | 302 400 | 1 533 016 | 521 832 |
| 60. PHILIPPINES | 5 890 707 | 5 512 990 | 4 944 103 | 20 279 369 |
| 61. POLAND | 9 842 947 | 4 765 745 | 12 069 463 | 7 497 157 |
| 62. PUERTO RICO | 443 397 | 0 | 399 445 | 0 |
| 63. QATAR | 404 140 | 0 | 337 288 | 0 |
| 64. REUNION | 645 952 | 240 818 | 581 799 | 212 534 |
| 65. ROMANIA | 5 140 800 | 5 189 188 | 6 932 921 | 7 435 261 |
| 66. RUSSIA FEDERATION | 519 841 | 712 697 | 682 894 | 1 199 786 |
| 67. SAUDI ARABIA | 7 042 514 | 2 042 134 | 5 402 318 | 1 633 796 |
| 68. SINGAPORE | 3 669 009 | 76 047 715 | 3 668 888 | 80 775 756 |
| 69. SLOVENIA | 2 580 480 | 2 882 880 | 3 406 660 | 4 828 363 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 12.1.2

| Negara Tujuan Destination Country | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 70. SOUTH AFRICA | 2 762 640 | 5 328 420 | 3 433 228 | 8 243 660 |
| 71. SPAIN | 2 311 718 | 2 492 161 | 3 051 367 | 5 670 065 |
| 72. SRI LANKA | 1 448 983 | 36 796 | 1 822 973 | 48 989 |
| 73. TAIWAN | 2 854 765 | 5 014 217 | 2 490 873 | 12 656 849 |
| 74. THAILAND | 340 417 827 | 751 999 704 | 61 223 643 | 173 877 353 |
| 75. TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO | 5 649 475 | 303 591 | 4 757 488 | 260 177 |
| 76. TURKEY | 5 342 400 | 9 455 114 | 6 686 958 | 13 910 924 |
| 77. UKRAINE | 1 052 248 | 0 | 1 080 592 | 0 |
| 78. UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | 7 849 447 | 3 162 674 | 5 056 607 | 1 919 816 |
| 79. UNITED KINGDOM | 12 148 712 | 407 751 | 9 418 052 | 317 739 |
| 80. UNITED STATES | 36 229 429 | 33 493 269 | 45 316 295 | 52 596 533 |
| 81. VENEZUELA | 75 935 | 0 | 67 529 | 0 |
| 82. VIET NAM | 165 013 091 | 346 042 485 | 7 723 664 | 71 930 116 |
| 83. YEMEN | 36 010 | 0 | 30 422 | 0 |
| Jambi | 2 681 674 657 | 3 963 880 772 | 787 143 686 | 1 558 050 329 |

Catatan/Note: ...

Sumber/Source: Dokumen PEB, kantor POS, catatan instansi, survei perdagangan lintas batas laut

Tabel
Table 12.1.3

**Volume Dan Nilai Ekspor Menurut Pelabuhan Muat di
Provinsi Jambi, 2020 dan 2021^x**
**Volume and Value of Export by Loading Port in Jambi Origin
Province, 2020 and 2021^x**

| Pelabuhan Muat Loading Port | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| JAMBI | 755 993 380 | 1 208 139 560 | 499 286 631 | 942 466 757 |
| KUALA TUNGKAL | 654 265 845 | 555 227 568 | 200 984 359 | 159 329 542 |
| MUARA SABAK | 1 271 414 878 | 2 200 513 600 | 86 841 287 | 456 253 404 |
| PALMERAH/SULTAN THAHA (U) | 0 | 45 | 0 | 625 |
| Jambi | 2 681 674 103 | 3 963 880 772 | 787 112 277 | 1 558 050 329 |

Catatan/Note: ...

Sumber/Source: Dokumen PEB, kantor POS, catatan instansi, survei perdagangan lintas batas laut

Tabel
Table 12.1.4**Volume Dan Nilai Ekspor dirinci Menurut Jenis Komoditi
di Provinsi Muat, 2020 dan 2021**
*Volume and Value of Export by Commodity at Loading
Province, 2020 and 2021*

| Jenis Komoditi Commodity | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 1. Ampas/Sisa Industri Makanan | 311 810 | 384 295 | 128 816 | 249 644 |
| 2. Bahan bakar mineral | 3614 026 902 | 5123 794 419 | 842 270 692 | 1328 735 269 |
| 3. Bahan kimia organik | 9 | 0 | 28 | 0 |
| 4. Bahan-bahan nabati | 998 479 558 | 1401 271 920 | 91 999 389 | 139 851 019 |
| 5. Barang kiriman | 619 | 375 | 32 642 | 10 896 |
| 6. Barang-barang rajutan | 138 | 1 | 8 160 | 117 |
| 7. Berbagai barang buatan pabrik | 923 029 | 1 286 396 | 732 642 | 546 069 |
| 8. Berbagai barang logam dasar | 240 | 0 | 90 | 0 |
| 9. Berbagai Makanan Olahan | 43 720 | 54 001 | 38 896 | 72 915 |
| 10. Berbagai produk kimia | 3 957 570 | 1 290 000 | 2 666 199 | 1 144 875 |
| 11. Biji-bijian berminyak | 2 471 275 | 4 722 494 | 2 277 019 | 5 095 544 |
| 12. Binatang hidup | 6 617 | 20 785 | 25 760 | 66 010 |
| 13. Buah-buahan | 97 442 612 | 117 744 454 | 106 124 904 | 150 522 065 |
| 14. Bubur kayu/Pulp | 139 346 966 | 78 186 136 | 66 676 611 | 43 809 993 |
| 15. Daging dan Ikan Olahan | 5 150 | 0 | 19 049 | 0 |
| 16. Garam, Belerang, Kapur | 0 | 15 | 0 | 20 |
| 17. Gula dan Kembang Gula | 15 000 | 26 000 | 28 500 | 44 200 |
| 18. Ikan dan Udang | 11 358 | 0 | 29 444 | 0 |
| 19. Karet dan Barang dari Karet | 290 325 335 | 285 672 393 | 385 728 838 | 484 903 009 |
| 20. Kayu, Barang dari Kayu | 63 047 717 | 57 535 362 | 44 407 673 | 38 392 614 |
| 21. Kertas/Karton | 103 192 630 | 21 514 265 | 90 326 874 | 19 850 424 |
| 22. Kopi, Teh, Rempah-rempah | 7 985 507 | 8 373 054 | 30 359 537 | 34 698 898 |
| 23. Lak, Getah, dan Damar | 45 550 | 114 180 | 19 420 | 57 140 |
| 24. Lemak & Minyak Hewan/Nabati | 139 582 985 | 120 070 399 | 112 313 285 | 141 000 827 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 12.1.4

| Jenis Komoditi <i>Commodity</i> | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/ <i>FOB Value</i> (US \$) | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021* | 2020 | 2021* |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 25. Lokomotif dan Peralatan Kereta Api | 363 968 | 540 736 | 34 257 | 316 872 |
| 26. Mesin/peralatan listrik | 2 893 | 30 | 3 250 | 26 683 |
| 27. Mesin-mesin/Pesawat Mekanik | 38 490 | 3 | 105 614 | 12 626 |
| 28. Minyak atsiri, Kosmetik wangi-wangian | 512 | 51 | 47 965 | 5 527 |
| 29. Olahan dari buah-buahan/Sayuran | 0 | 1 500 | 0 | 2 550 |
| 30. Olahan dari tepung | 0 | 3 | 0 | 21 |
| 31. Pakaian jadi bukan rajutan | 0 | 2 | 0 | 68 |
| 32. Perangkat optik | 63 | 0 | 372 | 0 |
| 33. Perhiasan/Permata | 0 | 17 | 0 | 823 |
| 34. Perkakas, Perangkat Potong | 12 | 0 | 6 950 | 0 |
| 35. Plastik dan Barang dari Plastik | 45 | 0 | 450 | 0 |
| 36. Sabun dan Preparat Pembersih | 104 | 3 | 329 | 9 |
| 37. Sari bahan samak & celup | 0 | 14 336 | 0 | 15 167 |
| 38. Sayuran | 25 | 45 | 30 | 625 |
| 39. Serat Tekstil dan Benang Kertas | 419 710 | 501 095 | 154 974 | 151 006 |
| 40. Susu, Mentega, Telur | 78 099 | 127 870 | 48 412 | 76 946 |
| Jambi | 5 462 126 218 | 7 223 246 633 | 1 776 617 069 | 2 389 660 469 |

Catatan/Note: *Data 2021 masih data sementara/*Data of 2021 is still temporary data*

Sumber/Source: Dokumen PEB, kantor POS, catatan instansi, survei perdagangan lintas batas laut

Tabel 12.1.5 Volume dan Nilai Ekspor Berdasarkan Asal Barang dari Provinsi Jambi dirinci Menurut Negara Tujuan, 2020 dan 2021^x
Volume and Value of Export by Country of Destination in Jambi Origin Province, 2020 and 2021^x

| Negara Tujuan Destination Country | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 1. AFGHANISTAN | 238 000 | 370 000 | 287 650 | 649 025 |
| 2. ALBANIA | 86 739 | 0 | 77 642 | 0 |
| 3. ANGOLA | 31 946 | 0 | 29 710 | 0 |
| 4. ARGENTINA | 1 935 360 | 2 882 880 | 2 628 465 | 4 947 474 |
| 5. AUSTRALIA | 7 465 140 | 1 433 040 | 5 544 990 | 1 267 839 |
| 6. AUSTRIA | 43 581 | 129 314 | 79 242 | 279 680 |
| 7. BAHRAIN | 299 093 | 16 844 | 186 134 | 17 297 |
| 8. BANGLADESH | 18 658 047 | 72 634 068 | 12 125 865 | 29 634 463 |
| 9. BELGIUM | 1 182 880 | 2 289 420 | 1 419 803 | 4 107 581 |
| 10. BELIZE | 38 709 | 0 | 37 752 | 0 |
| 11. BRAZIL | 2 656 656 | 1 336 400 | 3 679 411 | 2 221 864 |
| 12. BRUNEI DARUSSALAM | 519 378 | 150 521 | 276 224 | 87 435 |
| 13. BULGARIA | 249 480 | 0 | 372 133 | 0 |
| 14. CAMBODIA | 86 035 484 | 9 769 375 | 8 339 663 | 2 456 259 |
| 15. CANADA | 8 421 566 | 6 043 700 | 11 527 857 | 10 459 134 |
| 16. CHILE | 2 199 172 | 1 206 853 | 1 926 635 | 1 201 418 |
| 17. CHINA | 408 050 748 | 770 162 596 | 87 841 294 | 111 924 448 |
| 18. COLOMBIA | 1 683 212 | 874 045 | 1 757 381 | 1 157 059 |
| 19. CROATIA | 1 906 715 | 13 000 | 1 487 921 | 42 200 |
| 20. CZECH REPUBLIC | 509 040 | 0 | 629 039 | 0 |
| 21. DENMARK | 0 | 7 892 | 0 | 10 845 |
| 22. DOMINICAN REPUBLIC | 11 704 766 | 317 331 | 9 980 529 | 262 672 |
| 23. ECUADOR | 1 273 682 | 0 | 1 115 204 | 0 |
| 24. EGYPT | 5 066 123 | 2 227 959 | 4 309 974 | 1 805 830 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 12.1.5

| Negara Tujuan Destination Country | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 25. EL SALVADOR | 285 075 | 219 763 | 268 095 | 163 320 |
| 26. FIJI | 26 033 | 25 344 | 32 281 | 32 187 |
| 27. FRANCE | 2 560 892 | 113 400 | 3 596 714 | 183 144 |
| 28. FRENCH POLYNESIA | 1 384 689 | 1 014 703 | 1 615 686 | 1 198 630 |
| 29. GERMANY, FED. REP. OF | 6 736 075 | 4 755 808 | 10 101 033 | 9 649 547 |
| 30. GHANA | 1 630 561 | 753 651 | 1 503 017 | 810 088 |
| 31. GREECE | 297 397 | 29 746 | 512 478 | 49 237 |
| 32. GUATEMALA | 6 689 969 | 685 216 | 5 568 978 | 612 655 |
| 33. GUYANA | 0 | 12 250 | 0 | 54 813 |
| 34. HONG KONG | 163 747 | 308 205 | 274 517 | 855 291 |
| 35. HUNGARY | 2 464 516 | 4 334 400 | 2 928 297 | 7 395 788 |
| 36. INDIA | 138 081 108 | 582 520 859 | 79 487 606 | 108 530 516 |
| 37. IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF) | 29 988 489 | 4 231 810 | 39 083 390 | 8 000 050 |
| 38. IRAQ | 298 295 | 0 | 251 647 | 0 |
| 39. IRELAND | 415 053 | 0 | 315 855 | 0 |
| 40. ISRAEL | 26 000 | 52 000 | 140 093 | 302 712 |
| 41. ITALY | 1 912 680 | 785 162 | 2 665 251 | 1 440 847 |
| 42. JAMAICA | 1 864 135 | 0 | 1 649 349 | 0 |
| 43. JAPAN | 855 313 269 | 1204 204 142 | 169 459 682 | 251 747 349 |
| 44. JORDAN | 3 791 426 | 794 759 | 2 927 459 | 444 796 |
| 45. KENYA | 626 814 | 117 472 | 653 502 | 114 317 |
| 46. KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | 129 344 259 | 64 283 705 | 40 899 270 | 40 006 129 |
| 47. KUWAIT | 1 003 897 | 0 | 470 118 | 0 |
| 48. LATVIA | 0 | 604 800 | 0 | 1 071 367 |
| 49. LEBANON | 40 100 | 0 | 25 333 | 0 |
| 50. LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA | 9 000 | 0 | 39 650 | 0 |
| 51. LUXEMBOURG | 3 427 200 | 3 205 440 | 4 550 225 | 5 272 904 |
| 52. MALAYSIA | 339 267 556 | 280 317 655 | 119 741 977 | 143 751 160 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 12.1.5

| Negara Tujuan Destination Country | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 53. MAURITIUS | 184 305 | 104 437 | 203 957 | 119 152 |
| 54. MEXICO | 3 449 167 | 1 740 780 | 3 546 443 | 2 881 961 |
| 55. MYANMAR | 333 665 | 27 000 | 599 580 | 66 360 |
| 56. NEPAL | 644 400 | 4 249 400 | 781 280 | 6 023 920 |
| 57. NETHERLANDS | 2 155 045 | 891 208 | 5 003 331 | 2 889 066 |
| 58. NEW CALEDONIA | 1 098 502 | 450 003 | 1 230 322 | 539 315 |
| 59. NEW ZEALAND | 0 | 43 520 | 0 | 58 414 |
| 60. NIGERIA | 741 399 | 181 657 | 713 755 | 167 161 |
| 61. NORWAY | 0 | 13 000 | 0 | 74 160 |
| 62. OMAN | 71 292 | 122 425 | 41 140 | 72 855 |
| 63. PAKISTAN | 2 427 351 | 62 717 106 | 2 442 202 | 8 673 696 |
| 64. PANAMA | 787 265 | 163 262 | 676 926 | 273 421 |
| 65. PERU | 1 593 853 | 302 400 | 1 612 849 | 521 832 |
| 66. PHILIPPINES | 5 890 716 | 20 283 594 | 4 944 577 | 5 508 766 |
| 67. POLAND | 9 842 947 | 5 488 855 | 12 069 463 | 9 036 799 |
| 68. PUERTO RICO | 443 397 | 0 | 399 445 | 0 |
| 69. QATAR | 404 140 | 0 | 337 288 | 0 |
| 70. REUNION | 645 952 | 240 818 | 581 799 | 212 534 |
| 71. ROMANIA | 907 200 | 498 960 | 1 192 415 | 748 293 |
| 72. RUSSIA FEDERATION | 550 727 | 1 656 897 | 780 867 | 2 913 844 |
| 73. SAUDI ARABIA | 7 042 514 | 2 108 260 | 5 402 318 | 1 762 445 |
| 74. SINGAPORE | 2674 047 531 | 2836 158 667 | 817 064 469 | 1215 222 435 |
| 75. SLOVENIA | 1 471 680 | 3 588 480 | 1 924 594 | 6 088 979 |
| 76. SOUTH AFRICA | 2 641 680 | 4 374 720 | 3 270 955 | 7 371 595 |
| 77. SPAIN | 2 311 719 | 340 200 | 3 051 600 | 545 171 |
| 78. SRI LANKA | 2 598 890 | 157 756 | 3 522 452 | 256 042 |
| 79. SWEDEN | 1 | 0 | 193 | 0 |
| 80. SWITZERLAND | 1 | 0 | 241 | 0 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 12.1.5

| Negara Tujuan <i>Destination Country</i> | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 81. TAIWAN | 3 284 011 | 1 218 593 | 2 967 475 | 1 020 772 |
| 82. THAILAND | 347 335 902 | 741 046 702 | 71 995 859 | 142 039 881 |
| 83. TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO | 5 649 475 | 303 591 | 4 757 488 | 260 177 |
| 84. TURKEY | 5 785 922 | 8 467 203 | 7 313 597 | 14 330 537 |
| 85. UKRAINE | 1 052 248 | 0 | 1 080 592 | 0 |
| 86. UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | 7 876 447 | 1 642 501 | 5 070 107 | 2 443 207 |
| 87. UNITED KINGDOM | 12 148 713 | 419 158 | 9 418 453 | 384 189 |
| 88. UNITED STATES | 103 032 013 | 100 538 014 | 147 434 346 | 180 367 507 |
| 89. VENEZUELA | 75 935 | 0 | 67 529 | 0 |
| 90. VIET NAM | 165 660 450 | 398 471 941 | 10 664 720 | 22 566 615 |
| 91. YEMEN | 36 010 | 0 | 30 422 | 0 |
| Jambi | 5 462 126 218 | 7 223 246 633 | 1 776 617 069 | 2 389 660 469 |

Catatan/Note: ...

Sumber/Source: Dokumen PEB, kantor POS, catatan instansi, survei perdagangan lintas batas laut

Tabel 12.1.6 Volume dan Nilai Ekspor Berdasarkan Asal Barang dari Provinsi Jambi dirinci Menurut Pelabuhan Muat, 2020 dan 2021*
Volume and Value of Export by Port of Loading in Jambi Origin Province, 2020 and 2021*

| Pelabuhan Muat Loading Port | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021* | 2020 | 2021* |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 1. BELAKANG PADANG | 0 | 2376 620 736 | 0 | 1048 674 874 |
| 2. BELAWAN | 1 678 520 | 2 357 614 | 4 878 184 | 4 633 168 |
| 3. JAMBI | 735 320 330 | 1134 580 069 | 472 944 658 | 629 678 002 |
| 4. JUANDA (U)-SURABAYA | 1 043 | 0 | 1 864 | 0 |
| 6. KUALA TUNGKAL | 623 559 226 | 593 232 002 | 199 725 518 | 105 607 334 |
| 7. MUARA SABAK | 1271 414 878 | 2408 096 386 | 86 841 287 | 180 858 545 |
| 8. MUSI RIVER/BOOM BARU | 32 753 510 | 105 633 249 | 12 120 988 | 47 965 300 |
| 9. NGURAH RAI (U) | 155 | 102 | 5 217 | 1 432 |
| 10. PADANG/TL.BAYUR | 58 634 100 | 110 543 800 | 79 062 558 | 136 529 252 |
| 11. PALEMBANG - PLAJU | 211 680 | 512 820 | 272 765 | 861 116 |
| 12. PALMERAH/SULTAN THAHA (U) | 0 | 45 | 0 | 625 |
| 13. PANJANG | 1 128 782 | 896 589 | 4 867 445 | 4 875 554 |
| 14. PERAWANG, SUMATRA | 398 083 | 0 | 183 685 | 0 |
| 15. PULAU SAMBU | 2670 275 454 | 455 332 500 | 812 918 208 | 160 537 230 |
| 16. SEKUPANG | 0 | 30 | 0 | 26 683 |
| 17. SOEKARNO-HATTA (U) | 10 032 | 565 424 | 72 734 | 1 028 990 |
| 18. SUNGAI PAKNING | 0 | 4 015 375 | 0 | 2 135 547 |
| 19. TANJUNG BALAI ASAHAN | 78 099 | 129 870 | 48 412 | 77 433 |
| 20. TANJUNG BERINGIN | 0 | 821 476 | 0 | 3 796 693 |
| 21. TANJUNG PERAK | 307 500 | 214 598 | 159 320 | 145 256 |
| 22. TANJUNG PRIOK | 66 354 826 | 29 693 947 | 102 514 225 | 62 227 436 |
| Jambi | 5 462 126 218 | 7 223 246 633 | 1 776 617 069 | 2 389 660 469 |

Catatan/Note: ...

Sumber/Source: Dokumen PEB, kantor POS, catatan instansi, survei perdagangan lintas batas laut

12.2 IMPOR IMPORT

Tabel 12.2.1 **Volume dan Nilai Impor Provinsi Jambi Menurut Negara Asal, 2020 dan 2021^x**
Table 12.2.1 **Volume and Value of Import in Jambi Province by Country of Origin, 2020 dan 2021^x**

| Negara Asal Country of Origin | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 1. AUSTRALIA | 42 592 323 | 28 140 259 | 2 062 314 | 1 223 160 |
| 2. AUSTRIA | 12 171 | 12 155 | 652 286 | 658 324 |
| 3. KANADA | 15 646 029 | 0 | 10 353 639 | 0 |
| 4. CINA | 37 781 307 | 37 752 123 | 17 159 856 | 7 269 118 |
| 5. JERMAN | 12 297 | 879 | 1 108 997 | 38 733 |
| 6. INDIA | 3 144 323 | 3 723 270 | 5 833 172 | 3 608 133 |
| 7. JEPANG | 8 162 | 10 000 | 91 673 | 107 400 |
| 8. KOREA SELATAN | 19 438 | 13 846 | 147 735 | 708 572 |
| 9. MALAYSIA | 971 098 | 8 556 406 | 1 550 485 | 1 555 254 |
| 10. SINGAPURA | 13 066 103 | 21 065 938 | 6 995 386 | 11 141 625 |
| 11. SWEDIA | 87 032 | 1 115 209 | 923 290 | 1 072 925 |
| 12. TAIWAN | 413 345 | 207 595 | 430 180 | 741 625 |
| 13. THAILAND | 12 779 065 | 6 548 943 | 1 840 414 | 916 559 |
| 14. AMERIKA SERIKAT | 3 420 503 | 779 403 | 2 055 879 | 365 343 |
| 15. LAINNYA | 14 817 383 | 3 199 594 | 14 039 997 | 2 505 394 |
| Jambi | 144 770 579 | 111 125 620 | 65 245 303 | 31 912 165 |

Catatan/Note: ...

Sumber/Source: Dokumen Pemberitahuan Impor Barang

Tabel
Table 12.2.2**Volume dan Nilai Impor Provinsi Jambi Menurut
Pelabuhan Bongkar, 2020 dan 2021^x**
**Volume and Value of Import in Jambi Province by Unloading
Port, 2020 dan 2021^x**

| Pelabuhan Bongkar Unloading Port | Volume/Volume (kg) | | Nilai FOB/FOB Value (US \$) | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2020 | 2021 ^x | 2020 | 2021 ^x |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| 1. TALANG DUKU, JAMBI | 6 756 907 | 7 565 975 | 5 292 146 | 6 972 262 |
| 2. KUALA TUNGKAL, JAMBI | 129 264 665 | 90 842 364 | 56 768 492 | 18 578 127 |
| 3. MUARA SABAK, JAMBI | 8 616 640 | 5 595 444 | 3 092 960 | 2 368 305 |
| 4. SULTAN THAHA (U), JAMBI | 132 367 | 7 121 837 | 91 705 | 3 993 471 |
| Jambi | 144 770 579 | 111 125 620 | 65 245 303 | 31 912 165 |

Catatan/Note: ...

Sumber/Source: Dokumen Pemberitahuan Impor Barang

BAB 13 SISTEM NERACA NASIONAL

Chapter 13. System of National Accounts

PEREKONOMIAN PROVINSI JAMBI

The Economic of Jambi Province 2021

q-to-q

-0,37%

y-on-y

3,62%

c-to-c

3,66%

PDRB HARGA KONSTAN

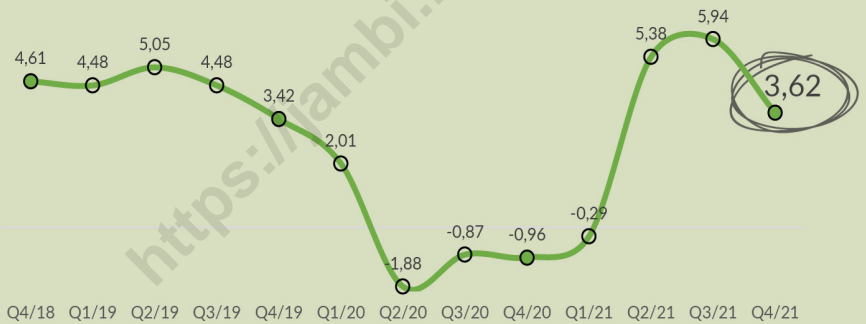
Rp39,27 TRILIUN

PDRB HARGA BERLAKU

Rp62,40 TRILIUN

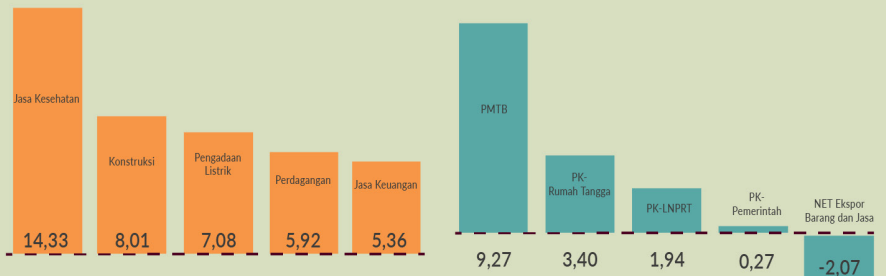
PERTUMBUHAN PDRB 2021

Growth of Regional GDP of Jambi Province 2021



PERTUMBUHAN PDRB 2021 MENURUT LAPANGAN USAHA DAN PENGELUARAN

Growth of Regional GDP of Jambi Province 2021 by Production and Expenditure



PENJELASAN TEKNIS**TECHNICAL NOTES**

1. Penghitungan statistik neraca nasional mengikuti buku petunjuk yang diterbitkan oleh Perserikatan Bangsa Bangsa (PBB) dikenal sebagai Sistem Neraca Nasional (SNN). SNN adalah rekomendasi internasional tentang bagaimana menyusun ukuran aktivitas ekonomi yang sesuai dengan standar neraca baku yang didasarkan pada prinsip-prinsip ekonomi. Rekomendasi yang dimaksud dinyatakan dalam sekumpulan konsep, definisi, klasifikasi, dan aturan neraca yang disepakati secara internasional dalam mengukur indikator tertentu seperti Produk Domestik Bruto (PDB). Salah satu bentuk adaptasi pencatatan statistik nasional adalah melakukan perubahan tahun dasar PDB Indonesia dari tahun 2000 ke 2010. Perubahan tahun dasar PDB dilakukan seiring dengan mengadopsi rekomendasi PBB yang tertuang dalam Sistem Neraca Nasional 2008 (SNA 2008).
 2. Produk Domestik Bruto pada tingkat nasional serta Produk Domestik Regional Bruto (PDRB) pada tingkat regional (provinsi) menggambarkan kemampuan suatu wilayah untuk menciptakan nilai tambah pada suatu waktu tertentu. Untuk menyusun PDB maupun PDRB
1. *The method used to estimate national accounts statistics is based on the standard guidelines formed by United Nation known as System of National Accounts (SNA). SNA is the internationally agreed standard set of recommendations on how to compile measures of economic activity in accordance with strict accounting conventions based on economic principles. The recommendations are expressed in term of a set of concepts, definitions, classifications and accounting rules that comprise the internationally agreed standard for measuring indicators such as Gross Domestic Product (GDP). One of the improvement in the national statistical system is to rebase GDP form base year 2000 to 2010 in order to capture current economic condition. It is in line with the United Nations (UN) recommendation on 2008 SNA.*
 2. *The basic measure of the value added arising from economic activity is known as Gross Domestic Product at the national level and Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP) at the regional level (provinces/regencies/municipalities). To compile these statistics, two approaches*

digunakan 2 pendekatan, yaitu lapangan usaha dan pengeluaran. Keduanya menyajikan komposisi data nilai tambah dirinci menurut sumber kegiatan ekonomi (lapangan usaha) dan menurut komponen penggunaannya. PDB maupun PDRB dari sisi lapangan usaha merupakan penjumlahan seluruh komponen nilai tambah bruto yang mampu diciptakan oleh sektor-sektor ekonomi atas berbagai aktivitas produksinya. Sedangkan dari sisi pengeluaran menjelaskan tentang penggunaan dari nilai tambah tersebut.

3. PDB menurut lapangan usaha mengalami perubahan klasifikasi dari 9 lapangan usaha menjadi 17 lapangan usaha. PDB menurut lapangan usaha dirinci menurut total nilai tambah dari seluruh sektor ekonomi yang mencakup lapangan usaha Pertanian, Kehutanan, dan Perikanan; Pertambangan dan Penggalian; Industri Pengolahan; Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas; Pengadaan Air, Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah dan Daur Ulang; Konstruksi; Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran, Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor; Transportasi dan Pergudangan; Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum; Informasi dan Komunikasi; Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi; Real Estat; Jasa Perusahaan; Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan

have been used, i.e. "production approach" and "expenditure approach". The first approach is to measure value added produced by various kinds of economic activities, while the second approach is to measure final uses of the country's output. In other words, GDP/GRDP is the sum of total value added produced by all economic industries (activities) and the way of using it.

3. *GDP by industry classification changes from 9 sectors to 17 industries. GDP by industry is classified by types of economic activities such as Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing; Mining and Quarrying; Manufacturing; Electricity and Gas; Water supply, Sewerage, Waste Management and Remediation Activities; Construction; Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles; Transportation and Storage; Accommodation and Food Service Activities; Information and Communication; Financial and Insurance Activities; Real Estate Activities; Business Activities; Public Administration; Defence and Compulsory Social Security; Education; Human Health and Social Work Activities; and Other Services Activities.*

dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib; Jasa Pendidikan; Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial; dan Jasa lainnya.

4. PDB menurut pengeluaran mengalami perubahan klasifikasi dimana pengeluaran konsumsi Lembaga Non Profit yang Melayani Rumah Tangga (LNPR) yang sebelumnya termasuk bagian dari pengeluaran konsumsi rumah tangga menjadi komponen terpisah. Sehingga klasifikasi PDB menurut pengeluaran dirinci menjadi 7 komponen yaitu komponen pengeluaran konsumsi rumah tangga, pengeluaran konsumsi LNPR, pengeluaran konsumsi pemerintah, pembentukan modal tetap bruto, perubahan inventori, ekspor barang dan jasa, dan impor barang dan jasa.
4. *GDP by expenditure classification changes where consumption expenditure Non-profit Institutions Serving Households (NPISH) previously included as part of household consumption expenditure is taken out into separate component. So that, GDP by type of expenditures is classified into: household consumption expenditure, NPISH consumption expenditure, government consumption expenditure, gross fixed capital formation, changes in inventories, exports of goods and services, and imports of goods and services.*
5. Pengeluaran konsumsi rumah tangga mencakup berbagai pengeluaran konsumsi akhir rumah tangga atas barang dan jasa untuk memenuhi kebutuhan individu ataupun kelompok secara langsung. Pengeluaran rumah tangga di sini mencakup makanan dan minuman selain restoran; pakaian, alas kaki dan jasa perawatannya; perumahan dan perlengkapan rumah tangga; kesehatan dan pendidikan; transportasi dan komunikasi; restoran dan hotel serta lainnya.
5. *Household consumption expenditures consist of expenditures incurred by households, which are used for both individual or collective needs. Household consumptions are classified into food and beverages other than restaurants; clothing, footwear, and related maintenance services; housing and household equipment; health and education; transport and communication; restaurants and hotels; and others.*
6. *Government consumption*

6. Pengeluaran Pemerintah terdiri dari Pengeluaran Konsumsi Individu dan Pengeluaran Konsumsi Kolektif. Barang dan jasa individu merupakan barang dan jasa privat, dimana ciri-ciri barang privat adalah a) Scarcity, yaitu ada kelangkaan/keterbatasan dalam jumlah; b) Excludable consumption, yaitu konsumsi suatu barang dapat dibatasi hanya pada mereka yang memenuhi persyaratan tertentu (biasanya harga); c) Rivalrous competition, yaitu konsumsi oleh satu konsumen akan mengurangi atau menghilangkan kesempatan pihak lain untuk melakukan hal serupa. Contoh barang dan jasa yang dihasilkan pemerintah dan tergolong sebagai barang dan jasa individu adalah jasa pelayanan kesehatan pemerintah di rumah sakit/puskesmas dan jasa pendidikan di sekolah/universitas negeri. Sedangkan barang dan jasa kolektif ekuivalen dengan barang publik yang memiliki ciri a) Non rivalry, yaitu penggunaan satu konsumen terhadap suatu barang tidak mengurangi kesempatan konsumen lain untuk juga mengkonsumsi barang tersebut; b) Non excludable, yaitu apabila suatu barang publik tersedia, maka tidak ada yang dapat menghalangi siapapun untuk memperoleh manfaat dari barang tersebut atau dengan

expenditure consists of Individual Consumption Expenditure and Collective Consumption Expenditure. Individual goods and services are private goods and services, which the characteristics of private goods is a) Scarcity, that there is a scarcity/limited in number; b) Excludable consumption, the consumption of goods can be limited only to those who meet certain requirements (usually the price); c) Rivalrous competition, ie consumption by the consumer will reduce or eliminate the chance of another party to do so. Examples of goods and services produced by government and classified as goods and services of individuals is the government health services in hospitals/health centers and education services in schools/universities. Collective goods and services equivalent to public goods characterized by a) Non-rivalry, namely the use of a consumer for an item does not reduce the chance of another consumer to also consume goods; b) Non-excludable, i.e. when a public good available, then nothing can hinder anyone to benefit from the goods or in other words everyone has access to the goods. Examples of goods and services produced by government and classified as collective goods and services is carried military defense services and the police's security.

kata lain setiap orang memiliki akses ke barang tersebut. Contoh barang dan jasa yang dihasilkan pemerintah dan tergolong sebagai barang dan jasa kolektif adalah jasa pertahanan yang dilakukan TNI dan keamanan yang dilakukan kepolisian.

7. Pembentukan Modal Tetap Bruto (PMTB) mencakup pengadaan, pembuatan, dan pembelian barang modal. Barang modal dimaksud adalah barang-barang yang digunakan untuk proses produksi, tahan lama atau yang mempunyai umur pemakaian lebih dari satu tahun seperti bangunan, mesin-mesin dan alat angkut. Termasuk pula di sini perbaikan besar (berat) yang sifatnya memperpanjang umur atau mengubah bentuk atau kapasitas barang modal tersebut. Pengeluaran barang modal untuk keperluan militer juga dicakup sebagai PMTB. Klasifikasi komponen PMTB dibagi menjadi 6 sub komponen yaitu Konstruksi; Mesin dan Peralatan; Kendaraan; Peralatan Lainnya; Cultivated Biological Resources (CBR) dan Produk Kekayaan Intelektual.
7. *Gross Fixed Capital Formation (GFCF) includes procurement, manufacture, and the purchase of capital goods. Capital goods are goods which are used for the production process, durable or have a service life of more than one year such as buildings, machinery, and transportation equipment. Including here: huge improvement that are to extend the life or changing the shape or the capacity of the capital goods. Capital expenditures for military purposes are also covered as GFCF. GFCF component are classified into six sub-components: Construction; Machinery and Equipment; vehicle; Other equipment; Cultivated Biological Resources (CBR) and Intellectual Property Product.*
8. Ekspor barang dan jasa merupakan transaksi perdagangan barang dan jasa dari penduduk (residen) ke bukan penduduk (nonresiden). Impor barang dan jasa adalah transaksi perdagangan dari
8. *Exports of goods and services consist of transactions of goods and services from residents to non-residents. Imports of goods and services consist of transaction of goods and services from non-*

bukan penduduk ke penduduk. Ekspor atau impor barang terjadi pada saat terjadi perubahan hak kepemilikan barang antara penduduk dengan bukan penduduk (dengan atau tanpa perpindahan fisik barang tersebut). Pada PDB dengan tahun dasar 2010, ekspor dan impor barang dirinci menjadi nonmigas dan migas.

9. Produk Domestik Bruto maupun agregat turunannya disajikan dalam 2 (dua) versi penilaian, yaitu atas dasar "harga berlaku" dan atas dasar "harga konstan". Disebut sebagai harga berlaku karena seluruh agregat dinilai dengan menggunakan harga pada tahun berjalan, sedangkan harga konstan penilaiannya didasarkan kepada harga satu tahun dasar tertentu, dalam publikasi ini digunakan harga tahun 2010.
10. Laju pertumbuhan Produk Domestik Bruto diperoleh dari perhitungan PDB atas dasar harga konstan. Diperoleh dengan cara mengurangi nilai PDB pada tahun ke-n terhadap nilai pada tahun ke n-1 (tahun sebelumnya), dibagi dengan nilai pada tahun ke n-1, dikalikan dengan 100 persen. Laju pertumbuhan menunjukkan perkembangan agregat pendapatan dari satu waktu tertentu terhadap waktu sebelumnya.

residents to residents. Exports and imports of goods occur when there are changes in ownership of goods between residents and non-residents (with or without physical movements of goods across frontiers). On the GDP at 2010 basic year, exports and imports of goods specified into non oil and gas and oil and gas.

9. *GDP and its aggregations are presented in two forms: at current market prices and at constant base year market prices. In presenting current market prices, all aggregates are valued at current market prices, while base year constant market prices are shown by valuing all aggregates at fixed base year prices. Year of 2010 is used as the base year in this publication.*
10. *Growth rate of Gross Domestic Product is derived from GDP at constant market prices. It is obtained by subtracting the value of GDP year n with the value of GDP year n-1, divided by the value of GDP year n-1 then multiplied by 100 percent. The growth rate of GDP explains the income growth during the given period.*

ULASAN

Laju pertumbuhan Produk Domestik Regional Bruto (PDRB) Provinsi Jambi Tahun 2021 Atas Dasar Harga Konstan tahun 2010 menurut jenis pengeluaran sebesar 3,66 persen, meningkat dibandingkan tahun 2020 sebesar -0,44 persen.

Distribusi PDRB atas dasar harga berlaku menurut jenis pengeluaran tahun 2021 didominasi oleh pengeluaran konsumsi rumah tangga sebesar 44,02 persen, Net Ekspor barang dan jasa sebesar 24,49 persen dan pembentukan modal tetap bruto sebesar 21,89 persen.

Selain menyajikan PDRB menurut jenis pengeluaran, juga disajikan PDRB menurut lapangan usaha serta data PDRB kabupaten/kota secara garis besar terdapat pada tabel 13.1.1 sampai tabel 13.1.6 dan 13.2.1 sampai tabel 13.2.7.

DESCRIPTION

Jambi Province Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP) growth rate in 2021 at Constant Prices in 2010 by type of expenditure was 3.66 percent, an increase compared to 2020 of -0.44 percent.

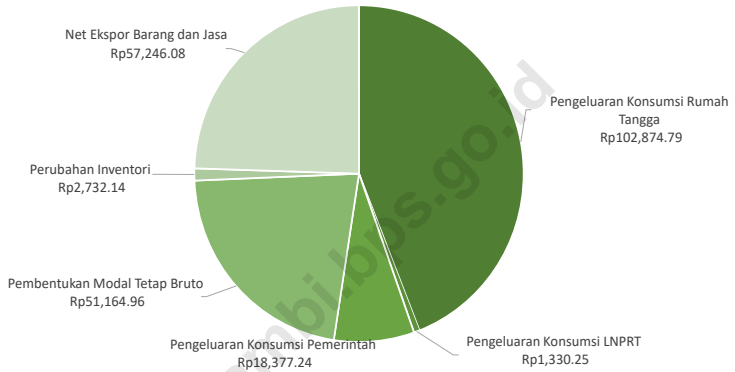
The GRDP distribution on the basis of current prices by type of expenditure in 2021 is dominated by household consumption expenditure of 44.02 percent, net exports of goods and services of 24.49 percent and gross fixed capital formation of 21.89 percent.

In addition to presenting GRDP according to Selain menyajikan PDRB menurut jenis pengeluaran, juga disajikan PDRB menurut lapangan usaha serta data PDRB kabupaten/kota secara garis besar terdapat pada tabel 13.1.1 sampai tabel 13.1.6 dan 13.2.1 sampai tabel 13.2.7.

Gambar
Figures

13

PDRB Atas Dasar Harga Berlaku Menurut Jenis Pengeluaran di Provinsi Jambi (miliar rupiah), 2021
GRDP at Current Market Prices by Type of Expenditure in Jambi Province, 2021



Sumber/Source : BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources

13.1 PRODUK DOMESTIK REGIONAL BRUTO PROVINSI PROVINCIAL GROSS REGIONAL DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Tabel 13.1.1 **Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Berlaku Menurut Lapangan Usaha di Provinsi Jambi (miliar rupiah), 2017–2021**
Gross Regional Domestic Product at Current Market Prices by Industry in Jambi Province (billion rupiahs), 2017–2021

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| A | Pertanian, Kehutanan, dan Perikanan/ <i>Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing</i> | 56 325,28 | 57 893,12 | 60 510,64 | 63 708,20 | 73 769,56 |
| 1 | Pertanian, Peternakan, Perburuan, dan Jasa Pertanian/ <i>Agriculture, Livestock, Hunting, and Agriculture Services</i> | 49 754,37 | 50 757,42 | 52 619,16 | 55 574,08 | 65 304,51 |
| a. | Tanaman Pangan/ <i>Food Crops</i> | 4 343,34 | 4 585,51 | 4 287,56 | 4 504,55 | 3 911,42 |
| b. | Tanaman Hortikultura/ <i>Horticultural Crops</i> | 6 647,15 | 7 068,37 | 7 405,96 | 7 502,64 | 7 838,39 |
| c. | Tanaman Perkebunan/ <i>Plantation Crops</i> | 35 844,75 | 35 907,31 | 37 476,06 | 40 102,81 | 49 866,29 |
| d. | Peternakan/ <i>Livestock</i> | 2 408,28 | 2 661,26 | 2 892,83 | 2 888,90 | 3 014,29 |
| e. | Jasa Pertanian dan Perburuan/ <i>Agriculture Services and Hunting</i> | 510,86 | 534,98 | 556,75 | 575,18 | 674,11 |
| 2 | Kehutanan dan Penebangan Kayu/ <i>Forestry and Logging</i> | 2 295,90 | 2 400,64 | 2 663,18 | 2 901,88 | 2 703,38 |
| 3 | Perikanan/ <i>Fishing</i> | 4 275,01 | 4 735,06 | 5 228,30 | 5 232,23 | 5 761,67 |
| B | Pertambangan dan Penggalian/ <i>Mining and Quarrying</i> | 33 762,94 | 41 250,66 | 40 095,86 | 25 223,22 | 32 934,50 |
| 1 | Pertambangan Minyak, Gas, dan Panas Bumi/ <i>Crude Petroleum, Natural Gas, and Geothermal</i> | 26 320,79 | 33 228,62 | 32 481,95 | 19 449,04 | 23 922,80 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.1

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 2 | Pertambangan Batubara dan Lignit/ <i>Coal and Lignite Mining</i> | 4 903,54 | 5 429,94 | 4 759,11 | 2 665,27 | 5 636,78 |
| 3 | Pertambangan Bijih Logam/ <i>Iron Ore Mining</i> | 98,46 | 105,07 | 116,39 | 155,62 | 157,61 |
| 4 | Pertambangan dan Penggalian Lainnya/ <i>Other Mining and Quarrying</i> | 2 440,14 | 2 487,03 | 2 738,42 | 2 953,28 | 3 217,31 |
| C | Industri Pengolahan/ <i>Manufacturing</i> | 19 562,93 | 20 669,37 | 21 279,67 | 22 066,77 | 23 959,09 |
| 1 | Industri Batubara dan Pengilangan Migas/ <i>Manufacture of Coal and Refined Petroleum Products</i> | 6 030,89 | 6 555,83 | 6 441,41 | 6 520,35 | 6 548,02 |
| 2 | Industri Makanan dan Minuman/ <i>Manufacture of Food Products and Beverages</i> | 7 666,89 | 8 036,28 | 8 563,15 | 9 456,08 | 11 160,07 |
| 3 | Industri Pengolahan Tembakau/ <i>Manufacture of Tobacco Products</i> | 0,20 | 0,20 | 0,21 | 0,22 | 0,38 |
| 4 | Industri Tekstil dan Pakaian Jadi/ <i>Manufacture of Textiles and Wearing Apparel</i> | 34,21 | 36,78 | 38,52 | 37,41 | 37,86 |
| 5 | Industri Kulit, Barang dari Kulit, dan Alas Kaki/ <i>Manufacture of Leather and Related Products, and Footwear</i> | 0,11 | 0,11 | 0,12 | 0,11 | 0,12 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.1

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 6 Industri Kayu, Barang dari Kayu dan Gabus; dan Barang Anyaman dari Bambu, Rotan, dan Sejenisnya/ <i>Manufacture of Wood and Products of Wood and Cork; and Articles of Straw and Plaiting Materials</i> | 2 215,83 | 2 356,67 | 2 487,39 | 2 444,81 | 2 513,99 |
| 7 Industri Kertas dan Barang dari Kertas; Percetakan dan Reproduksi Media Rekaman/ <i>Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products; Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media</i> | 1 137,37 | 1 187,05 | 1 306,61 | 1 257,66 | 1 159,84 |
| 8 Industri Kimia, Farmasi, dan Obat Tradisional/ <i>Manufacture of Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, and Botanical Products</i> | 37,68 | 39,12 | 41,45 | 39,66 | 47,51 |
| 9 Industri Karet; Barang dari Karet dan Plastik/ <i>Manufacture of Rubber; Rubber Products and Plastics Products</i> | 1 604,53 | 1 584,75 | 1 485,28 | 1 432,80 | 1 592,19 |
| 10 Industri Barang Galian bukan Logam/ <i>Manufacture of Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products</i> | 335,22 | 344,16 | 354,95 | 353,18 | 372,10 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.1

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|--|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 11 Industri Logam Dasar/ <i>Manufacture of Basic Metals</i> | – | – | – | – | – |
| 12 Industri Barang Logam; Komputer, Barang Elektronik, Optik; dan Peralatan Listrik/ <i>Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products; Electronic, Computer, and Optical Products; and Electrical Equipment</i> | 4,51 | 4,64 | 4,76 | 4,38 | 4,39 |
| 13 Industri Mesin dan Perlengkapan/ <i>Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 7,80 | 8,34 | 9,06 | 8,99 | 9,41 |
| 14 Industri Alat Angkutan/ <i>Manufacture of Transport Equipment</i> | 72,47 | 74,33 | 77,61 | 72,42 | 72,63 |
| 15 Industri Furnitur/ <i>Manufacture of Furniture</i> | 404,95 | 429,98 | 457,42 | 427,29 | 429,12 |
| 16 Industri Pengolahan Lainnya; Jasa Reparasi dan Pemasangan Mesin dan Peralatan/ <i>Other Manufacturing; Repair and Installation of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 10,27 | 11,13 | 11,73 | 11,42 | 11,47 |
| D Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas/ <i>Electricity and Gas</i> | 121,09 | 133,13 | 145,52 | 153,14 | 165,72 |
| 1 Ketenagalistrikan/ <i>Electricity</i> | 113,39 | 124,79 | 136,65 | 143,32 | 150,88 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.1

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 2 | Pengadaan Gas dan Produksi Es/ <i>Manufacture of Gas and Production of Ice</i> | 7,70 | 8,35 | 8,86 | 9,82 | 14,84 |
| E | Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang/ <i>Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities</i> | 265,03 | 282,86 | 303,80 | 311,52 | 331,08 |
| F | Konstruksi/ <i>Construction</i> | 13 308,00 | 14 732,79 | 16 128,77 | 16 423,36 | 18 314,79 |
| G | Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 22 064,52 | 24 463,29 | 26 332,21 | 26 078,04 | 29 399,05 |
| 1 | Perdagangan Mobil, Sepeda Motor dan Reparasinya/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade and Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 4 196,22 | 4 563,95 | 4 977,33 | 4 623,15 | 5 632,27 |
| 2 | Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran, Bukan Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade Except of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 17 868,30 | 19 899,34 | 21 354,88 | 21 454,89 | 23 766,78 |
| H | Transportasi dan Pergudangan/ <i>Transportation and Storage</i> | 6 235,85 | 6 683,37 | 7 019,11 | 5 643,04 | 5 994,70 |
| 1 | Angkutan Rel/ <i>Railways Transport</i> | – | – | – | – | – |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.1

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|----------|----------|----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | |
| 2 | Angkutan Darat/Land Transport | 3 570,93 | 3 835,45 | 4 063,26 | 3 763,33 | 4 186,66 |
| 3 | Angkutan Laut/Sea Transport | 503,85 | 532,61 | 570,63 | 530,45 | 581,78 |
| 4 | Angkutan Sungai, Danau, dan Penyeberangan/River, Lake, and Ferry Transport | 343,58 | 367,72 | 392,35 | 384,44 | 418,33 |
| 5 | Angkutan Udara/Air Transport | 1 331,21 | 1 409,99 | 1 424,02 | 492,91 | 289,15 |
| 6 | Pergudangan dan Jasa Penunjang Angkutan; Pos dan Kurir/Warehousing and Support Services for Transportation; Postal and Courier | 486,28 | 537,60 | 568,86 | 471,90 | 518,76 |
| I | Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum/Accommodation and Food Service Activities | 2 293,92 | 2 468,90 | 2 628,85 | 2 440,73 | 2 567,78 |
| 1 | Penyediaan Akomodasi/Accommodation | 443,73 | 476,46 | 485,62 | 436,30 | 433,80 |
| 2 | Penyediaan Makan Minum/Food and Beverage Service Activities | 1 850,19 | 1 992,44 | 2 143,23 | 2 004,43 | 2 133,98 |
| J | Informasi dan Komunikasi/Information and Communication | 7 107,25 | 7 875,25 | 8 472,44 | 9 136,89 | 9 512,95 |
| K | Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi/Financial and Insurance Activities | 4 676,21 | 4 834,54 | 5 046,14 | 5 395,09 | 5 976,35 |
| 1 | Jasa Perantara Keuangan/Financial Intermediary Services | 3 291,02 | 3 355,37 | 3 423,37 | 3 737,24 | 4 238,38 |
| 2 | Asuransi dan Dana Pensiun/Insurance and Pension Fund | 623,39 | 660,01 | 727,45 | 723,46 | 733,68 |
| 3 | Jasa Keuangan Lainnya/Other Financial Services | 747,38 | 803,70 | 878,39 | 918,24 | 987,44 |
| 4 | Jasa Penunjang Keuangan/Financial Supporting Service | 14,42 | 15,46 | 16,93 | 16,16 | 16,86 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.1

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| L | Real Estat/ <i>Real Estate Activities</i> | 2 968,97 | 3 223,09 | 3 533,85 | 3 573,32 | 3 771,86 |
| M,N | Jasa Perusahaan/ <i>Business Activities</i> | 2 296,95 | 2 489,71 | 2 668,87 | 2 596,63 | 2 825,46 |
| O | Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib/ <i>Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security</i> | 8 563,09 | 9 549,73 | 10 474,10 | 10 698,47 | 10 693,54 |
| P | Jasa Pendidikan/ <i>Education</i> | 6 309,03 | 7 005,21 | 7 615,44 | 7 927,14 | 8 148,92 |
| Q | Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial/ <i>Human Health and Social Work Activities</i> | 2 091,76 | 2 321,75 | 2 572,61 | 2 810,79 | 3 280,87 |
| R,S,T,U | Jasa Lainnya/ <i>Other Services Activities</i> | 1 834,91 | 2 001,91 | 2 099,84 | 2 056,25 | 2 079,23 |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Gross Regional Domestic Product | | 189 787,72 | 207 878,69 | 216 927,71 | 206 242,61 | 233 725,46 |

Catatan/*Note*: Perbedaan antara jumlah PDRB 34 Provinsi dan PDB Indonesia antara lain disebabkan oleh diskrepansi statistik/*The difference between the total of GRDP of 34 Provinces and the GDP of Indonesia due to the statistical discrepancies.*

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources*

Tabel 13.1.2 **Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Konstan 2010 Menurut Lapangan Usaha di Provinsi Jambi (miliar rupiah), 2017–2021**
Gross Regional Domestic Product at 2010 Constant Market Prices by Industry in Jambi Province (billion rupiahs), 2017–2021

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| A | Pertanian, Kehutanan, dan Perikanan/ <i>Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing</i> | 36 809,09 | 38 041,61 | 39 160,08 | 39 751,94 | 41 234,85 |
| 1 | Pertanian, Peternakan, Perburuan, dan Jasa Pertanian/ <i>Agriculture, Livestock, Hunting, and Agriculture Services</i> | 32 490,82 | 33 581,47 | 34 516,30 | 35 065,10 | 36 544,87 |
| a. | Tanaman Pangan/ <i>Food Crops</i> | 2 855,70 | 2 950,83 | 2 731,41 | 2 810,66 | 2 465,71 |
| b. | Tanaman Hortikultura/ <i>Horticultural Crops</i> | 3 863,96 | 4 087,83 | 4 268,28 | 4 220,90 | 4 319,66 |
| c. | Tanaman Perkebunan/ <i>Plantation Crops</i> | 23 870,06 | 24 549,67 | 25 431,83 | 25 989,82 | 27 668,89 |
| d. | Peternakan/ <i>Livestock</i> | 1 576,25 | 1 657,13 | 1 738,99 | 1 692,98 | 1 716,26 |
| e. | Jasa Pertanian dan Perburuan/ <i>Agriculture Services and Hunting</i> | 324,85 | 336,01 | 345,78 | 350,74 | 374,35 |
| 2 | Kehutanan dan Penebangan Kayu/ <i>Forestry and Logging</i> | 1 673,28 | 1 690,30 | 1 760,29 | 1 873,78 | 1 698,93 |
| 3 | Perikanan/ <i>Fishing</i> | 2 644,99 | 2 769,84 | 2 883,49 | 2 813,06 | 2 991,05 |
| B | Pertambangan dan Penggalian/ <i>Mining and Quarrying</i> | 32 207,04 | 34 104,17 | 35 709,32 | 34 899,96 | 35 692,22 |
| 1 | Pertambangan Minyak, Gas, dan Panas Bumi/ <i>Crude Petroleum, Natural Gas, and Geothermal</i> | 24 868,87 | 26 526,27 | 27 583,06 | 26 922,88 | 26 403,27 |
| 2 | Pertambangan Batubara dan Lignit/ <i>Coal and Lignite Mining</i> | 5 551,97 | 5 772,74 | 6 210,64 | 5 975,05 | 7 139,32 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.2

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 3 Pertambangan Bijih Logam/ <i>Iron Ore Mining</i> | 70,39 | 71,47 | 70,05 | 69,59 | 66,41 |
| 4 Pertambangan dan Penggalian Lainnya/ <i>Other Mining and Quarrying</i> | 1 715,81 | 1 733,69 | 1 845,57 | 1 932,44 | 2 083,22 |
| C Industri Pengolahan/ <i>Manufacturing</i> | 14 640,67 | 15 137,37 | 15 495,29 | 15 513,67 | 15 711,11 |
| 1 Industri Batubara dan Pengilangan Migas/ <i>Manufacture of Coal and Refined Petroleum Products</i> | 4 587,64 | 4 797,78 | 4 695,10 | 4 843,43 | 4 793,36 |
| 2 Industri Makanan dan Minuman/ <i>Manufacture of Food Products and Beverages</i> | 5 402,84 | 5 634,38 | 6 015,50 | 6 026,07 | 6 432,88 |
| 3 Industri Pengolahan Tembakau/ <i>Manufacture of Tobacco Products</i> | — | — | 0,14 | 0,14 | 0,26 |
| 4 Industri Tekstil dan Pakaian Jadi/ <i>Manufacture of Textiles and Wearing Apparel</i> | 26,11 | 27,24 | 27,64 | 26,30 | 26,32 |
| 5 Industri Kulit, Barang dari Kulit, dan Alas Kaki/ <i>Manufacture of Leather and Related Products, and Footwear</i> | — | — | 0,09 | 0,09 | 0,09 |
| 6 Industri Kayu, Barang dari Kayu dan Gabus; dan Barang Anyaman dari Bambu, Rotan, dan Sejenisnya/ <i>Manufacture of Wood and Products of Wood and Cork; and Articles of Straw and Plaiting Materials</i> | 1 534,43 | 1 583,01 | 1 646,21 | 1 622,25 | 1 632,69 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.2

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|----------|----------|----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | |
| 7 | Industri Kertas dan Barang dari Kertas; Percetakan dan Reproduksi Media Rekaman/ <i>Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products; Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media</i> | 1 031,37 | 1 010,16 | 1 110,47 | 1 062,20 | 927,38 |
| 8 | Industri Kimia, Farmasi, dan Obat Tradisional/ <i>Manufacture of Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, and Botanical Products</i> | 30,24 | 29,95 | 30,93 | 29,44 | 34,08 |
| 9 | Industri Karet; Barang dari Karet dan Plastik/ <i>Manufacture of Rubber; Rubber Products and Plastics Products</i> | 1 434,91 | 1 449,82 | 1 348,73 | 1 317,60 | 1 276,57 |
| 10 | Industri Barang Galian bukan Logam/ <i>Manufacture of Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products</i> | 248,85 | 251,68 | 255,75 | 249,77 | 253,22 |
| 11 | Industri Logam Dasar/ <i>Manufacture of Basic Metals</i> | – | – | – | – | – |
| 12 | Industri Barang Logam; Komputer, Barang Elektronik, Optik; dan Peralatan Listrik/ <i>Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products; Electronic, Computer, and Optical Products; and Electrical Equipment</i> | 3,39 | 3,37 | 3,38 | 3,10 | 2,96 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.2

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 13 Industri Mesin dan Perlengkapan/ <i>Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 5,56 | 5,73 | 6,00 | 5,82 | 5,95 |
| 14 Industri Alat Angkutan/ <i>Manufacture of Transport Equipment</i> | 60,25 | 60,59 | 61,70 | 56,65 | 55,83 |
| 15 Industri Furnitur/ <i>Manufacture of Furniture</i> | 266,99 | 275,31 | 285,30 | 262,74 | 261,44 |
| 16 Industri Pengolahan Lainnya; Jasa Reparasi dan Pemasangan Mesin dan Peralatan/ <i>Other Manufacturing; Repair and Installation of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 7,87 | 8,11 | 8,35 | 8,07 | 8,06 |
| D Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas/ <i>Electricity and Gas</i> | 69,42 | 73,32 | 77,58 | 81,14 | 86,89 |
| 1 Ketenagalistrikan/ <i>Electricity</i> | 66,26 | 70,00 | 74,18 | 77,39 | 81,24 |
| 2 Pengadaan Gas dan Produksi Es/ <i>Manufacture of Gas and Production of Ice</i> | 3,16 | 3,32 | 3,40 | 3,75 | 5,65 |
| E Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang/ <i>Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities</i> | 183,33 | 191,09 | 198,74 | 202,68 | 213,08 |
| F Konstruksi/ <i>Construction</i> | 9 818,05 | 10 330,53 | 11 043,41 | 11 140,58 | 12 033,11 |
| G Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 13 123,44 | 13 902,88 | 14 724,55 | 14 203,50 | 15 044,58 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.2

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 1 | Perdagangan Mobil, Sepeda Motor dan Reparasinya/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade and Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 2 561,11 | 2 668,32 | 2 749,95 | 2 497,01 | 3 002,88 |
| 2 | Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran, Bukan Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade Except of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 10 562,33 | 11 234,56 | 11 974,61 | 11 706,49 | 12 041,70 |
| H | Transportasi dan Pergudangan/ <i>Transportation and Storage</i> | 4 488,55 | 4 722,34 | 4 891,84 | 4 203,82 | 4 412,59 |
| 1 | Angkutan Rel/ <i>Railways Transport</i> | – | – | – | – | – |
| 2 | Angkutan Darat/ <i>Land Transport</i> | 2 685,52 | 2 846,48 | 3 005,78 | 2 946,86 | 3 219,21 |
| 3 | Angkutan Laut/ <i>Sea Transport</i> | 372,95 | 389,23 | 412,30 | 389,52 | 422,93 |
| 4 | Angkutan Sungai, Danau, dan Penyeberangan/ <i>River, Lake, and Ferry Transport</i> | 240,69 | 253,20 | 262,77 | 250,83 | 267,09 |
| 5 | Angkutan Udara/ <i>Air Transport</i> | 863,02 | 887,92 | 853,67 | 321,54 | 184,87 |
| 6 | Pergudangan dan Jasa Penunjang Angkutan; Pos dan Kurir/ <i>Warehousing and Support Services for Transportation; Postal and Courier</i> | 326,37 | 345,52 | 357,32 | 295,07 | 318,49 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.2

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|----------|----------|----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| I | Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum/ <i>Accommodation and Food Service Activities</i> | 1 517,93 | 1 610,01 | 1 700,44 | 1 584,31 | 1 661,08 |
| 1 | Penyediaan Akomodasi/ <i>Accommodation</i> | 285,33 | 302,17 | 305,70 | 277,55 | 275,36 |
| 2 | Penyediaan Makan Minum/ <i>Food and Beverage Service Activities</i> | 1 232,60 | 1 307,84 | 1 394,74 | 1 306,76 | 1 385,72 |
| J | Informasi dan Komunikasi/ <i>Information and Communication</i> | 4 924,70 | 5 295,71 | 5 624,30 | 6 101,01 | 6 335,00 |
| K | Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi/ <i>Financial and Insurance Activities</i> | 3 203,10 | 3 198,49 | 3 259,90 | 3 487,26 | 3 674,27 |
| 1 | Jasa Perantara Keuangan/ <i>Financial Intermediary Services</i> | 2 293,04 | 2 251,86 | 2 259,02 | 2 481,65 | 2 658,21 |
| 2 | Asuransi dan Dana Pensiun/ <i>Insurance and Pension Fund</i> | 404,14 | 416,70 | 446,46 | 438,79 | 429,36 |
| 3 | Jasa Keuangan Lainnya/ <i>Other Financial Services</i> | 495,14 | 518,68 | 542,43 | 555,33 | 575,07 |
| 4 | Jasa Penunjang Keuangan/ <i>Financial Supporting Service</i> | 10,78 | 11,25 | 11,98 | 11,49 | 11,64 |
| L | Real Estat/ <i>Real Estate Activities</i> | 1 969,92 | 2 069,29 | 2 212,37 | 2 212,00 | 2 281,92 |
| M,N | Jasa Perusahaan/ <i>Business Activities</i> | 1 436,30 | 1 503,45 | 1 564,91 | 1 480,60 | 1 540,30 |
| O | Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib/ <i>Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security</i> | 4 670,56 | 4 874,76 | 5 148,49 | 5 060,51 | 5 093,76 |
| P | Jasa Pendidikan/ <i>Education</i> | 4 458,49 | 4 700,92 | 4 971,05 | 5 127,71 | 5 183,53 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.2

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Q Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial/ <i>Human Health and Social Work Activities</i> | 1 572,87 | 1 660,01 | 1 781,23 | 1 906,75 | 2 180,07 |
| R,S,T,U Jasa Lainnya/ <i>Other Services Activities</i> | 1 408,25 | 1 486,04 | 1 547,59 | 1 491,38 | 1 503,33 |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto <i>Gross Regional Domestic Product</i> | 136 501,71 | 142 902,00 | 149 111,09 | 148 448,82 | 153 881,69 |

Catatan/*Note*: Perbedaan antara jumlah PDRB 34 Provinsi dan PDB Indonesia antara lain disebabkan oleh diskrepansi statistik/*The difference between the total of GRDP of 34 Provinces and the GDP of Indonesia due to the statistical discrepancies.*

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources*

Tabel
Table 13.1.3

Distribusi Persentase Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Berlaku Menurut Lapangan Usaha di Provinsi Jambi, 2017–2021
Percentage Distribution of Gross Regional Domestic Product at Current Market Prices by Industry in Jambi Province, 2017–2021

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| A | Pertanian, Kehutanan, dan Perikanan/ <i>Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing</i> | 29,68 | 27,85 | 27,89 | 30,89 | 31,56 |
| 1 | Pertanian, Peternakan, Perburuan, dan Jasa Pertanian/ <i>Agriculture, Livestock, Hunting, and Agriculture Services</i> | 26,22 | 24,42 | 24,26 | 26,95 | 27,94 |
| a. | Tanaman Pangan/ <i>Food Crops</i> | 2,29 | 2,21 | 1,98 | 2,18 | 1,67 |
| b. | Tanaman Hortikultura/ <i>Horticultural Crops</i> | 3,50 | 3,40 | 3,41 | 3,64 | 3,35 |
| c. | Tanaman Perkebunan/ <i>Plantation Crops</i> | 18,89 | 17,27 | 17,28 | 19,44 | 21,34 |
| d. | Peternakan/ <i>Livestock</i> | 1,27 | 1,28 | 1,33 | 1,40 | 1,29 |
| e. | Jasa Pertanian dan Perburuan/ <i>Agriculture Services and Hunting</i> | 0,27 | 0,26 | 0,26 | 0,28 | 0,29 |
| 2 | Kehutanan dan Penebangan Kayu/ <i>Forestry and Logging</i> | 1,21 | 1,15 | 1,23 | 1,41 | 1,16 |
| 3 | Perikanan/ <i>Fishing</i> | 2,25 | 2,28 | 2,41 | 2,54 | 2,47 |
| B | Pertambangan dan Penggalian/ <i>Mining and Quarrying</i> | 17,79 | 19,84 | 18,48 | 12,23 | 14,09 |
| 1 | Pertambangan Minyak, Gas, dan Panas Bumi/ <i>Crude Petroleum, Natural Gas, and Geothermal</i> | 13,87 | 15,98 | 14,97 | 9,43 | 10,24 |
| 2 | Pertambangan Batubara dan Lignit/ <i>Coal and Lignite Mining</i> | 2,58 | 2,61 | 2,19 | 1,29 | 2,41 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.3

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|-------|------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 3 | Pertambangan Bijih Logam/ <i>Iron Ore Mining</i> | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,05 | 0,08 | 0,07 |
| 4 | Pertambangan dan Penggalian Lainnya/ <i>Other Mining and Quarrying</i> | 1,29 | 1,20 | 1,26 | 1,43 | 1,38 |
| C | Industri Pengolahan/ <i>Manufacturing</i> | 10,31 | 9,94 | 9,81 | 10,70 | 10,25 |
| 1 | Industri Batubara dan Pengilangan Migas/ <i>Manufacture of Coal and Refined Petroleum Products</i> | 3,18 | 3,15 | 2,97 | 3,16 | 2,80 |
| 2 | Industri Makanan dan Minuman/ <i>Manufacture of Food Products and Beverages</i> | 4,04 | 3,87 | 3,95 | 4,58 | 4,77 |
| 3 | Industri Pengolahan Tembakau/ <i>Manufacture of Tobacco Products</i> | – | – | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 4 | Industri Tekstil dan Pakaian Jadi/ <i>Manufacture of Textiles and Wearing Apparel</i> | 0,02 | 0,02 | 0,02 | 0,02 | 0,02 |
| 5 | Industri Kulit, Barang dari Kulit, dan Alas Kaki/ <i>Manufacture of Leather and Related Products, and Footwear</i> | – | – | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 6 | Industri Kayu, Barang dari Kayu dan Gabus; dan Barang Anyaman dari Bambu, Rotan, dan Sejenisnya/ <i>Manufacture of Wood and Products of Wood and Cork; and Articles of Straw and Plaiting Materials</i> | 1,17 | 1,13 | 1,15 | 1,19 | 1,08 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.3

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|------|------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 7 | Industri Kertas dan Barang dari Kertas; Percetakan dan Reproduksi Media Rekaman/ <i>Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products; Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media</i> | 0,60 | 0,57 | 0,60 | 0,61 | 0,50 |
| 8 | Industri Kimia, Farmasi, dan Obat Tradisional/ <i>Manufacture of Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, and Botanical Products</i> | 0,02 | 0,02 | 0,02 | 0,02 | 0,02 |
| 9 | Industri Karet; Barang dari Karet dan Plastik/ <i>Manufacture of Rubber; Rubber Products and Plastics Products</i> | 0,85 | 0,76 | 0,68 | 0,69 | 0,68 |
| 10 | Industri Barang Galian bukan Logam/ <i>Manufacture of Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products</i> | 0,18 | 0,17 | 0,16 | 0,17 | 0,16 |
| 11 | Industri Logam Dasar/ <i>Manufacture of Basic Metals</i> | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 12 | Industri Barang Logam; Komputer, Barang Elektronik, Optik; dan Peralatan Listrik/ <i>Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products; Electronic, Computer, and Optical Products; and Electrical Equipment</i> | – | – | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.3

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 13 Industri Mesin dan Perlengkapan/ <i>Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment</i> | – | – | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,00 |
| 14 Industri Alat Angkutan/ <i>Manufacture of Transport Equipment</i> | 0,04 | 0,04 | 0,04 | 0,04 | 0,03 |
| 15 Industri Furnitur/ <i>Manufacture of Furniture</i> | 0,21 | 0,21 | 0,21 | 0,21 | 0,18 |
| 16 Industri Pengolahan Lainnya; Jasa Reparasi dan Pemasangan Mesin dan Peralatan/ <i>Other Manufacturing; Repair and Installation of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 0,01 | 0,01 | 0,01 | 0,01 | 0,00 |
| D Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas/ <i>Electricity and Gas</i> | 0,06 | 0,06 | 0,07 | 0,07 | 0,07 |
| 1 Ketenagalistrikan/ <i>Electricity</i> | 0,06 | 0,06 | 0,06 | 0,07 | 0,06 |
| 2 Pengadaan Gas dan Produksi Es/ <i>Manufacture of Gas and Production of Ice</i> | – | – | 0,00 | 0,00 | 0,01 |
| E Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang/ <i>Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities</i> | 0,14 | 0,14 | 0,14 | 0,15 | 0,14 |
| F Konstruksi/ <i>Construction</i> | 7,01 | 7,09 | 7,44 | 7,96 | 7,84 |
| G Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 11,63 | 11,77 | 12,14 | 12,64 | 12,58 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.3

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|------|------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 1 | Perdagangan Mobil, Sepeda Motor dan Reparasinya/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade and Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 2,21 | 2,20 | 2,29 | 2,24 | 2,41 |
| 2 | Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran, Bukan Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade Except of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 9,41 | 9,57 | 9,84 | 10,40 | 10,17 |
| H | Transportasi dan Pergudangan/ <i>Transportation and Storage</i> | 3,29 | 3,22 | 3,24 | 2,74 | 2,56 |
| 1 | Angkutan Rel/ <i>Railways Transport</i> | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 2 | Angkutan Darat/ <i>Land Transport</i> | 1,88 | 1,85 | 1,87 | 1,82 | 1,79 |
| 3 | Angkutan Laut/ <i>Sea Transport</i> | 0,27 | 0,26 | 0,26 | 0,26 | 0,25 |
| 4 | Angkutan Sungai, Danau, dan Penyeberangan/ <i>River, Lake, and Ferry Transport</i> | 0,18 | 0,18 | 0,18 | 0,19 | 0,18 |
| 5 | Angkutan Udara/ <i>Air Transport</i> | 0,70 | 0,68 | 0,66 | 0,24 | 0,12 |
| 6 | Pergudangan dan Jasa Penunjang Angkutan; Pos dan Kurir/ <i>Warehousing and Support Services for Transportation; Postal and Courier</i> | 0,26 | 0,26 | 0,26 | 0,23 | 0,22 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.3

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|------|------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| I | Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum/ <i>Accommodation and Food Service Activities</i> | 1,21 | 1,19 | 1,21 | 1,18 | 1,10 |
| 1 | Penyediaan Akomodasi/ <i>Accommodation</i> | 0,23 | 0,23 | 0,22 | 0,21 | 0,19 |
| 2 | Penyediaan Makan Minum/ <i>Food and Beverage Service Activities</i> | 0,97 | 0,96 | 0,99 | 0,97 | 0,91 |
| J | Informasi dan Komunikasi/ <i>Information and Communication</i> | 3,74 | 3,79 | 3,91 | 4,43 | 4,07 |
| K | Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi/ <i>Financial and Insurance Activities</i> | 2,46 | 2,33 | 2,33 | 2,62 | 2,56 |
| 1 | Jasa Perantara Keuangan/ <i>Financial Intermediary Services</i> | 1,73 | 1,61 | 1,58 | 1,81 | 1,81 |
| 2 | Asuransi dan Dana Pensiun/ <i>Insurance and Pension Fund</i> | 0,33 | 0,32 | 0,34 | 0,35 | 0,31 |
| 3 | Jasa Keuangan Lainnya/ <i>Other Financial Services</i> | 0,39 | 0,39 | 0,40 | 0,45 | 0,42 |
| 4 | Jasa Penunjang Keuangan/ <i>Financial Supporting Service</i> | 0,01 | 0,01 | 0,01 | 0,01 | 0,01 |
| L | Real Estat/ <i>Real Estate Activities</i> | 1,56 | 1,55 | 1,63 | 1,73 | 1,61 |
| M,N | Jasa Perusahaan/ <i>Business Activities</i> | 1,21 | 1,20 | 1,23 | 1,26 | 1,21 |
| O | Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib/ <i>Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security</i> | 4,51 | 4,59 | 4,83 | 5,19 | 4,58 |
| P | Jasa Pendidikan/ <i>Education</i> | 3,32 | 3,37 | 3,51 | 3,84 | 3,49 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.3

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Q Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial/ <i>Human Health and Social Work Activities</i> | 1,10 | 1,12 | 1,19 | 1,36 | 1,40 |
| R,S,T,U Jasa Lainnya/ <i>Other Services Activities</i> | 0,97 | 0,96 | 0,97 | 1,00 | 0,89 |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Gross Regional Domestic Product | 100,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |

Catatan/*Note*: Perbedaan antara jumlah PDRB 34 Provinsi dan PDB Indonesia antara lain disebabkan oleh diskrepansi statistik/*The difference between the total of GRDP of 34 Provinces and the GDP of Indonesia due to the statistical discrepancies.*

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources*

Tabel 13.1.4 **Laju Pertumbuhan Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Konstan 2010 Menurut Lapangan Usaha di Provinsi Jambi (persen), 2017–2021**
Table 13.1.4 **Growth Rate of Gross Regional Domestic Product at 2010 Constant Market Prices by Industry in Jambi Province (percent), 2017–2021**

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|-------|------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| A | Pertanian, Kehutanan, dan Perikanan/ <i>Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing</i> | 5,37 | 3,35 | 2,94 | 1,51 | 3,73 |
| 1 | Pertanian, Peternakan, Perburuan, dan Jasa Pertanian/ <i>Agriculture, Livestock, Hunting, and Agriculture Services</i> | 5,74 | 3,36 | 2,78 | 1,59 | 4,22 |
| a. | Tanaman Pangan/ <i>Food Crops</i> | 6,94 | 3,33 | -7,44 | 2,90 | -12,27 |
| b. | Tanaman Hortikultura/ <i>Horticultural Crops</i> | 4,92 | 5,79 | 4,41 | -1,11 | 2,34 |
| c. | Tanaman Perkebunan/ <i>Plantation Crops</i> | 5,77 | 2,85 | 3,59 | 2,19 | 6,46 |
| d. | Peternakan/ <i>Livestock</i> | 5,31 | 5,13 | 4,94 | -2,65 | 1,37 |
| e. | Jasa Pertanian dan Perburuan/ <i>Agriculture Services and Hunting</i> | 4,89 | 3,43 | 2,91 | 1,43 | 6,73 |
| 2 | Kehutanan dan Penebangan Kayu/ <i>Forestry and Logging</i> | 1,00 | 1,02 | 4,14 | 6,45 | -9,33 |
| 3 | Perikanan/ <i>Fishing</i> | 3,75 | 4,72 | 4,10 | -2,44 | 6,33 |
| B | Pertambangan dan Penggalian/ <i>Mining and Quarrying</i> | 3,84 | 5,89 | 4,71 | -2,27 | 2,27 |
| 1 | Pertambangan Minyak, Gas, dan Panas Bumi/ <i>Crude Petroleum, Natural Gas, and Geothermal</i> | 2,34 | 6,66 | 3,98 | -2,39 | -1,93 |
| 2 | Pertambangan Batubara dan Lignit/ <i>Coal and Lignite Mining</i> | 11,22 | 3,98 | 7,59 | -3,79 | 19,49 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.4

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|---|-------|------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 3 | Pertambangan Bijih Logam/ <i>Iron Ore Mining</i> | -2,34 | 1,53 | -1,99 | -0,67 | -4,57 |
| 4 | Pertambangan dan Penggalian Lainnya/ <i>Other Mining and Quarrying</i> | 3,78 | 1,04 | 6,45 | 4,71 | 7,80 |
| C | Industri Pengolahan/ <i>Manufacturing</i> | 2,61 | 3,39 | 2,36 | 0,12 | 1,27 |
| 1 | Industri Batubara dan Pengilangan Migas/ <i>Manufacture of Coal and Refined Petroleum Products</i> | 1,54 | 4,58 | -2,14 | 3,16 | -1,03 |
| 2 | Industri Makanan dan Minuman/ <i>Manufacture of Food Products and Beverages</i> | 4,02 | 4,29 | 6,76 | 0,18 | 6,75 |
| 3 | Industri Pengolahan Tembakau/ <i>Manufacture of Tobacco Products</i> | -0,68 | 1,58 | 3,47 | 1,02 | 83,19 |
| 4 | Industri Tekstil dan Pakaian Jadi/ <i>Manufacture of Textiles and Wearing Apparel</i> | 4,10 | 4,33 | 1,47 | -4,87 | 0,10 |
| 5 | Industri Kulit, Barang dari Kulit, dan Alas Kaki/ <i>Manufacture of Leather and Related Products, and Footwear</i> | 2,51 | 1,82 | -0,77 | -2,70 | 3,08 |
| 6 | Industri Kayu, Barang dari Kayu dan Gabus; dan Barang Anyaman dari Bambu, Rotan, dan Sejenisnya/ <i>Manufacture of Wood and Products of Wood and Cork; and Articles of Straw and Plaiting Materials</i> | 1,33 | 3,17 | 3,99 | -1,46 | 0,64 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.4

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 7 | Industri Kertas dan Barang dari Kertas; Percetakan dan Reproduksi Media Rekaman/ <i>Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products; Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media</i> | 5,95 | -2,06 | 9,93 | -4,35 | -12,69 |
| 8 | Industri Kimia, Farmasi, dan Obat Tradisional/ <i>Manufacture of Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, and Botanical Products</i> | 0,97 | -0,95 | 3,27 | -4,82 | 15,76 |
| 9 | Industri Karet; Barang dari Karet dan Plastik/ <i>Manufacture of Rubber; Rubber Products and Plastics Products</i> | 0,65 | 1,04 | -6,97 | -2,31 | -3,11 |
| 10 | Industri Barang Galian bukan Logam/ <i>Manufacture of Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products</i> | -0,78 | 1,14 | 1,62 | -2,34 | 1,38 |
| 11 | Industri Logam Dasar/ <i>Manufacture of Basic Metals</i> | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 12 | Industri Barang Logam; Komputer, Barang Elektronik, Optik; dan Peralatan Listrik/ <i>Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products; Electronic, Computer, and Optical Products; and Electrical Equipment</i> | 1,92 | -0,70 | 0,24 | -8,34 | -4,24 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.4

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 13 Industri Mesin dan Perlengkapan/ <i>Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 3,72 | 3,13 | 4,69 | -2,91 | 2,09 |
| 14 Industri Alat Angkutan/ <i>Manufacture of Transport Equipment</i> | 3,12 | 0,57 | 1,83 | -8,19 | -1,44 |
| 15 Industri Furnitur/ <i>Manufacture of Furniture</i> | 2,13 | 3,12 | 3,63 | -7,91 | -0,49 |
| 16 Industri Pengolahan Lainnya; Jasa Reparasi dan Pemasangan Mesin dan Peralatan/ <i>Other Manufacturing; Repair and Installation of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 4,75 | 3,08 | 3,00 | -3,33 | -0,21 |
| D Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas/ <i>Electricity and Gas</i> | 1,70 | 5,61 | 5,82 | 4,59 | 7,08 |
| 1 Ketenagalistrikan/ <i>Electricity</i> | 1,61 | 5,64 | 5,98 | 4,32 | 4,98 |
| 2 Pengadaan Gas dan Produksi Es/ <i>Manufacture of Gas and Production of Ice</i> | 3,56 | 5,01 | 2,45 | 10,31 | 50,46 |
| E Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang/ <i>Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities</i> | 2,60 | 4,24 | 4,00 | 1,98 | 5,13 |
| F Konstruksi/ <i>Construction</i> | 7,22 | 5,22 | 6,90 | 0,88 | 8,01 |
| G Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 4,33 | 5,94 | 5,91 | -3,54 | 5,92 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.4

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|------|------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 1 | Perdagangan Mobil, Sepeda Motor dan Reparasinya/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade and Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 3,30 | 4,19 | 3,06 | -9,20 | 20,26 |
| 2 | Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran, Bukan Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade Except of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 4,58 | 6,36 | 6,59 | -2,24 | 2,86 |
| H | Transportasi dan Pergudangan/ <i>Transportation and Storage</i> | 5,98 | 5,21 | 3,59 | -14,06 | 4,97 |
| 1 | Angkutan Rel/ <i>Railways Transport</i> | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 2 | Angkutan Darat/ <i>Land Transport</i> | 5,41 | 5,99 | 5,60 | -1,96 | 9,24 |
| 3 | Angkutan Laut/ <i>Sea Transport</i> | 4,30 | 4,36 | 5,93 | -5,53 | 8,58 |
| 4 | Angkutan Sungai, Danau, dan Penyeberangan/ <i>River, Lake, and Ferry Transport</i> | 4,85 | 5,20 | 3,78 | -4,55 | 6,48 |
| 5 | Angkutan Udara/ <i>Air Transport</i> | 8,06 | 2,88 | -3,86 | -62,33 | -42,50 |
| 6 | Pergudangan dan Jasa Penunjang Angkutan; Pos dan Kurir/ <i>Warehousing and Support Services for Transportation; Postal and Courier</i> | 8,13 | 5,87 | 3,41 | -17,42 | 7,94 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.4

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|------|-------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| I | Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum/ <i>Accommodation and Food Service Activities</i> | 7,95 | 6,07 | 5,62 | -6,83 | 4,85 |
| 1 | Penyediaan Akomodasi/ <i>Accommodation</i> | 8,28 | 5,90 | 1,17 | -9,21 | -0,79 |
| 2 | Penyediaan Makan Minum/ <i>Food and Beverage Service Activities</i> | 7,88 | 6,10 | 6,64 | -6,31 | 6,04 |
| J | Informasi dan Komunikasi/ <i>Information and Communication</i> | 6,60 | 7,53 | 6,20 | 8,48 | 3,84 |
| K | Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi/ <i>Financial and Insurance Activities</i> | 3,06 | -0,14 | 1,92 | 6,97 | 5,36 |
| 1 | Jasa Perantara Keuangan/ <i>Financial Intermediary Services</i> | 2,65 | -1,80 | 0,32 | 9,85 | 7,11 |
| 2 | Asuransi dan Dana Pensiun/ <i>Insurance and Pension Fund</i> | 3,64 | 3,11 | 7,14 | -1,72 | -2,15 |
| 3 | Jasa Keuangan Lainnya/ <i>Other Financial Services</i> | 4,45 | 4,75 | 4,58 | 2,38 | 3,55 |
| 4 | Jasa Penunjang Keuangan/ <i>Financial Supporting Service</i> | 4,96 | 4,36 | 6,49 | -4,11 | 1,27 |
| L | Real Estat/ <i>Real Estate Activities</i> | 4,61 | 5,04 | 6,91 | -0,02 | 3,16 |
| M,N | Jasa Perusahaan/ <i>Business Activities</i> | 4,32 | 4,67 | 4,09 | -5,39 | 4,03 |
| O | Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib/ <i>Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security</i> | 2,52 | 4,37 | 5,62 | -1,71 | 0,66 |
| P | Jasa Pendidikan/ <i>Education</i> | 4,24 | 5,44 | 5,75 | 3,15 | 1,09 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.4

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Q Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial/ <i>Human Health and Social Work Activities</i> | 5,49 | 5,54 | 7,30 | 7,05 | 14,33 |
| R,S,T,U Jasa Lainnya/ <i>Other Services Activities</i> | 4,54 | 5,52 | 4,14 | -3,63 | 0,80 |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Gross Regional Domestic Product | 4,60 | 4,69 | 4,35 | -0,44 | 3,66 |

Catatan/*Note*: Perbedaan antara jumlah PDRB 34 Provinsi dan PDB Indonesia antara lain disebabkan oleh diskrepansi statistik/*The difference between the total of GRDP of 34 Provinces and the GDP of Indonesia due to the statistical discrepancies.*

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources*

Tabel 13.1.5 **Indeks Harga Implisit Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Menurut Lapangan Usaha di Provinsi Jambi (2010=100), 2017–2021**
Implicit Price Index of Gross Regional Domestic Product by Industry in Jambi Province (2010=100), 2017–2021

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| A | Pertanian, Kehutanan, dan Perikanan/ <i>Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing</i> | 153,02 | 152,18 | 154,52 | 160,26 | 178,90 |
| 1 | Pertanian, Peternakan, Perburuan, dan Jasa Pertanian/ <i>Agriculture, Livestock, Hunting, and Agriculture Services</i> | 153,13 | 151,15 | 152,45 | 158,49 | 178,70 |
| a. | Tanaman Pangan/ <i>Food Crops</i> | 152,09 | 155,40 | 156,97 | 160,27 | 158,63 |
| b. | Tanaman Hortikultura/ <i>Horticultural Crops</i> | 172,03 | 172,91 | 173,51 | 177,75 | 181,46 |
| c. | Tanaman Perkebunan/ <i>Plantation Crops</i> | 150,17 | 146,26 | 147,36 | 154,30 | 180,23 |
| d. | Peternakan/ <i>Livestock</i> | 152,79 | 160,59 | 166,35 | 170,64 | 175,63 |
| e. | Jasa Pertanian dan Perburuan/ <i>Agriculture Services and Hunting</i> | 157,26 | 159,22 | 161,01 | 163,99 | 180,08 |
| 2 | Kehutanan dan Penebangan Kayu/ <i>Forestry and Logging</i> | 137,21 | 142,02 | 151,29 | 154,87 | 159,12 |
| 3 | Perikanan/ <i>Fishing</i> | 161,63 | 170,95 | 181,32 | 186,00 | 192,63 |
| B | Pertambangan dan Penggalian/ <i>Mining and Quarrying</i> | | | | | |
| 1 | Pertambangan Minyak, Gas, dan Panas Bumi/ <i>Crude Petroleum, Natural Gas, and Geothermal</i> | 104,83 | 120,95 | 112,28 | 72,27 | 92,27 |
| 2 | Pertambangan Batubara dan Lignit/ <i>Coal and Lignite Mining</i> | 105,84 | 125,27 | 117,76 | 72,24 | 90,61 |
| 3 | Pertambangan Bijih Logam/ <i>Iron Ore Mining</i> | 88,32 | 94,06 | 76,63 | 44,61 | 78,95 |
| 4 | Pertambangan dan Penggalian Lainnya/ <i>Other Mining and Quarrying</i> | 139,87 | 147,01 | 166,14 | 223,64 | 237,34 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.5

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| C | Industri Pengolahan/ <i>Manufacturing</i> | 133,62 | 136,55 | 137,33 | 142,24 | 152,50 |
| 1 | Industri Batubara dan Pengilangan Migas/ <i>Manufacture of Coal and Refined Petroleum Products</i> | 131,46 | 136,64 | 137,19 | 134,62 | 136,61 |
| 2 | Industri Makanan dan Minuman/ <i>Manufacture of Food Products and Beverages</i> | 141,90 | 142,63 | 142,35 | 156,92 | 173,48 |
| 3 | Industri Pengolahan Tembakau/ <i>Manufacture of Tobacco Products</i> | 147,40 | 148,27 | 150,15 | 153,45 | 145,19 |
| 4 | Industri Tekstil dan Pakaian Jadi/ <i>Manufacture of Textiles and Wearing Apparel</i> | 131,03 | 135,01 | 139,36 | 142,26 | 143,82 |
| 5 | Industri Kulit, Barang dari Kulit, dan Alas Kaki/ <i>Manufacture of Leather and Related Products, and Footwear</i> | 124,10 | 126,24 | 129,77 | 129,66 | 130,33 |
| 6 | Industri Kayu, Barang dari Kayu dan Gabus; dan Barang Anyaman dari Bambu, Rotan, dan Sejenisnya/ <i>Manufacture of Wood and Products of Wood and Cork; and Articles of Straw and Plaiting Materials</i> | 144,41 | 148,87 | 151,10 | 150,71 | 153,98 |
| 7 | Industri Kertas dan Barang dari Kertas; Percetakan dan Reproduksi Media Rekaman/ <i>Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products; Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media</i> | 110,28 | 117,51 | 117,66 | 118,40 | 125,07 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.5

| Lapangan Usaha/<i>Industry</i> | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 8 Industri Kimia, Farmasi, dan Obat Tradisional/ <i>Manufacture of Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, and Botanical Products</i> | 124,61 | 130,60 | 134,01 | 134,70 | 139,41 |
| 9 Industri Karet; Barang dari Karet dan Plastik/ <i>Manufacture of Rubber; Rubber Products and Plastics Products</i> | 111,82 | 109,31 | 110,12 | 108,74 | 124,72 |
| 10 Industri Barang Galian bukan Logam/ <i>Manufacture of Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products</i> | 134,71 | 136,74 | 138,79 | 141,40 | 146,95 |
| 11 Industri Logam Dasar/ <i>Manufacture of Basic Metals</i> | | | | | |
| 12 Industri Barang Logam; Komputer, Barang Elektronik, Optik; dan Peralatan Listrik/ <i>Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products; Electronic, Computer, and Optical Products; and Electrical Equipment</i> | 132,81 | 137,85 | 140,90 | 141,52 | 148,14 |
| 13 Industri Mesin dan Perlengkapan/ <i>Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 140,39 | 145,61 | 151,02 | 154,30 | 158,20 |
| 14 Industri Alat Angkutan/ <i>Manufacture of Transport Equipment</i> | 120,30 | 122,67 | 125,78 | 127,85 | 130,08 |
| 15 Industri Furnitur/ <i>Manufacture of Furniture</i> | 151,67 | 156,18 | 160,33 | 162,63 | 164,13 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.5

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | |
| 16 | Industri Pengolahan Lainnya; Jasa Reparasi dan Pemasangan Mesin dan Peralatan/ <i>Other Manufacturing; Repair and Installation of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 130,62 | 137,26 | 140,44 | 141,42 | 142,43 |
| D | Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas/ <i>Electricity and Gas</i> | 174,42 | 181,58 | 187,56 | 188,73 | 190,73 |
| 1 | Ketenagalistrikan/ <i>Electricity</i> | 171,13 | 178,27 | 184,22 | 185,20 | 185,73 |
| 2 | Pengadaan Gas dan Produksi Es/ <i>Manufacture of Gas and Production of Ice</i> | 243,41 | 251,31 | 260,42 | 261,58 | 262,66 |
| E | Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang/ <i>Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities</i> | 144,56 | 148,02 | 152,86 | 153,70 | 155,38 |
| F | Konstruksi/ <i>Construction</i> | 135,55 | 142,61 | 146,05 | 147,42 | 152,20 |
| G | Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 168,13 | 175,96 | 178,83 | 183,60 | 195,41 |
| 1 | Perdagangan Mobil, Sepeda Motor dan Reparasinya/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade and Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 163,84 | 171,04 | 181,00 | 185,15 | 187,56 |
| 2 | Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran, Bukan Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade Except of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 169,17 | 177,13 | 178,33 | 183,27 | 197,37 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.5

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| H | Transportasi dan Pergudangan/ <i>Transportation and Storage</i> | 138,93 | 141,53 | 143,49 | 134,24 | 135,85 |
| 1 | Angkutan Rel/Railways <i>Transport</i> | | | | | |
| 2 | Angkutan Darat/Land <i>Transport</i> | 132,97 | 134,74 | 135,18 | 127,71 | 130,05 |
| 3 | Angkutan Laut/Sea <i>Transport</i> | 135,10 | 136,84 | 138,40 | 136,18 | 137,56 |
| 4 | Angkutan Sungai, Danau, dan Penyeberangan/River, Lake, and Ferry <i>Transport</i> | 142,75 | 145,23 | 149,31 | 153,27 | 156,63 |
| 5 | Angkutan Udara/Air <i>Transport</i> | 154,25 | 158,80 | 166,81 | 153,30 | 156,41 |
| 6 | Pergudangan dan Jasa Penunjang Angkutan; Pos dan Kurir/Warehousing and Support Services for <i>Transportation; Postal and Courier</i> | 149,00 | 155,59 | 159,20 | 159,93 | 162,88 |
| I | Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum/ <i>Accommodation and Food Service Activities</i> | 151,12 | 153,35 | 154,60 | 154,06 | 154,58 |
| 1 | Penyediaan Akomodasi/ <i>Accommodation</i> | 155,51 | 157,68 | 158,86 | 157,20 | 157,54 |
| 2 | Penyediaan Makan Minum/ <i>Food and Beverage Service Activities</i> | 150,11 | 152,35 | 153,66 | 153,39 | 154,00 |
| J | Informasi dan Komunikasi/ <i>Information and Communication</i> | 144,32 | 148,71 | 150,64 | 149,76 | 150,17 |
| K | Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi/ <i>Financial and Insurance Activities</i> | 145,99 | 151,15 | 154,79 | 154,71 | 162,65 |
| 1 | Jasa Perantara Keuangan/ <i>Financial Intermediary Services</i> | 143,52 | 149,00 | 151,54 | 150,60 | 159,45 |
| 2 | Asuransi dan Dana Pensiun/ <i>Insurance and Pension Fund</i> | 154,25 | 158,39 | 162,94 | 164,87 | 170,88 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.5

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (6) |
| 3 | Jasa Keuangan Lainnya/ <i>Other Financial Services</i> | 150,94 | 154,95 | 161,94 | 165,35 | 171,71 |
| 4 | Jasa Penunjang Keuangan/ <i>Financial Supporting Service</i> | 133,72 | 137,35 | 141,24 | 140,59 | 144,86 |
| L | Real Estat/ <i>Real Estate Activities</i> | 150,72 | 155,76 | 159,73 | 161,54 | 165,29 |
| M,N | Jasa Perusahaan/ <i>Business Activities</i> | 159,92 | 165,60 | 170,54 | 175,38 | 183,44 |
| O | Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib/ <i>Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security</i> | 183,34 | 195,90 | 203,44 | 211,41 | 209,93 |
| P | Jasa Pendidikan/ <i>Education</i> | 141,51 | 149,02 | 153,20 | 154,59 | 157,21 |
| Q | Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial/ <i>Human Health and Social Work Activities</i> | 132,99 | 139,86 | 144,43 | 147,41 | 150,49 |
| R,S,T,U | Jasa Lainnya/ <i>Other Services Activities</i> | 130,30 | 134,71 | 135,68 | 137,88 | 138,31 |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Gross Regional Domestic Product | | 139,04 | 145,47 | 145,48 | 138,93 | 151,89 |

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources*

Tabel
Table 13.1.6

Laju Implisit Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Menurut Lapangan Usaha di Provinsi Jambi (2010=100) (persen), 2017–2021
Implicit Rate of Gross Regional Domestic Product by Industry in Jambi Province (2010=100) (percent), 2017–2021

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|--------|--------|---------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| A | Pertanian, Kehutanan, dan Perikanan/ <i>Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing</i> | 3,91 | - 0,55 | 1,54 | 3,72 | 11,63 |
| 1 | Pertanian, Peternakan, Perburuan, dan Jasa Pertanian/ <i>Agriculture, Livestock, Hunting, and Agriculture Services</i> | 4,07 | - 1,30 | 0,86 | 3,96 | 12,75 |
| a. | Tanaman Pangan/ <i>Food Crops</i> | - 9,62 | 2,17 | 1,01 | 2,10 | - 1,02 |
| b. | Tanaman Hortikultura/ <i>Horticultural Crops</i> | - 0,13 | 0,51 | 0,35 | 2,44 | 2,09 |
| c. | Tanaman Perkebunan/ <i>Plantation Crops</i> | 7,16 | - 2,60 | 0,75 | 4,71 | 16,80 |
| d. | Peternakan/ <i>Livestock</i> | 0,31 | 5,11 | 3,58 | 2,58 | 2,93 |
| e. | Jasa Pertanian dan Perburuan/ <i>Agriculture Services and Hunting</i> | 3,12 | 1,24 | 1,13 | 1,85 | 9,81 |
| 2 | Kehutanan dan Penebangan Kayu/ <i>Forestry and Logging</i> | 0,30 | 3,51 | 6,53 | 2,36 | 2,75 |
| 3 | Perikanan/ <i>Fishing</i> | 4,03 | 5,77 | 6,06 | 2,58 | 3,57 |
| B | Pertambangan dan Penggalian/ <i>Mining and Quarrying</i> | 14,11 | 15,38 | - 7,17 | - 35,63 | 27,67 |
| 1 | Pertambangan Minyak, Gas, dan Panas Bumi/ <i>Crude Petroleum, Natural Gas, and Geothermal</i> | 15,92 | 18,36 | - 5,99 | - 38,66 | 25,42 |
| 2 | Pertambangan Batubara dan Lignit/ <i>Coal and Lignite Mining</i> | 13,99 | 6,50 | - 18,53 | - 41,79 | 77,00 |
| 3 | Pertambangan Bijih Logam/ <i>Iron Ore Mining</i> | 4,97 | 5,11 | 13,01 | 34,61 | 6,13 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.6

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|------|------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 4 | Pertambangan dan Penggalian Lainnya/ <i>Other Mining and Quarrying</i> | 0,32 | 0,87 | 3,43 | 3,00 | 1,06 |
| C | Industri Pengolahan/ <i>Manufacturing</i> | 5,64 | 2,19 | 0,57 | 3,58 | 7,21 |
| 1 | Industri Batubara dan Pengilangan Migas/ <i>Manufacture of Coal and Refined Petroleum Products</i> | 6,92 | 3,94 | 0,40 | - 1,87 | 1,47 |
| 2 | Industri Makanan dan Minuman/ <i>Manufacture of Food Products and Beverages</i> | 5,33 | 0,51 | - 0,19 | 10,23 | 10,56 |
| 3 | Industri Pengolahan Tembakau/ <i>Manufacture of Tobacco Products</i> | 6,46 | 0,59 | 1,27 | 2,20 | - 5,38 |
| 4 | Industri Tekstil dan Pakaian Jadi/ <i>Manufacture of Textiles and Wearing Apparel</i> | 5,78 | 3,03 | 3,22 | 2,09 | 1,09 |
| 5 | Industri Kulit, Barang dari Kulit, dan Alas Kaki/ <i>Manufacture of Leather and Related Products, and Footwear</i> | 3,45 | 1,73 | 2,79 | - 0,08 | 0,51 |
| 6 | Industri Kayu, Barang dari Kayu dan Gabus; dan Barang Anyaman dari Bambu, Rotan, dan Sejenisnya/ <i>Manufacture of Wood and Products of Wood and Cork; and Articles of Straw and Plaiting Materials</i> | 6,24 | 3,09 | 1,49 | - 0,26 | 2,17 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.6

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|------|--------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | |
| 7 | Industri Kertas dan Barang dari Kertas; Percetakan dan Reproduksi Media Rekaman/ <i>Manufacture of Paper and Paper Products; Printing and Reproduction of Recorded Media</i> | 2,16 | 6,56 | 0,13 | 0,63 | 5,63 |
| 8 | Industri Kimia, Farmasi, dan Obat Tradisional/ <i>Manufacture of Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals, and Botanical Products</i> | 6,38 | 4,81 | 2,61 | 0,52 | 3,50 |
| 9 | Industri Karet; Barang dari Karet dan Plastik/ <i>Manufacture of Rubber; Rubber Products and Plastics Products</i> | 4,70 | - 2,25 | 0,75 | - 1,25 | 14,70 |
| 10 | Industri Barang Galian bukan Logam/ <i>Manufacture of Other Non-Metallic Mineral Products</i> | 3,42 | 1,51 | 1,50 | 1,88 | 3,92 |
| 11 | Industri Logam Dasar/ <i>Manufacture of Basic Metals</i> | | | | | |
| 12 | Industri Barang Logam; Komputer, Barang Elektronik, Optik, dan Peralatan Listrik/ <i>Manufacture of Fabricated Metal Products; Electronic, Computer, and Optical Products; and Electrical Equipment</i> | 3,49 | 3,79 | 2,21 | 0,44 | 4,68 |
| 13 | Industri Mesin dan Perlengkapan/ <i>Manufacture of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 9,36 | 3,72 | 3,72 | 2,17 | 2,52 |
| 14 | Industri Alat Angkutan/ <i>Manufacture of Transport Equipment</i> | 5,33 | 1,97 | 2,54 | 1,64 | 1,75 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 13.1.6

| Lapangan Usaha/ <i>Industry</i> | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------------|---|-------|------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | |
| 15 | Industri Furnitur/ <i>Manufacture of Furniture</i> | 3,92 | 2,97 | 2,66 | 1,43 | 0,93 |
| 16 | Industri Pengolahan Lainnya; Jasa Reparasi dan Pemasangan Mesin dan Peralatan/ <i>Other Manufacturing; Repair and Installation of Machinery and Equipment</i> | 2,66 | 5,09 | 2,31 | 0,70 | 0,71 |
| D | Pengadaan Listrik dan Gas/ <i>Electricity and Gas</i> | 14,99 | 4,10 | 3,29 | 0,62 | 1,06 |
| 1 | Ketenagalistrikan/ <i>Electricity</i> | 15,52 | 4,17 | 3,34 | 0,53 | 0,29 |
| 2 | Pengadaan Gas dan Produksi Es/ <i>Manufacture of Gas and Production of Ice</i> | 7,06 | 3,25 | 3,63 | 0,45 | 0,41 |
| E | Pengadaan Air; Pengelolaan Sampah, Limbah, dan Daur Ulang/ <i>Water Supply; Sewerage, Waste Management, and Remediation Activities</i> | 4,55 | 2,39 | 3,27 | 0,55 | 1,09 |
| F | Konstruksi/ <i>Construction</i> | 2,87 | 5,21 | 2,41 | 0,94 | 3,25 |
| G | Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran; Reparasi Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade; Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 4,30 | 4,66 | 1,63 | 2,67 | 6,43 |
| 1 | Perdagangan Mobil, Sepeda Motor dan Reparasinya/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade and Repair of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 5,31 | 4,39 | 5,82 | 2,29 | 1,30 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.6

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|-------------------------|--|------|------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | |
| 2 | Perdagangan Besar dan Eceran, Bukan Mobil dan Sepeda Motor/ <i>Wholesale and Retail Trade Except of Motor Vehicles and Motorcycles</i> | 4,06 | 4,70 | 0,68 | 2,77 | 7,69 |
| H | Transportasi dan Pergudangan/ <i>Transportation and Storage</i> | 2,37 | 1,87 | 1,38 | - 6,45 | 1,21 |
| 1 | Angkutan Rel/ <i>Railways Transport</i> | | | | | |
| 2 | Angkutan Darat/ <i>Land Transport</i> | 2,23 | 1,33 | 0,32 | - 5,53 | 1,84 |
| 3 | Angkutan Laut/ <i>Sea Transport</i> | 2,10 | 1,29 | 1,14 | - 1,60 | 1,01 |
| 4 | Angkutan Sungai, Danau, dan Penyeberangan/ <i>River, Lake, and Ferry Transport</i> | 2,41 | 1,74 | 2,81 | 2,65 | 2,19 |
| 5 | Angkutan Udara/ <i>Air Transport</i> | 1,33 | 2,95 | 5,05 | - 8,10 | 2,03 |
| 6 | Pergudangan dan Jasa Penunjang Angkutan; Pos dan Kurir/ <i>Warehousing and Support Services for Transportation; Postal and Courier</i> | 5,78 | 4,42 | 2,32 | 0,45 | 1,85 |
| I | Penyediaan Akomodasi dan Makan Minum/ <i>Accommodation and Food Service Activities</i> | 4,52 | 1,47 | 0,82 | - 0,35 | 0,34 |
| 1 | Penyediaan Akomodasi/ <i>Accommodation</i> | 5,76 | 1,39 | 0,75 | - 1,04 | 0,22 |
| 2 | Penyediaan Makan Minum/ <i>Food and Beverage Service Activities</i> | 4,22 | 1,49 | 0,87 | - 0,18 | 0,40 |
| J | Informasi dan Komunikasi/ <i>Information and Communication</i> | 6,66 | 3,04 | 1,30 | - 0,58 | 0,27 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 13.1.6

| Lapangan Usaha/Industry | | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| K | Jasa Keuangan dan Asuransi/ <i>Financial and Insurance Activities</i> | 4,81 | 3,53 | 2,41 | - 0,06 | 5,14 |
| 1 | Jasa Perantara Keuangan/ <i>Financial Intermediary Services</i> | 4,28 | 3,82 | 1,70 | - 0,62 | 5,88 |
| 2 | Asuransi dan Dana Pensiun/ <i>Insurance and Pension Fund</i> | 6,77 | 2,68 | 2,87 | 1,19 | 3,64 |
| 3 | Jasa Keuangan Lainnya/ <i>Other Financial Services</i> | 5,48 | 2,66 | 4,51 | 2,11 | 3,84 |
| 4 | Jasa Penunjang Keuangan/ <i>Financial Supporting Service</i> | 3,29 | 2,72 | 2,83 | - 0,46 | 3,04 |
| L | Real Estat/ <i>Real Estate Activities</i> | 3,96 | 3,35 | 2,55 | 1,13 | 2,32 |
| M,N | Jasa Perusahaan/ <i>Business Activities</i> | 6,22 | 3,55 | 2,99 | 2,83 | 4,59 |
| O | Administrasi Pemerintahan, Pertahanan, dan Jaminan Sosial Wajib/ <i>Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security</i> | 3,30 | 6,85 | 3,85 | 3,92 | - 0,70 |
| P | Jasa Pendidikan/ <i>Education</i> | 5,67 | 5,31 | 2,80 | 0,91 | 1,69 |
| Q | Jasa Kesehatan dan Kegiatan Sosial/ <i>Human Health and Social Work Activities</i> | 4,98 | 5,17 | 3,26 | 2,07 | 2,09 |
| R,S,T,U | Jasa Lainnya/ <i>Other Services Activities</i> | 5,79 | 3,39 | 0,72 | 1,61 | 0,31 |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Gross Regional Domestic Product | | 5,98 | 4,63 | 0,01 | - 4,50 | 9,32 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources

Tabel
Table 13.1.7

**Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga
Berlaku Menurut Jenis Pengeluaran di Provinsi Jambi
(miliar rupiah), 2017–2021**
**Gross Regional Domestic Product at Current Market Prices
by Type of Expenditure in Jambi Province (billion rupiahs),
2017–2021**

| Jenis Pengeluaran/Type of Expenditure | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi Rumah Tangga/Household Consumption Expenditure | 83 274,31 | 89 324,49 | 96 343,53 | 96 941,70 | 102 874,79 |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi LNPRT/NPISH Consumption Expenditure | 950,36 | 1 124,74 | 1 270,94 | 1 274,91 | 1 330,25 |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi Pemerintah/ Government Consumption Expenditure | 15 936,63 | 16 968,27 | 18 246,78 | 17 878,52 | 18 377,24 |
| Pembentukan Modal Tetap Bruto/ Gross Fixed Capital Formation | 41 131,95 | 43 204,87 | 45 855,12 | 46 334,32 | 51 164,96 |
| Perubahan Inventori/Changes in Inventories | 976,36 | 583,48 | 1 627,91 | 1 553,19 | 2 732,14 |
| Net Ekspor Barang dan Jasa/ Net Exports of Goods and Services | 47 518,11 | 56 672,84 | 53 583,42 | 42 259,97 | 57 246,08 |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Gross Regional Domestic Product | 189 787,72 | 207 878,69 | 216 927,71 | 206 242,61 | 233 725,46 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources

Tabel
Table 13.1.8

Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Konstan 2010 Menurut Jenis Pengeluaran di Provinsi Jambi (miliar rupiah), 2017–2021
Gross Regional Domestic Product at 2010 Constant Market Prices by Type of Expenditure in Jambi Province (billion rupiahs), 2017–2021

| Jenis Pengeluaran/Type of Expenditure | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020^x | 2021^{xx} |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi Rumah Tangga/ <i>Household Consumption Expenditure</i> | 60 166,06 | 62 685,31 | 65 279,81 | 64 991,05 | 67 202,23 |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi LNPRT/ <i>NPISH Consumption Expenditure</i> | 686,56 | 785,47 | 845,22 | 838,90 | 855,19 |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi Pemerintah/ <i>Government Consumption Expenditure</i> | 10 232,58 | 10 742,18 | 11 556,81 | 10 950,82 | 10 980,28 |
| Pembentukan Modal Tetap Bruto/ <i>Gross Fixed Capital Formation</i> | 30 127,53 | 30 777,99 | 31 894,30 | 32 226,99 | 35 215,52 |
| Perubahan Inventori/ <i>Changes in Inventories</i> | 680,93 | 399,69 | 1 177,08 | 825,53 | 1 811,86 |
| Net Ekspor Barang dan Jasa/ <i>Net Exports of Goods and Services</i> | 34 608,04 | 37 511,35 | 38 357,87 | 38 615,53 | 37 816,62 |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Gross Regional Domestic Product | 136 501,71 | 142 902,00 | 149 111,09 | 148 448,82 | 153 881,69 |

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources*

Tabel
Table 13.1.9

Distribusi Persentase Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Berlaku Menurut Jenis Pengeluaran di Provinsi Jambi, 2017–2021
Percentage Distribution of Gross Regional Domestic Product at Current Market Prices by Type of Expenditure in Jambi Province, 2017–2021

| Jenis Pengeluaran/Type of Expenditure | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020* | 2021** |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi Rumah Tangga/ <i>Household Consumption Expenditure</i> | 43,88 | 42,97 | 44,41 | 47,00 | 44,02 |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi LNPRT/NPISH/ <i>Consumption Expenditure</i> | 0,50 | 0,54 | 0,59 | 0,62 | 0,57 |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi Pemerintah/ <i>Government Consumption Expenditure</i> | 8,40 | 8,16 | 8,41 | 8,67 | 7,86 |
| Pembentukan Modal Tetap Bruto/ <i>Gross Fixed Capital Formation</i> | 21,67 | 20,78 | 21,14 | 22,47 | 21,89 |
| Perubahan Inventori/ <i>Changes in Inventories</i> | 0,51 | 0,28 | 0,75 | 0,75 | 1,17 |
| Net Ekspor Barang dan Jasa/ <i>Net Exports of Goods and Services</i> | 25,04 | 27,26 | 24,70 | 20,49 | 24,49 |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Gross Regional Domestic Product | 100,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 | 100,00 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources

Tabel 13.1.10 **Laju Pertumbuhan Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Konstan 2010 Menurut Jenis Pengeluaran di Provinsi Jambi (persen), 2018–2021**
Table 13.1.10 **Growth Rate of Gross Domestic Regional Product at 2010 Constant Market Prices by Type of Expenditure in Jambi Province (percent), 2018–2021**

| Jenis Pengeluaran/ <i>Type of Expenditure</i> | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi Rumah Tangga/ <i>Household Consumption Expenditure</i> | 4,19 | 4,14 | - 0,44 | 3,40 |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi LNPRT/NPISH <i>Consumption Expenditure</i> | 14,41 | 7,61 | - 0,75 | 1,94 |
| Pengeluaran Konsumsi Pemerintah/ <i>Government Consumption Expenditure</i> | 4,98 | 7,58 | - 5,24 | 0,27 |
| Pembentukan Modal Tetap Bruto/ <i>Gross Fixed Capital Formation</i> | 2,16 | 3,63 | 1,04 | 9,27 |
| Perubahan Inventori/ <i>Changes in Inventories</i> | - | - | - | - |
| Net Ekspor Barang dan Jasa/ <i>Net Exports of Goods and Services</i> | - | - | - | - |
| Produk Domestik Regional Bruto <i>Gross Regional Domestic Product</i> | 4,69 | 4,35 | - 0,44 | 3,66 |

Sumber/*Source*: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei dan sumber lain/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources*

13.2 PRODUK DOMESTIK REGIONAL BRUTO KABUPATEN/KOTA REGENCY/MUNICIPAL GROSS REGIONAL DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Tabel 13.2.1 **Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Berlaku Menurut Kabupaten/ Kota di Provinsi Jambi (miliar rupiah), 2017–2021**
Gross Regional Domestic Product at Current Market Prices by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province (billion rupiahs), 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 8 875,71 | 9 408,04 | 9 912,47 | 10 466,73 | 11 291,29 |
| Merangin | 13 518,64 | 14 452,75 | 15 288,07 | 15 698,89 | 17 886,76 |
| Sarolangun | 13 451,75 | 14 502,49 | 15 126,92 | 14 443,78 | 16 635,76 |
| Batang Hari | 14 695,34 | 15 663,92 | 16 463,29 | 16 401,51 | 18 810,82 |
| Muaro Jambi | 21 334,80 | 22 960,99 | 24 294,99 | 24 419,84 | 27 749,95 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 21 044,14 | 24 111,74 | 24 680,30 | 19 475,30 | 21 881,30 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 35 670,94 | 41 458,28 | 42 945,45 | 37 097,80 | 42 039,50 |
| Tebo | 12 981,95 | 13 839,07 | 14 593,44 | 14 746,66 | 16 960,38 |
| Bungo | 16 022,89 | 17 303,26 | 17 895,94 | 17 315,17 | 20 153,11 |
| Kota Jambi | 26 293,31 | 28 797,41 | 30 636,93 | 29 511,69 | 31 918,13 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 6 371,29 | 6 951,10 | 7 479,42 | 7 562,25 | 7 980,86 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei, dan sumber lain/ BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources.

Tabel
Table 13.2.2

Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Konstan 2010 Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi (miliar rupiah), 2017–2021
Gross Regional Domestic Product at Constant 2010 Prices by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province (billion rupiahs), 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 5 784,49 | 6 069,60 | 6 326,54 | 6 570,81 | 6 844,24 |
| Merangin | 8 947,14 | 9 388,24 | 9 787,46 | 9 869,18 | 10 371,68 |
| Sarolangun | 9 808,65 | 10 279,95 | 10 717,75 | 10 690,79 | 11 397,73 |
| Batang Hari | 10 634,36 | 11 147,66 | 11 713,38 | 11 667,61 | 12 221,19 |
| Muaro Jambi | 14 655,06 | 15 389,57 | 16 126,72 | 16 186,86 | 16 847,01 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 16 748,26 | 17 241,20 | 17 967,59 | 17 262,51 | 17 284,93 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 27 421,79 | 29 279,46 | 30 744,99 | 30 559,42 | 30 976,20 |
| Tebo | 9 239,25 | 9 699,61 | 10 160,98 | 10 158,89 | 10 597,49 |
| Bungo | 11 510,10 | 12 045,80 | 12 549,93 | 12 494,42 | 13 133,52 |
| Kota Jambi | 17 728,34 | 18 667,87 | 19 550,81 | 18 775,82 | 19 515,49 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 4 183,87 | 4 388,18 | 4 607,81 | 4 600,23 | 4 768,84 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei, dan sumber lain/ BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources.

Tabel
Table 13.2.3

Distribusi Persentase Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Berlaku Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi, 2017–2021
Percentage Distribution of Gross Regional Domestic Product at Current Market Prices by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province, 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 4,67 | 4,49 | 4,52 | 5,05 | 4,84 |
| Merangin | 7,11 | 6,90 | 6,97 | 7,58 | 7,67 |
| Sarolangun | 7,07 | 6,92 | 6,90 | 6,97 | 7,13 |
| Batang Hari | 7,72 | 7,48 | 7,51 | 7,92 | 8,06 |
| Muaro Jambi | 11,21 | 10,96 | 11,08 | 11,79 | 11,89 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 11,06 | 11,51 | 11,25 | 9,40 | 9,38 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 18,75 | 19,79 | 19,58 | 17,91 | 18,02 |
| Tebo | 6,82 | 6,61 | 6,65 | 7,12 | 7,27 |
| Bungo | 8,42 | 8,26 | 8,16 | 8,36 | 8,64 |
| Kota Jambi | 13,82 | 13,75 | 13,97 | 14,25 | 13,68 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 3,35 | 3,32 | 3,41 | 3,65 | 3,42 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei, dan sumber lain/ BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources.

Tabel 13.2.4 **Laju Pertumbuhan Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Konstan 2010 Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi (persen), 2017–2021**
Table 13.2.4 **Growth Rate of Gross Regional Domestic Product at 2010 Constant Market Prices by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province (percent), 2017–2021**

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|--|------|------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 5,86 | 4,93 | 4,23 | 3,86 | 4,16 |
| Merangin | 5,39 | 4,93 | 4,25 | 0,83 | 5,09 |
| Sarolangun | 4,68 | 4,80 | 4,26 | -0,25 | 6,61 |
| Batang Hari | 4,81 | 4,83 | 5,07 | -0,39 | 4,74 |
| Muaro Jambi | 4,95 | 5,01 | 4,79 | 0,37 | 4,08 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 3,07 | 2,94 | 4,21 | -3,92 | 0,13 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 4,48 | 6,77 | 5,01 | -0,60 | 1,36 |
| Tebo | 5,58 | 4,98 | 4,76 | -0,02 | 4,32 |
| Bungo | 5,68 | 4,65 | 4,19 | -0,44 | 5,12 |
| Kota Jambi | 4,68 | 5,30 | 4,73 | -3,96 | 3,94 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 6,02 | 4,88 | 5,01 | -0,16 | 3,67 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei, dan sumber lain/ BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources.

Tabel
Table 13.2.5

Produk Domestik Regional Bruto per Kapita Atas Dasar Harga Berlaku Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi (ribu rupiah), 2017–2021
Per Capita Gross Regional Domestic Product at Current Market Prices by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province (thousand rupiahs), 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|--|---------|---------|---------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 37 485 | 39 564 | 41 744 | 41 885 | 44 823 |
| Merangin | 35 773 | 37 688 | 39 941 | 44 377 | 50 283 |
| Sarolangun | 46 348 | 48 997 | 50 896 | 49 967 | 56 661 |
| Batang Hari | 55 045 | 58 022 | 61 325 | 54 629 | 61 329 |
| Muaro Jambi | 50 655 | 53 113 | 55 665 | 60 942 | 68 215 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 97 077 | 110 395 | 115 339 | 84 924 | 94 409 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 110 598 | 126 265 | 130 637 | 117 142 | 131 125 |
| Tebo | 37 848 | 39 681 | 41 830 | 43 779 | 49 756 |
| Bungo | 44 559 | 47 124 | 48 499 | 47 964 | 54 884 |
| Kota Jambi | 44 479 | 48 148 | 51 496 | 48 808 | 52 140 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 71 654 | 77 283 | 84 685 | 78 535 | 81 629 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei, dan sumber lain/ BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources.

Tabel 13.2.6 **Produk Domestik Regional Bruto per Kapita Atas Dasar Harga Konstan 2010 Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi (ribu rupiah), 2017–2021**
Per Capita Gross Regional Domestic Product at 2010 Constant Market Prices by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province (thousand rupiahs), 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|--|--------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 24 430 | 25 525 | 26 643 | 26 295 | 27 169 |
| Merangin | 23 676 | 24 482 | 25 571 | 27 898 | 29 157 |
| Sarolangun | 33 796 | 34 731 | 36 061 | 36 984 | 38 821 |
| Batang Hari | 39 833 | 41 293 | 43 632 | 38 862 | 39 845 |
| Muaro Jambi | 34 795 | 35 599 | 36 949 | 40 396 | 41 414 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 77 260 | 78 939 | 83 968 | 75 275 | 74 577 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 85 022 | 89 173 | 93 524 | 96 496 | 96 618 |
| Tebo | 26 936 | 27 812 | 29 125 | 30 159 | 31 090 |
| Bungo | 32 009 | 32 806 | 34 011 | 34 610 | 35 767 |
| Kota Jambi | 29 990 | 31 212 | 32 862 | 31 052 | 31 880 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 47 053 | 48 788 | 52 171 | 47 774 | 48 776 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei, dan sumber lain/ BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources.

Tabel
Table 13.2.7

Laju Pertumbuhan Produk Domestik Regional Bruto per Kapita Atas Dasar Harga Konstan 2010 Menurut Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Jambi (persen), 2017–2021
Growth Rate of per Capita Gross Regional Domestic Product at 2010 Constant Market Prices by Regency/Municipality in Jambi Province (percent), 2017–2021

| Kabupaten/Kota Regency/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|--|------|------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Kerinci | 5,43 | 4,48 | 4,38 | -1,31 | 3,33 |
| Merangin | 3,80 | 3,40 | 4,45 | 9,10 | 4,51 |
| Sarolangun | 2,51 | 2,77 | 3,83 | 2,56 | 4,97 |
| Batang Hari | 3,60 | 3,66 | 5,66 | -10,93 | 2,53 |
| Muaro Jambi | 2,25 | 2,31 | 3,79 | 9,33 | 2,52 |
| Tanjung Jabung Timur | 2,37 | 2,17 | 6,37 | -10,35 | -0,93 |
| Tanjung Jabung Barat | 2,63 | 4,88 | 4,88 | 3,18 | 0,13 |
| Tebo | 3,74 | 3,25 | 4,72 | 3,55 | 3,09 |
| Bungo | 3,42 | 2,49 | 3,67 | 1,76 | 3,34 |
| Kota Jambi | 3,32 | 4,07 | 5,29 | -5,51 | 2,66 |
| Kota Sungai Penuh | 4,89 | 3,69 | 6,93 | -8,43 | 2,10 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, berbagai sensus, survei, dan sumber lain/ BPS-Statistics Indonesia, various census, survey, and other sources.

BAB 14 PERBANDINGAN ANTAR PROVINSI

Chapter 14. Inter-Province Comparison



ULASAN

Perbandingan Regional merupakan gambaran hasil pembangunan antara satu daerah dengan daerah lainnya. Gambaran tersebut dapat dilihat dengan cara menjejerkan angka-angka, di antaranya angka jumlah penduduk, laju pertumbuhan PDRB, indeks harga konsumen, jumlah penduduk miskin, dan indeks pembangunan manusia.

Berdasarkan Hasil Proyeksi Sensus Penduduk tahun 2020, jumlah penduduk Indonesia di tahun 2021 adalah sebanyak 272.682,5 ribu jiwa. Penduduk terbanyak berada di Provinsi Jawa Barat 48.782,2 ribu jiwa, sedangkan yang paling sedikit berada di Provinsi Kalimantan Utara 713,6 ribu jiwa.

Provinsi Jambi menempati urutan ke-21 dari 34 Provinsi di Indonesia dengan jumlah penduduk sebanyak 3.585,1 ribu jiwa.

Laju pertumbuhan Produk Domestik Regional Bruto (PDRB) bila dilihat sebagai besaran ekonomi suatu wilayah (Tabel 14.2) memperlihatkan bahwa posisi Provinsi Jambi menempati urutan ke-13 dari 34 Provinsi di Indonesia, dengan laju pertumbuhan sebesar 3,66 persen.

Inflasi di 90 kota di Indonesia dapat dilihat pada tabel 14.3. Ada 2 kota dari Provinsi Jambi yang menjadi kota

DESCRIPTION

Regional Comparison is a picture of the results of development between one region and another. This picture can be seen by aligning the numbers, including the number of population, GRDP growth rate, consumer price index, number of poor population, and human development index.

Based on the 2021 Population Census, the total population of Indonesia is 272,682.5 thousand people. The largest population is in the Province of West Java 48,782.2 thousand inhabitants, while the fewest are in the Province of Kalimantan Utara 713.6 thousand inhabitants.

Jambi Province ranks 21st out of 34 provinces in Indonesia with a population of 3,585.1 thousand people.

The growth rate of Gross Regional Domestic Product (GRDP) when viewed as the economic magnitude of a region (Table 14.2) shows that the position of Jambi Province ranks 13th out of 34 Provinces in Indonesia, with a growth rate of 3.66 percent.

Inflation in 90 municipalities in Indonesia can be seen in table 14.3. There are 2 municipalities from Jambi Province which are CPI cities, Jambi City

IHK yaitu Kota Jambi dan Kota Muaro Bungo.

Total jumlah penduduk miskin tahun 2021 di Indonesia sebesar 27.542,76 ribu jiwa. Provinsi Jambi berada pada urutan ke-22 dari 34 Provinsi di Indonesia dengan penduduk miskin terbanyak yaitu sebesar 293,86 ribu jiwa.

Indeks Pembangunan Manusia (IPM) Indonesia pada tahun 2021 adalah sebesar 72,29. Provinsi DKI Jakarta memiliki IPM tertinggi yaitu 81,11 dan berikutnya Provinsi DI Yogyakarta sebesar 80,22. Provinsi Jambi berada pada urutan ke-19 yaitu sebesar 71,63.

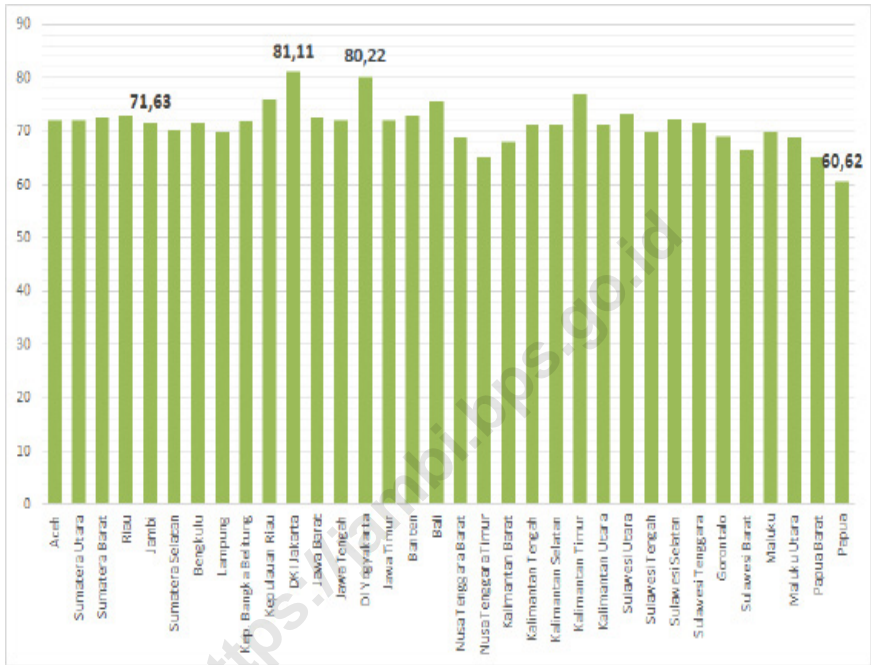
and Muaro Bungo City.

The total number of poor people in 2021 in Indonesia is 27,542.76 thousand people. Jambi Province ranks 22nd out of 34 Provinces in Indonesia with the most poor population of 293.86 thousand people.

Indonesia's Human Development Index (HDI) in 2021 is 72.29. DKI Jakarta Province has the highest HDI of 81.11 and next to Yogyakarta Province is 80.22. Jambi Province ranked 19th in the amount of 71.63.

Gambar 14
Figures

Indeks Pembangunan Manusia di Indonesia, 2021
Human Development Index in Indonesia, 2021



Sumber/Source : Diolah dari Hasil Sensus, Survei, dan Berbagai Sumber Lainnya/ Based on Census, Surveys, and Other Sources

Tabel
Table 14.1**Jumlah Penduduk Menurut Provinsi di Indonesia (ribu),
2017–2021**
Population by Province in Indonesia (thousand), 2017–2021

| Provinsi/Province | 2017¹ | 2018¹ | 2019¹ | 2020² | 2021³ |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Aceh | 5 189,5 | 5 281,3 | 5 371,5 | 5 274,9 | 5 333,7 |
| Sumatera Utara | 14 262,1 | 14 415,4 | 14 562,5 | 14 799,4 | 14 936,1 |
| Sumatera Barat | 5 321,5 | 5 382,1 | 5 441,2 | 5 534,5 | 5 580,2 |
| Riau | 6 657,9 | 6 814,9 | 6 971,7 | 6 394,1 | 6 493,6 |
| Jambi | 3 515,0 | 3 570,3 | 3 624,6 | 3 548,2 | 3 585,1 |
| Sumatera Selatan | 8 267,0 | 8 370,3 | 8 470,7 | 8 467,4 | 8 550,8 |
| Bengkulu | 1 934,3 | 1 963,3 | 1 991,8 | 2 010,7 | 2 032,9 |
| Lampung | 8 289,6 | 8 370,5 | 8 447,7 | 9 007,8 | 9 081,8 |
| Kep. Bangka Belitung | 1 430,9 | 1 459,9 | 1 488,8 | 1 455,7 | 1 473,2 |
| Kepulauan Riau | 2 082,7 | 2 136,5 | 2 189,7 | 2 064,6 | 2 118,2 |
| DKI Jakarta | 10 374,2 | 10 467,6 | 10 557,8 | 10 562,1 | 10 609,7 |
| Jawa Barat | 48 037,6 | 48 683,7 | 49 316,7 | 48 274,2 | 48 782,4 |
| Jawa Tengah | 34 257,9 | 34 490,8 | 34 718,2 | 36 516,0 | 36 742,5 |
| DI Yogyakarta | 3 762,2 | 3 802,9 | 3 842,9 | 3 668,7 | 3 712,9 |
| Jawa Timur | 39 293,0 | 39 500,9 | 39 698,9 | 40 665,7 | 40 878,8 |
| Banten | 12 448,2 | 12 689,7 | 12 927,3 | 11 904,6 | 12 061,5 |
| Bali | 4 246,5 | 4 292,2 | 4 336,9 | 4 317,4 | 4 362,7 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 14.1

| Provinsi/Province | 2017¹ | 2018¹ | 2019¹ | 2020² | 2021³ |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Nusa Tenggara Barat | 4 955,6 | 5 013,7 | 5 070,4 | 5 320,1 | 5 389,9 |
| Nusa Tenggara Timur | 5 287,3 | 5 371,5 | 5 456,2 | 5 325,6 | 5 387,7 |
| Kalimantan Barat | 4 932,5 | 5 001,7 | 5 069,1 | 5 414,4 | 5 470,8 |
| Kalimantan Tengah | 2 605,3 | 2 660,2 | 2 714,9 | 2 667,0 | 2 702,2 |
| Kalimantan Selatan | 4 119,8 | 4 182,7 | 4 244,1 | 4 073,6 | 4 122,6 |
| Kalimantan Timur | 4 266,5 | 3 648,8 | 3 721,4 | 3 766,0 | 3 808,2 |
| Kalimantan Utara | - | 716,4 | 742,2 | 701,8 | 713,6 |
| Sulawesi Utara | 2 461,0 | 2 484,4 | 2 507,0 | 2 621,9 | 2 638,6 |
| Sulawesi Tengah | 2 966,3 | 3 010,4 | 3 054,0 | 2 985,7 | 3 021,9 |
| Sulawesi Selatan | 8 690,3 | 8 772,0 | 8 851,2 | 9 073,5 | 9 139,5 |
| Sulawesi Tenggara | 2 602,4 | 2 653,7 | 2 704,7 | 2 624,9 | 2 659,2 |
| Gorontalo | 1 168,2 | 1 185,5 | 1 202,6 | 1 171,7 | 1 180,9 |
| Sulawesi Barat | 1 331,0 | 1 355,6 | 1 380,3 | 1 419,2 | 1 436,8 |
| Maluku | 1 744,7 | 1 773,8 | 1 802,9 | 1 848,9 | 1 862,6 |
| Maluku Utara | 1 209,3 | 1 232,6 | 1 255,8 | 1 282,9 | 1 299,2 |
| Papua Barat | 915,4 | 937,5 | 959,6 | 1 134,1 | 1 156,8 |
| Papua | 3 265,2 | 3 322,5 | 3 379,3 | 4 303,7 | 4 355,4 |
| Indonesia | 261 890,9 | 265 015,3 | 268 074,6 | 270 203,9 | 272 682,5 |

Sumber/Source: ¹ BPS, Hasil Proyeksi Penduduk Indonesia 2010–2035/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Indonesia Population Projection 2010–2035*

² BPS, Sensus Penduduk (SP) 2020/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, 2020 Population Census*

³ BPS, Proyeksi Penduduk Interim 2021/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia, The Result of Interim Population Projection 2020-2023*

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Tabel
Table 14.2

Laju Pertumbuhan Produk Domestik Regional Bruto Atas Dasar Harga Konstan 2010 Menurut Provinsi di Indonesia (persen) 2017–2021
Rate of Growth of Gross Regional Domestic Products at Constant 2010 Prices by Province in Indonesia (percent), 2017–2021

| Provinsi/Province | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|----------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Aceh | 4,18 | 4,61 | 4,14 | -0,37 | 2,79 |
| Sumatera Utara | 5,12 | 5,18 | 5,22 | -1,07 | 2,61 |
| Sumatera Barat | 5,30 | 5,14 | 5,01 | -1,60 | 3,29 |
| Riau | 2,66 | 2,35 | 2,81 | -1,12 | 3,36 |
| Jambi | 4,60 | 4,69 | 4,37 | -0,46 | 3,66 |
| Sumatera Selatan | 5,51 | 6,01 | 5,69 | -0,11 | 3,58 |
| Bengkulu | 4,98 | 4,97 | 4,94 | -0,02 | 3,24 |
| Lampung | 5,16 | 5,23 | 5,26 | -1,67 | 2,79 |
| Kep. Bangka Belitung | 4,47 | 4,45 | 3,32 | -2,30 | 5,05 |
| Kepulauan Riau | 1,98 | 4,47 | 4,84 | -3,80 | 3,43 |
| DKI Jakarta | 6,20 | 6,11 | 5,82 | -2,36 | 3,56 |
| Jawa Barat | 5,33 | 5,65 | 5,07 | -2,44 | 3,74 |
| Jawa Tengah | 5,26 | 5,30 | 5,40 | -2,65 | 3,32 |
| DI Yogyakarta | 5,26 | 6,20 | 6,59 | -2,69 | 5,53 |
| Jawa Timur | 5,46 | 5,47 | 5,52 | -2,39 | 3,57 |
| Banten | 5,75 | 5,77 | 5,29 | -3,38 | 4,44 |
| Bali | 5,56 | 6,31 | 5,60 | -9,31 | -2,47 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 14.2

| Provinsi/ <i>Province</i> | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ^x | 2021 ^{xx} |
|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Nusa Tenggara Barat | 0,09 | -4,50 | 3,90 | -0,64 | 2,30 |
| Nusa Tenggara Timur | 5,11 | 5,11 | 5,24 | -0,83 | 2,51 |
| Kalimantan Barat | 5,17 | 5,07 | 5,09 | -1,82 | 4,78 |
| Kalimantan Tengah | 6,73 | 5,61 | 6,12 | -1,40 | 3,40 |
| Kalimantan Selatan | 5,28 | 5,08 | 4,08 | -1,81 | 3,48 |
| Kalimantan Timur | 3,13 | 2,64 | 4,74 | -2,85 | 2,48 |
| Kalimantan Utara | 6,80 | 5,36 | 6,90 | -1,11 | 3,98 |
| Sulawesi Utara | 6,31 | 6,00 | 5,65 | -0,99 | 4,16 |
| Sulawesi Tengah | 7,10 | 20,60 | 8,83 | 4,86 | 11,70 |
| Sulawesi Selatan | 7,21 | 7,04 | 6,91 | -0,70 | 4,65 |
| Sulawesi Tenggara | 6,76 | 6,40 | 6,50 | -0,65 | 4,10 |
| Gorontalo | 6,73 | 6,49 | 6,40 | -0,02 | 2,41 |
| Sulawesi Barat | 6,39 | 6,26 | 5,67 | -2,42 | 2,56 |
| Maluku | 5,82 | 5,91 | 5,41 | -0,92 | 3,04 |
| Maluku Utara | 7,67 | 7,86 | 6,10 | 4,92 | 16,40 |
| Papua Barat | 4,02 | 6,25 | 2,66 | -0,77 | -0,51 |
| Papua | 4,64 | 7,32 | -15,75 | 2,32 | 15,11 |
| Indonesia | 5,07 | 5,17 | 5,02 | -2,07 | 3,69 |

Sumber/*Source*: BPS dan sumber lain/*BPS-Statistics Indonesia and other sources*

Tabel
Table 14.3**Laju Inflasi 90 Kota di Indonesia, 2017-2021**
Inflation Rate of 90 Municipalities in Indonesia, 2017-2021

| Kota/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 1. Meulaboh | 4,76 | 0,96 | 4,28 | 4,24 | 2,07 |
| 2. Banda Aceh | 4,86 | 1,93 | 1,38 | 3,46 | 2,41 |
| 3. Lhokseumawe | 2,87 | 2,05 | 1,20 | 3,55 | 1,97 |
| 4. Sibolga | 3,08 | 2,86 | 2,58 | 2,42 | 1,86 |
| 5. Pematang Siantar | 3,10 | 2,15 | 1,54 | 2,78 | 2,12 |
| 6. Medan | 3,18 | 1,00 | 2,43 | 1,76 | 1,70 |
| 7. Padang Sidempuan | 3,82 | 2,22 | 2,15 | 3,27 | 1,49 |
| 8. Gunungsitoli | - | - | - | 5,32 | 0,54 |
| 9. Padang | 2,11 | 2,55 | 1,72 | 2,12 | 1,37 |
| 10. Bukittinggi | 1,37 | 2,99 | 1,31 | 2,02 | 1,69 |
| 11. Tembilahan | 4,27 | 2,64 | 2,40 | 3,30 | 1,09 |
| 12. Pekanbaru | 4,07 | 2,54 | 2,56 | 2,24 | 1,55 |
| 13. Dumai | 4,85 | 1,85 | 1,28 | 2,88 | 1,66 |
| 14. Bungo | 4,25 | 2,46 | 2,61 | 2,32 | 1,65 |
| 15. Jambi | 2,68 | 3,02 | 1,27 | 3,09 | 1,67 |
| 16. Palembang | 2,85 | 2,78 | 2,06 | 1,50 | 1,84 |
| 17. Lubuklinggau | 3,94 | 2,42 | 2,10 | 1,97 | 1,63 |
| 18. Bengkulu | 3,56 | 2,35 | 2,91 | 0,89 | 2,42 |
| 19. Bandar Lampung | 3,14 | 2,92 | 3,53 | 1,93 | 2,13 |
| 20. Metro | 2,32 | 1,64 | 2,97 | 2,53 | 2,74 |
| 21. Tanjung Pandan | 3,97 | 2,72 | 3,19 | 2,11 | 4,01 |
| 22. Pangkal Pinang | 2,66 | 3,45 | 2,31 | 0,52 | 3,60 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 14.3

| Kota/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 23. Batam | 4,13 | 3,65 | 1,97 | 1,12 | 2,45 |
| 24. Tanjung Pinang | 3,37 | 2,36 | 2,40 | 1,66 | 0,86 |
| 25. Jakarta | 3,72 | 3,27 | 3,23 | 1,59 | 1,53 |
| 26. Bogor | 4,59 | 3,69 | 3,02 | 2,18 | 1,93 |
| 27. Sukabumi | 4,10 | 2,95 | 2,33 | 1,84 | 1,71 |
| 28. Bandung | 3,46 | 3,76 | 2,78 | 1,75 | 1,65 |
| 29. Cirebon | 4,36 | 2,80 | 2,00 | 1,16 | 1,81 |
| 30. Bekasi | 3,01 | 4,23 | 4,28 | 2,81 | 1,61 |
| 31. Depok | 3,93 | 2,86 | 3,29 | 1,78 | 1,81 |
| 32. Tasikmalaya | 3,88 | 2,30 | 1,72 | 1,61 | 1,17 |
| 33. Cilacap | 4,41 | 3,21 | 2,19 | 1,71 | 1,88 |
| 34. Purwokerto | 3,91 | 2,98 | 2,28 | 1,90 | 2,18 |
| 35. Kudus | 4,17 | 3,11 | 3,02 | 1,24 | 1,59 |
| 36. Surakarta | 3,10 | 2,45 | 2,94 | 1,38 | 2,58 |
| 37. Semarang | 3,64 | 2,76 | 2,93 | 1,49 | 1,49 |
| 38. Tegal | 4,03 | 3,08 | 2,56 | 2,36 | 1,53 |
| 39. Yogyakarta | 4,20 | 2,66 | 2,77 | 1,40 | 2,29 |
| 40. Jember | 3,52 | 2,95 | 2,04 | 2,08 | 2,09 |
| 41. Banyuwangi | 3,17 | 2,04 | 2,32 | 1,74 | 1,59 |
| 42. Sumenep | 3,40 | 2,82 | 2,04 | 2,37 | 2,57 |
| 43. Kediri | 3,44 | 1,97 | 1,83 | 1,93 | 1,64 |
| 44. Malang | 3,75 | 2,98 | 1,93 | 1,42 | 1,75 |
| 45. Probolinggo | 3,18 | 2,18 | 1,99 | 1,88 | 1,76 |
| 46. Madiun | 4,78 | 2,71 | 2,20 | 1,86 | 2,00 |

Lanjutan Tabel/Continued Table 14.3

| Kota/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 47. Surabaya | 4,37 | 3,03 | 2,21 | 1,33 | 2,71 |
| 48. Tangerang | 3,50 | 2,73 | 3,54 | 1,18 | 1,81 |
| 49. Cilegon | 5,24 | 3,78 | 3,06 | 2,62 | 2,19 |
| 50. Serang | 5,17 | 3,46 | 3,31 | 1,91 | 2,23 |
| 51. Singaraja | 3,38 | 1,88 | 2,42 | 2,48 | 2,39 |
| 52. Denpasar | 3,31 | 3,40 | 2,37 | 0,55 | 2,01 |
| 53. Mataram | 3,59 | 3,15 | 1,76 | 0,58 | 2,28 |
| 54. Bima | 4,08 | 3,22 | 2,27 | 0,64 | 1,57 |
| 55. Waingapu | - | - | - | 1,51 | 1,28 |
| 56. Maumere | 1,70 | 2,00 | 1,84 | 2,24 | 0,55 |
| 57. Kupang | 2,05 | 3,23 | 0,50 | 0,29 | 1,86 |
| 58. Sintang | - | - | - | 4,68 | 1,88 |
| 59. Pontianak | 3,86 | 3,99 | 2,64 | 2,11 | 1,16 |
| 60. Singkawang | 5,23 | 3,18 | 1,08 | 2,72 | 2,55 |
| 61. Sampit | 3,29 | 6,02 | 2,02 | 1,62 | 4,62 |
| 62. Palangkaraya | 3,11 | 3,68 | 2,70 | 0,71 | 2,58 |
| 63. Kotabaru | - | - | - | 1,44 | 2,68 |
| 64. Tanjung | 2,40 | 2,60 | 2,15 | 2,05 | 2,43 |
| 65. Banjarmasin | 3,82 | 2,63 | 4,15 | 1,67 | 2,54 |
| 66. Balikpapan | 2,45 | 3,13 | 1,88 | 0,65 | 2,28 |
| 67. Samarinda | 3,69 | 3,32 | 1,49 | 0,86 | 2,05 |
| 68. Tanjung Selor | - | - | - | 1,96 | 2,33 |
| 69. Tarakan | 2,77 | 5,00 | 1,47 | 1,15 | 2,83 |
| 70. Manado | 2,44 | 3,83 | 3,52 | -0,18 | 2,65 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 14.3*

| Kota/Municipality | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 71. Kotamobagu | - | - | - | 3,67 | 2,51 |
| 72. Luwuk | - | - | - | 0,83 | 2,48 |
| 73. Palu | 4,33 | 6,46 | 2,30 | 1,81 | 2,14 |
| 74. Bulukumba | 4,66 | 3,85 | 2,25 | 2,30 | 2,16 |
| 75. Watampone | 5,54 | 4,69 | 1,64 | 1,89 | 2,26 |
| 76. Makassar | 4,48 | 3,48 | 2,43 | 2,13 | 2,26 |
| 77. Parepare | 3,43 | 1,96 | 2,45 | 1,61 | 4,09 |
| 78. Palopo | 3,95 | 4,19 | 1,91 | 1,21 | 2,96 |
| 79. Kendari | 2,96 | 2,55 | 3,22 | 1,37 | 3,05 |
| 80. Bau-bau | 3,00 | 2,92 | 1,35 | 1,25 | 1,05 |
| 81. Gorontalo | 4,34 | 2,15 | 2,87 | 0,81 | 2,59 |
| 82. Mamuju | 3,79 | 1,80 | 1,43 | 1,78 | 4,39 |
| 83. Ambon | -0,05 | 1,62 | 2,34 | 0,09 | 4,05 |
| 84. Tual | 9,41 | 3,53 | 2,06 | 2,06 | 3,45 |
| 85. Ternate | 1,97 | 4,12 | 2,02 | 2,13 | 2,38 |
| 86. Manokwari | 1,78 | 6,02 | 4,76 | -0,89 | 3,39 |
| 87. Sorong | 1,33 | 4,95 | 1,01 | 1,17 | 3,49 |
| 88. Merauke | 1,25 | 5,42 | -0,65 | 1,06 | 1,68 |
| 89. Timika | - | - | - | 4,12 | 2,09 |
| 90. Jayapura | 2,41 | 6,70 | 0,60 | 0,75 | 1,70 |
| Indonesia | 3,61 | 3,13 | 2,72 | 1,68 | 1,87 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Harga Konsumen/BPS-Statistics Indonesia, Consumer Price Survey

Tabel
Table 14.4**Jumlah Penduduk Miskin Periode Maret Menurut Provinsi
di Indonesia (ribu), 2017–2021**
**Number of Poor Population on March by Province in
Indonesia (thousand), 2017–2021**

| Provinsi/Province | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Aceh | 872,61 | 839,49 | 819,44 | 814,91 | 834,24 |
| Sumatera Utara | 1 453,87 | 1 324,98 | 1 282,04 | 1 283,29 | 1 343,86 |
| Sumatera Barat | 364,51 | 357,13 | 348,22 | 344,23 | 370,67 |
| Riau | 514,62 | 500,44 | 490,72 | 483,39 | 500,81 |
| Jambi | 286,55 | 281,69 | 274,32 | 277,80 | 293,86 |
| Sumatera Selatan | 1 086,92 | 1 068,27 | 1 073,74 | 1 081,58 | 1 113,76 |
| Bengkulu | 316,98 | 301,81 | 302,30 | 302,58 | 306,00 |
| Lampung | 1 131,73 | 1 097,05 | 1 063,66 | 1 049,32 | 1 083,93 |
| Kep. Bangka Belitung | 74,09 | 76,26 | 68,38 | 68,39 | 72,71 |
| Kepulauan Riau | 125,37 | 131,68 | 128,46 | 131,97 | 144,46 |
| DKI Jakarta | 389,69 | 373,12 | 365,55 | 480,86 | 501,92 |
| Jawa Barat | 4 168,44 | 3 615,79 | 3 399,16 | 3 920,23 | 4 195,34 |
| Jawa Tengah | 4 450,72 | 3 897,20 | 3 743,23 | 3 980,90 | 4 109,75 |
| DI Yogyakarta | 488,53 | 460,10 | 448,47 | 475,72 | 506,45 |
| Jawa Timur | 4 617,01 | 4 332,59 | 4 112,25 | 4 419,10 | 4 572,73 |
| Banten | 675,04 | 661,36 | 654,46 | 775,99 | 867,23 |
| Bali | 180,13 | 171,76 | 163,85 | 165,19 | 201,97 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table* 14.4

| Provinsi/Province | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Nusa Tenggara Barat | 793,78 | 737,46 | 735,96 | 713,89 | 746,66 |
| Nusa Tenggara Timur | 1 150,79 | 1 142,17 | 1 146,32 | 1 153,76 | 1 169,31 |
| Kalimantan Barat | 387,43 | 387,08 | 378,41 | 366,77 | 367,89 |
| Kalimantan Tengah | 139,16 | 136,93 | 134,59 | 132,94 | 140,04 |
| Kalimantan Selatan | 193,92 | 189,03 | 192,48 | 187,87 | 208,11 |
| Kalimantan Timur | 220,17 | 218,90 | 219,92 | 230,26 | 241,77 |
| Kalimantan Utara | 49,47 | 50,35 | 48,78 | 51,79 | 52,86 |
| Sulawesi Utara | 198,88 | 193,31 | 191,70 | 192,37 | 196,35 |
| Sulawesi Tengah | 417,87 | 420,21 | 410,36 | 398,73 | 404,44 |
| Sulawesi Selatan | 813,07 | 792,63 | 767,80 | 776,83 | 784,98 |
| Sulawesi Tenggara | 331,71 | 307,10 | 302,58 | 301,82 | 318,70 |
| Gorontalo | 205,37 | 198,51 | 186,03 | 185,02 | 186,29 |
| Sulawesi Barat | 149,76 | 151,78 | 151,40 | 152,02 | 157,19 |
| Maluku | 320,51 | 320,08 | 317,69 | 318,18 | 321,81 |
| Maluku Utara | 76,47 | 81,46 | 84,60 | 86,37 | 87,16 |
| Papua Barat | 228,38 | 214,47 | 211,50 | 208,58 | 219,07 |
| Papua | 897,69 | 917,63 | 926,36 | 911,37 | 920,44 |
| Indonesia | 27 771,22 | 25 949,80 | 25 144,72 | 26 424,02 | 27 542,76 |

Sumber/Source: BPS, Survei Sosial Ekonomi Nasional Maret/ *BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socio Economic Survey on March*

Tabel
Table 14.5**Indeks Pembangunan Manusia Menurut Provinsi di
Indonesia, 2017–2021**
*Human Development Index by Province in Indonesia,
2017–2021*

| Provinsi/Province | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Aceh | 70,60 | 71,19 | 71,90 | 71,99 | 72,18 |
| Sumatera Utara | 70,57 | 71,18 | 71,74 | 71,77 | 72,00 |
| Sumatera Barat | 71,24 | 71,73 | 72,39 | 72,38 | 72,65 |
| Riau | 71,79 | 72,44 | 73,00 | 72,71 | 72,94 |
| Jambi | 69,99 | 70,65 | 71,26 | 71,29 | 71,63 |
| Sumatera Selatan | 68,86 | 69,39 | 70,02 | 70,01 | 70,24 |
| Bengkulu | 69,95 | 70,64 | 71,21 | 71,40 | 71,64 |
| Lampung | 68,25 | 69,02 | 69,57 | 69,69 | 69,90 |
| Kep. Bangka Belitung | 69,99 | 70,67 | 71,30 | 71,47 | 71,69 |
| Kepulauan Riau | 74,45 | 74,84 | 75,48 | 75,59 | 75,79 |
| DKI Jakarta | 80,06 | 80,47 | 80,76 | 80,77 | 81,11 |
| Jawa Barat | 70,69 | 71,30 | 72,03 | 72,09 | 72,45 |
| Jawa Tengah | 70,52 | 71,12 | 71,73 | 71,87 | 72,16 |
| DI Yogyakarta | 78,89 | 79,53 | 79,99 | 79,97 | 80,22 |
| Jawa Timur | 70,27 | 70,77 | 71,50 | 71,71 | 72,14 |
| Banten | 71,42 | 71,95 | 72,44 | 72,45 | 72,72 |
| Bali | 74,30 | 74,77 | 75,38 | 75,50 | 75,69 |

Lanjutan Tabel/*Continued Table 14.5*

| Provinsi/Province | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| Nusa Tenggara Barat | 66,58 | 67,30 | 68,14 | 68,25 | 68,65 |
| Nusa Tenggara Timur | 63,73 | 64,39 | 65,23 | 65,19 | 65,28 |
| Kalimantan Barat | 66,26 | 66,98 | 67,65 | 67,66 | 67,90 |
| Kalimantan Tengah | 69,79 | 70,42 | 70,91 | 71,05 | 71,25 |
| Kalimantan Selatan | 69,65 | 70,17 | 70,72 | 70,91 | 71,28 |
| Kalimantan Timur | 75,12 | 75,83 | 76,61 | 76,24 | 76,88 |
| Kalimantan Utara | 69,84 | 70,56 | 71,15 | 70,63 | 71,19 |
| Sulawesi Utara | 71,66 | 72,20 | 72,99 | 72,93 | 73,30 |
| Sulawesi Tengah | 68,11 | 68,88 | 69,50 | 69,55 | 69,79 |
| Sulawesi Selatan | 70,34 | 70,90 | 71,66 | 71,93 | 72,24 |
| Sulawesi Tenggara | 69,86 | 70,61 | 71,20 | 71,45 | 71,66 |
| Gorontalo | 67,01 | 67,71 | 68,49 | 68,68 | 69,00 |
| Sulawesi Barat | 64,30 | 65,10 | 65,73 | 66,11 | 66,36 |
| Maluku | 68,19 | 68,87 | 69,45 | 69,49 | 69,71 |
| Maluku Utara | 67,20 | 67,76 | 68,70 | 68,49 | 68,76 |
| Papua Barat | 62,99 | 63,74 | 64,70 | 65,09 | 65,26 |
| Papua | 59,09 | 60,06 | 60,84 | 60,44 | 60,62 |
| Indonesia | 70,81 | 71,39 | 71,92 | 71,94 | 72,29 |

Sumber/*Source*: Diolah dari Hasil Sensus, Survei, dan Berbagai Sumber Lainnya/*Based on Census, Surveys, and Other Sources*

ST2023

SENSUS PERTANIAN

BerAKHLAK

Berorientasi Pelayanan Akuntabel Kompeten
Harmonis Loyal Adaptif Kolaboratif

DATA

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BADAN PUSAT STATISTIK

PROVINSI JAMBI

BPS-Statistics of Jambi Province

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